Define primary and foreign keys.

NO	PRIMARY KEY	FOREIGN KEY
1.	Primary key is a unique identifier for each record within a table. It ensures that every row in the table is distinct and can be easily located	A foreign key is a field that refers to the primary key of anther table. It is a link between two tables, creating a parent to child relationship
2.	Primary key value in each of the column must be unique	The foreign key in the child table must match the primary key value in the parent table
3.	Primary key cannot contain null values	Foreign key ensure that the data in the child table or data is consistence with that of the parent table (Enforces referential integrity)
4.	A table can only have one primary key	Null value can be allowed because it is not regards as primary key