

Rocks and Rock Types, Rock cycle, Minerals

ROCKS AND MINERALS

Rock: Aggregation of one or more types of minerals, usually consolidated

Mineral:

- A solid, naturally occurring element or compound of inorganic origin,
- having an ordered atomic structure and
- characteristic chemical composition, physical properties and crystal form

Minerals Classification

Mineral Classes		
class	key elements or molecules	example mineral
silicates	Si and O	quartz – SiO ₂
halides	Cl, F, Br , I	halite – NaCl
hydroxides	(OH)	gibbsite – Al(OH) ₃
carbonates	(CO ₃)	calcite – CaCO ₃
nitrates	(NO ₃)	nitratite – NaNO ₃
borates	(BO ₃) or (BO ₄)	sinhalite – MgAlBO ₄
sulfates	(SO ₄)	gypsum – CaSO ₄ ·2H ₂ O
chromates	(CrO ₄)	crocoite – PbCrO ₄
tungstates	(WO ₄)	scheelite – CaWO ₄
molybdates	(MoO ₄)	wulfenite – PbMoO ₄
phosphates	(PO ₄)	apatite – Ca ₅ (PO ₄) ₃ (OH,F,Cl)
arsenates	(AsO ₄)	scorodite – FeAsO ₄ ·4H ₂ O
vanadate	(VO ₄)	vanadinite – Pb ₅ (VO ₄) ₃ Cl
oxides	O	corundum – Al ₂ O ₃
native elements	single elements	copper – Cu
sulfides	S	pyrite – FeS ₂
sulfosalts	As, Sb	niccolite – NiAs

Dana’s Mineral Classification

class

halides
hydroxides
carbonates
nitrates
borates
sulfates
chromates
tungstates
molybdates
silicates
phosphates
arsenates
vanadates
oxides
native
elements
sulfides
sulfosalts

subclass

framework silicates
sheet silicates
double chain silicates
single chain silicates
ring silicates
paired tetrahedral silicates
island silicates

group

pyroxene group

pyroxenoid group

series or subgroup

enstatite - ferrosilite series

diopside - hedenbergite series

other pyroxenes

species

enstatite
ferrosilite

diopside
hedenbergite

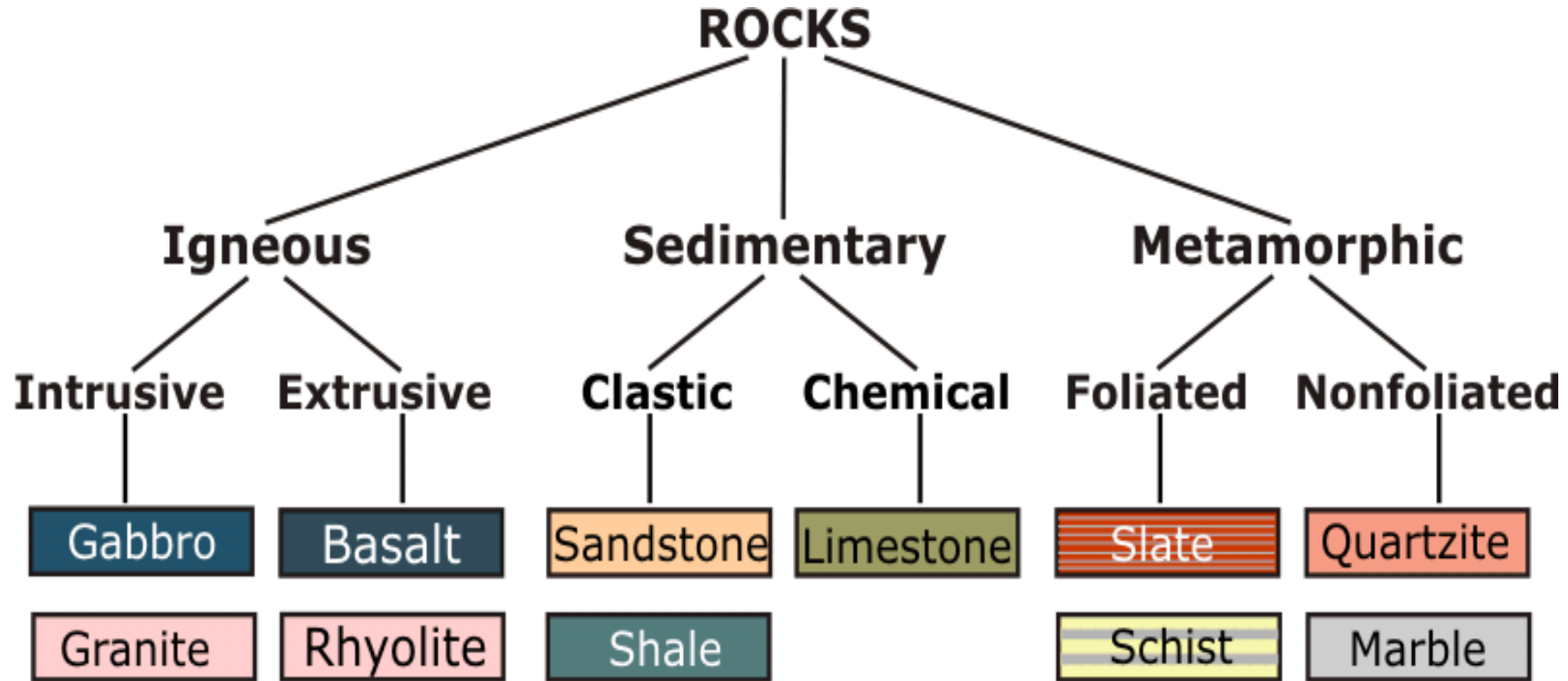
pigeonite
augite
jadeite
spodumene

wollastonite
rhodonite

Where do rocks form?

