## Report\_Dortmund\_2022

August 8, 2022

## 1 0. Imports and data selection

```
[1]: import os
     import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[2]: os.chdir('../data')
     file_names = os.listdir()
[3]: df = pd.DataFrame()
     for name in file names:
         df = df.append(pd.read_csv(f'../data/{name}'))
[4]: df.columns
[4]: Index(['Unnamed: 0', 'name', 'datetime', 'tempmax', 'tempmin', 'temp',
            'feelslikemax', 'feelslikemin', 'feelslike', 'dew', 'humidity',
            'precip', 'precipprob', 'precipcover', 'preciptype', 'snow',
            'snowdepth', 'windgust', 'windspeed', 'winddir', 'sealevelpressure',
            'cloudcover', 'visibility', 'solarradiation', 'solarenergy', 'uvindex',
            'severerisk', 'sunrise', 'sunset', 'moonphase', 'conditions',
            'description', 'icon', 'stations'],
           dtype='object')
[5]: # use datetime as type
     df['datetime'] = df['datetime'].astype("datetime64")
     # setting the Date as index
     df = df.set index('datetime')
[6]: # cut of the first days to have full periods of a year
     day = df.index[-1].day
     _{month} = df.index[-1].month
     _year = df.index[0].year
```

```
df = df[df.index>=f'{_year}-{_month}-{_day}']

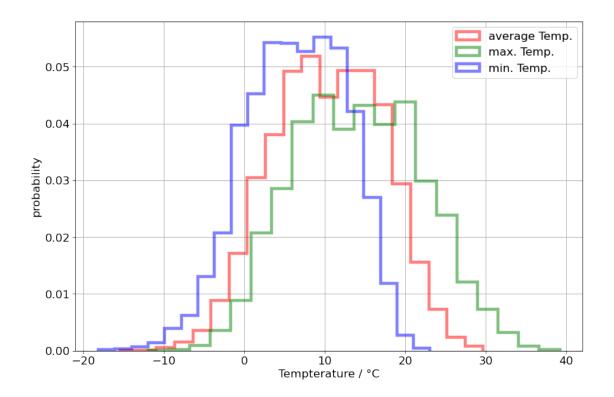
[21]: start_year = df.index.min().year
    end_year = df.index.max().year
    print('period:', start_year,'-', end_year)

period: 1993 - 2022
```

### 2 1. Temperature

#### 2.1 1.1 Frequency of the daily average, max. and min. temperature

```
[8]: # frequency of the daily average temperature, max. temp
    plt.figure(figsize=(12,8), dpi=80)
    plt.hist(df['temp'], bins=20, histtype='step', density=True, stacked=True,
     →color='red', linewidth=4, label='average Temp.', alpha=0.5)
    plt.hist(df['tempmax'], bins=20, histtype='step', density=True, stacked=True,
     ⇒color='green', linewidth=4, label='max. Temp.', alpha=0.5)
    plt.hist(df['tempmin'], bins=20, histtype='step', density=True, stacked=True,
     plt.xlabel('Tempterature / °C', fontsize=15)
    plt.ylabel('probability', fontsize=15)
    plt.xticks(fontsize=15)
    plt.yticks(fontsize=15)
    plt.grid()
    plt.legend(fontsize=15)
    plt.savefig(f'../figures/pdf/frequency_temp_{start_year}-{end_year}.pdf')
    plt.savefig(f'../figures/png/frequency_temp_{start_year}-{end_year}.png',__
     →dpi=300)
    plt.show()
```



## 2.2 1.2 Temperature progress and the hottest/coldest days

### 2.2.1 Extreme days (hottest/coldest)

```
[9]: # hottest days

df_hot = df.sort_values(by=['tempmax'], ascending=False)[['tempmax', 'tempmin',

→'temp', 'moonphase']]

df_hot.head(10)
```

