# Package 'bfpwr'

May 29, 2024

version 0.1
<b>Date</b> 2024-05-29
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Title Power and Sample Size Calculations for Bayes Factor Analysis
<b>Description</b> Provides functionality for performing power and sample size calculations for Bayes factor analysis.
License GPL-3
Encoding UTF-8
Imports
Suggests roxygen2, tinytest
NeedsCompilation no
RoxygenNote 7.3.1
<pre>URL https://github.com/SamCH93/bfpwr</pre>
BugReports https://github.com/SamCH93/bfpwr/issues
R topics documented:
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bf01

bf01	Bayes factor under normality

# Description

This function computes the Bayes factor that quantifies the evidence that the data (in the form of an asympotically normally distributed parameter estimate with standard error) provide for a point null hypothesis with a normal prior assigned to the parameter under the alternative.

## Usage

```
bf01(estimate, se, null = 0, pm, psd, log = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

estimate	Parameter estimate
se	Standard error of the parameter estimate
null	Parameter value under the point null hypothesis. Defaults to 0
pm	Mean of the normal prior assigned to the parameter under the alternative
psd	Standard deviation of the normal prior assigned to the parameter under the alternative. Set to 0 to obtain a point prior at the prior mean
log	Logical indicating whether natural logarithm of the Bayes factor should be returned. Defaults to FALSE

## Value

Bayes factor in favor of the null hypothesis over the alternative (BF > 1 indicates evidence for the null hypothesis, whereas BF < 1 indicates evidence for the alternative)

#### Author(s)

Samuel Pawel

# **Examples**

```
bf01(estimate = 0.2, se = 0.05, null = 0, pm = 0, psd = 2)
```

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nbf01

Sample size determination for Bayes factor analysis

# Description

This function computes the required sample size to obtain a Bayes factor (bf01) less or greater than a threshold k with a specified target power.

# Usage

```
nbf01(
    k,
    power,
    sd,
    null = 0,
    pm,
    psd,
    dpm = pm,
    dpsd = psd,
    nrange = c(1, 10^5),
    integer = TRUE,
    lower.tail = TRUE
)
```

# Arguments

k	Bayes factor threshold
power	Target power
sd	Standard deviation of one unit
null	Parameter value under the point null hypothesis. Defaults to 0
pm	Mean of the normal prior assigned to the parameter under the alternative in the analysis
psd	Standard deviation of the normal prior assigned to the parameter under the alternative in the analysis. Set to 0 to obtain a point prior at the prior mean
dpm	Mean of the normal design prior assigned to the parameter. Defaults to the same value as specified for the analysis prior pm
dpsd	Standard deviation of the normal design prior assigned to the parameter. Set to 0 to obtain a point prior at the prior mean. Defaults to the same value as specified for the analysis prior psd
nrange	Sample size search range. Defaults to c(1, 10 <sup>5</sup> )
integer	Logical indicating whether only integer valued sample sizes should be returned. If TRUE the required sample size is rounded the next larger integer. Defaults to TRUE
lower.tail	Logical indicating whether $Pr(BF \le k)$ (TRUE) or $Pr(BF > k)$ (FALSE) is the probability of interest. Defaults to TRUE

pbf01

## Value

The required sample size to achieve the specified power

## Author(s)

Samuel Pawel

## See Also

pbf01

# **Examples**

```
nbf01(k = 1/10, power = 0.8, sd = 2, null = 0, pm = 0, psd = 2)
```

pbf01

Cumulative distribution function of the Bayes factor under normality

# Description

This function computes the probability of obtaining a Bayes (bf01) smaller (or larger) than a threshold k with a specified sample size.

#### Usage

```
pbf01(k, n, sd, null = 0, pm, psd, dpm = pm, dpsd = psd, lower.tail = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

k	Bayes factor threshold
n	Sample size
sd	Standard deviation of one unit
null	Parameter value under the point null hypothesis. Defaults to 0
pm	Mean of the normal prior assigned to the parameter under the alternative in the analysis
psd	Standard deviation of the normal prior assigned to the parameter under the alternative in the analysis. Set to 0 to obtain a point prior at the prior mean
dpm	Mean of the normal design prior assigned to the parameter. Defaults to the same value as the analysis prior pm
dpsd	Standard deviation of the normal design prior assigned to the parameter. Defaults to the same value as the analysis prior psd
lower.tail	Logical indicating whether $Pr(BF \le k)$ (TRUE) or $Pr(BF > k)$ (FALSE) should be computed. Defaults to TRUE