- **Basin:** A low area in earth's crust, of tectonic origin, in which sediments accumulate
- Example- Vindhyan basin, Kutch basin
- Lakes and ponds may accumulate some sediments, are they basins?
- In order to be considered as basins they should form a thick sediment cover

Types of Rocks



Gabbro



Granite



Basalt



Rhyolite

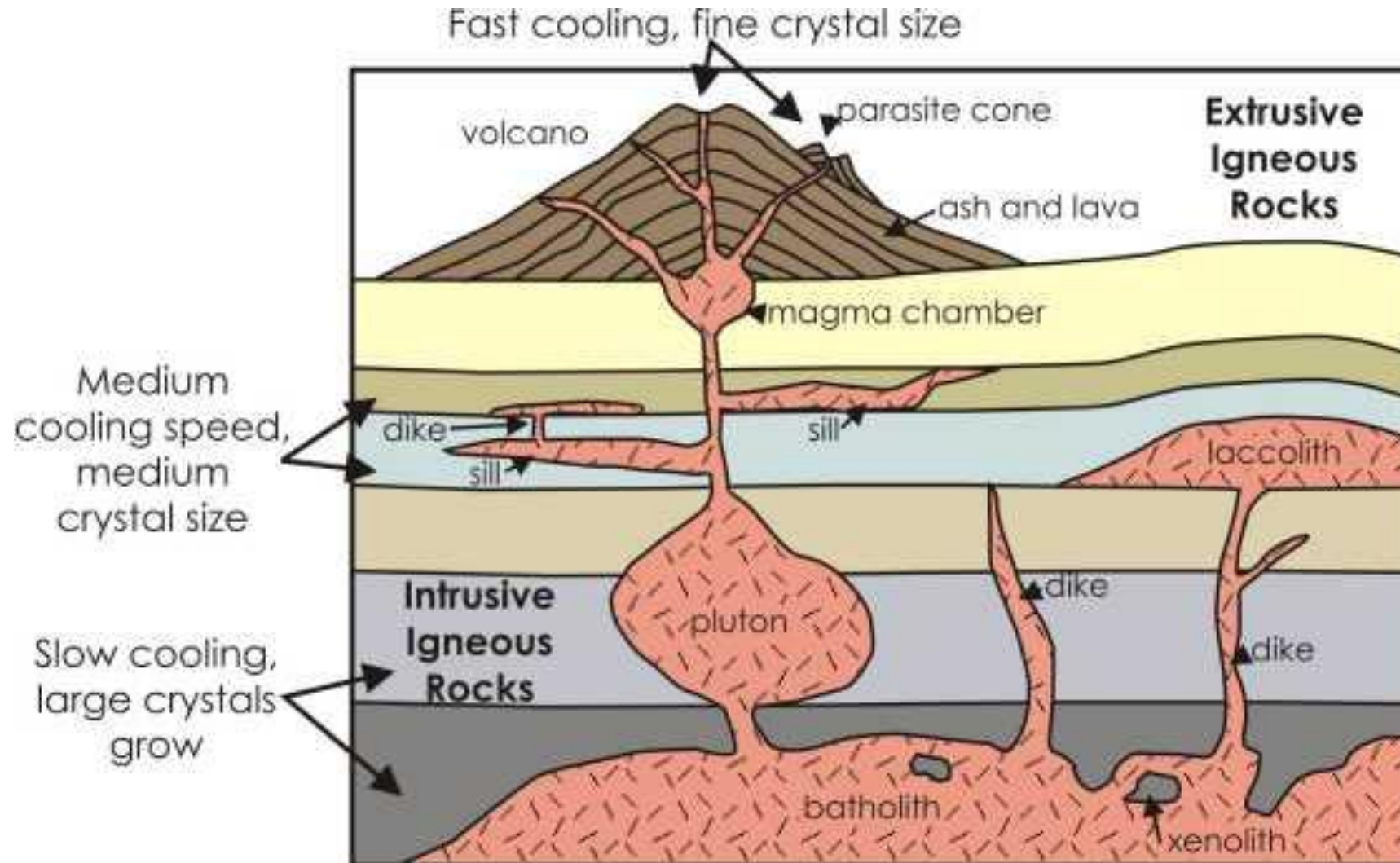


Gabbro and Basalt

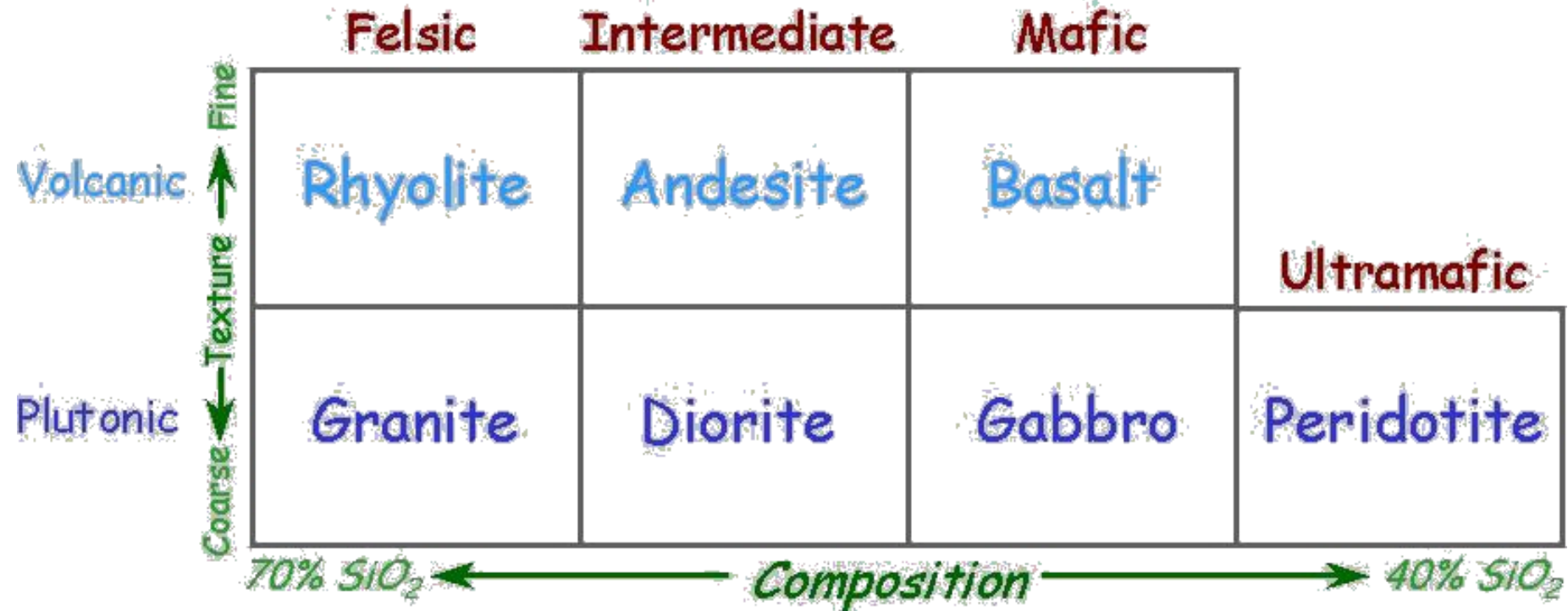


Igneous Rocks and Structures

Plutonic = Intrusive
Volcanic = Extrusive



Igneous Rocks

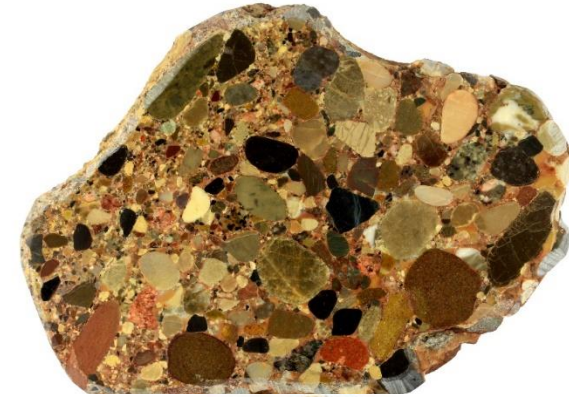


Types of sedimentary rocks

- **Clastic** – deposition of sediments through geological agents such as water, current, wind or ice, example conglomerate, sandstone, shale
- **Chemical** – dissolution and/or precipitation of minerals, example limestone, evaporite
- **Organic/Carbonaceous** – remains of organisms, example coal

Clastic sedimentary rocks

- Classified by sediment grain size
- **Conglomerate** – rounded gravel or pebble size grain
- **Sandstone** – sand size grains, cemented together
- **Shale** – clay size particles, flaky



Conglomerate



Sandstone



Shale

Terrigenous clastic rocks

clay (<4 μm)
 silt (4 μm to 63 μm)
 sand (63 μm or 0.063 mm to 2.0 mm)
 gravel/aggregates (>2.0 mm)

$$\phi = -\log_2 (\text{grain diameter in mm})$$

Negative representation on a graph

Udden-Wentworth grain size scale

mm	phi	Name	
256	-8	Boulders	Gravel Conglomerate
128	-7		
64	-6	Cobbles	
32	-5		
16	-4		
8	-3	Pebbles	Sand Sandstone
4	-2		
		Granules	
2	-1		
		Very coarse sand	
1	0		
		Coarse sand	
0.5	1		
		Medium sand	
0.25	2		
		Fine sand	Mud Mudrock
0.125	3		
		Very fine sand	
0.063	4		
		Coarse silt	
0.031	5		
		Medium silt	
0.0156	6		
		Fine silt	
0.0078	7		
		Very fine silt	
0.0039	8		
		Clay	

