

DBT

(Database Technologies)

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Software Development Tools of MySQL

- MySQL database
- SQL
- MySQL-PL
- MySQL Command Line Client
- MySQL Workbench
- MySQL Connectors
- MySQL for Excel
- MySQL Notifier
- MySQL Enterprise Backup
- MySQL Enterprise High Availability
- MySQL Enterprise Encryption

- MySQL Enterprise Monitor
- MySQL Query Analyzer
- etc.

MySQL Datatypes

- Char
- Varchar
- Tinytext
- Text
- Mediumtext
- Longtext
- Binary
- Varbinary
- Tinyblob
- Blob
- Mediumblob

- Longblob
- Enum
- Set

(Int Datatypes could be Signed or Unsigned):-

- Tinyint
- Smallint
- Mediumint
- Int
- Bigint
- Float
- Double
- Decimal

- Bit
- Boolean
- Date
- Time
- Datetime
- Year

Create table, Insert and Select statements

```
create table emp
(
Empno char(4),
Ename varchar(25),
Sal float,
City varchar(15),
Dob date
);
```

```
Insert into emp
Values('1', 'Amit', 5000, 'Mumbai', '1995-05-04');
```

```
Select * from emp;
```

```
Select empno, ename from emp;
```

```
Select * from emp
where sal > 2000;
```

```
Select * from emp
Where sal > 2000 and sal < 3000;
```



```
Select * from emp  
where job = 'MANAGER';
```

```
Select * from emp  
where job = 'MANAGER' or job = 'CLERK';
```

```
select ename, sal*12 from emp;
```

```
select ename, sal*12 "ANNUAL" from emp;
```

```
select distinct job from emp;
```

```
select deptno, job, ename, sal, hiredate from emp  
order by ename;
```

```
select deptno, job, ename, sal, hiredate from emp  
order by ename desc;
```

```
select deptno, job, ename, sal, hiredate from emp  
order by deptno;
```

```
select deptno, job, ename, sal, hiredate from emp  
order by deptno, job;
```

```
select deptno, job, ename, sal, hiredate from emp  
order by deptno desc, job;
```

```
select * from emp  
where ename like 'A%';
```

```
select * from emp  
where ename like '%A';
```

```
select * from emp  
where ename like '%A%';
```

```
select * from emp  
where ename like '__A%';
```

```
select * from emp  
where sal between 2000 and 3000;
```

```
select * from emp  
where city in ('Mumbai' 'Delhi');
```

Some basic commands post logon

Show databases;

Use mysql;

Select user from user;

Use [db_name];

Show tables;

Desc emp;

Functions

Char Functions

Select Concat(fname,lname) from emp;

Select Upper(fname) from emp;

Select Lower(fname) from emp;

Select Lpad(ename,25,' ') from emp;

Select Lpad(ename,25,'*') from emp;

Select Rpad(ename,25,' ') from emp;

Select Rpad(ename,25,'*') from emp;

Select Ltrim(ename) from emp;

Select Rtrim(ename) from emp;

Select Trim(ename) from emp;

Select Substr(ename,3) from emp;

Select Substr(ename,3,2) from emp;

Select Replace(ename,'un','xy') from emp;

Select Instr(ename,'un') from emp;

Select Length(ename) from emp;

Select Ascii(ename) from emp;

Select char(65 using utf8) from dual;

Select * from emp where soundex(ename) =
soundex('Aroon');

Number Functions

Select Round(sal) from emp;

Select Truncate(sal,0) from emp;

Select Ceil(sal) from emp;

Select Floor(sal) from emp;

Select Sign(-15) from dual;

Select Mod(9,5) from dual;

Select Sqrt(81) from dual;

Select Power(10,3) from dual;

Select Abs(-10) from dual;

MySQL Date Functions

Select Sysdate() from dual;

select adddate(sysdate(),2) from dual;

select datediff(sysdate(),hiredate) from emp;

SELECT DATE_ADD(hiredate, INTERVAL 2 MONTH)
from emp;

```
SELECT DATE_ADD(hiredate, INTERVAL 1 year) from  
emp;
```

```
Select last_day(hiredate) from emp;
```

```
select dayname(sysdate()) from dual;
```

```
Select addtime('1997-01-15 10:00:00.00000','1')  
from dual;
```

Environment Functions

```
Select User() from dual;
```

```
Show character set;
```

Sub-queries

```
select ename from emp
  where sal =
    (select min(sal) from emp);
```

```
select * from emp
  where deptno =
    (select deptno from emp
     where ename = 'Thomas');
```

```
select * from emp
  where job =
    (select job from emp
     where ename = 'Kirun');
```


Indexes

- To see which all indexes are created for specific table:-

show indexes from emp;

- To see all indexes on all tables in the database:-

use information_schema;
Select * from statistics;

- To drop the index:-

Drop index indexname on emp;

