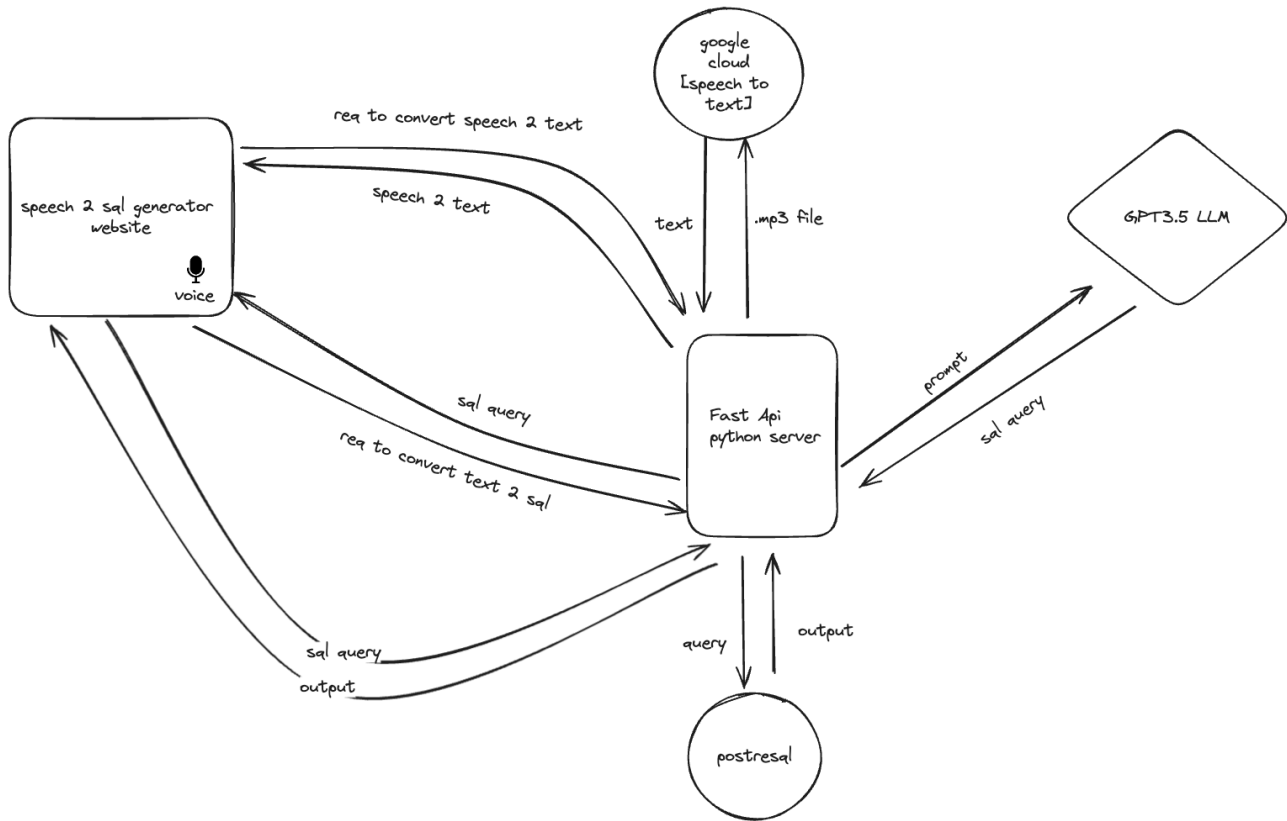


Voice Query System

Report : April 23 2024

Data Flow Chart



step-by-step explanation:

Speech to SQL Generator Website:

This is where the process begins with a user providing voice input.

Google Cloud [Speech to Text]:

The voice input is sent to the Google Cloud [Speech to Text]: service which converts the spoken words into text form. This service likely receives an `.mp3` file and processes it.

Fast API Python server:

The central server which communicates with various modules LLM and google Speech2Text

PostgreSQL Connection:

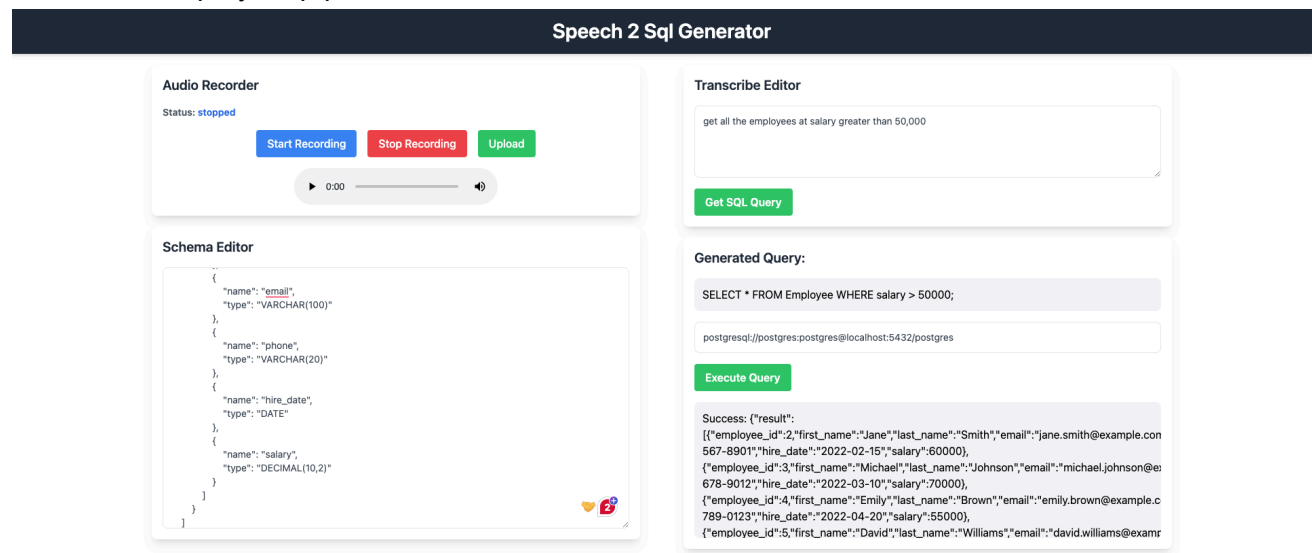
It can send queries to a database and receive output.

