

A L^AT_EX Workflow for MSDS

An easy way to quickly get something nice to turn in

by

David Josephs

Contents

1. Introduction to L^AT_EX

Reasons to give up Word forever, bibtex, and demonstrations

Contents

1. Introduction to \LaTeX

Reasons to give up Word forever, bibtex, and demonstrations

2. A Single-Source \LaTeX Workflow

Integrating code and analysis into \LaTeX

L^AT_EX Primer

What is L^AT_EX?

- ❖ Document Preparation System
 - ❖ Typesetting

Why L^AT_EX?

❖ Word is the worst

Why L^AT_EX?

- ❖ Word is the worst
 - ❖ Reproducibility

Why L^AT_EX?

- ❖ Word is the worst
 - ❖ Reproducibility
 - ❖ Figures and tables

Why L^AT_EX?

- ❖ Word is the worst
 - ❖ Reproducibility
 - ❖ Figures and tables
- ❖ Separate style and body

Why L^AT_EX?

- ❖ Word is the worst
 - ❖ Reproducibility
 - ❖ Figures and tables
- ❖ Separate style and body
- ❖ Control issues

Why L^AT_EX?

- ❖ Word is the worst
 - ❖ Reproducibility
 - ❖ Figures and tables
- ❖ Separate style and body
- ❖ Control issues
 - ❖ Ligatures

Why L^AT_EX?

- ❖ Word is the worst
 - ❖ Reproducibility
 - ❖ Figures and tables
- ❖ Separate style and body
- ❖ Control issues
 - ❖ Ligatures
 - ❖ Manipulate everything

Using L^AT_EX

Recommendations for installation:

- T_EX distributions

Using L^AT_EX

Recommendations for installation:

- ❖ T_EX distributions
 - ❖ Mac: MacT_EX

Using L^AT_EX

Recommendations for installation:

- ❖ T_EX distributions
 - ❖ Mac: MacT_EX
 - ❖ Windows: MiK_TTeX or proTeXt

Using L^AT_EX

Recommendations for installation:

- ❖ T_EX distributions
 - ❖ Mac: MacT_EX
 - ❖ Windows: MiK_TTeX or proTeXt
 - ❖ Linux: T_EX or TeXLive

Using L^AT_EX

Recommendations for installation:

- ❖ T_EX distributions
 - ❖ Mac: MacT_EX
 - ❖ Windows: MiK_TTeX or proTeXt
 - ❖ Linux: T_EXor TeXLive
- ❖ L^AT_EX editors

Using L^AT_EX

Recommendations for installation:

- ❖ T_EX distributions
 - ❖ Mac: MacT_EX
 - ❖ Windows: MiK_TTeX or proTeXt
 - ❖ Linux: T_EX or TeXLive
- ❖ L^AT_EX editors
 - ❖ LyX and Overleaf

Using L^AT_EX

Recommendations for installation:

- ❖ T_EX distributions
 - ❖ Mac: MacT_EX
 - ❖ Windows: MiK_TTeX or proTeXt
 - ❖ Linux: T_EX or TeXLive
- ❖ L^AT_EX editors
 - ❖ LyX and Overleaf
 - ❖ Mac: Texpad

Using L^AT_EX

Recommendations for installation:

- ❖ T_EX distributions
 - ❖ Mac: MacT_EX
 - ❖ Windows: MiK_TTeX or proTeXt
 - ❖ Linux: T_EX or TeXLive
- ❖ L^AT_EX editors
 - ❖ LyX and Overleaf
 - ❖ Mac: Texpad
 - ❖ Windows: TeXStudio

Using L^AT_EX

Recommendations for installation:

- ❖ T_EX distributions
 - ❖ Mac: MacT_EX
 - ❖ Windows: MiK_TTeX or proTeXt
 - ❖ Linux: T_EX or TeXLive
- ❖ L^AT_EX editors
 - ❖ LyX and Overleaf
 - ❖ Mac: Texpad
 - ❖ Windows: TeXStudio
 - ❖ Linux: TeXStudio

