Customer Personality Analysis

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Abstract

Customer Personality Analysis is a detailed analysis of a company's ideal customers. It helps a business to better understand its customers and makes it easier for them to modify products according to the specific needs, behaviours and concerns of different types of customers. The individual traits of a potential customer influences their investment patterns and understanding these behavioural patterns helps a business to cater to its target demographic's specificities and better market its products to boost customer loyalty and conversion.

Introduction

Customer personality analysis is imperative to business optimisation. In this project, we seek to identify the key factors affecting an individual's purchase habits. The dataset explores customers' behaviour across 29 different attributes, a subset of which we are going to consider for this project. The aim is to find out how personal characteristics, different purchasables, success of company's promotions and site of purchase are related. In this study we will mainly focus on the following:

- 1. Products that are most invested in
- 2. Recency of purchase
- 3. Volume of complaints received in the last 2 years
- **4.** Incoming-Expenditure distribution
- 5. Education level wise income and spending
- 6. Company promotion acceptance rate depending on education level
- 7. Impact of site of purchase on revenue

Dataset Description

The dataset for this project is provided by Dr. Omar Romero-Hernandez, obtained from kaggle the link to which is https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/imakash3011/customer-personality-analysis (https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/imakash3011/customer-personality-analysis)

The different attributes are described below:

People

Education: Customer's education level

Income: Customer's yearly household income

Recency: Number of days since customer's last purchase

Complain: 1 if the customer complained in the last 2 years, 0 otherwise

Products

MntWines: Amount spent on wine in last 2 years MntFruits: Amount spent on fruits in last 2 years

MntMeatProducts: Amount spent on meat in last 2 years MntFishProducts: Amount spent on fish in last 2 years

MntSweetProducts: Amount spent on sweets in last 2 years

MntGoldProds: Amount spent on gold in last 2 years

Promotion

AcceptedCmp1: 1 if customer accepted the offer in the 1st campaign, 0 otherwise AcceptedCmp2: 1 if customer accepted the offer in the 2nd campaign, 0 otherwise AcceptedCmp3: 1 if customer accepted the offer in the 3rd campaign, 0 otherwise AcceptedCmp4: 1 if customer accepted the offer in the 4th campaign, 0 otherwise AcceptedCmp5: 1 if customer accepted the offer in the 5th campaign, 0 otherwise Response: 1 if customer accepted the offer in the last campaign, 0 otherwise

Place

NumWebPurchases: Number of purchases made through the company's website NumCatalogPurchases: Number of purchases made using a catalogue NumStorePurchases: Number of purchases made directly in stores

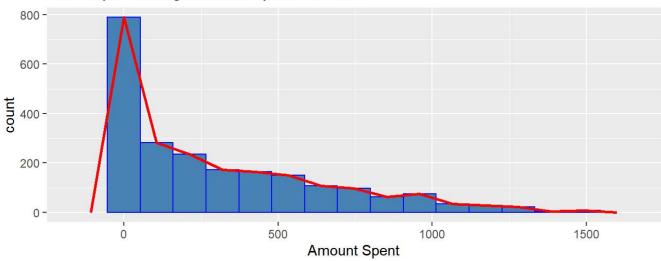
In this report, we only represent a few plots corresponding to each area of interest of this study.

Graphical Representation of Key Aspects of the Data

In this section we will visualise the key aspects of our data. We only explore a few plots in this report for the sake of brevity.

Here we have a distribution for the amount spent on wine by the customers.

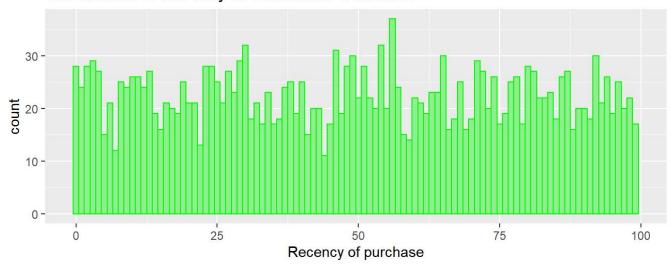
Plot Representing Amount Spent on Wine



The distribution that we get is positively skewed.

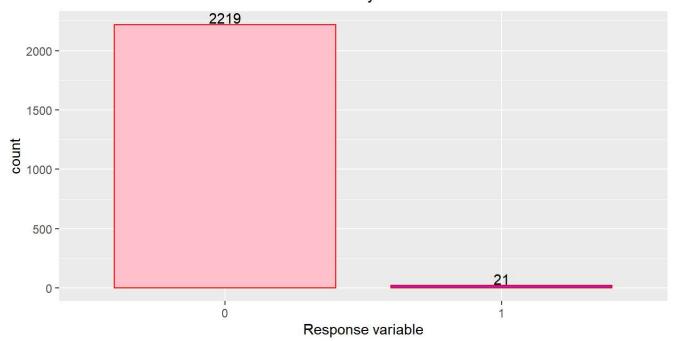
The following plot shows a distribution for the number of days since customers' last purchase with the company.