Chemical sedimentary rocks

Fossiliferous Limestone



Calcite, Dolomite

Evaporite



Gypsum

Slate



Schist

Alignment
of platy
minerals like
mica flakes

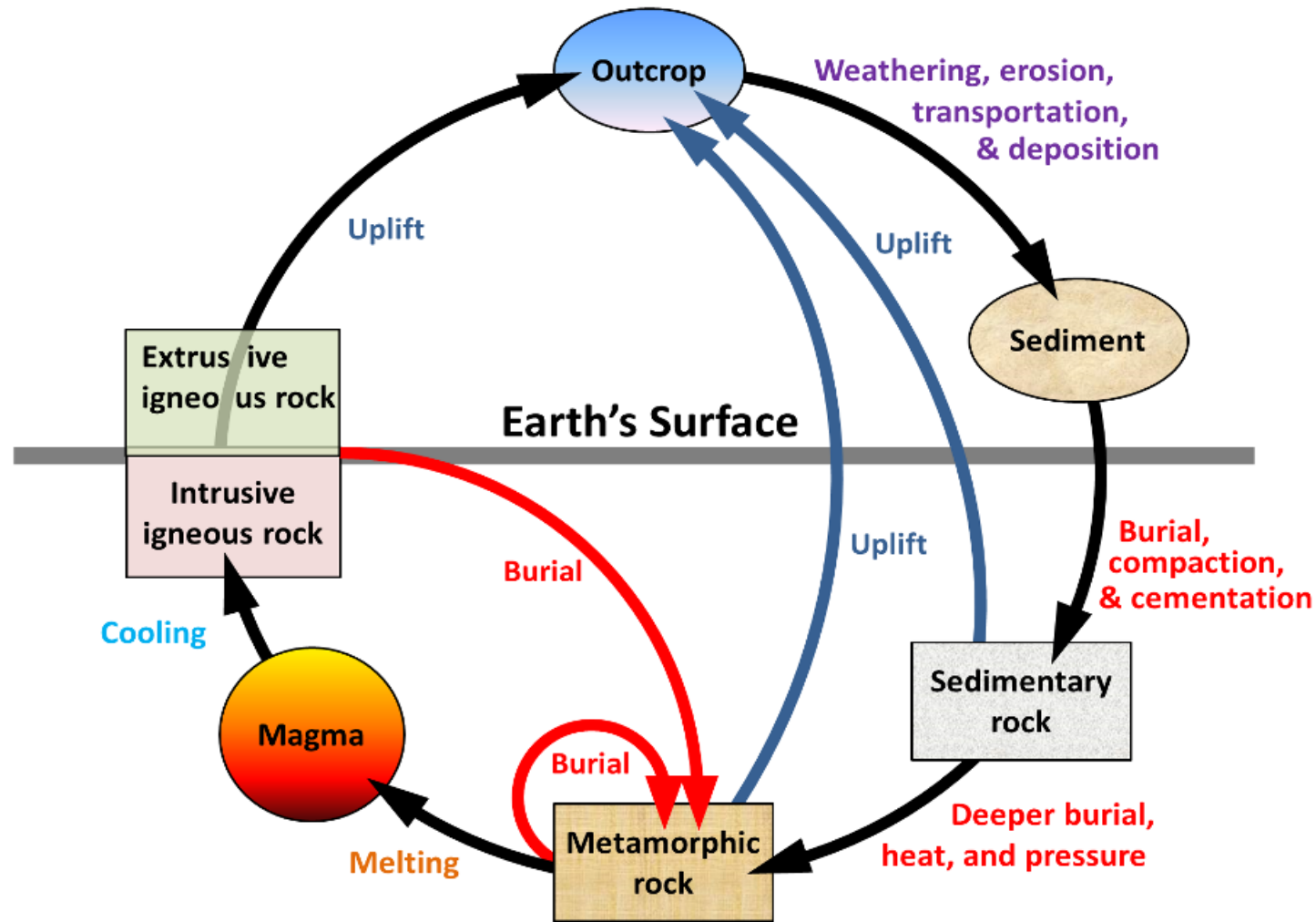


Quartzite



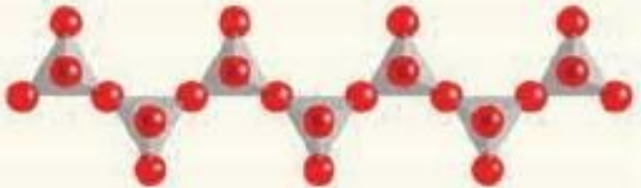

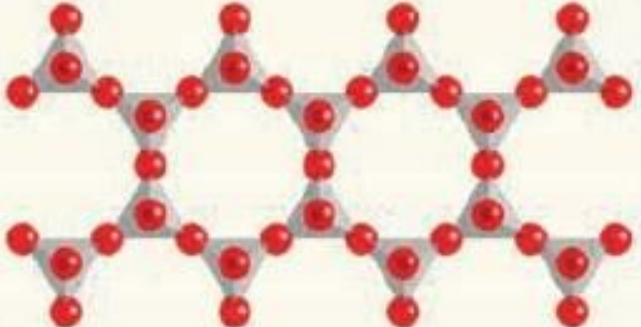



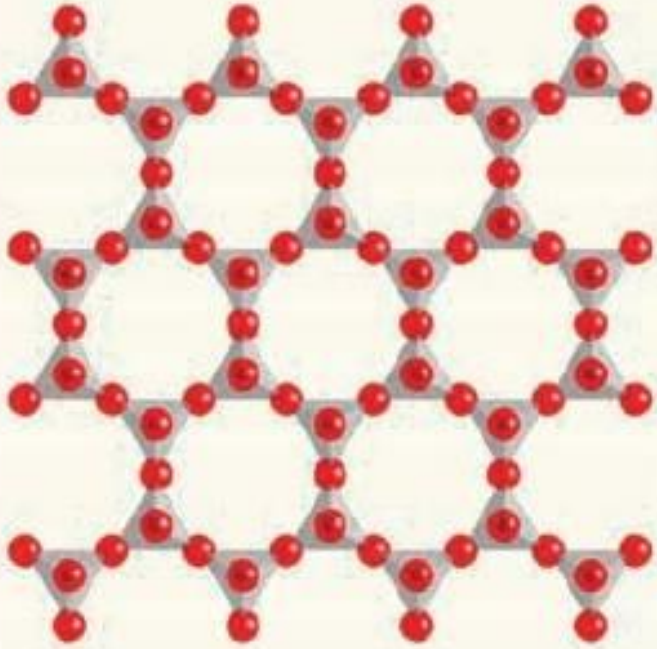


