```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
file_names=[('Sales_April_2019.csv'),
  ('Sales_March_2019.csv'),
  ('Sales_June_2019.csv'),
  ('Sales_July_2019.csv'),
  ('Sales_August_2019.csv'),
  ('Sales_September_2019.csv'),
  ('Sales_September_2019.csv'),
  ('Sales_December_2019.csv')]
df = pd.concat([pd.read_csv(file) for file in file_names], ignore_index=True)
```

# Checking the top values

<pre>df.head()</pre>	df		head	(	)
----------------------	----	--	------	---	---

<b>→</b> ▼		Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Order Date	Purchase Address
	0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	04/19/19 08:46	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001
	1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
	2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	04/07/19 22:30	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215
						04/40/40	669 Spruce St. Los

## Make column month and .str

```
df['Month'] = df['Order Date'].str[0:2]
df.head()
```

<b>→</b> ▼		Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Order Date	Purchase Address	Month	
	0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	04/19/19 08:46	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001	04	11
	1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
	2	176559	Bose SoundSport	1	99.99	04/07/19	682 Chestnut St. Boston. MA	04	

**→ 2** 176559 1 99.99 SoundSport St, Boston, MA ()422:30 Headnhones 02215

df.info()

<<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 144712 entries, 0 to 144711

Data columns (total 7 columns): Non-Null Count Dtype Column 0 Order ID 144287 non-null object 1 Product 144287 non-null object Quantity Ordered 144287 non-null object

Price Each 144287 non-null object 3 4 Order Date 144287 non-null object 5 Purchase Address 144287 non-null object 6 Month 144287 non-null object

dtypes: object(7) memory usage: 7.7+ MB

#### Count total values in whole data

```
print(df.count())
```

→ Order ID 144287 Product 144287 Quantity Ordered 144287 Price Each 144287 Order Date 144287 Purchase Address 144287 Month 144287 dtype: int64

#### resolve issue of convert into numeric Remove the non value

 Convert the data in int,float errors=coerce helps to remove string from value eg data= {1,2,h'} errors occouced cannt convert due to a string value in int data so for make string null value error='coerce' helps to make null valu

```
df['Month'] = pd.to_numeric(df['Month'], errors='coerce')
df['Quantity Ordered'] = pd.to_numeric(df['Quantity Ordered'], errors='coerce')
df['Price Each'] = pd.to_numeric(df['Price Each'], errors='coerce')
```

#### remove nan value from row and column of month

```
# Remove rows where 'Month' column has NaN values
df.dropna(subset=['Month','Quantity Ordered','Price Each','Purchase Address',], inplace
```

### convert month into int

```
df['Month']=df['Month'].astype('int32')
df['Quantity Ordered']=df['Quantity Ordered'].astype('int32')
```

#### Check is it convert into int

df.info()

<<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
 Index: 143999 entries, 0 to 144711
 Data columns (total 7 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Order ID	143999 non-null	object
1	Product	143999 non-null	object
2	Quantity Ordered	143999 non-null	int32
3	Price Each	143999 non-null	float64
4	Order Date	143999 non-null	object
5	Purchase Address	143999 non-null	object
6	Month	143999 non-null	int32
d+\/n	oc. float(1/1) in	+22/2\ obioc+/4\	

dtypes: float64(1), int32(2), object(4)

memory usage: 7.7+ MB

# ✓ drop nan values

df=df.dropna()

## check top10 values

df.head(10)

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Order Date	Purchase Address	Month	
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	04/19/19 08:46	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001	4	11.
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	04/07/19 22:30	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215	4	
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600.00	04/12/19 14:38	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	
	2	<ul><li>1D</li><li>176558</li><li>2 176559</li></ul>	USB-C Charging Cable  176559  Product  USB-C Charging Cable  Bose SoundSport Headphones	USB-C Charging Cable  176559 SoundSport 1 Headphones	USB-C Charging Cable  176559  Bose SoundSport 1 99.99 Headphones	ID         Product         Ordered         Each         Date           0         176558         USB-C Charging Cable         2         11.95         04/19/19 08:46           2         176559         Bose SoundSport Headphones         1         99.99         04/07/19 22:30           3         176560         Google Phone         1         600.00         04/12/19	ID         Product         Ordered         Each         Date         Address           0         176558         USB-C Charging Cable         2         11.95         04/19/19 08:46         917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001           2         176559         Bose SoundSport Headphones         1         99.99         04/07/19 22:30         682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215           3         176560         Google Phone         1         600.00         04/12/19 14:38         Los Angeles, Los Angeles,	ID         Product         Ordered         Each         Date         Address         Month           0         176558         USB-C Charging Cable         2         11.95         04/19/19 08:46         917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001         4           2         176559         Bose SoundSport Headphones         1         99.99         04/07/19 22:30         682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215         4           3         176560         Google Phone         1         600.00         04/12/19 14:38         669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, A

