Endsem: Probability and Statistics (100 marks)

Cheat Sheet:

• The probability density function (PDF) of a Gaussian random variable $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ is given by:

 $f_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}.$

• The probability mass function (PMF) of a Poisson random variable $X \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$ is:

$$P(X=k) = \frac{\lambda^k e^{-\lambda}}{k!}, \quad k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

• The PDF of a Gamma random variable $X \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha, \beta)$ is:

$$f_X(x) = \frac{\beta^{\alpha}}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha - 1} e^{-\beta x}, \quad x > 0,$$

where $\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty t^{\alpha-1} e^{-t} dt$ is the Gamma function.

Each question: 5 marks

- 1. MGF: Let $Z = X_1 + X_2 + ... X_N$ where X_i are iid and N is a positive discrete random variable. Prove that $M_Z(t) = M_N(log M_X(t))$.
- 2. Log-normal distribution: Let $Y = e^X$ where $X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$. Obtain the pdf of Y.

Each question: 8 marks

- 1. Let $\mathcal{D} = \{x_1, \dots x_n\}$ denote i.i.d samples from a Poisson random variable with unknown parameter γ . Find an MLE estimate for the unknown parameter γ . (5mks) What is its Mean Squared Error (MSE) (3mks)?
- 2. MLE: Consider a Gaussian random variable X with known mean μ but an unknown variance σ^2 . Suppose you observe k iid samples from this random variable which is denoted by $\mathcal{D} = \{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_k\}$. Find the maximum likelihood estimate for the unknown variance σ^2 . (5mks) Is the MLE estimate biased? justify why. (3 mks)
- 3. Consider a sequence $\{X_n, n = 1, 2, 3, ...\}$ such that

$$X_n = \begin{cases} n & \text{with probability } \frac{1}{n^2}, \\ 0 & \text{with probability } 1 - \frac{1}{n^2}. \end{cases}$$

- (a) Show that $X_n \xrightarrow{p} 0$ (Convergence in probability to 0). (4mks)
- (b) Show that $X_n \xrightarrow{a.s.} 0$ (Almost sure convergence to 0). (4mks)
- 4. Given a Markov coin with the following transition probability matrix P and initial distribu-Given a Markov coin with the following 4 independent Uniform[0,1] samples $\{0.3,0.7,0.23,0.97\}$ tion $\mu = [0.1,0.9]$, Use the following 4 independent Uniform[0,1] samples $\{0.3,0.7,0.23,0.97\}$ tion $\mu = [0.1, 0.9]$, Ose the following to obtain/generate 4 successive toss outcomes of the Markov coin. (Hint: The first toss is to be sampled from the initial distribution). $P = \begin{bmatrix} 0.9 & 0.1 \\ 0.4 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$
- 5. Let X and Y be independent random variables with common distribution function F. Obtain the pdfs of (i) $Z_1 = max(X, Y)$ (ii) $Z_2 = min(X, Y)$. 22 (11) - (1)

Each question: 10 marks

- 1. Let $\mathcal{D} = \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$ denote i.i.d samples from a uniform random variable U[a, b] where a and b are unknown. Find an A(b, b)and b are unknown. Find an MLE estimate for the unknown parameters a and b.
- 2. Bayesian Inference/ Conjugate prior problem: Suppose $D = \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$ is a data set consisting of independent prior problem. consisting of independent samples of a Poisson random variable with unknown parameter λ^* . Now assume a poisson random variable with unknown parameter λ^* . Now assume a prior model $\Lambda \sim Gamma(\alpha, \beta)$ on the unknown parameter λ^* (see hint below for sample distribution). below for gamma distribution). Obtain an expression for the posterior distribution on λ^* . (7mks). What is the MAP estimate for λ^* ? (3mks)

Hint: Use Prior belief: $\Lambda \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha, \beta)$,

$$f_{\Lambda}(\lambda) = \frac{\beta^{\alpha}}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \lambda^{\alpha-1} e^{-\beta \lambda}, \quad \lambda > 0.$$

and Likelihood of observing x given $\Lambda = \lambda$:

$$f_{X|\Lambda}(x|\lambda) = \frac{\lambda^x e^{-\lambda}}{x!}.$$

3. (i) (4mks) For a Markov chain, let F_{ii} denote the probability of the chain ever returning to state i having started in state i and let f_{ii}^n denote the probability of visiting state i for the first time in exactly n steps, having started in state i. Show that $F_{ii} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_{ii}^n$.

(ii) (6mks) For a Markov chain with state space $\mathcal{S} = \{1,2,3\}$ and transition matrices given below, use the above equality to find F_{ii} for i = 1, 2, 3. From the values of F_{ii} , deduce which

states are transient and recurrent.
$$P = \begin{bmatrix} p & 1-p & 0 \\ p & 1-2p & p \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 4. Gaussian: Suppose $X = AZ + \mu$ where A is an $n \times n$ matrix and Z is a standard normal vector of length n. Derive the expression for mean E[X] and covariance matrix C_X . (5 mks) Also derive the expression for the pdf of X. (5mks)
- 5. Shifted Exponential: Let X be a random variable following a shifted exponential distribution with rate parameter $\lambda > 0$ and shift parameter μ . The probability density function (PDF) of X is given by:

$$f_X(x) = egin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda(x-\mu)}, & \text{if } x \geq \mu, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Derive the MGF of X, state its region of convergence (5 mks)
- (b) Using the MGF, obtain the first and second moments of X. What is the variance of X