Documentation

Amin Haidar, Samuel Pearce

1. Table of contents

- · Project Description
- Milestones
- · Dependencies
- · UML Class Diagram
- · UML Sequence Diagram
- · UML Use case Diagram
- Use Cases
- · Unit Test Cases
- Integration Test Cases
- · Work Journal

2. Project Description

For our project we originally had a text-based strategy game, to be run in the console in mind. This proved to be too exciting of a prospect, and we were unable to restrain ourselves from adding too many cool features. This idea was shelved for another time.

Our design pivoted to a simpler text-based game like Zork¹. We discussed what the story should be and settled on a game where you have to escape from TBZ. Each level is a floor and each floor gets you one step closer to the exit on the ground floor. Then some doors will be locked and you must look around the place to find keys and other items as well as talk to NPCs (Non Player Characters). Our next thought was to give the player a "hunger" and "thirst" meter. If either one reaches zero, the player dies and must start the level again. The meters are replenished by eating and drinking assorted food the player finds around

¹ http://textadventures.co.uk/games/play/5zyoqrsugeopel3ffhz_vq

TBZ. Every "Action" the player makes (moving and picking things up), causes the hunger meter to drop by one and the thirst meter drops by two.

2.1. File Format

The level structures can also be loaded from files, meaning that the game can be expanded upon later if required. The file format is as follows:

Each line is a single property with a name, an equals symbol (=) and then the content. E.g.:

```
property.name = Hello, world!
```

Each file corresponds to one level in the game and each file holds every room and every item, door and interactable object in that room. Here's an example of a full room description with comments: (The comments begin with a hash #)

```
#Every room's name must be 'rm' plus a number (0-50)
#The first attribute is the room's description
rm1 = An empty hallway with some shoes by the door
#Going north from this room takes you to 'rm2'
rm1.north = rm2
#This creates a door to the north named 'Main Door'
#This door must be opened with an item named 'Main Key'
rm1.door.north = Main Door
rm1.door.north.key = Main Key
#Optionally you can set whether the door is locked by default
rm1.door.north.locked = false
#Optionally you can also set what message the door returns
#when it is opened, can't be opened or when the player
#interacts with it
rm1.door.north.succmsg = The door creaks open slowly.
rm1.door.north.failmsg = The door doesn't budge.
rm1.door.north.interactmsg = This is a large oak door.
#This creates an item in the current room named 'Main Key'
#Every item name must be 'i' plus a number (0-5)
rm1.i1 = Main Key
```

```
#Optionally you can also set how much hunger and thirst
   #the item replenishes when consumed
   rm1.i2 = Bottle of Water
   rm1.i2.hunger = 0
   rm1.i2.thirst = 20
   #You must also tell the game where the player starts and
   #which room they must reach to finish the level
   startroom = rm1
   endroom = rm2
   #This creates an interactable in the current room named 'Teacher'
   #Every interactable name must be 'int' plus a number (0-5)
   rm1.npc1 = Teacher
   #This defines the default interaction with the object
   #You can optionally set a command to be run when the
   #object is interacted with.
   rm1.npc1.def.msq = Do vou want the rest of this sandwich?
   rm1.npc1.def.cmd = hunger(10)
   #The item interaction can be optionally defined
   #Otherwise the response will simply be "You can't use that with
that"
   rm1.npc1.itm = Doctor Note
   rm1.npc1.itm.msg = Oh, here's the elevator key. Get well soon.
   rm1.npc1.itm.cmd = give(Elevator Key)
```

3. Milestones

3.1. Project Planning

The first milestone will be reached upon having created all UML diagrams and the test-cases. This milestone marks the beginning of practical progress. Before this point no code will have been written yet. Although, after this milestone, some elements of the diagrams may change in accordance with the projects progress.

3.2. Classes Created and Tested

This milestone will be reached once all classes have been written, have their full functionality and have been unit-tested. This milestone means the bulk of the project is complete. Only the integration testing and bug-fixing is left of practical work on the project.

