Algorithm 1 Cost Evaluation.
Input: Addition fee *additionFee*, time step fee *timeFee*, error propagation fee *propagationFee*

```
1: procedure COST_EVALUATION(closeNode, equation)
2:     costs ← ∅
3:     costs.replacement ← evaluateReplacement(closeNode, equation)
4:     costs.addition ← evaluateAddition(closeNode, equation)
5:     costs.merge ← evaluateMerge(closeNode, equation)
6:     costs.preMerge ← evaluate_preMerge(closeNode, equation)
7:     costs.postMerge ← evaluate_postMerge(closeNode, equation)
8:     lowestCost ← costs.getLowestCost()
9:     return lowestCost
10: end procedure
```

Algorithm 2 Evaluate Change.
Input: *changedEquation* represents the new fitted function from the combination of the previous fitted function values and its timeSteps.

```
1: procedure EVALUATE_CHANGE(closeNode, changedEquation)
2:     nodes ← getRelatedNodesFromHistory(closeNode)
3:     timeSteps ← changedEquation.timeSteps
4:     improvements ← ∅
5:     for each node ∈ nodes do
6:         nodeEquation ← node.getEquation()
7:         nodePoints ← nodeEquation.evaluatePoints(timeSteps)
8:         currentSimilarNode ← node.getSimilarNode()
9:         currentDistance ← node.getDistance()
10:        changedPoints ← changedEquation.evaluatePoints(timeSteps)
11:        newDistance ← getEuclideanDistance(observedPoints, changedPoints)
12:        improvement ← newDistance − currentDistance
13:        changes ← storeChanges(currentSimilarNode,changedEquation, newDistance)
14:        improvements ← improvements + improvement
15:    end for
        return {changes : changes, improvements : improvements}
16: end procedure
```