

## Surprise Quiz: Probability and Statistics (30 Marks)

### Each question: 5 marks

1. Suppose  $\mathbf{X} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \Sigma)$ . Let  $\mathbf{Y} = W^{-1}(\mathbf{X} - \mu)$  where  $W$  is a matrix that satisfies  $W^2 = \Sigma$ . Obtain the distribution for the random vector  $\mathbf{Y}$ .

2. (Memory test:)

- State the Central limit theorem. (2.5 marks)

• Write the three equivalent definitions for a multivariate Gaussian. (2.5 mks)

3. Find the stationary distribution  $\pi$  for Markov Chain with the following transition probability matrix. (3 marks) State if  $\pi$  is unique. (1 mark) Is the chain irreducible? Give reasons (1mark)

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 & 0.8 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.9 & 0.1 \\ 0.1 & 0.9 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

4. Suppose  $\mathbf{X}$  is a standard normal vector of size  $n$ . Let  $\mathbf{Y} = A\mathbf{X} + \mathbf{b}$  where  $A$  is a square symmetric invertible matrix. Derive the expression for  $f_{\mathbf{Y}}(\mathbf{y})$ .

### Each question: 10 marks

1. Let  $(X, Y)$  be a pair of continuous random variables with joint PDF  $f_{X,Y}(x, y)$ . Define a transformation from  $(X, Y)$  to  $(U, V)$  given by

$$U = X + Y, \quad V = X - Y.$$

(a) Find the joint PDF  $f_{U,V}(u, v)$  of the transformed random vector  $(U, V)$ . (5mks)

(b) Assume  $f_{X,Y}(x, y) = ce^{-(x^2+y^2)}$  for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ . Find  $f_{U,V}(u, v)$  for this specific case and elaborate on what kind of random variables are  $U$  and  $V$ . (5mks)