KPLABS Course

HashiCorp Certified: Vault Associate

Vault Tokens

ISSUED BY

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REPRESENTATIVE

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Module 1: Vault Tokens

1.1 Overview of Tokens

Tokens are the core method for authentication within the Vault.

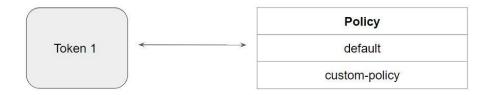
With **vault server -dev**, we have been using the root token. This is the first method of authentication for Vault. It is also the only auth method that cannot be disabled.

Key	Value
token	s.wzdOjDg6gUMRkmo9uF61XsqZ
token_accessor	sKOVJcPb7S9wQCDHeJeB2dXY
token_duration	768h
token_renewable	true
token_policies	<pre>["default" "first-policy"]</pre>
identity_policies	[]
policies	["default" "first-policy"]
token_meta_username	admin

1.2 Mapping of Tokens to Policies

Within Vault, tokens map to information.

The most important information mapped to a token is a set of one or more attached policies.



1.3 Lookup Token Information

You can explore the details of a given token with the help of the **vault token lookup** command.

C:\Users\Zeal Vora>vault token lookup s.WU8UatrGnOt1rcMFCt1U6h71 Value Key accessor 10FPvxUeJVdmEDEpWHWn5fDT creation time 1590085137 creation ttl 768h display name token entity_id 5a35e055-0f7d-0c48-e5b4-5a457323e13d expire_time 2020-06-22T23:48:57.9865162+05:30 explicit_max_ttl s.WU8UatrGnOt1rcMFCt1U6h71 issue time 2020-05-21T23:48:57.9865162+05:30 meta <nil> num uses 0 false orphan path auth/token/create policies [default first-policy] renewable true ttl 767h37m42s type service

1.4 Important Points to Remember

Every non-root token has a time-to-live (TTL) associated with it.

After the current TTL is up, the token will no longer function -- it, and its associated leases, are revoked.

If the token is renewable, Vault can be asked to extend the token validity period using vault token renew

Root tokens can be non-expiring (those with a TTL of zero)

Module 2: Token Helper

By default, the Vault CLI uses a "token helper" to cache the token after authentication.

The default token helper stores the token in ~/.vault-token. You can delete this file at any time to "log out" of Vault.



Type: VAULT-TOKEN File

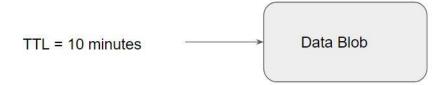
Date modified: 22-05-2020 13:55 Size: 26 bytes

Module 3: Token Time-to-Live

3.1 Overview of Time to Live

Time-To-Live (TTL) limits the lifetime of the data.

Used extensively in DNS.



3.2 TTL For Tokens

Every non-root token has a time-to-live (TTL) associated with it.

After the current TTL is up, the token will no longer function, and its associated leases, are revoked.

```
C:\Users\Zeal Vora>vault login -method=userpass username=demouser password=password
Success! You are now authenticated. The token information displayed below
is already stored in the token helper. You do NOT need to run "vault login"
again. Future Vault requests will automatically use this token.
Key
                      Value
                      s.DWgGLarml05a4M6FZaCTYB2c
token
                      sA4gi0XDjcP0mpzQXZstmYyr
token_accessor
                      768h
token duration
token_renewable
                      true
                      ["default" "sample-policy"]
token policies
identity_policies
                      []
                      ["default" "sample-policy"]
policies
token_meta_username
                      demouser
```

3.3 Create Token with Explicit TTL

You can create a token that has a user-defined TTL

```
C:\Users\Zeal Vora>vault token create --ttl=600
                     Value
Key
___
token
                     s.YcHxFMgNqhT76U6iERjCs8xt
token accessor
                     b0FePlbEGHnEWnfBr3h3qQzN
token duration
                     10m
token renewable
                     true
                     ["default" "sample-policy"]
token policies
identity_policies
                     []
                     ["default" "sample-policy"]
policies
```