3.3. Testing Complete

This milestone will be reached when all the integration tests are completed. This means that the application itself is complete and fully functional. At this point the only remaining work is finalising the documentation.

3.4. Project Complete

This milestone will be reached after all previous milestones have been reached and the project's documentation is complete and accurate. The only work after this milestone is popping the champagne.

4. Dependencies

4.1. SimpleTUI - v2.0.1

GitHub Page²

This library wouldn't have been necessary, but it saves us a lot of time on boring and boilerplate input validation. Not to mention: The library itself was made by Sam previously. Therefore, no code was actually taken from any third-parties for the input validation.

5. UML Class Diagram



Insert completed diagram here

6. UML Sequence Diagram



Insert completed diagram here

² https://github.com/Sam36502/SimpleTUI

7. UML Use Case Diagram



Insert completed diagram here

8. Use Cases

UC01 - Enter Command

Actor

Player

Basic Flow

The player enters text into the console and presses the carriage return key. If the command matches a command in the system, then the command is executed. If the command doesn't match any known command, then the player is informed, that this command wasn't recognised.

If the action made the player perform something, i.e move, use or pick-up, then two points are taken off their "thirst" meter and one point is taken from their "hunger" meter.

Preconditions

The game has been started and the player has made it past the mainmenu.

Termination

The player has performed an action in the game or are informed, why this could not be performed.

UC02 - Move Player

Actor

Player

Basic Flow

The player enters the move or mv command into the console with a single argument that is either n, north, w, west, e, east, s or south. If the syntax is correct and there exists an open path between the current room and the room in the direction provided, then the player will be moved to the room in the given direction. If such a movement is not possible, then the user is informed that they are unable to move in that direction.

Preconditions

The player must be in a level and in a room with an open path to an adjacent room.

Termination

The player is now in the room in the direction that they selected from the first room.

UC03 - Pick up Item

Actor

Player

Basic Flow

The player enters the pick-up or pu command into the console with a single argument. This argument must be the name of an item in the room. If the named item exists in the room, then it is removed from the room and put into the player's inventory. If the Item cannot be found in the current room, the player is informed, that no such item exists.

Preconditions

The player must be in a room that has at least one item in it.

Termination

The item is no longer present in the room and has been added to the user's inventory.

UC04 - Consume Item

Actor

Player

Basic Flow

The player enters the eat, drink or cs command into the console with a single argument. This argument must be the name of a consumable item in the player's inventory. If the player has this item and the item is consumable, then the item is consumed and the user's "thirst", "hunger" and "urine" meters are updated accordingly. If the user does not posess the named item, then they are informed thusly. If the item they do name is owned, but not consumable, then they are told, they consume the given item.

Preconditions

The user has a consumable item in their inventory.

Termination

The item is removed from the user's inventory and their necessity meters are updated accordingly.

UC05 - Interact with Interactable

Actor

Player

Basic Flow

The player enters the use, interact, uo or the in command into the console with two arguments. The format of the command is:

use <item> on/with <interactable object

If the player has the named item in their inventory and the interactable object exists inside the current room, then the interaction takes place. Otherwise, the player is simply informed that they are unable to perform this interaction.

Preconditions

The player is in a room with at least one interactable object and have at least one item in their inventory.

Termination

The item is no longer in the user's inventory and the interaction takes place.

UC06 - Get Help

Actor

Player

Basic Flow

The user enters the help or? command into the console. Upon executing this command, the console will display a list of all currently available commands as well as a list of their necessary arguments. If the user enters the command with an argument, a more in-depth explaination is outputted along with some examples of how to use that specific command.

Preconditions

The user must be able to enter commands and be at least past the main menu.

Termination

The user is given the information they requested.

