

# Introduction

topIIvol meshing tool provides sequential/parallel tools for creating volumetric tetrahedral meshes from a given topology (point-cloud \*.xyz). The volumetric meshes can be extracted in Gmsh's \*.msh format or medit's \*.mesh format. The framework is written in C++, and uses MPI I/O and MPI for parallelization. One could produce distributed meshes suitable for domain-decomposition based solvers or simply non distributed meshes (single mesh) suitable for a sequential/parallel solver.

topIIvol consists a total of four tools:

### 1. topIIvol\_PreProc

This tool is a point-cloud preprocessor. Often point-cloud data is huge and requires some alterations. This tool takes in a point-cloud as an input (.xyz). It can be used to coarsen a structured point cloud, by skipping a specified n number of points.

### 2. topIIvol\_Mesher

This is a sequential computing tool. This tool takes in a point-cloud as an input (.xyz) and generates volumetric meshes that can be extracted in Gmsh's \*.msh format or medit's \*.mesh and \*.meshb format.

## 3. topIIvol\_ParMesher

This is a parallel computing tool. This tool takes in a point-cloud as an input (.xyz) and generates volumetric meshes that can be extracted in medit's \*.mesh format.

### 4. topIIvol\_DistMesher

This is a tool to create embarrassingly parallel distributed meshes. The mesher takes in a point-cloud as an input (.xyz) and outputs distributed mesh.

# **Installation process**

Before you begin installing topIIvol please check if your system meets the dependencies.

### **Dependencies**

- automake
- <u>C++</u>
- MPI

### Now that I have all the dependencies what next

Goto top-ii-vol-Source folder and

• step 1

```
autoreconf -i
```

• step 2

```
./configure
```

*Note*: ./configure will install topIIvol in /usr/local/bin or /usr/bin, you generally need to be a superuser (sudoer) to have access to these directories. If you prefer to install at any other directory of choice --prefix=Your/Own/Path with ./configure:

```
./configure --prefix=Your/Own/Path
```

• step 3

#### make

• step 4

make check

• step 5

```
sudo make install
```

*Note*: if you used --prefix during the configure phase, you can avoid using sudo for this step and simply make install.

• Step 6 (optional)

```
make tutorials
```

this will install some basic tutorial at \$HOME/topIIvol-tutorials.

## **Running topllvol**

If the compilation went successful you should have three tools at your disposal topIIvol\_ParMesher, topIIvol\_Mesher, topIIvol\_PreProc, and topIIvol\_DistMesher. These tools can be worked with command line inputs. Normally, these tools should be present in /usr/local/bin or /usr/bin folder, or else if you used --prefix=your/directory at the time of configure then these tools should be present in your/directory/bin.

### How to use topIIvol\_PreProc?

• If you wish to coarsen your mesh by skipping 10 points in x and y direction

```
topIIvol_PreProc --xpoints 500 --ypoints 451 --xskip 10 --yskip 10 \
--in ./../etc/DEM_10m.xyz --out out-coarse.xyz
```

Command-line option definitions

Option	Туре	Comment
 xpoints	[int]	These are # of x points present in your point cloud.
 ypoints	[int]	These are # of y points present in your point cloud.
xskip	[int]	These are # of periodic x points you would like to skip.
yskip	[int]	These are # of periodic y points you would like to skip.
in	[string]	Sting to provide the input point cloud file .xyz
out	[string]	Sting to provide the output coarsened/stripped point cloud file .xyz

Note that after successfully running ./topIIvol\_PreProcthere will be a info file info-<out-coarse.xyz>.txt that give the number of x any points in the coarsened mesh cloud.

### How to use topIIvol\_Mesher?

This is the sequential mesher

• For sequential mesher producing \*.mesh mesh.

```
topIIvol_Mesher --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 --zpoints 15 --depth -1000 \
--in ./../etc/DEM_160m.xyz --out out-mesh.mesh --mesh mesh
```

• For sequential mesher producing \*.msh mesh.

```
topIIvol_Mesher ---xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 --zpoints 15 --depth -1000 \
--in ./../etc/DEM_160m.xyz --out out-mesh.msh --mesh msh
```

### Command-line option definitions

Option	Type	Comment
xpoints	[int]	These are # of x points present in your point cloud.
ypoints	[int]	These are # of y points present in your point cloud.
zpoints	[int]	These are # of z points intended in the z direction.
in	[string]	Sting to provide the input point cloud file .xyz
out	[string]	Sting to provide the output mesh file .mesh
depth	[int]	This is the depth of the mesh needed.
mesh	[string]	To specify the kind of mesh needed

### How to use topIIvol\_ParMesher?

This is the parallel mesher (still under heavy development)

• For parallel mesher producing \*.mesh mesh with 2 MPI ranks.

```
mpirun -n 2 topIIvol_ParMesher --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 --zpoints 15 \
    --depth -2000 --in ./../etc/DEM_160m.xyz --out Parallel-out-mesh.mesh
```

### Command-line option definitions

Option	Туре	Comment
xpoints	[int]	These are # of x points present in your point cloud.
ypoints	[int]	These are # of y points present in your point cloud.
zpoints	[int]	These are # of z points intended in the z direction.
in	[string]	Sting to provide the input point cloud file .xyz
out	[string]	Sting to provide the output mesh file .mesh
-n	[int]	Provide the # of MPI ranks.