3.4 Renewing a Token

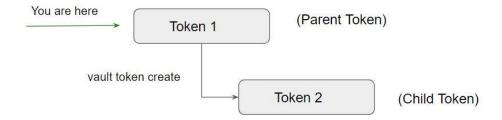
vault token renew command can be used to extend the validity of the renewable tokens.

```
C:\Users\Zeal Vora>vault token renew --increment=30m s.YcHxFMgNqhT76U6iERjCs8xt
Key
                     Value
token
                     s.YcHxFMgNqhT76U6iERjCs8xt
token_accessor
                     b0FePlbEGHnEWnfBr3h3qQzN
token_duration
                     30m
token_renewable
                     true
token policies
                     ["default" "sample-policy"]
identity_policies
                     ["default" "sample-policy"]
policies
```

Module 4: Service Token Lifecycle

4.1 Overview of Lifecycle of Service Tokens

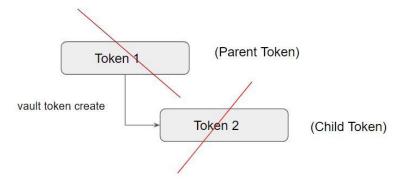
Normally, when a token holder creates new tokens, these tokens will be created as children of the original token



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4.2 Example Hierarchy

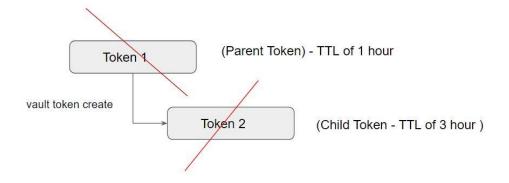
If the parent is revoked or expires, so do all its children regardless of their own TTLs.



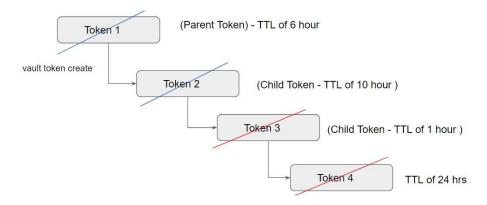
4.3 Example Hierarchy 1 with TTL

In this scenario, Token 1 has a TTL of 1 hour. If it is not renewed, Vault will revoke Token 1.

When Token 1 is revoked, even Token 2 would be removed.



4.4 Example Hierarchy 2 with TTL



Module 5: Token Accessor

When tokens are created, a token accessor is also created and returned.

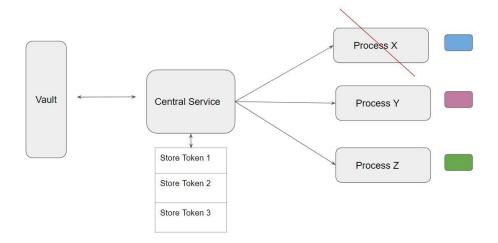
This accessor is a value that acts as a reference to a token and can only be used to perform limited actions:

- Lookup a token's properties (not including the actual token ID)
- Lookup a token's capabilities on a path
- Renew the token
- Revoke the token

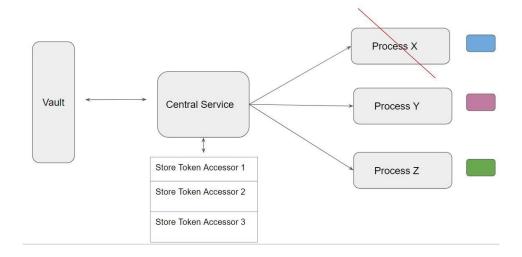
C:\Users\Zeal Vora>vault login -method=userpass username=demouser password=password Success! You are now authenticated. The token information displayed below is already stored in the token helper. You do NOT need to run "vault login" again. Future Vault requests will automatically use this token.

```
Value
Key
                       s.R7q4x4ZGbjSccnSMdPAHuCRC
token
token accessor
                       6UDHnzoYMYgyOkhA26BQYU2J
token duration
                       768h
token_renewable
                       true
                       ["default" "sample-policy"]
token policies
identity policies
                       ["default" "sample-policy"]
policies
token meta username
                       demouser
```

Example Use-Case:



Better Approach:



Module 6: Orphan Tokens

6.1 Overview of Lifecycle of Service Tokens

Normally, when a token holder creates new tokens, these tokens will be created as children of the original token



6.2 Overview of Orphan Tokens

Orphan tokens are not children of their parent; therefore, orphan tokens do not expire when their parent does.

They are the root of their own token tree.

Orphan tokens still expire when their own max TTL is reached.