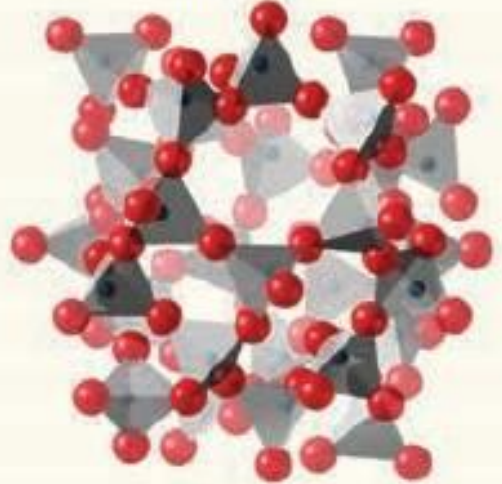




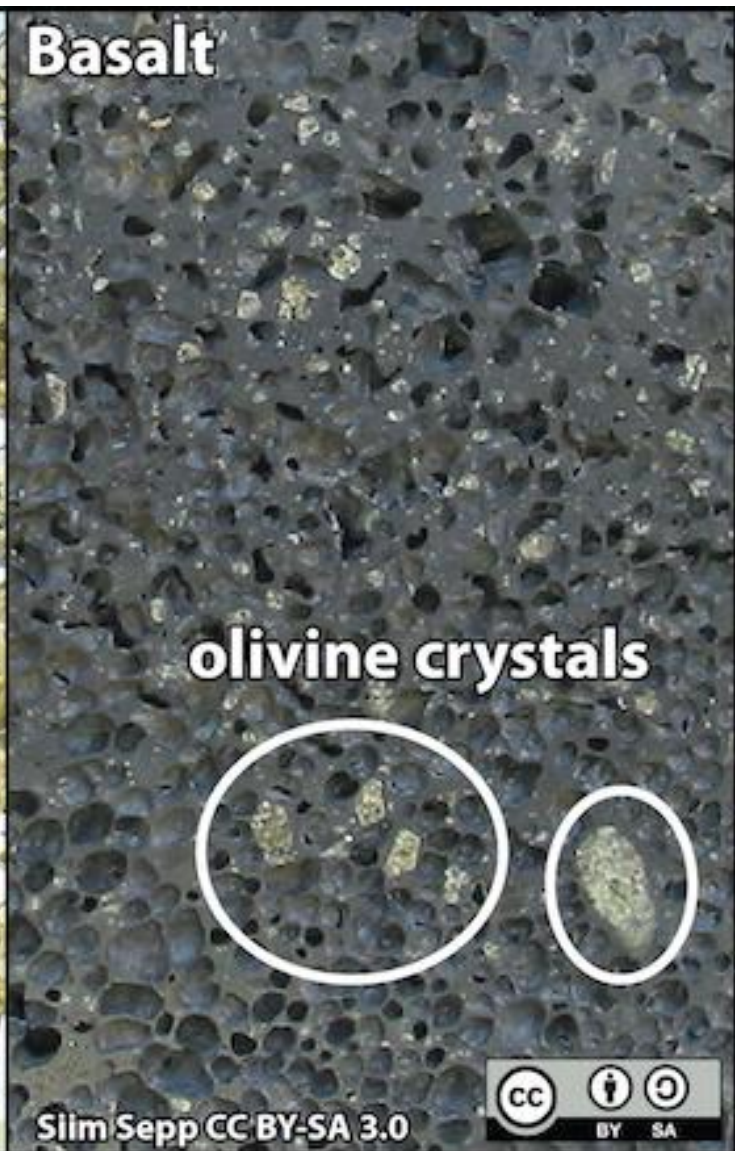
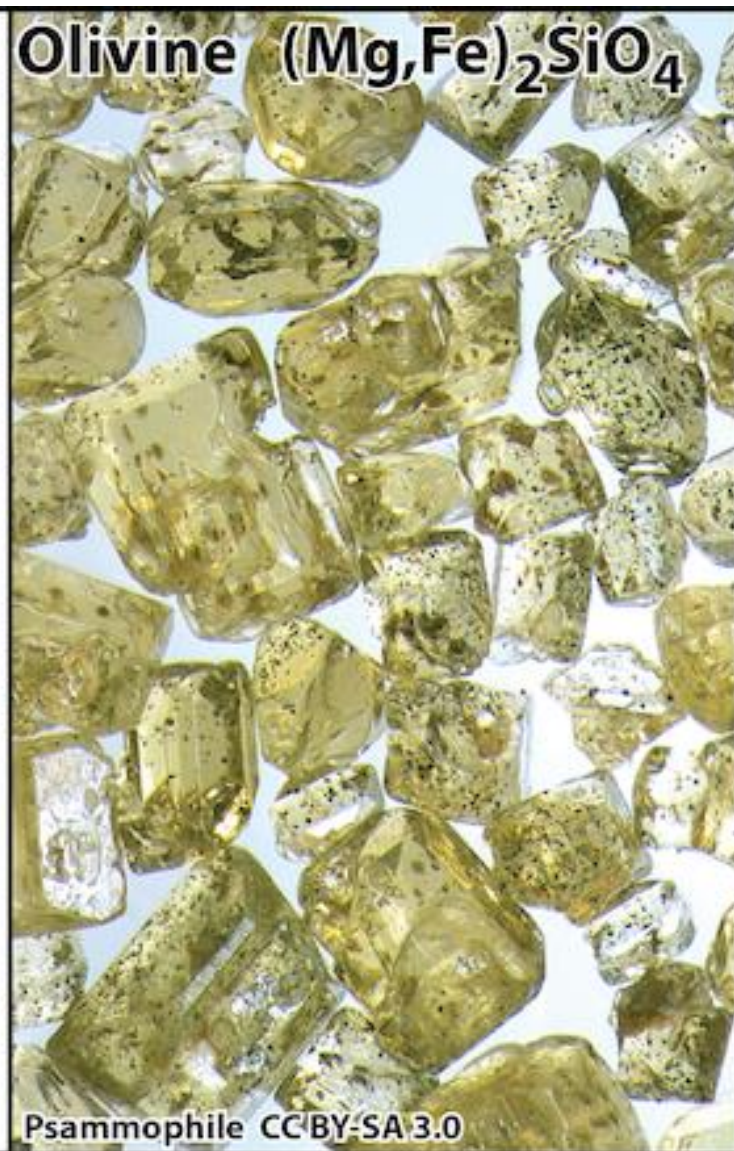
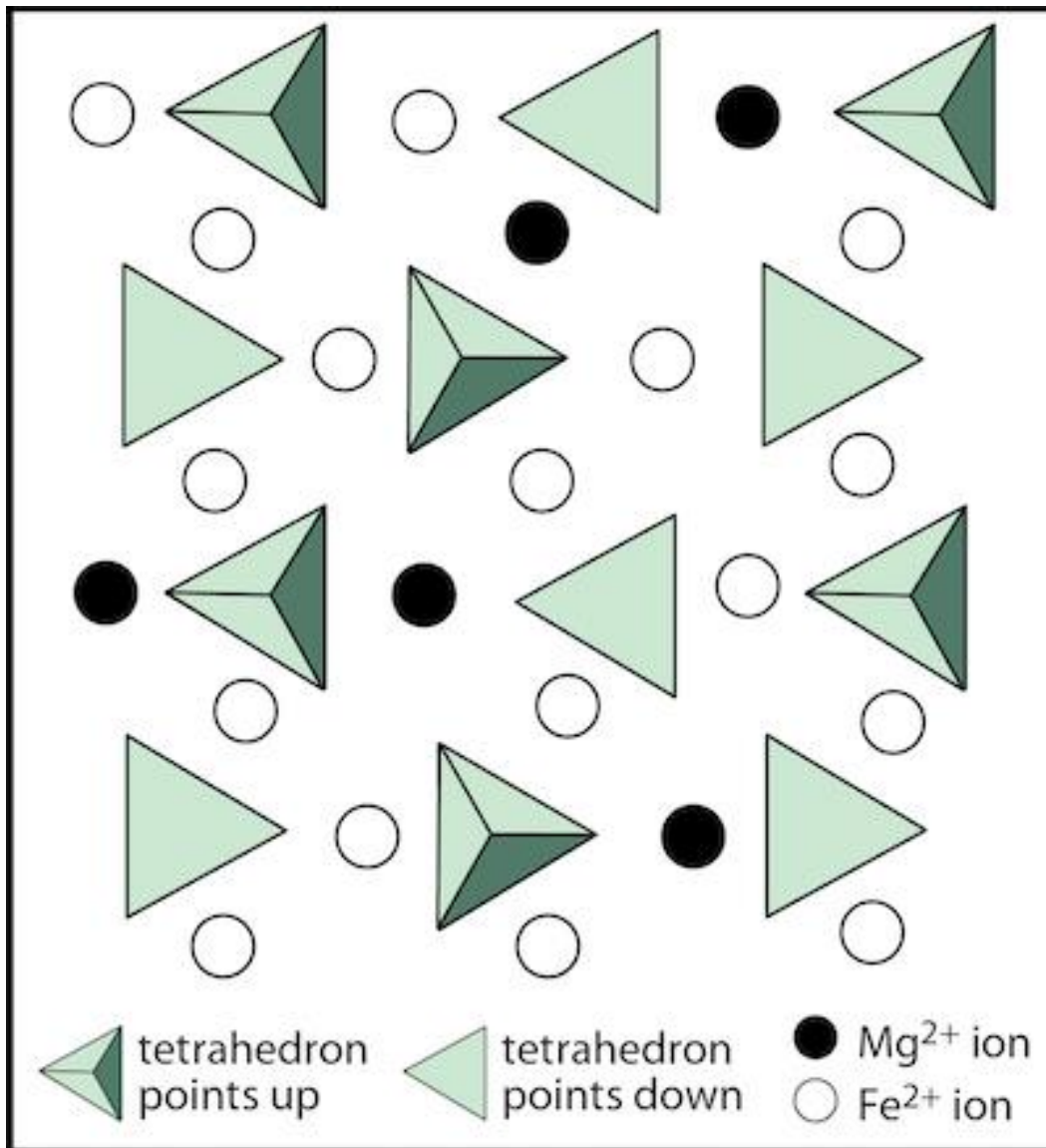
The Geologic Rock Cycle



