



- Linux test -2 - 16/01/2019

1. Write a shell script that adds an extension “.new” to all the files in the directory.

Ans:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
rename()
{
    for file in "$1"/*
    do
        mv $file $file.new
    done
}

rename "."
```

2. Delete file which has special characters. “-“, “—“, “*“, “\$”

Ans:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
delete()
{
    for file in "$1"/*
    do
        if [ -f "$file" ]; then
            temp=`echo "$file" | cut -c 3-`

            if [ $temp == *.* ]; then
                rm $temp
            elif [ $temp == *_* ]; then
```

```

rm $temp

elif [ $temp == *\\* ]; then
rm $temp

elif [ $temp == *\\$* ]; then
rm $temp

fi

fi

done

}

delete "."

```

3. Write a shell script that take two input numbers from user at runtime and display arithmetic operation on that numbers, find out max, & min number from them, find whether that numbers negative or positive.

Ans:

```

#!/bin/bash

read -p "Enter 1st number :" num1
read -p "Enter 2nd number :" num2

echo "Arithmetic operations ....."
echo "Sum of two number is : $((num1 + num2))"
echo "Multiplication of two number is : $((num1 * num2))"
echo "Subtraction of two number is : $((num1 - num2))"
echo "Division of two number is : $((num1 / num2))"

echo "Min-Max of numbers...\n"

if [ $num1 -eq $num2 ]; then
    echo "Both are equal..."

elif [ $num1 -gt $num2 ]; then
    echo "$num1 is max"
    echo "$num2 is min"

```

```

else
    echo "$num2 is max"
    echo "$num1 is min"

fi

echo "Positivity and negativity of number...\n"

if [ $num1 -gt 0 ]; then
    echo "$num1 is positive"
else
    echo "$num1 is negative"
fi

if [ $num2 -gt 0 ]; then
    echo "$num2 is positive"
else
    echo "$num2 is negative"
fi

```

4. Write a shell script that take one input number from user and print 1 to n number using three

loops (For, while, until). (N = entered number)

Ans:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
read -p "enter number :" num1
echo " Using for loop...."
```

```
for i in $(seq 1 $num1); do
    echo $i;
done
```

```
echo " Using while loop...."
temp=1
while true; do
    if [ $temp -le $num1 ]; then
        echo $temp
    else
        break
    fi
done
```

```

        fi
temp=$((temp + 1))
done

echo " Using until loop..."
a=1
until [ $a -gt $num1 ]
do
    echo $a
    a=$((a + 1))
done

```

5. Write a shell script to display the last updated file of the newest file in a directory.

Ans:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo `ls -pt | grep -v / | head -1`
```

6. Write a shell script to get the total count of the word “Linux” in all the “.txt” files and also across files present in subdirectories.

Ans:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
match=$(grep -ro "a" * | wc -l)
echo "total count: $match"
```

7. Write a shell script that copy all the directories, subdirectories and files from one location to another specific location.

Ans:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
cp * $1
```

8. Display specific number of lines as follow:

1. Display first and last 10 lines of file contains
2. Display line no. 3 to 8 from file contains.

3. Display 7 lines and start from second last line in reverse manner.

Ans:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
if [ -f $1 ]; then
    echo `head $1`
    echo " "
    echo `head -n 8 $1 | tail -5`
    echo " "
    echo `tac $1 | head -n 8 | tail -7`
fi
```

9. Perform following task:

1. Add two new users and two groups
2. Login as one user and then create new file
3. Send created file from one user to another user
4. Login as second user and copy that file from user2 to user1(in same system)

Ans:

10. Ex. 10 Task to find all files from folder where file contains string 'abc'

ANS:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
filecontainstring()
{
    for file in "$1"/*; do
        if [ -f $file ]; then
            temp=`echo "$file" | cut -c 3-`
            if [ $temp == *abc* ]; then
                echo "$file"
            fi
        fi
    done
}
```

```
filecontainstring "."
```