Report

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Assumption and the user and system requirements

Assumption

Assume we are the user of this system we hope the system can be easy to use it. Also, the system UI looks very clear. And we will input all the data correctly.

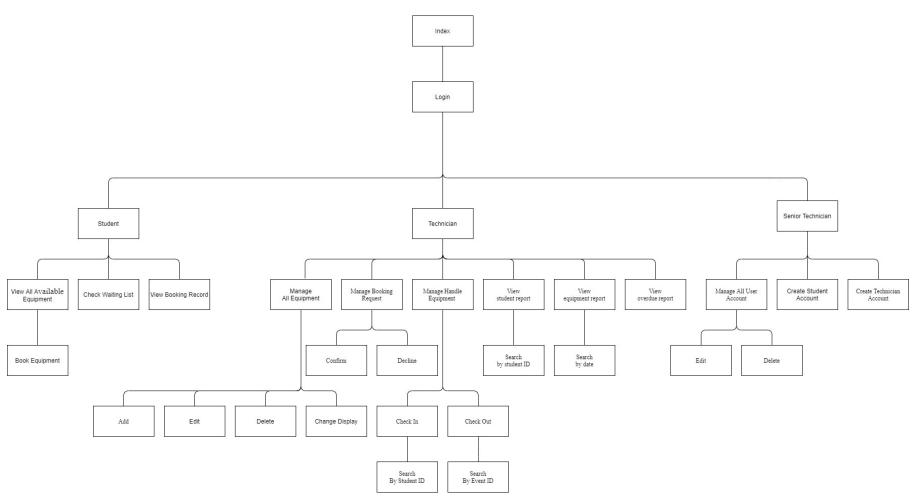
Users

- 1. Student
- 2. Technicians
- 3. Senior Technicians

System requirements

Users	System requirements
Student	Login account
	Logout account
	View all available Equipment
	Create a new booking record
	View personal record
Technicians	Login account
	Logout account
	Manage all Equipment (display, edit, delete, add)
	Manage Student booking request (confirm, decline)
	Manage handle equipment (Search by event ID /
	Student ID, check in / out)
	View student report of borrowing record (Search by
	student ID)
	View equipment report of utilization rate record
	(Search by date)
	View overdue report of no delivered equipment
	record
Senior Technicians	Login account
	Logout account
	Manage all User account (delete, edit)
	Create student account
	Create Technician account

Site map



System structure on how MVC Model is applied

First, our system will get the user's requirements. Next, the server will define the user's requirements and decide which page should be redirected for the users. Also, the page data will generate in the server first. Sometimes it will execute some SQL to change the database data first. Then, when the server finished handling those requests, the system will decide which page is suitable for the user's identity and redirect to it. So, this system is applied to the MVC model by handle the user's request in the server, which isn't handled from the user's side.