9. Unit Test Cases

9.1. Item

Table 1. Item Test Cases

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
Item("")	ItemNameExc.	ItemNameExc.	OK
Item(" ")	ItemNameExc.	ItemNameExc.	OK
Item("123")	ItemNameExc.	ItemNameExc.	OK
Item("abc")	-	-	OK
Item("", 1, 1)	ItemNameExc.	ItemNameExc.	OK

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
Item("abc", -1, -1)	ItemReplExc.	ItemReplExc.	ОК
Item("abc", 101, 101)	ItemReplExc.	ItemReplExc.	OK
Item("abc", 0,	-	-	OK

9.2. Door

Table 2. Door Test Cases

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
Door("a", Item("key"))	-	-	OK
canUseWith(Item(" 1, 1))	afalse	false	OK
canUseWith(Item("	ath))e	true	ОК
isLocked()	true	true	OK
useWith(Item("abc'	')jThat won't work…"	"That won't work"	OK
useWith(Item("key'	"))The key clicks"	"The key clicks"	OK
isLocked()	false	false	OK

9.3. Room

Table 3. Room Test Cases

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
rm1=Room("rm1", "A room.")	-	-	OK
rm2=Room("rm2", "Another room")	-	-	OK
getOpposite(WEST)EAST	EAST	ОК
parseDirection("No	RNIOTRTH	NORTH	OK
parseDirection("w")) WEST	WEST	OK

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
rm1.setNext(NORT rm2)	· 님,	-	OK
rm1.getNext(NORT	l rli)n2	rm2	OK
rm1.canGo(NORTI	H)rue	true	OK
rm2.canGo(SOUTI	⊣∱alse	false	OK
rm1.setDoor(NORT Door("d", Item("key")))	「H,	-	ОК
rm1.canGo(NORTI	H j alse	false	ОК

9.4. FileHandler

(Shortened to FH for convenience)



For the purposes of this test, it is assumed, that there is a file named "test.txt" in an adjacent folder to the executable. The file "nonexistent.txt" does not exist.

The contents of "test.txt"

#This is a comment and will be ignored
This is invalid and will be ignored
prop1=Hello! #End-of-line comment
prop2 = 42

Table 4. FileHandler Test Cases

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
fherr=FH("nonexist	ent.txt")	-	OK
fh=FH("test.txt", "test", WARNING)	-	-	OK
fh.getFilename()	test.txt	test.txt	OK
fh.loadFile()	-	-	OK
fh.getProp("prop1")	Hello!	Hello!	OK
fh.getProp("prop2")	42	42	OK

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
fh.hasProp("prop1")true	true	OK
fh.getPropInt("prop	1['WARNING]	[WARNING]	OK
fh.getPropInt("prop	24)2	42	OK
fherr.getProp("prop	1lt)validPropExc.	InvalidPropExc.	OK
fherr.hasProp("prop	ofä)se	false	OK
fherr.loadFile()	(Sys Exit)	(Sys Exit)	OK

9.5. Level



This unit test will mainly return empty values. To test how it works in conjunction with the other classes, see the "Level Loading" Integration test

Table 5. Level Test Cases

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
Level(0)	LevelNumberExc.	LevelNumberExc.	OK
Level(26)	LevelNumberExc.	LevelNumberExc.	OK
Level(1)	-	-	OK
IvI.findRoom("none	x Rstæntil) lameExc.	RoomNameExc.	OK
lvl.loadMap("nonex	ci ≰&eynat"E xit)	(Sys Exit)	OK
lvl.getNumber()	1	1	OK
IvI.getRooms()	(Empty Array)	(Empty Array)	OK

9.6. Player

Table 6. Player Test Cases

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
p=Player("test", rm1)	-	-	OK
p.getRoom()	rm1	rm1	ОК
p.getName()	test	test	OK

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
p.getHunger()	100	100	OK
p.getThirst()	100	100	OK
p.isAlive()	true	true	OK
p.give(Item("water" 5, 5))	,-	-	OK
p.findItem("WaTeR	")water	water	OK
p.findItem("abc")	null	null	OK
p.consume(Item("a	b)ර්ථ)) don't have…	You don't have	OK
p.consume(Item("w 5, 5))	va l(eu ',had the water	You had the water	OK
p.getHunger()	100	100	OK
p.getThirst()	100	100	OK