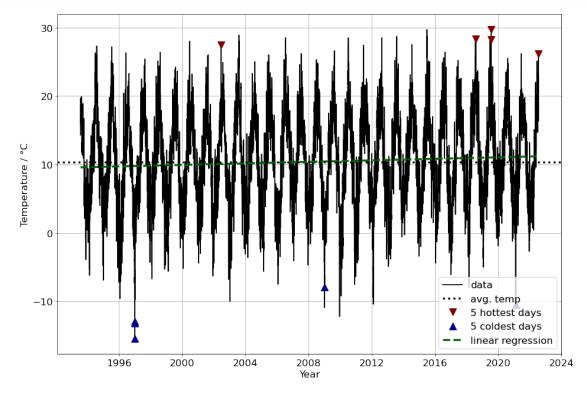
[9]:		tempmax	tempmin	temp	moonphase
	datetime				
	2019-07-25	39.2	18.4	29.7	0.78
	2022-07-19	37.7	13.6	26.2	0.70
	2019-07-24	37.6	18.2	28.2	0.73
	2002-06-18	37.1	20.9	27.5	0.28
	2018-08-07	37.0	18.9	28.3	0.90
	2003-08-08	36.1	21.0	28.9	0.42
	2015-07-02	36.1	18.7	29.7	0.50
	2003-08-07	36.0	18.3	27.7	0.37
	2006-07-19	36.0	17.7	27.9	0.85
	2003-08-12	36.0	19.9	28.0	0.50

```
[10]: # coldest days
      df_cold = df.sort_values(by=['tempmin'], ascending=True)[['tempmax', 'tempmin', | ]
      df cold.head(10)
[10]:
                 tempmax tempmin temp moonphase
      datetime
      1997-01-01
                   -11.9
                            -18.1 -15.4
                                               0.73
                    -4.3
                            -17.3 -10.5
                                               0.00
      2021-02-12
      1997-01-02
                    -9.0
                            -16.2 -13.2
                                               0.78
                            -16.1 -7.9
      2009-01-07
                    -3.9
                                               0.41
      1996-12-31
                    -8.8
                            -15.7 -12.9
                                               0.68
      2021-02-13
                    -1.5
                            -15.4 -8.3
                                               0.02
      2021-02-10
                    -3.7
                            -15.2 - 8.9
                                               1.00
      1993-11-07
                     7.0
                            -15.0
                                   5.5
                                               0.77
                    -5.6
      2012-02-07
                            -14.9 -10.4
                                               0.50
      2009-12-19
                    -8.8
                            -14.9 -12.2
                                              0.04
     2.2.2 Linear Regression: Temperature
[11]: ydata=df['temp'].values
      xdata=np.arange(ydata.size)
[12]: |linear_temp=np.polyfit(xdata,ydata,1)| # OR coef, cov = curve_fit(lambda x,a,b:_u
      \rightarrow a*x+b, xdata, ydata)
      linear_temp_fn=np.poly1d(linear_temp)
      a = linear_temp[0]
      b = linear_temp[1]
      print(f'Annual temp. increase: {a*360:.2f} °C')
      print(f'Temp. increase all 10 years: {a*360*10:.2f} °C')
     Annual temp. increase: 0.05 °C
     Temp. increase all 10 years: 0.55 °C
[14]: plt.figure(figsize=(12,8), dpi=80)
      plt.plot(df['temp'], '-', color='black', label='data')
      plt.axhline(df['temp'].mean(), linewidth=3, linestyle='dotted', color='black',
      →label='avg. temp')
      plt.plot(df_hot['temp'].head(5), ' ', marker='v', markersize=10,__

color='#800000', label='5 hottest days')
      plt.plot(df_cold['temp'].head(5), ' ', marker='^', markersize=10,__

color='#00008b', label='5 coldest days')

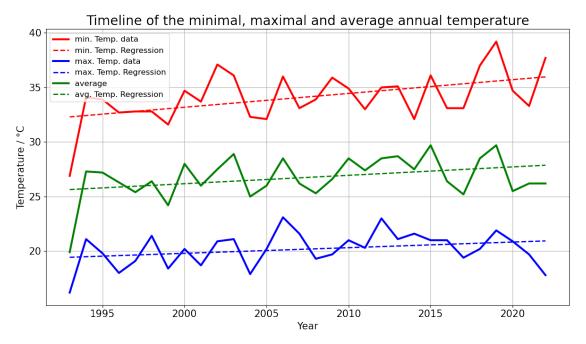
      plt.plot([df.index[0], df.index[-1]], [b, a*ydata.size+b], color='#006400', [
      →linestyle='--', linewidth=3, label='linear regression')
      plt.grid()
      plt.xlabel('Year', fontsize=15)
```



#### 2.3 1.3 Minimal, maximal and average temperature of each year

```
avg_temp_year.append(df[(df.index>=str(year)) & (df.
       →index<=str(year+1))]['temp'].max()) # get max temp of the year</pre>
      len(max_temp_year)
[15]: 30
[16]: x = np.arange(start year, end year+1)
[17]: # linear regression
      # max. Temperature
      linear_max=np.polyfit(x,max_temp_year,1)
      linear_max_fn=np.poly1d(linear_max)
      print(f'Increase of daily max. Temperature in ten years {linear_max[0]*10:.2f}_\_
      oC¹)
      # min. Temperature
      linear_min=np.polyfit(x,min_temp_year,1)
      linear_min_fn=np.poly1d(linear_min)
      print(f'Increase of daily min. Temperature in ten years {linear min[0]*10:.2f},
      oC¹)
      # avg. Temperature
      linear_avg=np.polyfit(x,avg_temp_year,1)
      linear_avg_fn=np.poly1d(linear_avg)
      print(f'Increase of daily avg. Temperature in ten years {linear avg[0]*10:.2f},

    oC¹)
     Increase of daily max. Temperature in ten years 1.26 °C
     Increase of daily min. Temperature in ten years 0.52 °C
     Increase of daily avg. Temperature in ten years 0.77 °C
[18]: plt.figure(figsize=(12,7), dpi=100)
      plt.plot(x, max_temp_year, color='red', linewidth=3, label='min. Temp. data')
      plt.plot(x,linear_max_fn(x), '--', color='red', linewidth=2, label='min. Temp.__
       →Regression')
      plt.plot(x, min_temp_year, color='blue', linewidth=3, label='max. Temp. data')
      plt.plot(x,linear_min_fn(x), '--', color='blue', linewidth=2, label='max. Temp.u
      →Regression')
      plt.plot(x, avg_temp_year, color='green', linewidth=3, label='average')
      plt.plot(x,linear_avg_fn(x), '--', color='green', linewidth=2, label='avg. Temp.
      → Regression')
      plt.grid()
      plt.xlabel('Year', fontsize=15)
```



# 3 2. Rain progress