Common Silicate Minerals and Mineral Groups

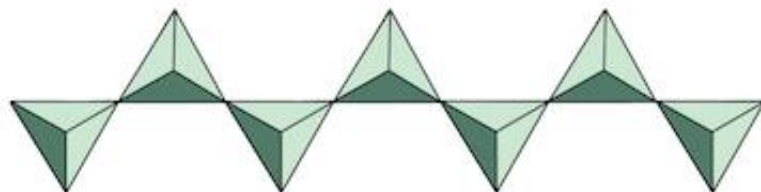
Mineral/Formula	Cleavage	Silicate Structure	Example
Olivine group $(\text{Mg,Fe})_2\text{SiO}_4$	None	Single tetrahedra 	 Olivine
Pyroxene group (Augite) $(\text{Mg,Fe,Ca,Na})\text{AlSiO}_3$	Two planes at 90°	Single chains 	 Augite
Amphibole group (Hornblende) $\text{Ca}_2(\text{Fe,Mg})_5\text{Si}_8\text{O}_{22}(\text{OH})_2$	Two planes at 60° and 120°	Double chains 	 Hornblende

Micas	Biotite $\text{K(Mg,Fe)}_3\text{AlSi}_3\text{O}_{10}(\text{OH})_2$	One plane	<p>Sheets</p> 	 <p>Biotite</p>
	Muscovite $\text{KAl}_2(\text{AlSi}_3\text{O}_{10})(\text{OH})_2$			 <p>Muscovite</p>
Feldspars	Potassium feldspar (Orthoclase) KAlSi_3O_8	Two planes at 90°	<p>Three-dimensional networks</p> 	 <p>Potassium feldspar</p>
	Plagioclase $(\text{Ca,Na})\text{AlSi}_3\text{O}_8$			
	Quartz SiO_2	None		

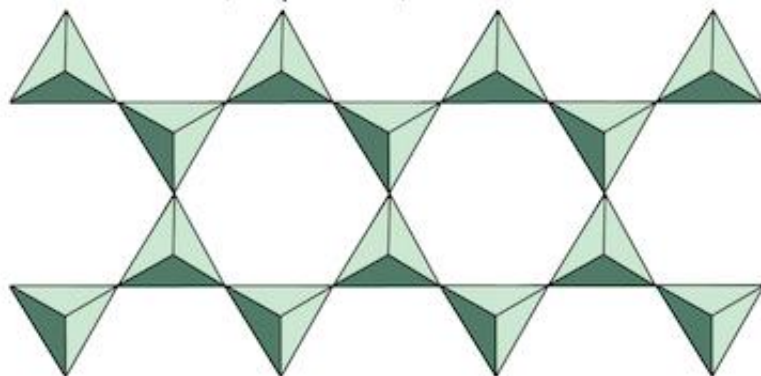


View looking down on the chain of tetrahedra

Single chain (pyroxene)

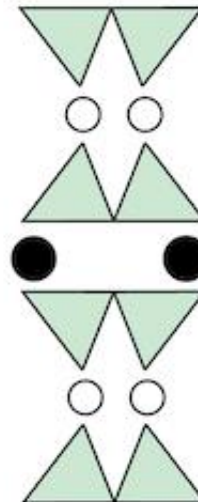


Double chain (amphibole)