Alter table

Rename table emp to employees;

alter table emp add panno char(10);

alter table emp drop column panno;

alter table emp modify ename varchar(30);

Alter table emp modify ename varchar(20);

Alter table emp modify empno char(4);

Insert into emp select * from emp2;

Create table emp_copy

As

Select * from emp;

Constraints

Primary key constraint

```
select * from  
information_schema.table_constraints;
```

```
Select * from  
information_schema.key_column_usage where  
table_name = 'EMP';
```

Not null constraint:-

- To see not null columns:-

```
Desc emp;
```

```
Alter table emp modify ename varchar(25) null;
```

Unique constraint

```
Show indexes from emp;
```

- Unique constraint is also an index so to drop it use:-

drop index deptno on emp;

drop index mob_no on emp;

Foreign key constraint

Alter table emp drop foreign key fk_emp_deptno;

- Can specify on delete cascade and on update cascade

- To disable the foreign key constraint:-

For current connection:-

set foreign_key_checks = 0;

set foreign_key_checks = 1;

For all connections:-

set global foreign_key_checks = 0;

set global foreign_key_checks = 1;

MySQL-PL

Stored Procedures

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
insert into temp values(1, 'Hello');  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

- To call the stored procedure:-

```
call abc();
```

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
declare x int;  
set x = 10;  
insert into temp values(x, 'Hello');  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
declare x int(4) default 10;  
insert into tempp values(x, 'Hello');  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
declare x char(15) default 'CDAC';  
insert into tempp values(1, x);  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
declare x char(15) default 'KING';  
declare y float(7,2) default 3000;  
declare z float(2,1) default 0.4;  
declare hra float(7,2);  
set hra = y*z;  
insert into tempp values(y,x);  
insert into tempp values(hra,'HRA');  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
declare x int(4);  
select sal into x from emp where ename = 'KING';  
insert into tempp values(x, 'KING');  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
declare x int(4);  
declare y char(15);  
select sal, job into x, y from emp where ename =  
'KING';  
insert into tempp values(x, y);  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

- To see which all procedures are created:-

show procedure status; <- shows all procedures in all schemas

show procedure status where name like 'A%';

- To view the source code of stored procedure:-

show create procedure abc;

Remarks

- -- for Single Line comment
- /* ... */ for Multi-Line comment

If statement

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
declare x int(4);  
select sal into x from emp where ename = 'KING';  
if x > 4000 then  
insert into tempp values(x, 'High sal');  
end if;  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
declare x int(4);  
select sal into x from emp where ename = 'KING';  
if x > 5000 then  
insert into tempp values(x, 'High sal');  
Else  
insert into tempp values(x, 'Low sal');  
end if;  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

```
delimiter //
create procedure abc()
Begin
declare x int(4);
select sal into x from emp where ename = 'KING';
if x > 4000 then
insert into tempp values(x, 'High sal');
else
if x < 5000 then
insert into tempp values(x, 'Low sal');
else
insert into tempp values(x, 'Medium sal');
end if;
end if;
end //
delimiter ;
```

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
declare x int(4);  
select sal into x from emp where ename = 'KING';  
if x > 5000 then  
insert into tempp values(x, 'High sal');  
elseif x < 5000 then  
insert into tempp values(x, 'Low sal');  
else  
insert into tempp values(x, 'Medium sal');  
end if;  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

Case statement

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
declare x int(4);  
select sal into x from emp where ename = 'KING';  
case  
when x > 5000 then  
    insert into tempp values(x, 'High sal');  
when x < 5000 then  
    insert into tempp values(x, 'Low sal');  
else  
    insert into tempp values(x, 'Medium sal');  
end case;  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

Loops

While loop

```
WHILE expression DO  
    .....;  
    .....;  
END WHILE;
```

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
declare x int default 1;  
while x < 10 do  
    insert into tempp values(x, 'in while loop');  
    set x = x + 1;  
end while;  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

```
delimiter //  
create procedure abc()  
Begin  
declare x int default 1;  
declare y int default 1;  
while x < 10 do  
    while y < 10 do  
        insert into tempp values(y, 'in y loop');  
        set y = y + 1;  
    end while;  
    insert into tempp values(x, 'in x loop');  
    set x = x + 1;  
end while;  
end //  
delimiter ;
```

Repeat loop (similar to Do While loop)

REPEAT

.....;

.....;

UNTIL expression

END REPEAT;

Repeat loop

delimiter //

create procedure abc()

Begin

declare x int default 1;

repeat

 insert into tempp values(x, 'in loop');

 set x = x + 1;

 until x > 5

end repeat;

end //

delimiter ;

Stored Functions

```
delimiter //  
create function abc()  
returns int  
Deterministic  
Begin  
return 10;  
end;  
//
```

- To see which all functions are created:-

show function status; <- shows all functions in all schemas

show function status where name like 'A%';

- To view the source code of stored function:-

show create function abc;