Database structure

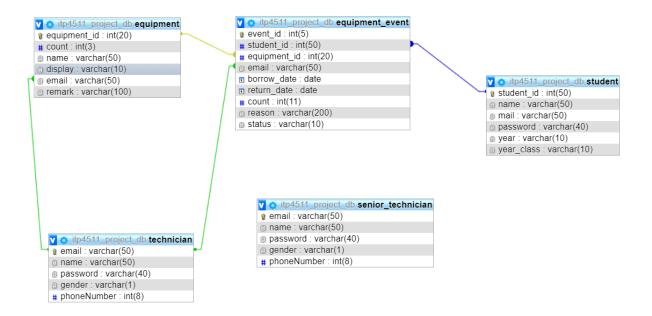


Table Data Type

	#	名稱 equipment_id <i>》</i>	型態 int(20)	編碼與排序	屬性 空(否	直 預設(無			NCREMENT
	2	count	int(20)		否	////		A010_I	NORLIVILIVI
Equipment Table	3	name		atin1_swedish_ci	否	₩			
	4	display	varchar(10)	atin1_swedish_ci	否	/III			
	5	email 🔊	varchar(50) I	atin1_swedish_ci	否	Æ			
	6	remark	varchar(100) I	atin1_swedish_ci	否	無			
	#	名稱	型態	編碼與排序	屬性	空值	預設值	備註	額外資訊
	1	student_id 🔑	int(50)			否	////		
	2	name	varchar(50)	latin1_swedish_	_ci	否	<i>#</i> #		
Student Table	3	mail	varchar(50)	latin1_swedish_	_ci	否	////		
	4	password	varchar(40)	latin1_swedish_	_ci	否	////		
	5	year	varchar(10)	latin1_swedish_	_ci	否	無		
	6	year_class	varchar(10)	latin1_swedish_	_ci	否	////		
	#	AT IT	피스	绝理的批告		- m/ /=	₹₹±₽./±	/#±+	호프 시 그와 크T
	# 1	名稱 email <i></i>	型態 varchar(50)	編碼與排序 latin1_swedish		: <u>全個</u> 否	類談狙	. 1角社	額外資訊
				_					
m 1 ' ' m 11	2	name		latin1_swedish		否	無		
Technician Table	3	password	varchar(40)	latin1_swedish	_ci	否	無		
	4	gender	varchar(1)	latin1_swedish_	_ci	否	##		
	5	phoneNumber	int(8)			否	無		
	#	名稱	型態	編碼與排序	屬性	空值	預設值	備註	額外資訊
	1	email 🔑	varchar(50)	latin1_swedish_	_ci	否	////		
Senior_Technician	2	name	varchar(50)	latin1_swedish_	_ci	否	////		
Table	3	password	varchar(40)	latin1_swedish_	_ci	否	無		
	4	gender	varchar(1)	latin1_swedish_	_ci	否	/ #		
	5	phoneNumber	int(8)			否	///		

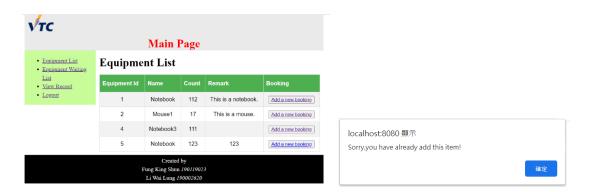
	#	名稱	型態	編碼與排序	屬 性	空 值	預設 值	備註	額外資訊
	1	event_id 🔑	int(5)			否	/m		AUTO_INCREMENT
	2	student_id	int(50)			否	////		
	3	equipment_id	int(20)			否	////		
Equipment_event	4	email	varchar(50)	latin1_swedish_ci		是	NULL		
Table	5	borrow_date	date			否	///		
	6	return_date	date			否	////		
	7	count	int(11)			否	////		
	8	reason	varchar(200)	latin1_swedish_ci		否	////		
	9	status	varchar(10)	latin1_swedish_ci		否	////	in or out or booking or confirm or decline	

Simple Date

	equipment_id	coun	nt name	display	email		remark	
	1	11:	2 Notebook	true	cce@gmail	.com	This is a n	otebook.
Egyings and Table	2	1	7 Mouse1	true	cce@gmail	.com	This is a n	nouse.
Equipment Table	3		3 Notebook2	false	cce@gmail	.com	This is a n	otebook.
	4	11	1 Notebook3	true	cce@gmail	.com		
	5	12	3 Notebook	true	cce@gmail	.com	123	
	student_id r	name	mail	passwo	rd year	year_	_class	
Student Table	19231221 N	/lary	ffe@gmail.com	123	2	В		
	194234232 A	Amy	xcjc@gmai.con	abc123	1	Α		
m 1 · · · m 11	email	name	password	gender	phoneNu	mber		
Technician Table	cce@gmail.cor	n Mary	333	F	2932	3121		
	email	nama	nanaward	gondor	nhonoMun	nhor		
Senior_Technician		name	0.000.000	gender	phoneNun			
Table	abc@gmail.con	n Peter	123	М	1234	8/00		