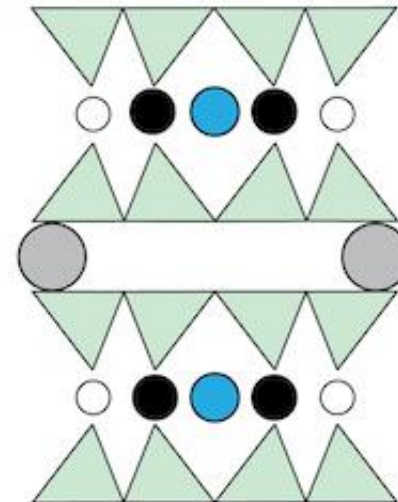


View looking end-on at the chain of tetrahedra

Single chain



Double chain



Top view of tetrahedron



End-on view of tetrahedron



Different cation sites



Pyroxene

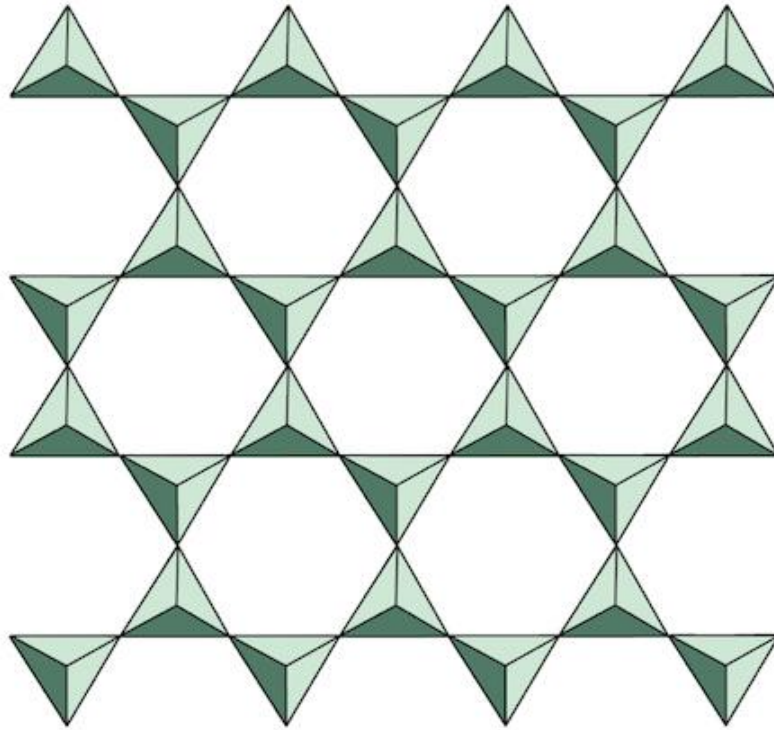
Pyroxene (Aegirine) $\text{NaFeSi}_2\text{O}_6$



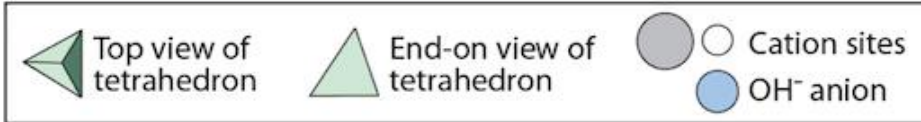
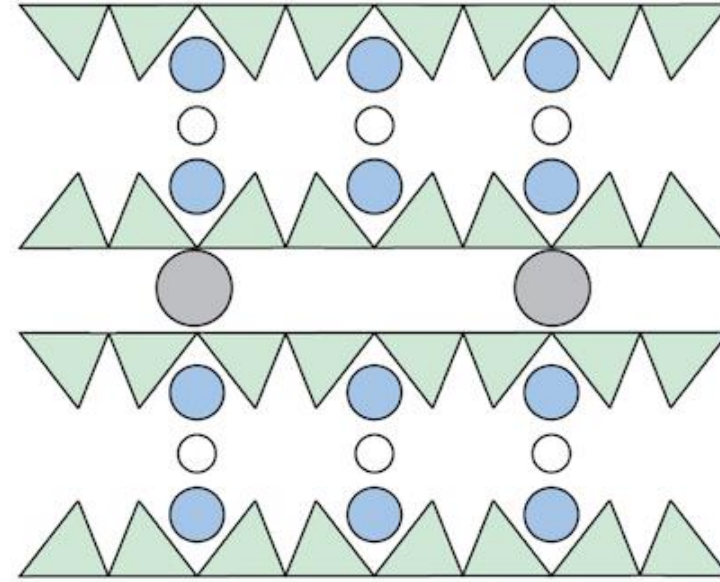
Amphibole (Hornblende)
 $\text{Ca}_2(\text{Mg,Fe,Al})_5(\text{Al,Si})_8\text{O}_{22}(\text{OH})_2$



View looking down on the sheet of tetrahedra



View looking end-on at sheets of tetrahedra



Biotite group

R. Weller/
Cochise College



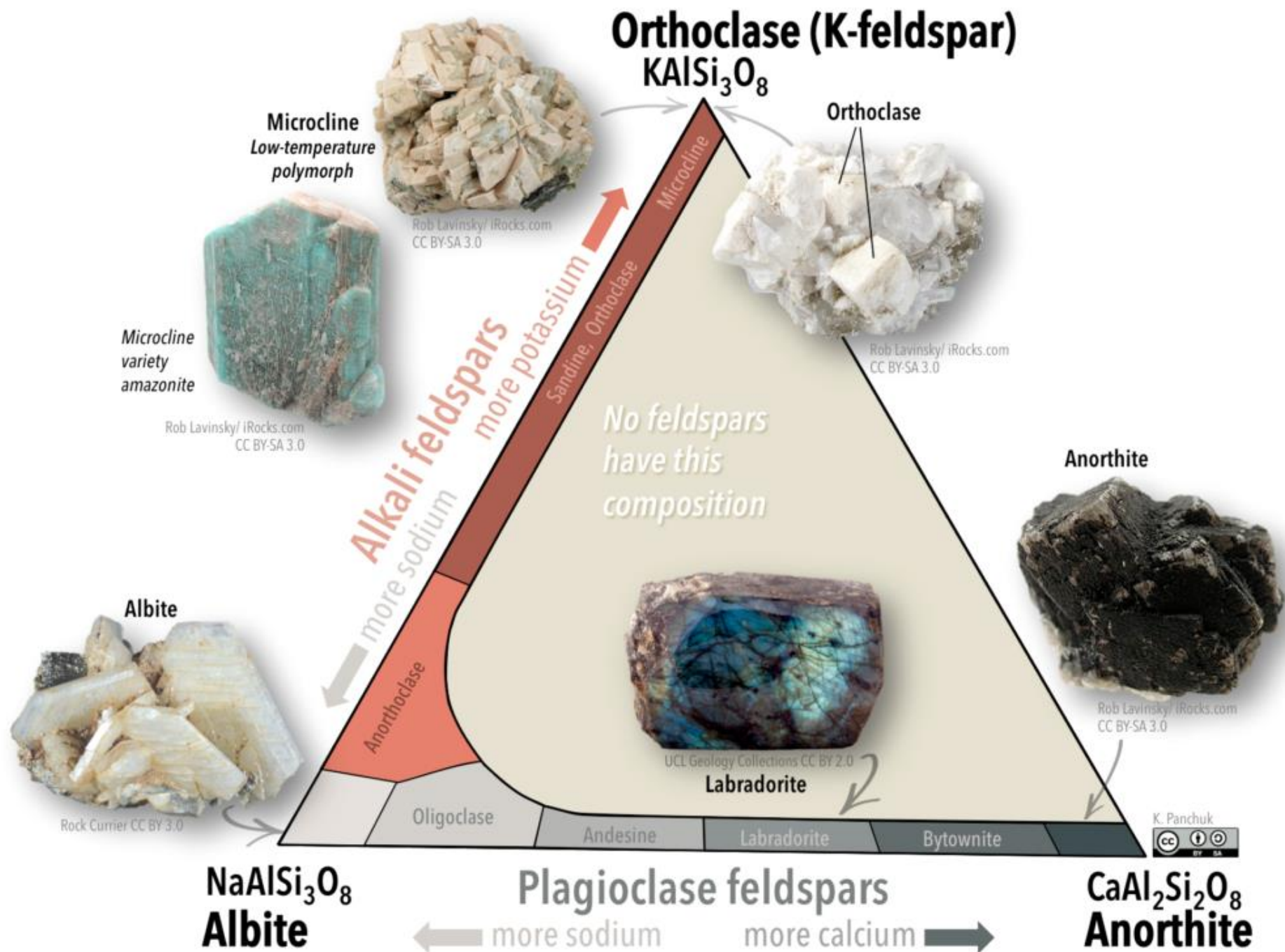
K. Panchuk (2018)