Demonstration

- ✚ Creating a .tex file

Demonstration

- ❖ Creating a .tex file
 - ❖ Preamble (document class + package loading)

Demonstration

- ❖ Creating a .tex file
 - ❖ Preamble (document class + package loading)
 - ❖ Body

Demonstration

- ❖ Creating a .tex file
 - ❖ Preamble (document class + package loading)
 - ❖ Body
- ❖ *Italics*, **Bold**, and SMALL CAP

Demonstration

- ❖ Creating a .tex file
 - ❖ Preamble (document class + package loading)
 - ❖ Body
- ❖ *Italics*, **Bold**, and SMALL CAP
- ❖ Sectioning and TOC

Demonstration

- ❖ Creating a .tex file
 - ❖ Preamble (document class + package loading)
 - ❖ Body
- ❖ *Italics*, **Bold**, and SMALL CAP
- ❖ Sectioning and TOC
- ❖ Math and mathpix

Demonstration

- ❖ Creating a .tex file
 - ❖ Preamble (document class + package loading)
 - ❖ Body
- ❖ *Italics*, **Bold**, and SMALL CAP
- ❖ Sectioning and TOC
- ❖ Math and mathpix
- ❖ Tables

Demonstration

- ❖ Creating a .tex file
 - ❖ Preamble (document class + package loading)
 - ❖ Body
- ❖ *Italics*, **Bold**, and SMALL CAP
- ❖ Sectioning and TOC
- ❖ Math and mathpix
- ❖ Tables
- ❖ Figures

Demonstration

- ❖ Creating a .tex file
 - ❖ Preamble (document class + package loading)
 - ❖ Body
- ❖ *Italics*, **Bold**, and SMALL CAP
- ❖ Sectioning and TOC
- ❖ Math and mathpix
- ❖ Tables
- ❖ Figures
- ❖ Cross-References

Demonstration

- ❖ Creating a .tex file
 - ❖ Preamble (document class + package loading)
 - ❖ Body
- ❖ *Italics*, **Bold**, and SMALL CAP
- ❖ Sectioning and TOC
- ❖ Math and mathpix
- ❖ Tables
- ❖ Figures
- ❖ Cross-References
- ❖ Bibliography

Demonstration

- ❖ Creating a .tex file
 - ❖ Preamble (document class + package loading)
 - ❖ Body
- ❖ *Italics*, **Bold**, and SMALL CAP
- ❖ Sectioning and TOC
- ❖ Math and mathpix
- ❖ Tables
- ❖ Figures
- ❖ Cross-References
- ❖ Bibliography
- ❖ Templates!

Reproducible Research Using \LaTeX

A Workflow Using knitr and L^AT_EX

❖ .Rnw file extension

A Workflow Using knitr and \LaTeX

- ❖ .Rnw file extension
- ❖ Normal \LaTeX preamble

A Workflow Using knitr and L^AT_EX

- ❖ .Rnw file extension
- ❖ Normal LaTeX preamble
- ❖ Set knitr chunk and engine options

A Workflow Using knitr and L^AT_EX

- ❖ .Rnw file extension
- ❖ Normal LaTeX preamble
- ❖ Set knitr chunk and engine options
- ❖ .Rnw → .tex → .pdf

Chunks

Chunk name and options are defined by '« chunk name and options» ', followed by '=', then your code is included, then the chunk is punctuated with an '@'.

Making tables with knitr

To make a table, you say `chunk results='asis'`, and print an `xtable`

Making tables with knitr | Example

```
WheatEater<- read.csv("Data/Wheateater.csv")
model1 <-lm(Tcell Mass,data=WheatEater)
table1<-xtable(model1, label='tb:model1',
caption="Results of the Model")
print(table1,booktabs=T,table.placement='H')
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	0.0875	0.0787	1.11	0.2800
Mass	0.0328	0.0106	3.08	0.0061

Results of the Model

Making figures with knitr

To make a beautiful figure, you set your device to `tikz` (`dev='tikz'`), which produces an amazing, non-rasterized figure. Note on the first run through, this can take a while, which is why we cache our output.

Making figures with knitr | Example