GPT-3.5 LLM:

Sends user natural language text as prompt and receives SQL queries.

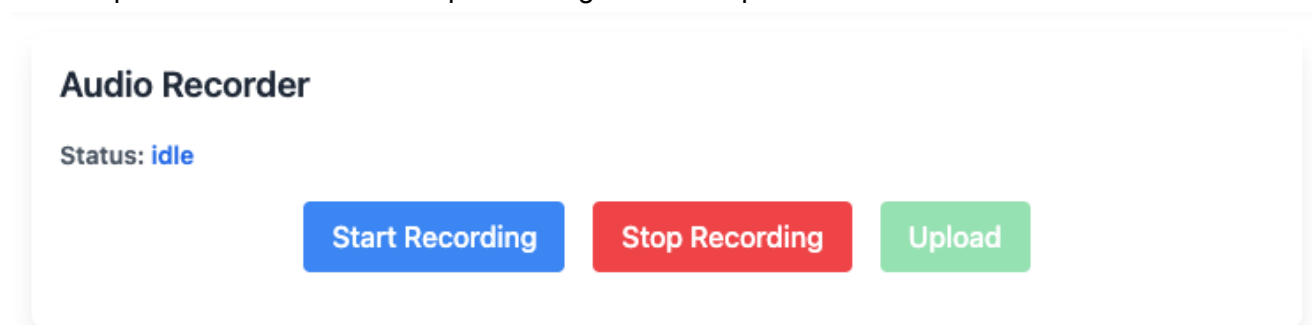
Thus GPT-3.5 is used for generating or augmenting the SQL queries based on the input text.

Here is the step by step procedure to use the interface:

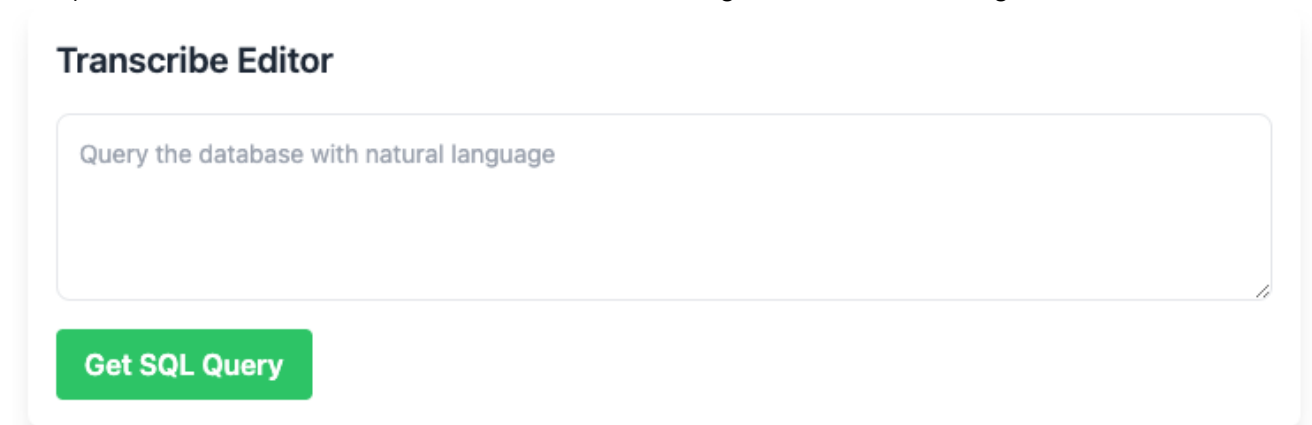


The interface has various blocks

- 1) Audio recorder - We click on the Start recording and speak our natural language question. Then click on Stop recording and click upload.



- 2) The transcribe editor offers an interface to change the text which we get after conversion.



- 3) Schema editor - We need to give the schema of the database to our model using this section.

Schema Editor

Sample Schema Structure:

```
[
  {
    "tablename": "Employee",
    "fields": [
      {
        "name": "employee_id",
        "type": "INT"
      },
      {
        "name": "first_name",
        "type": "VARCHAR(50)"
      }
    ]
  }
],
```

- 4) Once schema is given we click on generate query and our LLM shall give out the SQL query based on the transcribed schema.

Generated Query:

Paste the database URL here

Execute Query

Future Works:

To test the model

Speech 2 Sql Generator

audio recorder

speech to text transcribe

schema text area

sql query

DB url

output