Distribution of Recency of Customers' Purchase

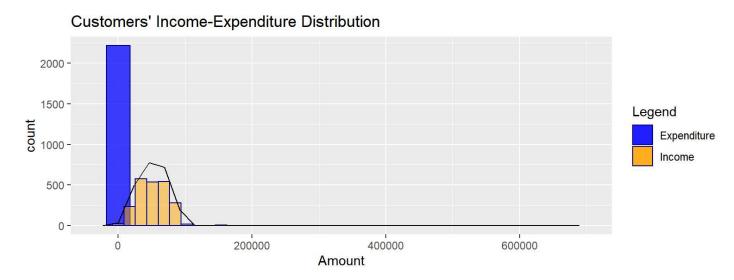


The diagram below represents the number of cases of Non-complaints vs. Complaints that have been lodged with the company in the last 2 years where 0 indicates that no complaints were made and 1 indicates that a complaint was lodged.

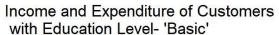
Plot Representing Number of Cases of Non-complaints vs. Complaints in the Last 2 years

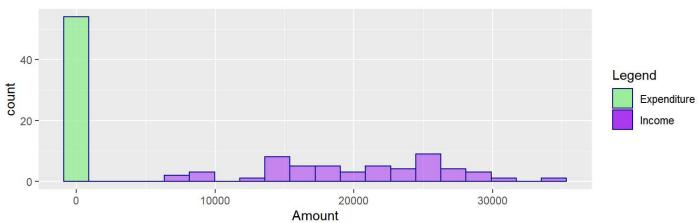


Now we take a look at the customers' income-expenditure distribution.



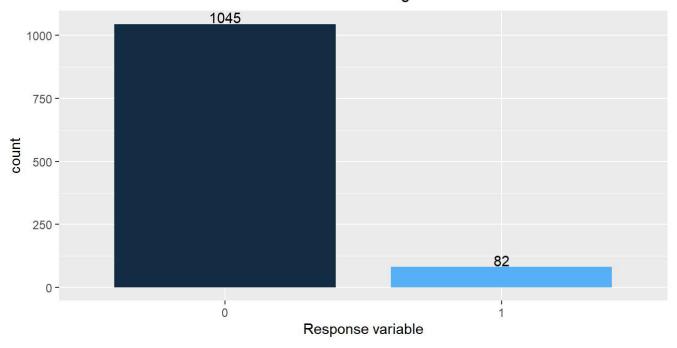
In this plot, we see that the customers spend only a small amount of their income. Next, we would like to explore the income-expenditure distribution plots for customers based on their education level. In this report, we have only taken up the case of customers with 'Basic' education level.





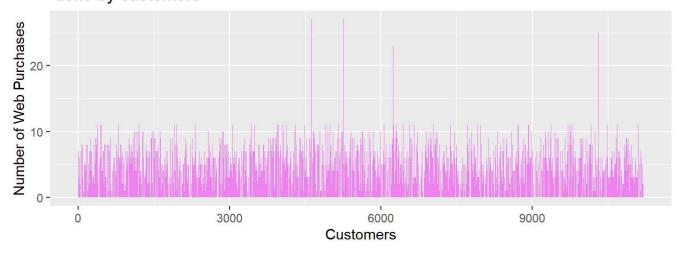
In the following section, we are interested in analyzing the success of the company's promotions. For now, we only study the response of customers with an education level of 'Graduation' towards the first promotional campaign. In the plot, 0 denotes that the offer was rejected by the customer and 1 denotes that it was accepted.

Plot Representing Acceptance of Offer in the First Campaign, Customer Education Level being 'Graduation'



As we can see, only a small number of customers accepted the offer. Finally, we take a look at the distribution of Web Purchases made at the company. We will take up the case of purchases made at other sites in component 2.

Plot representing number of web purchases done by customers



Summary of Analysis

In this report, we get a tentative picture of consumer behaviour and how individual traits affect their purchase decisions. We will explore this in detail in component 2 to arrive at viable conclusions.

Conclusion

From our analysis, we can conclude that various factors influence a person's brand loyalty and a customer's background profile can help a company tailor its products according to the needs of a specific demographic of people, thereby attracting a greater pool of people and increasing company sales.