9.7. Console

Table 7. Consle Test Cases

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
help	List of commands	List of Commands	OK
help mv	Information about mv	Information about mv	OK
look abc	Look needs no args	Look needs no args	OK
abcdef	Invalid Command	Invalid Command	OK

10. Integration Test Cases



These tests assume a text file named "test.txt" exists adjacent to the current executable and has following contents:

#Integration Testing level

```
# Level Attributes #
startroom = rm1
endroom = rm2
# First Room #
rm1 = An empty hallway with some shoes by the door
rm1.north = rm2
rm1.door.north = Main Door
rm1.door.north.key = Main Key
rm1.door.north.locked = true
rm1.door.north.succmsg = The door creaks open slowly.
rm1.door.north.failmsg = The door doesn't budge.
rm1.door.north.interactmsg = This is a large oak door.
rm1.i1 = Main Key
rm1.i2 = Bottle of Water
rm1.i2.hunger = 0
rm1.i2.thirst = 5
# Second Room #
rm2 = You reach a stairwell to the next floor down and go down it.
```

10.1. Level Loading Test

Table 8. Level Loading Test Cases

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
lvl=Level(1)	-	-	OK
lvl.loadMap("test.tx	t"-)	-	OK
lvl.getRooms()	-	-	OK
rm1.getName()	rm1	rm1	OK
rm1.canGo(NORTH	H j alse	false	OK
rm1.findItem(Main Key)	Main Key	Main Key	OK

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
rm1.findItem(Bottle of Water)	Bottle of Water	Bottle of Water	OK
rm1.getDoors()	-	-	OK
door.interact()	This is a large	This is a large	OK
door.useWith(Item(Key))	М аіе door creaks	The door creaks	OK
rm1.canGo(NORTH	H)rue	true	OK

10.2. Player Interaction Test

Table 9. Player Interaction Test Cases

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
l=Level(1)	-	-	ОК
I.loadMap("test.txt)	-	-	ОК
p=Player("test", rm1)	-	-	OK
p.getHunger()	100	100	OK
p.getThirst()	100	100	ОК
p.move(NORTH)	You can't go	You can't go	OK
p.pickup("abc")	You can't see	You can't see	ОК
p.pickup("Bottle of Water")	The Bottle of	The Bottle of	OK
p.pickup("Main Key")	The Main Key was	The Main Key was	OK
p.getHunger()	98	98	OK
p.getThirst()	96	96	ОК
north door.useWith(Main Key)	The door creaks	The door creaks	OK
p.move(NORTH)	You reach a	You reach a	OK

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
p.consume(Bottle of Water)	You had the	You had the	OK
p.getHunger()	97	97	ОК
p.getThirst()	100	100	OK

10.3. Console full Integration Test



For the full integration test the following text document was used:

```
# Last Level
# Level Attributes
startroom = rm0
endroom = rm4
# First Room
rm0 = You're in an eerie Classroom with nobody inside. A door leads out
to the north.
rmO.door.north = Metal Door
rm0.door.north.key = Small Key
rmO.door.north.succmsg = The door swings open swiftly.
rmO.door.north.failmsg = The door lets out a metallic thud, but doesn't
rmO.door.north.interactmsg = It's a robust metal door. Forcing it
wouldn't work.
rm0.i0 = Small Kev
rm0.i1 = Sandwich
rm0.i1.hunger = 10
rm0.i1.thirst = 0
# Connection
rm0.north = rm1
rm1.south = rm0
# Second Room
```

```
rm1 = You're in an airy and bright hallway continuing to the east and
west.
# Connections
rm1.west = rm2
rm1.east = rm3
rm2.east = rm1
rm3.west = rm1
# Third Room
rm2 = You're at the end of the hallway.
rm2.i0 = Rusty Key
# Fourth Room
rm3 = You're at the end of the hallway. You can see some stairs through
glass doors to the south.
rm3.door.south = Glass Door
rm3.door.south.key = Rusty Key
# Connection
rm3.south = rm4
# Exit Room
rm4 = You see a set of stairs heading down and continue down to the next
level...
```

