

```
Status
Started
Sunday, 12 January 2025, 9:46 PM
Completed
Duration
1 3 mins 41 secs

You are transporting some boxes through a tunnel, where each box is a parallelepiped, and is characterized by its length, width and height.

The height of the tunnel 41 feet and the width can be assumed to be infinite. A box can be carried through the tunnel only if its height is strictly less than the tunnel's height. Find the volume of each box that can be successfully transported to the other end of the tunnel. Note: Boxes cannot be rotated.
```

n lines follow with three integers on each separated by single spaces -  $length_i$ ,  $width_i$  and  $height_i$  which are length, width and height in feet of the i-th box.

```
#include <stdio.h>
    int main()
 2
 3 ▼
         int n;
 4
         scanf("%d", &n);
 5
         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
 6
 7 ▼
             int 1, w,h;
 8
             scanf("%d %d %d", &l, &w, &h);
 9
             if(h<41)
10
11 v
12
                  int vol= l*w*h;
                  printf("%d\n",vol );
13
14
15
16
```

The first line contains a single integer **n**, denoting the number of boxes.

```
#include <stdio.h>
 1
    int main()
 2
    {
 3 ▼
         int n;
 4
         scanf("%d", &n);
 5
         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
 6
 7 ▼
             int 1, w,h;
 8
             scanf("%d %d %d", &l, &w, &h);
 9
             if(h<41)
10
11 v
                  int vol= l*w*h;
12
                  printf("%d\n",vol );
13
14
15
16
    }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4	125	125	<b>~</b>
	5 5 5	80	80	
	1 2 40			
	10 5 41			
	7 2 42			

Passed all tests! <

Question **2**Correct

Flag question

You are given n triangles, specifically, their sides  $a_i$ ,  $b_i$  and  $c_i$ . Print them in the same style but sorted by their areas from the smallest one to the largest one. It is guaranteed that all the areas are different.

The best way to calculate a volume of the triangle with sides  $\boldsymbol{a}, \boldsymbol{b}$  and  $\boldsymbol{c}$  is Heron's formula:

```
S = \ddot{O} p * (p - a) * (p - b) * (p - c) where p = (a + b + c) / 2.
```

Input Format

First line of each test file contains a single integer n. n lines follow with  $a_i$ ,  $b_i$  and  $c_i$  on each separated by single spaces.

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #include <math.h>
 2
 3
    #include <stdlib.h>
    typedef struct{
4 🔻
5
        double ar;
        int a, b, c;
6
    }Tri;
7
 8
9
    double c_ar(int a, int b, int c)
10 ▼ {
11
        double p = (a+b+c)/2.0;
12
        return sqrt(p*(p-a)*(p-b)*(p-c));
13
14
    int comp(const void *x, const void * y){
15 v
16
        Tri *t1=(Tri*)x;
        Tri *t2=(Tri*)y;
17
18
        if(t1->ar <t2->ar) return -1;
        if (t1->ar>t2->ar) return 1;
19
20
        return 0;
21
22 int main()
 23 ▼ {
 24
          int n;
 25
          scanf("%d", &n);
          Tri k[n];
 26
 27
          for(int i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
 28
 29
              int a, b,c;
              scanf("%d %d %d", &a,&b,&c);
 30
 31
              k[i].a= a;
 32
              k[i].b=b;
 33
              k[i].c=c;
 34
              k[i].ar= c_ar(a,b,c);
 35
 36
          qsort(k,n, sizeof(Tri), comp);
 37
          for(int i=0; i<n;i++)</pre>
 38
 39
              printf("%d %d %d\n",k[i].a, k[i].b, k[i].c );
 40
 41
 42
          return 0;
     }
 43
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3 7 24 25 5 12 13 3 4 5		3 4 5 5 12 13 7 24 25	<b>~</b>

Passed all tests! 🗸