	event_id	student_id	equipment_id	email	borrow_date	return_date	count	reason	status in or out or booking or confirm or decline
	3	194234232	1	NULL	2020-11-25	2020-11-30	1	Comment	in
	4	19231221	4	NULL	2020-11-25	2020-11-30	1	Comment	out
	5	19231221	1	NULL	2020-11-02	2020-11-30	1	Comment	out
	6	19231221	4	NULL	2020-11-02	2020-11-30	1	Comment	out
Equipment_event	7	19231221	1	NULL	2020-11-02	2020-11-15	1	Comment	out
1	8	19231221	4	NULL	2020-11-02	2020-11-15	1	Comment	decline
Table	9	19231221	1	NULL	2020-11-11	2020-11-10	1	Comment	booking
	10	19231221	1	NULL	2020-11-01	2020-11-30	1	Comment	booking
	11	19231221	2	NULL	2020-11-01	2020-11-30	1	Comment	booking
	12	19231221	1	NULL	2020-12-15	2020-12-14	1	Comment	booking
	13	19231221	2	NULL	2020-12-15	2020-12-14	1	Comment	booking
	14	194234232	1	NULL	2020-12-08	2021-01-01	3	123	booking

Brief description (1 or 2 pages only) on the major characteristics and design of your application



a) Complete the user requirements

As you can see, on the left hand-side is all the requirements of the user. This is a student account, so we provided all the function which only student can do it.

b) Consistent design and easy to use

The page is very clear, because we use table to display the data and use css to design. So that, user can be easy to use and understand.

c) Smooth navigation with the application

For the navigation, we use navigation bar to change to page. Left hand-side is the bar labeled all the hyperlink. User can click the link to change the page.

d) Tidy Page Layout with logical and related graphics

We use so many html codes to design like: h1, color, button, li, text size... Therefor, user easy to know this is a button, textbox, and hyperlink.

e) Error-free implementation

To handle the error like input error, system error, we display a message box to the user. So, user can understand why appeared error.

f) Creativity

In order not to be complicated, we used the simplest method. But at the same time, all functions must be retained.



Freng King Shan 1901/9023 Li Wai Long 190003620

a) Complete the user requirements

This is the technician account we provided all the function which the technician can do it which you can see on the left-hand side.

b) Consistent design and easy to use

This page combines form and table which used CSS to design. Users can use this function by their intuition easily.

c) Smooth navigation with the application

For the navigation, we put the navigation bar on the left-hand side of all pages. We will use that to change to the page. Users can click the link to call those functions.

d) Tidy Page Layout with logical and related graphics

We use CSS to design the form and table which can let the user think this page is very tidy.

e) Error-free implementation

If there is an error like an input error, system error, we display an alert box or a message to the user. For example, when the user inputs incorrect data, we will use the alert box to tell the user is it the action successful.

f) Creativity

We use the simplest CSS to design those pages which make those pages not complicated. On the other hand, we retained all functions.

Conclusions

After completed the project, we know that the MVC architecture that separates business logic, presentation layer and data. M stands for Model V stands for View and C stands for controller. In Model, this is the data which consists of the business logic of the system. It consists of classes which have the connection to the database. And we use JDBC to connect the Database fetches the data and sends to the view layer. In view, it consists of HTML, JSP and CSS. To shows the data on UI of the application. In controller, it is the interface between View and Model. It receives the requests from the view layer and processes the requests and does the necessary validation for the request. So, using MVC model can be easy to maintain, extend and test.

Skill checklist

A. Use JSP/servlets to dynamically generate HTML pages
We use servlets to call Db to catch the data and show the table

```
| else if ("showTech".equalsIgnoreCase(action)) {
    TechnicianAc = db.queryTechnician();
    request.setAttribute("Tech_Ac", TechnicianAc);

    StudentAc = db.queryStudent();
    request.setAttribute("Stud_Ac", StudentAc);

    RequestDispatcher rd;
    rd = getServletContext().getRequestDispatcher("/listAllUsers.jsp");
    rd.forward(request, response);
```

Technician List

Email	Name	Gender	PhoneNumber	Delete	Edit
cce@gmail.com	Mary	F	29323121	Delete	Edit

Student List

Student ID	Name	Email	Study Year	Class	Delete	Edit
19231221	Mary	ffe@gmail.com	2	В	Delete	Edit
194234232	Amy	xcjc@gmai.com	1	Α	Delete	Edit