Table 10. Console full Integration Test Cases

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
move north	Can't see that	Can't see that	OK
look	Room description	Room description	OK
pickup abc	Can't see that	Can't see that	OK
pickup Small Key	Picked up	Picked up	OK
pickup Sandwich	Picked up	Picked up	OK
eat abc	Don't have that	Don't have that	OK
eat Sandwich	Eaten	Eaten	OK
interact-with abc	Can't see that	Can't see that	OK
interact-with Metal Door	Door description	Door description	OK

Input	Expected	Output	Approval
use abc on abc	Don't have that	Don't have that	ОК
use Small Key on abc	Can't see that	Can't see that	OK
use Small Key on Metal door	Door opens	Door opens	OK
go north	Room Description	Room Description	OK
go west	Room Description	Room description	OK
pickup Rusty Key	Picked up	Picked up	OK
inventory	List of items	List of items	OK
go east (x2)	Room Description	Room Description	OK

11. Work Journal

11.1. Day - 1

1/13/2019

We began by Setting up our documentation method. In our case, we decide to use Asciidoc, as we'd rather not spend our time styling the documentation, when it can all be automated with some basic tools. Not to mention the single simple text format can be exported to many different document types such as PDF, HTML and DocBook. This means we would also have the option of hosting our documentation as a website.

Next we began making the UML diagrams. We both discussed the class structure and what we would need to store the level structure and item information. Once again, we had many good ideas to add, but reeled in our ambitions for the first version and decided to add the new features later in a version 2.0 if we got the time.

Once we had the class diagram, we split up to work on the use-case and sequence diagrams. Amin began writing the use-cases and created a diagram, that we both

agreed, protrayed our project faithfully. (Although both our experience with UML is rather limited)

Sam then did some research on sequence diagrams and got to work creating them. At first we weren't quite sure how to visualise conditionality in the diagram, but we eventually got the hang of using alternate paths.

Finally, we were finished with most of the planning stage and planned to start programming next time.

11.2. Day - 2

13/10/2019

Over the weekend we both chose some Classes to create and individually unittest. We occasionally had some issues and had to discuss how the files should be loaded. However, we were able to standardise our system so that if we wanted to add any more new features, then it is easily expandable.

Amin took the Item, Interactable, Door and Room classes and implemented and tested them. Sam took on the Level and FileHandler classes. These were not as simple as the others. The level class contained one rather monolithic function for loading all the world attributes into the rooms from a file.

Due to the Item class being created first it was documented far more in-depth than the other ones. it was documented the most in-depth. We discussed writing a seperate documention for each class in order to more completely document each part of the game.

Sadly, the time is lacking, due to our early slacking in the project and we will keep the shortened documentation. We will always have time to add the improved documentation later.

We hope to finish off the remaining classes during our free time over the next week.

11.3. Day - 3

16/10/2019

During the week we had each completed our parts of the classes. We managed to create and unit test all of them. We also performed the integration tests for all the classes to make sure they would all work together in unison.

We were both surprised to see how effective this method of development was. Previously, I probably would have started with the Console class, but now I see it makes more sense to form the OOP model and thoroughly test it before implementing the main functionality.

After creating and testing the Console class working in perfect harmony with all the other classes was a sight to behold for junior programmers such as ourselves. After that all that was left for programming was to make sure that each player was given a set number of turns per round and that each player could play until the end of level. We also added a leaderboard, so that all the players can see who finished first, second, third and etc.

We have both decided to update a few parts of the documentation and generally polish the finished product, while also creating a world based on our original story idea. Now the engine is complete, we can work on the actual game.

11.4. Day - 4

22/10/2019

Once the engine was complete we decided to start designing the levels and planning for extra features we could add in. Sam began implementing the generic interactbable object functionality, while Amin planned the first three levels.

Sam also set up a small website to navigate the documentation. It took us a while to get the the documentation standardised. Sam had been writing most of the documentation and hadn't properly understood how the unit-tests are supposed to work. Luckily we noticed this during the lesson and were able to remedy the situation. Next we decided to finish what we were working on over the week so the project should be mostly done by the next tuesday.