Module 7: Secret Engine - Cubby Hole

The cubbyhole secrets engine provides your own private secret storage space where no one else can read (including root).

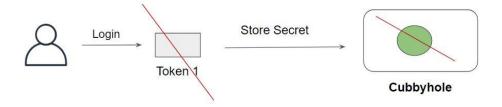
It is not possible to reach into another token's cubbyhole even as the root user.

The cubbyhole secrets engine is enabled by default. It cannot be disabled, moved, or enabled multiple times.

In cubbyhole, paths are scoped per token.

No token can access another token's cubbyhole.

When the token expires, its cubbyhole is destroyed.



Module 8: Response Wrapping

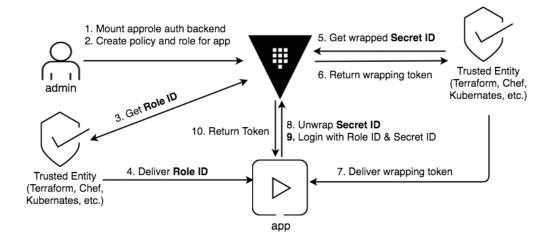
When response wrapping is requested, Vault creates a temporary single-use token (wrapping token) and insert the response into the token's cubbyhole with a short TTL

Only the expecting client who has the wrapping token can unwrap this secret

If the wrapping token is compromised and the attacker unwraps the secret, the application will not be able to unwrap again and this can sound an alarm and you can revoke things accordingly.



The following diagram denotes the workflow of the response wrapping process



Module 9: Batch Tokens

Batch tokens are encrypted blobs that carry enough information for them to be used for Vault actions, but they require no storage on disk to track them

Even with Vault Replication enabled, the pressure on the storage backend increases as the number of token or lease generation requests increase.

Since Batch Tokens do not require storage on disk and hence are extremely lightweight and scalable but lack most of the flexibility of a service token.

Difference between Service and Batch Tokens:

	Service Tokens	Batch Tokens
Can Be Root Tokens	Yes	No
Can Create Child Tokens	Yes	No
Can be Renewable	Yes	No
Can be Periodic	Yes	No
Can have Explicit Max TTL	Yes	No (always uses a fixed TTL)
Has Accessors	Yes	No
Has Cubbyhole	Yes	No
Revoked with Parent (if not orphan)	Yes	Stops Working
Dynamic Secrets Lease Assignment	Self	Parent (if not orphan)
Can be Used Across Performance Replication Clusters	No	Yes (if orphan)
Creation Scales with Performance Standby Node Count	No	Yes
Cost	Heavyweight; multiple storage writes per token creation	Lightweight; no storage cost for token creation

Module 10: Token TTL Configuration

10.1 Revising the Basics

Every non-root token has a time-to-live (TTL) associated with it, which is a current period of validity

After the current TTL is up, the token will no longer function -- it, and its associated leases, are revoked.

C:\Users\Zeal Vora>va	ault token create -policy=default
Key	Value
token	s.V3ymfMzfqe9LOzC8WSD3sewG
token_accessor	Lf08a3UEqk4DsA8UyRLkV565
token_duration	768h
token_renewable	true
token_policies	["default"]
<pre>identity_policies</pre>	
policies	["default"]

10.2 TTL Dependency

The TTLs are dependent on a combination of multiple factors. These include:

- 1. The system max TTL, which is 32 days but can be changed in Vault's configuration file.
- 2. The max TTL set on a mount using mount tuning
- 3. A value suggested by the auth method that issued the token.

```
C:\Users\Zeal Vora>vault read sys/mounts/auth/token/tune
Key Value
---
default_lease_ttl 768h
description token based credentials
force_no_cache false
max_lease_ttl 768h
token_type default-service
```

Module 11: Periodic Token

Periodic Tokens never expire provided that they are renewed.

Outside of root tokens, it is currently the only way for a token in Vault to have an unlimited lifetime.

```
C:\Users\Zeal Vora>vault token create -period=30m -policy=default
                     Value
Key
token
                     s.7KfiOpm3sOHJUHhpfkaY3Myw
token accessor
                     6lJmxdM57AK5AAdzE821Edzy
token duration
                     30m
token_renewable
                     true
token policies
                     ["default"]
identity policies
policies
                     ["default"]
```