nbinteract: Generate Interactive Web Pages From Jupyter Notebooks

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Abstract:

Introduction

Jupyter notebooks provide a popular document format for authoring, executing, and publishing code alongside analysis [12]. Although Jupyter notebooks were originally designed for use in scientific workflows for data preparation and analysis, they are becoming an increasingly common choice for university courses—a survey in 2016 reported that over one hundred courses across multiple countries use Jupyter in their course content [7].

An increasing number of universities now offer data science courses, many of which use Jupyter because of its broad adoption for data analysis workflows in both academia and industry. These courses often use Jupyter notebooks as the preferred medium for homeworks, labs, projects, and lectures. UC Berkeley's flagship data science courses, for example, use Jupyter for all of these course components and have even writen their course textbooks in Jupyter notebooks.

As a web technology, Jupyter notebooks also provide a platform for interaction authoring. For example, the popular ipywidgets Python library allows users to create web-based user interfaces to interact with arbitrary Python functions. Users can create these interfaces using Python directly in the notebook environment instead of having to use HTML and JavaScript, significantly lowering the overhead usually needed to create these interfaces [9]. This ease-of-use encourages instructors and researchers to create interactive explanations of their work.

Unfortunately, it is difficult to share these interactive notebooks with a broad audience. Sharing the notebook file itself retains full interactivity but requires viewers to have Jupyter, Python, and all other packages used in the notebook installed on their own machines. The freely available Binder service circumvents this by hosting notebook servers that come pre-packaged with necessary software. However, both of these options still require viewers to have prior familiarity with the Jupyter environment, making them less suitable for use with non-technical viewers. Authors can convert a Jupyter notebook to a static HTML document and host the document as a publicly-

accessible web page. However, this method does not preserve the interactive elements of the notebook; the resulting web page only contains text and images.

nbinteract is a Python package that allows authors to convert Jupyter notebooks into interactive, standlone HTML pages. The interactive elements can use arbitrary Python code to generate output, including Python libraries that use C extensions (e.g. numpy and pandas) and libraries that create images (e.g. matplotlib). The resulting web pages can be used by anyone with a modern web browser even if the viewer does not have Python or Jupyter installed on their computer. The nbinteract package also includes specialized methods for interactive plots designed for fast interaction prototyping in the notebook and smooth interaction on static HTML web pages. We discuss the design of the package, its features and limitations, and its implications for interaction authoring and sharing.

Related Work

Jupyter Technologies

The Jupyter notebook platform allows authoring and editing code, images, and written explanations together in a single document composed of multiple cells. The platform is composed of two main components. It includes a frontend—a web-based authoring environment that users open in their web browsers. The frontend connects to a Jupyter kernel, a process on the users' computers that runs code and returns the output to the frontend to display [12].

The ipywidgets library makes use of Jupyter's web-based frontend to create interactive elements directly in the notebook. The library includes Python functions that produce HTML and JavaScript when called to create widgets. When a user interacts with a widget selecting an option from a dropdown menu, for example—the ipywidgets library executes user-defined Python functions on the Jupyter kernel and renders the result in the cell [9]. A number of other specialized libraries are built on top of ipywidgets, such as the interactive plotting library bqplot [4] and the molecular visualization library nglview [1].

Jupyter notebooks use the nbconvert tool to convert between notebook formats. nbconvert also allows notebooks to be converted to static HTML pages [8]. However, these pages do not retain widget functionality because they do not have access to a Jupyter kernel by default.

The Binder project hosts ephemeral Jupyter notebook servers as a free service for the general public. It takes a repository of Jupyter notebooks, starts a Jupyter frontend and Jupyter kernel, and gives users the ability to run the notebook over the internet instead of having on their local machines [2].

Interaction Authoring in JavaScript

JavaScript is the most commonly used language to design interactions that run in a web browser. Because most modern web browsers run JavaScript natively, viewers do not have to install additional software in order to make use of these interactive elements, a key advantage of the language. A number of authors use JavaScript to create interactive articles [6, 10] and textbooks [11].

There are a number of JavaScript libraries that provide higher level abstractions for interaction creation such as D₃ and Tangle [3, 5]. Fundamentally, JavaScript libraries require fluency with aspects of web programming such as JavaScript syntax and the documentobject model. This additional requirement makes JavaScript more difficult to use for many data scientists; most data science analysis uses Python and R rather than JavaScript.

Features

Installation

Installing nbinteract requires Python version 3.4 or higher. To install nbinteract, run the following command in the terminal:

```
pip install nbinteract
```

If the Jupyter notebook package version is lower than 5.3, run these two additional commands to enable nbinteract in the notebook environment:

```
jupyter nbextension enable --py --sys-prefix widgetsnbextension
jupyter nbextension enable --py --sys-prefix bqplot
```

After installation, the nbinteract package is available to import in a Python program and a nbinteract command-line tool is available to use on the terminal.

