

+ve base case  
sahse upar lgte hai

Page No.:

Date: / /

## chess board

combination in 2D (how to place queen in 2D)

```
① comb2D(n, r, c, QTP, path)
{
    if(QTP == 0) sOPen(path) return
    if(r == n) return
    if(c == n) r++; c = 0;
    comb2D(n, r, c+1, QTP-1, path + "Q" + r + "," + c + " ");
    comb2D(n, r, c+1, QTP, path);
}
```

• But isse queen kaise place kreng

② queen place krne k liye boolean array bnnana pdega

```
print(boolean[][] board)
{
    for(boolean[] row : board)
    {
        for(boolean b : row)
        {
            if(b) sOP("/")
            else sOP(".")
        }
        sOPen();
    }
}
```

```
comb(n, r, c, QTP, path)
{
```

```
    if(QTP == 0) sOPen(path) sOPen("=====")
                                     return;
    if(r == n) return
    if(c == n) r++; c = 0;
    board[r][c] = true
    comb(n, r, c+1, QTP-1, path + "Q" + r +
                                     "," + c + " ")
    board[r][c] = false;
    comb(n, r, c+1, QTP, path);
}
```

But yaar same to abhi bahut problems hai  
queens ko kaise pta chalega unhe kha baithenge

jo jagah safe hai baithenge queen

to chahiye dekhte hai kaise

```

comb(n, r, c, QTP, path, board)
{
    if (QTP == 0)
    {
        SOP(path)
        print(board)
        println("=====")
        return
    }
    if (c == n) r++ c = 0
    if (r == n) return
    if (isSafe(board, r, c))
    {
        board[r][c] = true
        comb(n, r, c+1, QTP-1, path + "Q" + r +
            " " + c + " ", board)
        board[r][c] = false;
    }
    comb(n, r, c+1, QTP, path, board)
}

```



isSafe(board, r, c)

{

for (row = 0; row < R; row++)

{

if (board[row][c]) return false

}

for (col = 0; col < C; col++)

{

if (board[r][col]) return false

}

r1 = r

c1 = c

while (r1 >= 0 && c1 >= 0)

{

if (board[r1][c1]) return false

r1--

c1--

}

r2 = 0

c2 = c

while (r2 < board[0].length && c2 < board[0].length)

{

if (board[r2][c2]) return false

r2++

c2++

}

return true;

}

## Maze path : #blocked

①

0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0

`solve (r, c, maze, path)`

{

`if (r == maze.length-1 && c == maze[0].length)`  
`solve(path) return;`

`if (r < 0 || r == maze.length || c < 0 || c == maze[0].length`  
`|| maze[r][c] == 1)`

`return;`

`solve (r-1, c, maze, path+"U")`

`solve (r+1, c, maze, path+"D")`

`solve (r, c+1, maze, path+"R")`

`solve (r, c-1, maze, path+"L")`

}

ye jo last condition hai na,  
 vo always last me hi hoga. cuz agar pehle ek hi dega  
 to index out of bound ho jaega i.e.  $r < 0$  &  $c < 0$   
 wala condition bina check kiye hi ye check kr dega  
 to (-1) wala index bhi check kr dega. aur  
 index out of bound ho jaega.

But But But iss method se stack overflow ho  
 jaega kya???

kyunki ye bnda wps U me fas jaega



jab next jaega tab 'V' wla recursion chalega aur ye wps upar aa jaega phir neechle p jaega phir upar aayega.

thus Stack Overflow (rajiya gundo me fars gye b!)

issliye ab boolean array banaenge.

(2) `visited[][] = new boolean[n][n]`

```
solve (r, c, maze, path, visited)
{
```

```
    if (r == maze.length - 1 && c == maze[0].length - 1)
```

```
        return solve(path) return
```

```
    if (r < 0 || r == maze.length || c < 0 ||
```

```
        c == maze[0].length || maze[r][c] == 1 ||
```

```
        visited[r][c])
```

```
        return
```

```
    visited[r][c] = true
```

```
    solve (r-1, c, maze, path + "U", visited)
```

```
    solve (r+1, c, maze, path + "D", visited)
```

```
    solve (r, c+1, maze, path + "R", visited)
```

```
    solve (r, c-1, maze, path + "L", visited)
```

```
}
```

isse aul path explore nhi hoga. Sirf ek path hoga

kyu ?

kyunki jo visited hua wo true ho gya vha wps nhi ja skte

$\textcircled{++}$  = implicit typecast

Page No.:

Date: / /

ab kya kre?

glint pehna aur utaro wala trick.

last me add  $\{ \text{visited}(r)(c) = \text{false} \}$  after  
saara 'solve' wala statement.

## Sudoku Solver

~~options~~ ways to solve sudoku =  $9^8$  ways

① Solve (~~sudoku~~  $r, c$  board[7][7])  
{

if ( $c == 9$ )  $r++$   $c = 0$

if ( $r == 9$ ) print (board)  $\text{system("==")} return;$

if (board[r][c] != ".") solve ( $r, c+1$ , board)

else  
{

for (char ch = '1'; ch <= '9'; ch++)  
{

board[r][c] = ch

3 solve ( $r, c+1$ , board)

// board[r][c] = '.'

3 }

print (char board[7][7])

}

for (char \* row : board)

for (char ch : row)  $\text{system("==")}$

$\text{system("==")}$

3 }

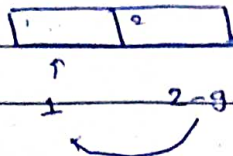


isse to solve ho jana chahiye

But But isme koi problems hai

P. ① maze path jaisa kam path explore kr paayega

i.e.



jb wps aaye tb pehle dabba me dot nhi hai

thus isse  $2 \times 9 = 18$  options explore krega

jbki usko  $9^2$  options explore krna chahiye tha

mtlab ubi shirt pehn k utara nhi

② (ye tabhi hota hai jb heap use hota)

② add (`board[r][c] = '.'`) in code jo commented hai

ab kya hoga

solve hoga

but but  $10^{70}$  sec lega complete hone me  
thus infinite loop

③ agar hm condition lga de ki recursion tabhi chale  
jb jaruri ho. To to time kam lega

else

{

for (`ch = '1'`; `ch <= '9'`; `ch++`)

{

if (`isSafe(board, r, c, ch)`)

{

`board[r][c] = ch`

`solve(r, c+1, board)`

}

}

`board[r][c] = '.'`

}

isSafe(board, r, c, ch)

me same  
ni hoga  
change

```

for (row = 0; row < 9; row++)
{
    if (board[row][c] == ch) return false;
}

```

me same  
ni hoga  
change

```

for (col = 0; col < 9; col++)
{
    if (board[r][col] == ch) return false;
}

```

me same  
ni hoga  
change

```

int box_row = r/3, box_col = c/3;
for (row = box_row*3; row < box_row*3+3; row++)
{
    for (col = box_col*3; col < box_col*3+3; col++)
    {
        if (board[row][col] == ch) return false;
    }
}

```

ab to ho hi jaana chahiye

shit

print karne p khaali ho ja rha hai

ye bol rha hai ki maine sudoku solve kr liye pr  
mai abhi btaunga.

(4) ek boolean bna lete hai to try krte hai  
static boolean ans = false; (global variable)