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#### Value

The probability that the Bayes factor is less or greater (depending on the specified lower.tail) than the specified threshold k

## Author(s)

Samuel Pawel

#### See Also

nbf01

## **Examples**

plot.power.bftest

Plot method for class "power.bftest"

## **Description**

Plot method for class "power.bftest"

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'power.bftest' plot(x, nlim = c(1, 500), plot = TRUE, nullplot = TRUE, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

```
x Object of class "power.bftest"

Range of samples sizes over which the power should be computed. Defaults to c(1, 500)
```

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plot	Logical indicating whether data should be plotted. If FALSE only the data used for plotting are returned.
nullplot	Logcal indicating whether a second plot with the power in favor of the null (using a Bayes factor threshold of 1/k) should be created. Defaults to TRUE
	Other arguments (for consistency with the generic)

## Value

Plots power curves (if specified) and invisibly returns a list of data frames containing the data underlying the power curves

## Author(s)

Samuel Pawel

#### See Also

```
powerbf01
```

#### **Examples**

```
ssd1 \leftarrow powerbf01(k = 1/6, power = 0.95, pm = 0, psd = 1/sqrt(2), dpm = 0.5, dpsd = 0) plot(ssd1, nlim = c(1, 8000)) power1 <- powerbf01(k = 1/2, n = 120, pm = 0, psd = 1/sqrt(2), dpm = 0.5, dpsd = 0) plot(power1, nlim = c(1, 1000))
```

powerbf01

Power and sample size calculations for Bayes factor under normality

## Description

Compute probability that Bayes factor under normality is smaller than a specified threshold (the power), or determine sample size to obtain a target power

## Usage

```
powerbf01(
    n = NULL,
    power = NULL,
    k = 1/10,
    sd = 1,
    null = 0,
    pm,
    psd,
    dpm = pm,
    dpsd = psd,
```

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```
nrange = c(1, 10^5),
type = c("two.sample", "one.sample", "paired")
)
```

# Arguments

n	Sample size. Has to be NULL if power is specified. Defaults to NULL
power	Target power. Has to be NULL if n is specified. Defaults to NULL
k	Bayes factor threshold. Defaults to 1/10, Jeffreys' threshold for 'strong evidence' against the null hypothesis
sd	Standard deviation of one observation (for type = "two.sample" or type = "one.sample") or of one difference within a pair of observations (type = "paired"). Is assumed to be known
null	Mean difference under the point null hypothesis. Defaults to 0
pm	Mean of the normal prior assigned to the mean difference under the alternative in the analysis
psd	Standard deviation of the normal prior assigned to the mean difference under the alternative in the analysis. Set to 0 to obtain a point prior at the prior mean
dpm	Mean of the normal design prior assigned to the mean difference. Defaults to the same value as the analysis prior pm
dpsd	Standard deviation of the normal design prior assigned to the mean difference. Defaults to the same value as the analysis prior psd
nrange	Sample size search range (only taken into account when n is NULL). Defaults to $c(1, 10^5)$
type	The type of test. One of "two.sample", "one.sample", "paired". Defaults to "two.sample"

#### Value

Object of class "power.bftest", a list of the arguments (including the computed one) augmented with method and note elements

#### Note

An error message will be displayed in case that the specified target power is not achievable under the specified analysis and design priors.

# Author(s)

Samuel Pawel

#### See Also

```
plot.power.bftest, nbf01, pbf01
```

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#### **Examples**

```
## determine power
powerbf01(n = 100, pm = 0, psd = 1, dpm = 0.5, dpsd = 0)
## determine sample size
powerbf01(power = 0.99, pm = 0, psd = 1, dpm = 0.5, dpsd = 0)
```

print.power.bftest

Print method for class "power.bftest"

#### **Description**

Print method for class "power.bftest"

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'power.bftest'
print(x, digits = getOption("digits"), ...)
```

# Arguments

```
x Object of class "power.bftest"digits Number of digits for formatting of numbers
```

... Other arguments (for consistency with the generic)

#### Value

Prints text summary in the console and invisibly returns the "power.bftest" object

#### Note

Function adapted from stats:::print.power.htest written by Peter Dalgaard

## Author(s)

Samuel Pawel

#### See Also

powerbf01

#### **Examples**

```
powerbf01(power = 0.95, pm = 0, psd = 1, dpm = 0.5, dpsd = 0)
powerbf01(power = 0.95, pm = 0, psd = 1, dpm = 0.5, dpsd = 0, type = "one.sample")
powerbf01(power = 0.95, pm = 0, psd = 1, dpm = 0.5, dpsd = 0, type = "paired")
```

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