Muscovite $\text{KAl}_2(\text{AlSi}_3\text{O}_{10})(\text{OH})$



R. Weller/ Cochise College



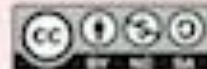
Quartz

SiO_2



R. Weller/ Cochise College

K. Panchuk



Granite

K-feldspar
Microcline

Albite

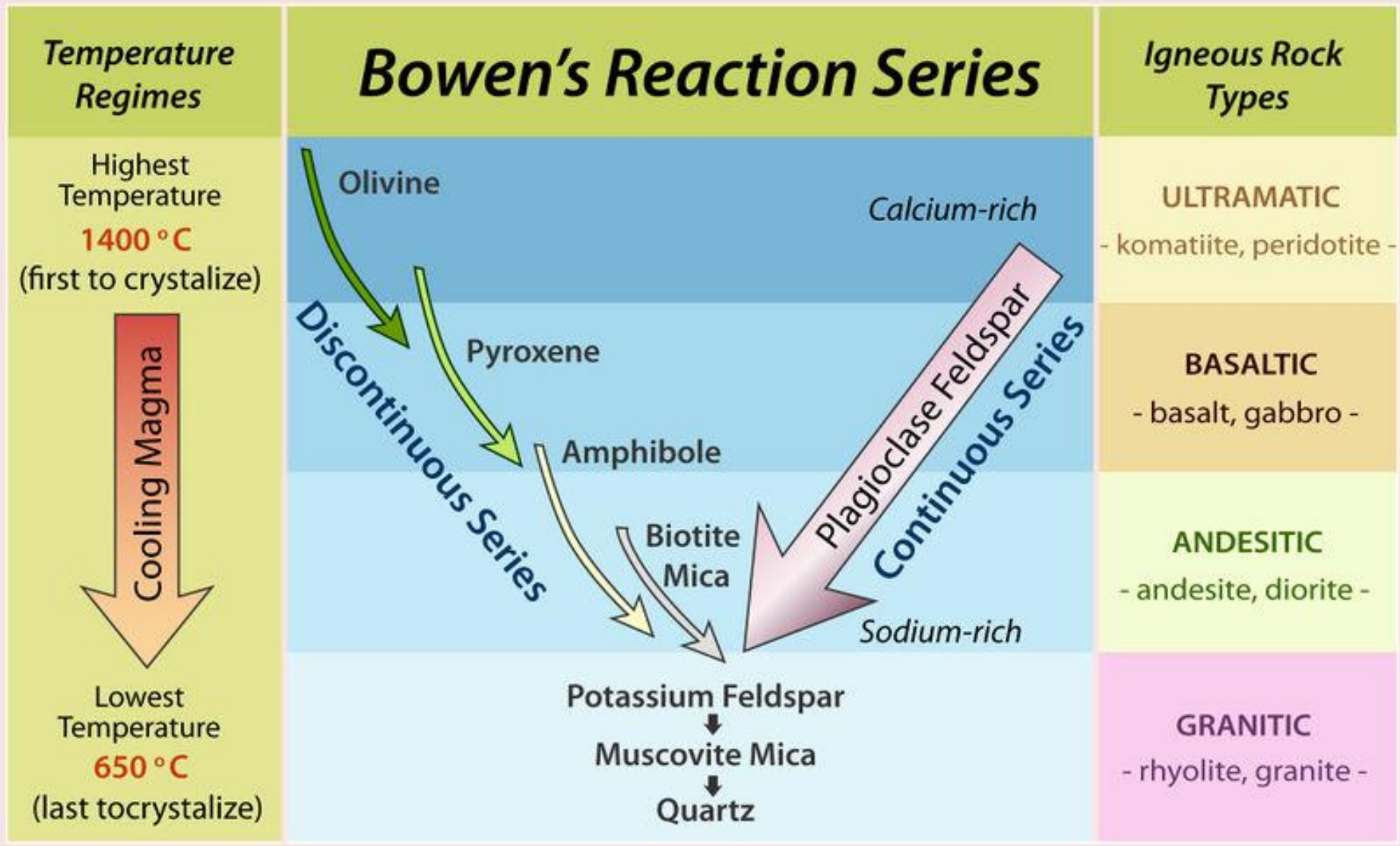
Amphibole

R. Weller/ Cochise College

Quartz



BOWEN'S REACTION SERIES



Mineralogical composition of Sandstone

Major Mineral Composition	Accessory Mineral compositions: $\leq 1-2\%$	Miscellaneous Minerals	Other Component
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Quartz: $\sim 65\%$• Feldspar: $\sim 10-15\%$• Mica: Muscovite Biotite• Clay minerals	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Heavy minerals• Coarse mica grains	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Common igneous minerals like Olivine, pyroxene• Oxides of irons	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Lithic fragments• Biogenic particles• Authigenic minerals• Matrix

Sedimentary Rocks

Metamorphic Rocks