```
resp<-ggplot(model1, aes(.fitted,.resid))
```

And so on. The next slide contains just basic ggplot output, but compiled using tikz into the pdf (with a surprise).

Making figures with knitr | Example

An animated plot from `ggplot2`, in PDF form

Integrating SAS

Integrating SAS is super easy.

✚ engine = 'sashtml'

Integrating SAS

Integrating SAS is super easy.

- ❖ `engine = 'sashtml'`
- ❖ `enginepath = sasexe`

Integrating SAS

Integrating SAS is super easy.

- ❖ `engine = 'sashtml'`
 - ❖ `enginepath = sasexe`
 - ❖ `engineopts = sasopts`

Integrating SAS

Integrating SAS is super easy.

- ❖ `engine = 'sashtml'`
 - ❖ `enginepath = sasexe`
 - ❖ `engineopts = sasopts`
- ❖ SAS figures are exported as PNGs

Integrating SAS

Integrating SAS is super easy.

- ❖ `engine = 'sashtml'`
 - ❖ `enginepath = sasexe`
 - ❖ `engineopts = sasopts`
- ❖ SAS figures are exported as PNGs
 - ❖ Call those in \LaTeX

Integrating SAS

Integrating SAS is super easy.

- ❖ `engine = 'sashtml'`
 - ❖ `enginepath = sasexe`
 - ❖ `engineopts = sasopts`
- ❖ SAS figures are exported as PNGs
 - ❖ Call those in \LaTeX
- ❖ SAS tables are exported as HTML

Integrating SAS

Integrating SAS is super easy.

- ❖ `engine = 'sashtml'`
 - ❖ `enginepath = sasexe`
 - ❖ `engineopts = sasopts`
- ❖ SAS figures are exported as PNGs
 - ❖ Call those in \LaTeX
- ❖ SAS tables are exported as HTML
 - ❖ Call with R library XML

Integrating SAS

Integrating SAS is super easy.

- ❖ `engine = 'sashtml'`
 - ❖ `enginepath = sasexe`
 - ❖ `engineopts = sasopts`
- ❖ SAS figures are exported as PNGs
 - ❖ Call those in \LaTeX
- ❖ SAS tables are exported as HTML
 - ❖ Call with R library XML
 - ❖ Print with `xtable`

Integrating SAS

Integrating SAS is super easy.

- ❖ `engine = 'sashtml'`
 - ❖ `enginepath = sasexe`
 - ❖ `engineopts = sasopts`
- ❖ SAS figures are exported as PNGs
 - ❖ Call those in \LaTeX
- ❖ SAS tables are exported as HTML
 - ❖ Call with R library XML
 - ❖ Print with xtable
- ❖ SAS code does not save between chunks

Integrating SAS

Integrating SAS is super easy.

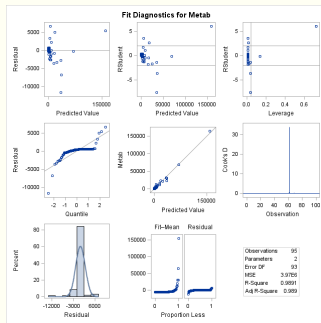
- ❖ `engine = 'sashtml'`
 - ❖ `enginepath = sasexe`
 - ❖ `engineopts = sasopts`
- ❖ SAS figures are exported as PNGs
 - ❖ Call those in \LaTeX
- ❖ SAS tables are exported as HTML
 - ❖ Call with R library XML
 - ❖ Print with xtable
- ❖ SAS code does not save between chunks
 - ❖ Clever echos

SAS Example

```
proc glm data=powermetabolism plots=all alpha=.05; model  
Metab=powerMass / CLPARM; run;
```

SAS Example

Alternatives For SAS University Edition



Diagnostic Plots on the Raw Metabolism Data

Other Languages

Knitr and LaTeX have full support of Python, C++, C, Java, and you can really easily add your own. I know python can be saved across chunks, and works with tikz

Conclusions

Closing Thoughts

✚ Don't use Word

Closing Thoughts

- ❖ Don't use Word
- ❖ \LaTeX is fun

Questions

Thank you!

Backup slide 1

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.