

Energy, work and power

Work & Energy

$$W = \Delta E$$

$$W = F \times d$$

Efficiency

(%)Efficiency =
$$\frac{\text{useful energy output}}{\text{total energy output}} \times 100\%$$

(%) Efficiency =
$$\frac{\text{useful power output}}{\text{total power output}} \times 100\%$$

Power

$$Power = \frac{work done}{}$$

$$P = \frac{vv}{t}$$

$$P = \frac{\Delta E}{E}$$

Work

- Work done is the amount of energy transferred
- When a force moves an object through a distance, work is done on the object and energy is transferred.
- The force does "work" to move the object and energy is transferred mechanically from one store to another.



where

$$W = \Delta E$$
$$W = F \times d$$

W = work done (J)

 $\Delta E = \text{energy transferred}(J)$

F = force(N)

d = distance moved in the direction of the force (m)

This formula only works if the force is in exactly the same direction as the movement.

Efficiency

The efficiency of any device is defined as:

(%)Efficiency =
$$\frac{\text{useful energy output}}{\text{total energy output}} \times 100\%$$

(%)Efficiency =
$$\frac{\text{useful power output}}{\text{total power output}} \times 100\%$$

- Efficiency is given as a percentage, or a decimal.
- Total energy output = total energy input because of the conservation of energy.
- The efficiency can never be equal to or higher than 100%, since some energy is always wasted.



Study question #1:

A toaster transfers 216000 J of energy electrically from the mains. 84000 J of energy is transferred to the bread's thermal energy store. Calculate the efficiency of the toaster.





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$$efficiency = \frac{useful\ energy\ output}{total\ enegy\ output} \times 100\% = \frac{84000}{216000} \times 100\% = 38.888...\% = 39\%$$



Study question #2:

An electrical device wastes 420 J of energy when it has an input energy of 500 J. Calculate the efficiency of the device.



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$$Useful\ energy\ output = 500\ -420 = 80\ J$$

$$efficiency = \frac{useful\ energy\ output}{total\ enegy\ output} \times 100\% = \frac{80}{500} \times 100\% = 16\%$$



Study question #3:

An electrical kettle has an efficiency of 76%. 2500 J of energy is transferred from the mains to the kettle every second. When the kettle is full, it needs to transfer 418 000 J of energy to the thermal energy store of the water to boil it. How long does a full kettle need to be switched on for in order to boil the water? Use 2 methods.



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Method 1:

Total thermal energy =
$$\frac{418000}{0.76} = 550\,000 J$$

 $\frac{550000}{2500} = 220 s$



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Method 2:

Usefully transferred to the thermal energy store of the water $= 2500 \times 0.76 = 1900J$

$$\frac{418000}{1900} = 220 \, s$$