	/5001				Cable			
4	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215	04/07/19 22:30	99.99	1	Bose SoundSport Headphones	176559	2	<b>→</b>
4	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	04/12/19 14:38	600.00	1	Google Phone	176560	3	
4	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	04/12/19 14:38	11.99	1	Wired Headphones	176560	4	
4	333 8th St, Los Angeles,	04/30/19	11.99	1	Wired	176561	5	

# Make column for city and get it from address

1. .str[1]: This selects the second element (index 1) from each list. In the context of an address like "917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001", the second element is " Dallas".

2.###.str.strip(): This removes any leading or trailing whitespace from the selected city name. So "Dallas" becomes "Dallas".

<b>→</b>		Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Order Date	Purchase Address	Month	City	
	0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	04/19/19 08:46	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001	4	Dallas	11.
	2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	04/07/19 22:30	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215	4	Boston	

# delete unusally data or column

df.pop('Order ID')

<b>→</b>		Order ID
	0	176558
	2	176559
	3	176560

143999 rows × 1 columns



dtype: object

### delete order date

df.pop('Order Date')

<b>→</b>		Order Date
	0	04/19/19 08:46
	2	04/07/19 22:30
	3	04/12/19 14:38
	4	04/12/19 14:38
	5	04/30/19 09:27
	144707	12/11/19 20:58
	144708	12/01/19 12:01
	144709	12/09/19 06:43
	144710	12/03/19 10:39
	144711	12/21/19 21:45

dtype: object

143999 rows × 1 columns

### delete addresss

df.pop('Purchase Address')

	Purchase Address
0	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001
2	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215
3	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
4	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
5	333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
	2 3 4

5 333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001  $\overline{\Sigma}$ 14 Madison St, San Francisco, CA 94016 144707 144708 549 Willow St, Los Angeles, CA 90001 144709 273 Wilson St, Seattle, WA 98101 144710 778 River St, Dallas, TX 75001 144711 747 Chestnut St, Los Angeles, CA 90001 143999 rows × 1 columns dtype: object

print("\n","total row and columns are:") df.info() print("\n","total info are:") df.shape

 $\rightarrow$ 

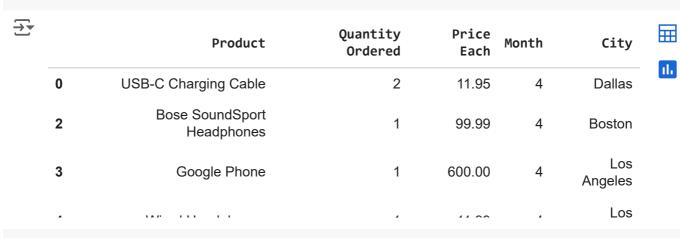
total row and columns are: <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> Index: 143999 entries, 0 to 144711 Data columns (total 5 columns): Column Non-Null Count ----------

Dtype 0 Product 143999 non-null object Quantity Ordered 143999 non-null int32 1 143999 non-null float64 2 Price Each 3 Month 143999 non-null int32 4 143999 non-null City object dtypes: float64(1), int32(2), object(2)

memory usage: 5.5+ MB

total info are: (143999, 5)

#### df.head()



df['sales']=df['Quantity Ordered']\*df['Price Each']

Google Phone 1 600.00 4 Los Angeles

df['sales']=df['Quantity Ordered']\*df['Price Each']
df.head()