#### How to use topIIvol\_DistMesher?

This is tool to created distributed mesh from partitioned point cloud

• Examples 3D partitioning of distributed mesher producing \*.mesh mesh with 24 MPI ranks (with 24 subdomains divided between x, y and z directions):

```
mpirun -n 24 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
    --depth -1000 --partition_x 2 --partition_y 3 --partition_z 4 \
    --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

or

```
mpirun -n 24 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
   --depth -1000 --partition_x 3 --partition_y 2 --partition_z 4 \
   --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

or

```
mpirun -n 24 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
   --depth -1000 --partition_x 2 --partition_y 2 --partition_z 6 \
   --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

• Examples 2D partitioning of distributed mesher producing \*.mesh mesh with 8 MPI ranks (with the 8 subdomains divided between x and y directions):

```
mpirun -n 8 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
   --depth -1000 --partition_x 2 --partition_y 4 --partition_z 1 \
   --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

or

```
mpirun -n 8 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
    --depth -1000 --partition_x 4 --partition_y 2 --partition_z 1 \
    --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

• Examples 2D partitioning of distributed mesher producing \*.mesh mesh with 6 MPI ranks (with the 6 subdomains divided between x and z directions):

```
mpirun -n 6 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
    --depth -1000 --partition_x 2 --partition_y 1 --partition_z 3 \
    --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

or

```
mpirun -n 6 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
    --depth -1000 --partition_x 3 --partition_y 1 --partition_z 2 \
    --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

• Examples 2D partitioning of distributed mesher producing \*.mesh mesh with 16 MPI ranks (with the 16 subdomains divided between y and z directions):

```
mpirun -n 16 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
    --depth -1000 --partition_x 1 --partition_y 8 --partition_z 2 \
    --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

or

```
mpirun -n 16 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
    --depth -1000 --partition_x 1 --partition_y 2 --partition_z 8 \
    --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

or

```
mpirun -n 16 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
    --depth -1000 --partition_x 1 --partition_y 4 --partition_z 4 \
    --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

• Examples 1D partitioning of distributed mesher producing \*.mesh mesh with 4 MPI ranks (letting the algorithm decide the partition direction):

```
mpirun -n 4 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
   --depth -1000 --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

• Examples 1D partitioning of distributed mesher producing \*.mesh mesh with 4 MPI ranks (enforced partitioning in x direction):

```
mpirun -n 4 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
    --depth -1000 --partition_x 4 --partition_y 1 --partition_z 1 \
    --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

• Examples 1D partitioning of distributed mesher producing \*.mesh mesh with 8 MPI ranks (enforced partitioning in y direction):

```
mpirun -n 8 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
--depth -1000 --partition_x 1 --partition_y 8 --partition_z 1 \
--out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

• Examples 1D partitioning of distributed mesher producing \*.mesh mesh with 3 MPI ranks (enforced partitioning in z direction):

```
mpirun -n 3 topIIvol_DistMesher --zpoints 50 --xpoints 32 --ypoints 29 \
    --depth -1000 --partition_x 1 --partition_y 1 --partition_z 3 \
    --out top-ii-vol-mesh --in ./../etc/DEM_160m
```

Command-line option definitions

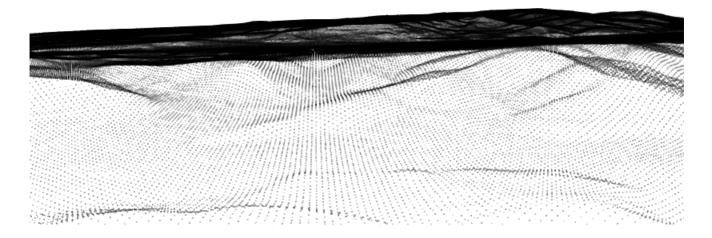
Option Type Comment

Option	Type	Comment
xpoints	[int]	These are # of x points present in your point cloud.
ypoints	[int]	These are # of y points present in your point cloud.
zpoints	[int]	These are # of z points intended in the z direction.
partition_x	[int]	These are # of x partitions in x direction.
partition_y	[int]	These are # of y partitions in y direction.
partition_z	[int]	These are # of z partitions in z direction.
in	[string]	Sting to provide the input point cloud file .xyz
out	[string]	Sting to provide the output mesh file .mesh
-np	[int]	Provide the # of MPI ranks.

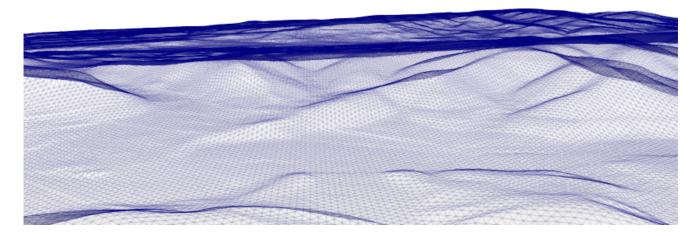
To report bugs, issues, feature-requests contact:\*

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# **Point cloud**



# **Surface triangulation of point cloud**



Finite element solution field