Preparing Notebooks for nbinteract

The simplest method to prepare notebooks for conversion using nbinteract is to place the notebooks in a GitHub repository with a requirements.txt file in the root directory. The requirements.txt file should contain all packages required to run the notebooks. These steps will prepare the GitHub repository for use on the Binder service, a prerequisite for nbinteract. For additional configuration options, consult the Binder documentation¹.

http://bit.ly/binder-docs

Command-line API

nbinteract provides a command line tool to convert Jupyter notebook files to HTML files. It requires that a GitHub repository with the notebooks is set up for use with the Binder service. To convert a notebook to HTML, run the following command in a terminal shell:

```
nbinteract {owner}/{repo}/{branch} {notebook_name}
```

Where {owner}, {repo}, {branch}, and {notebook_name} are replaced with the repository's owner, repository name, branch containing the files, and the name of the notebook to convert. For example, to convert a notebook called hello.ipynb residing on the default master branch of https://github.com/SamLau95/nbinteract, run:

```
nbinteract SamLau95/nbinteract/master hello.ipynb
```

This command creates a hello.html file using the original hello.ipynb notebook. The resulting HTML file may be uploaded to the World Wide Web using any hosting service, including the free GitHub Pages service².

2 https://pages.github.com/

Python API for Notebook Conversion

As a convenience, nbinteract also provides a Python interface to convert notebooks to HTML files. To use Python to convert the hello.ipynb notebook mentioned above, run:

```
import nbinteract as nbi
nbi.publish('SamLau95/nbinteract-image/master', 'hello.ipynb')
```

This Python code performs the same conversion as the shell command above.

Python API for Interactive Plotting

The nbinteract Python package provides a set of plotting methods for generating visualizations controlled by interactive widgets. While most plotting methods in other visualization libraries (e.g. matplotlib) take data as input, the plotting methods in nbinteract take in functions that generate data as input. For example, the following code generates an interactive histogram where the user can change the mean and spread of a normal distribution:

```
import numpy as np
import nbinteract as nbi
def normal(mean, sd):
    '''Returns 1000 points drawn at random fron N(mean, sd)'''
    return np.random.normal(mean, sd, 1000)
# Pass in the 'normal' function and let user change mean and sd.
# Whenever the user interacts with the sliders, the
# 'normal' function is called and the returned data are plotted.
nbi.hist(normal, mean=(0, 10), sd=(0, 2.0), options=options)
```

The plotting methods in nbinteract take in functions as input and use the function signature to generate widgets placed above the resulting visualization³.

³ The complete API is documented on nbinteract's website: http:// nbinteract.com/

Implementation

Interactivity for Generated HTML Pages

Using the base nbconvert library to convert notebooks to HTML results in a static HTML page that includes code, text, and images. If the notebook uses ipywidgets library to generate widgets, the HTML page also renders static widgets. Although these widgets respond to user interaction, since the page does not have access to a Jupyter kernel the widgets will not generate new output⁴.

When a notebook is converted to HTML using nbinteract, the library replaces all static widgets with "Run Widget" buttons and embeds an additional JavaScript library in the page. When a "Run Widget" is pressed, the JavaScript library starts a Jupyter kernel using the publicly available Binder service. Once a kernel is available, the JavaScript library runs the code on the page and renders live widgets for each cell that originally generated widgets. The library also handles future communication between the widgets on HTML page and the kernel so that interacting with the widgets also updates the output in the HTML. Connecting to a live Jupyter kernel using the Binder service allows the static HTML page generated from a notebook to contain dynamic elements.

The JavaScript library for nbinteract called nbinteract-core is publicly available on the JavaScript package registry⁵ but is not designed for general use. As such it is not documented on the nbinteract website. nbinteract-core combines three existing APIs in order to enable widget rendering for static HTML pages: the Binder Web API, the JupyterLab Services JavaScript API, and the ipywidgets JavaScript API.

5 https://www.npmjs.com/

⁴ For example, the ipywidgets documentation has widgets embedded in the page that are detached from their original Python output.

The Binder Web API allows other programs to start Jupyter servers on the Binder service. Although it is undocumented, the code repository contains an example of API usage⁶ which we use to implement nbinteract-core.

The JupyterLab Services API contains methods to start and manage Jupyter kernels on a Jupyter server⁷. After starting a Jupyter server using the Binder API, nbinteract-core uses the JupyterLab Services API to start a Jupyter kernel in order to run Python code on the HTML page.

When running code that generates widgets, the nbinteract-core library uses the ipywidgets JavaScript API for rendering the widgets onto the page⁸ and sets up the necessary connection between widgets and kernel so that future interactions with the widgets will generate new output.

Interactive Plotting Implementation

nbinteract combines the ipywidgets widget library and the bqplot⁹ plotting library to implement function-driven interfaces to interactive plotting. The nbinteract plotting methods use ipywidgets to generate and display widgets, inferring the widget type as needed. When a user interacts with a widget, a Python callback updates the visualization without a full rerender from scratch. This lowers visualization update time by a factor of roughly two compared to using ipywidgets alone to render static images.

Discussion

Use Cases

nbinteract is designed to be most useful to authors that already use the Python programming language in Jupyter notebooks. For example, since the textbook a UC Berkeley data science course is written using Jupyter notebooks and the Python language, it was relatively simple to augment existing visualizations with interactivity.

Comparison with JavaScript **Future Work** Conclusion

6 http://bit.ly/binder-api

7 https://www.npmjs.com/package/ @jupyterlab/services

8 https://github.com/ jupyter-widgets/ipywidgets

9 https://github.com/bloomberg/ baplot

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