<b>→</b>		Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Month	City	sales	
	0	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	4	Dallas	23.90	11.
	2	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	4	Boston	99.99	
	3	Google Phone	1	600.00	4	Los Angeles	600.00	
						Loo		

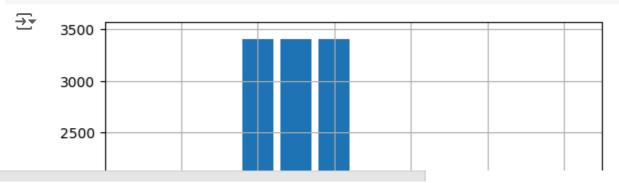
Double-click (or enter) to edit

df.describe()

<b>→</b>		Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Month	sales	
	count	143999.000000	143999.000000	143999.000000	143999.000000	ılı
	mean	1.125320	184.571242	7.473031	185.670286	
	std	0.444604	333.274736	3.139764	333.483350	
	min	1.000000	2.990000	1.000000	2.990000	
	25%	1.000000	11.950000	5.000000	11.950000	
	50%	1.000000	14.950000	7.000000	14.950000	
	75%	1.000000	150.000000	11.000000	150.000000	
	max	9.000000	1700.000000	12.000000	3400.000000	

plt.bar(df['Month'],df['sales'])

plt.grid()

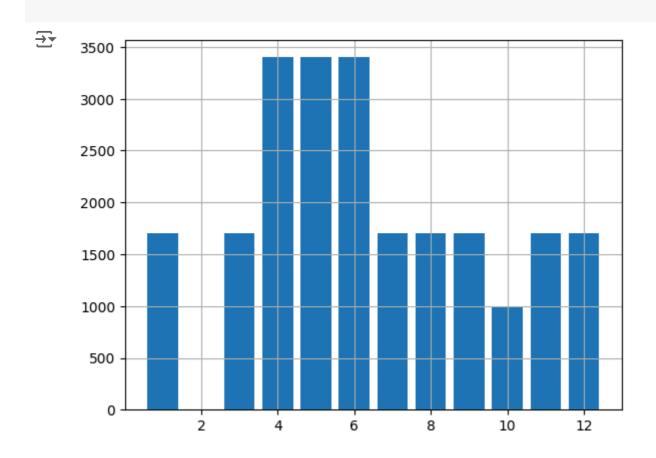


 $\overline{2}$ 

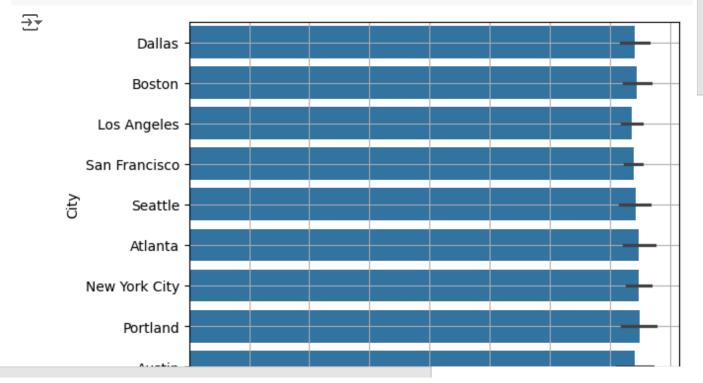
**75**% 1.000000 150.000000 11.000000 150.000000 max 9.000000 1700.000000 12.000000 3400.000000

plt.bar(df['Month'],df['sales'])

plt.grid()

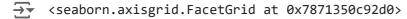


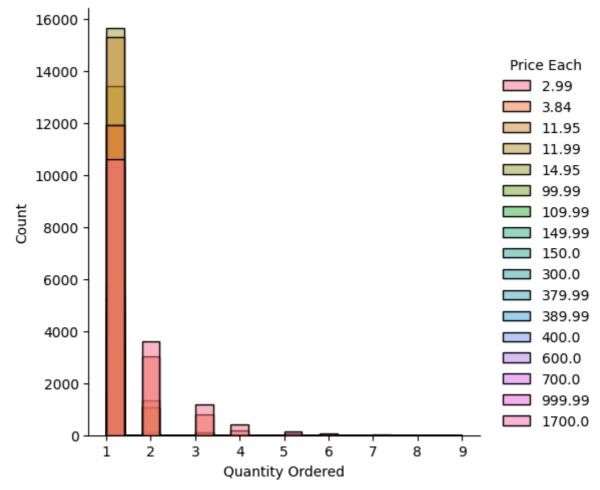
sns.barplot(x='sales',y='City',data=df)
plt.grid()