B. Use JSP/servlets to accept user inputs from browser We use servlets to catch the data which the user input.

```
) else if ("createStudentAL", equalsIgnoreCase(action)) {
int st_id;
   String name;
   String mail;
   String password;
   String year;
   String year_class;
   st_id = paschn(request.getParameter("st_id"));
   name = request.getParameter("name");
   mail = request.getParameter("mail");
   password = request.getParameter("password");
   year = request.getParameter("year");
   year_class = request.getParameter("class");
   boolean isSuccess = db.registerStudentAccount(st_id, name, mail, password, year, year_class);
   if (isSuccess) (
       response.sendRedirect("cs_successful.jsp");
   1 clse t
       response.sendRedirect("es_unsuccessful.jsp");
```

C. Use JSP Action

We use JSP Action to call the function

```
  <a href="HandleTechnician?action=showTech">All User AC</a>/li>
  <a href="create_student_ac.jsp">Create Student AC</a>/li>
  <a href="create_technician_ac.jsp">Create Technician AC</a>/li>
  <a href="HandleLogin?action=logout">Logout</a>/li>
```

D. Use Custom Tag (Taglib)

We use taglib to display the JSP



Equipment Id	Equipment Name	Usage rate
1	Notebook	1
2	Mouse1	1
3	Notebook2	0
4	Notebook3	0
5	Notebook	0

E. Use JavaBean

We use JavaBean to save the data which catch from the database

```
cnnct = getConnection();
String preQueryStatement = "SELECT" * FROM Equipment";
pStmnt = cnnct.prepareStatement(preQueryStatement);
ResultSet rs = null;
rs = pStmnt.executeQuery();
while (rs.next()) {
    eb = new EquipmentBean();
   eb.setEquipmentlD(rs.getInt("equipment_id"));
 eb.setName(rs.getString("name"));
   eb.setCount(rs.getInt("count"));
   eb.setDisplay(rs.getString("display"));
   eb.setEmail(rs.getString("email"));
    eb.setRemark(rs.getString("remark"));
    e.add(eb);
pStmnt.close();
cnnct.close();
```

F. Use JDBC for database connection

We use ict.servlets to call ict.db. And the ict.db will connect to the database and do those SQL.



G. Use session checking

The session is used in saving student borrowing request

```
HttpSession session = request.getSession();
String action = request.getParameter("action");

bookingItems.add(eb);
session.setAttribute("bookingItems", bookingItems);
response.sendRedirect("HandleStudentEquipment?action=showEquipmentList&message=Added");
```

Waiting for booking



Please complete this form to borrow all the items:



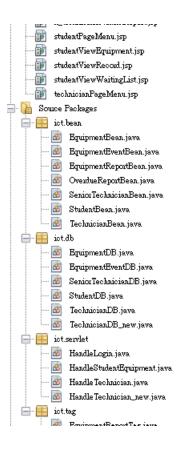
H. Use login control

To login DB we created a web.xml to connected



I. Apply the MVC model

We use DB, JSP and servlet to apply the MVC



J. Other skills applied

We use Cooke to save the login state

```
String cookieName = "loginInfo";
  if (cookies != null) {
      for (int i = 0; i < cookies.length; <math>i++) {
          Cookie cookie = cookies[i];
          if (cookieName.equals(cookie.getName())) {
              studentId = Integer.parscInt(cookie.getValue());
              break;
      }
▼ localhost
   ▼ Nookie
       SESSIONID
       loginInfo
       loginType
呂稱
                       loginType
内容
                       student
周域
                       localhost
各徑
                       /project
```

In the report function in DB needs to calculating date time. So, we write java code to get the real time in java system.

```
LocalDate localDate = LocalDate.now();//For reference

DateTimeFormatter formatter = DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("yyyy-MOM-dd");

String toDate = localDate.format(formatter);
```

Until today, no delivered equipment on return date record!

ToDate: 2020-12-13

Equipment Id	Equipment Name	Student Id	Student name	Count	Borrow Date	Return Date
4	Notebook3	19231221	Mary	1	2020- 11-25	2020- 11-30
1	Notebook	19231221	Mary	1	2020- 11-02	2020- 11-30
4	Notebook3	19231221	Mary	1	2020- 11-02	2020- 11-30
1	Notebook	19231221	Mary	1	2020- 11-02	2020- 11-15