

FIT2004

Assignment 2

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Task 1

def messageFind(filename):

let filecontent be a list of words

read filename to filecontent

let n be length of first string

let m be length of second string

let memo be a list containing m number of list with n zero initialization.

for N **in** range(1,n+1):

for M **in** range(1,m+1):

if filecontent[1][M-1] != filecontent[0][N-1]:

 memo[N][M] = max(memo[N - 1][M], memo[N][M - 1])

else:

 memo[N][M] = 1 + memo[N-1][M-1]

string = ""

while n > 0 **and** m > 0:

if filecontent[1][m-1] is not equal to filecontent[0][n-1] **and**

 memo[n-1][m] > memo[n][m-1]:

 n -= 1

elif filecontent[1][m-1] is equal to filecontent[0][n-1]:

 string += filecontent[0][n - 1]

 n -= 1

 m -= 1

else:

 m -= 1

self.message = ""

for char **in** range(len(string)-1,-1,-1):

 self.message += string[char]

Time complexity: $O(nm)$, occurs when reading first text and seconds text from file. No early termination since every character of n word and every character of m word is needed to read and compare, and backtracking would also took $O(nm)$ for backtracking either n words or m words to obtain optimal solution. Thus, resulting $O(nm)$

Space complexity: $O(nm)$, no matter what length of two string is, ardency matrix (nm size) is created to store optimal solution of two string for each iteration.

where n and m be the size of first text and second text respectively.

Task 2

maxDictLength(dict[])method called to check for length of longest word

def wordBreak (filename):

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read dictionary file to dictionary for list of words named dict[]

#get instance message
currentMessage = self.getMessage()
#get longest words of dictionary and length of instance message
M = self.maxDictLength(dict)
k = len(currentMessage)

possible = [[0 for i in range(k)] for i in range(M)]

for m in range(M):
    k -= m
    for j in range(k):
        if currentMessage[j:j+m+1] in dict:
            possible[m][j] = 1
    k += m
#reinitialise k with length of instance message
k = len(currentMessage)

#create a memo which store number of character that current index i
can iterate for k character
memo = [0 for i in range(k)]
#looping from longest length of dictionary to 0

for m in range(M-1,-1,-1):
    #looping for length of instance message to 0
    for j in range(k):
        if possible[m][j] == 1:
            flag = True
            #looping through m times to check if any value after
            the index i..i+m is allocated already
            for i in range(m+1):
                if m + 1 <= memo[j + i]:
                    flag = False
                    break
            if flag:
                #when all condition is fulfilled, loop through
                j..i+j to allocated the new substrings
                for i in range(m+1):
                    memo[j + i] = m + 1
```

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#use flagging to check if last iteration is a words
isLastAWord = False

#get counter to allocate substring to new instance message
counter = 0

#reset instance message
self.message = ""
while counter < len(memo):
    #when character added is > 0, it indicate it is a string from
    dictionary
    if memo[counter] > 0:
        #flag as current word is word from dictionary
        isLastAWord = True
        # as long as counter is after first substring
        if counter > 0:
            # add extra space
            self.message += " "
        #add the substring of instance message that found to new
        instance message
        for j in range(memo[counter]):
            self.message += currentMessage[counter+j]
        counter += memo[counter]
    else:
        #when last iteration is a word and counter is after first
        substring
        # add a space before adding words
        if isLastAWord and counter > 0:
            isLastAWord = False
            self.message += " "
        #add a character that not in dictionary into instance
        message
        self.message += currentMessage[counter]
        counter += 1

```

Time complexity: $O(k \cdot M \cdot N \cdot M)$, occurs when checking if each combination of substrings in instance string is in dictionary. The time complexity gets worse when all n word in dictionary are having M character, this result each substring of input string of m size in instance message of k size is needed to compare all n words in dictionary with M character.

Space complexity: $O(k \cdot M + N \cdot M)$, occurs when list of dictionaries is read from file which would takes $O(NM)$ and adjacency matrix is created to check if substring in input string is in dictionary which would takes $O(kM)$. Therefore, space complexity would takes $O(kM + NM)$ for adjacency matrix and list of dictionary.

where k is input string, N be the number of words in dictionary and M be the maximal size of the words in dictionary respectively.