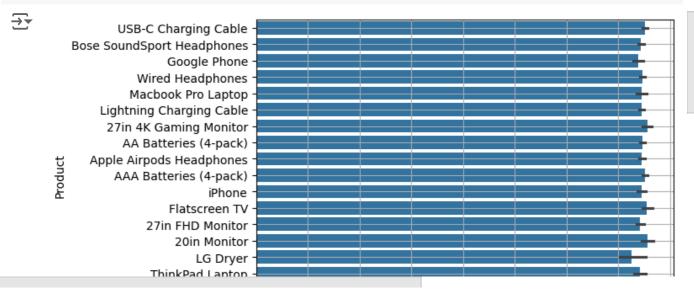
**→**▼

```
palette = sns.color_palette("husl", n_colors=len(df['Price Each'].unique()))
sns.displot(data=df, x='Quantity Ordered', hue='Price Each', kind='hist', bins=20,palette
```



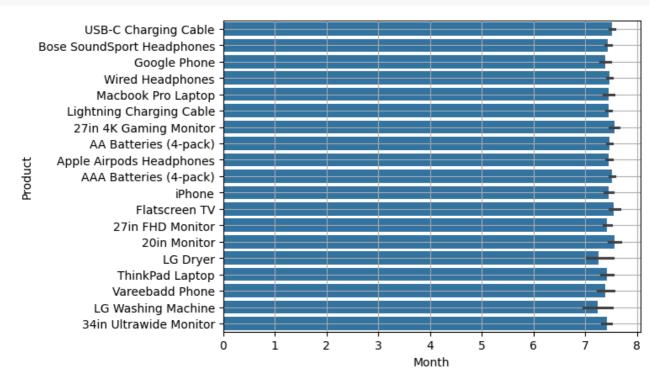


```
sns.barplot(data=df, x='Month', y='Product' )
plt.grid()
plt.color='red'
```



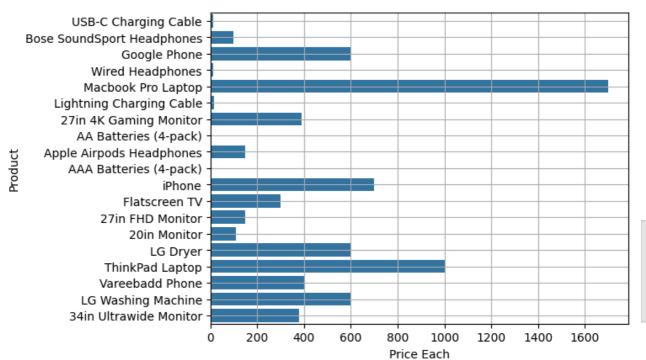
plt.grid()
plt.color='red'

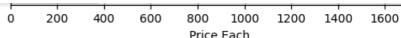














#### Observation:-

Mostly one quantity are ordered then 2 quantity are ordered. Bulk ordered are less as compare to single quantity ordered. Products in lower price ranges tend to have higher quantities ordered, while products in higher price ranges have lower quantities. Dallas and Austin cities appear to have the highest average sales, with error bars indicating a relatively wide range. Boston, Los Angeles, and San Francisco cities also show strong sales performance, with error bars suggesting a narrower range of variation. Seattle, Atlanta, New York City, and Portland These cities have similar average sales. Some products, such as the USB-C Charging Cable, Bose SoundSport Headphones, and Apple Airpods Headphones, seem to have slightly higher sales in certain months, seasonal variations. The 27in 4K Gaming Monitor and the 20in Monitor. Month 4-6 have the highest sales while 10th month have lowest sales and others month have same siglitly 1-2% difference in sales.

#### Recommendations:-

Target the most Selling cities and increase prices so that if we can decrease price in other cities it will not effect there. Check sesonally which product selling most and ordered or make same kind of product so