

# PL\*SQL

## Exercise 9

Create the following 3 tables and insert sample data as shown:-

### Ord\_mst

<u>Ord_no</u>	<u>Cust_cd</u>	<u>Status</u>
1	C1	P

### Ord\_dtl

<u>Ord_no</u>	<u>Prod_cd</u>	<u>Qty</u>
1	P1	100
1	P2	200

### Prod\_mst

<u>Prod_cd</u>	<u>Prod_name</u>	<u>Qty in stock</u>	<u>Booked_qty</u>
P1	Floppies	10000	1000
P2	Printers	5000	600
P3	Modems	3000	200

1. Write a Before Insert trigger on Ord\_dtl. Anytime a row is inserted in Ord\_dtl, the Booked\_qty in Prod\_mst should be increased accordingly.
2. Write a Before Delete trigger on Ord\_dtl. Anytime a row is deleted from Ord\_dtl, the Booked\_qty in Prod\_mst should be decreased accordingly.
3. Write a Before Update of Prod\_cd, Qty trigger on Ord\_dtl. Anytime the Prod\_cd or Qty is updated, the Booked\_qty in Prod\_mst should be increased/decreased accordingly.
4. Write a Before Update of Status trigger on Ord\_mst. If the Status is updated from P (Pending) to D (Delivered), the Booked\_qty and Qty\_in\_stock from Prod\_mst should be decreased accordingly. If the Status is updated from P (Pending) to C (Cancelled), the details of the order should be deleted from Ord\_dtl and corresponding Booked\_qty from Prod\_mst should be decreased accordingly. (The Before delete trigger on Ord\_dtl would automatically decrease the Booked\_qty from Prod\_mst).