

This project demonstrates the design and implementation of a complete Active Directory infrastructure in a simulated enterprise environment. It includes the deployment of domain controllers, organizational unit (OU) and user management, Group Policy configuration, file server setup, network drive mapping, and PowerShell automation. Additionally, it covers common troubleshooting scenarios to validate practical, real-world IT support skills.



Installing AD DS Role

The process starts with adding the Active Directory Domain Services role using Server Manager to prepare the server.

Promoting to Domain Controller

After installation, promote the server to a Domain Controller by creating a new forest and specifying the root domain name.

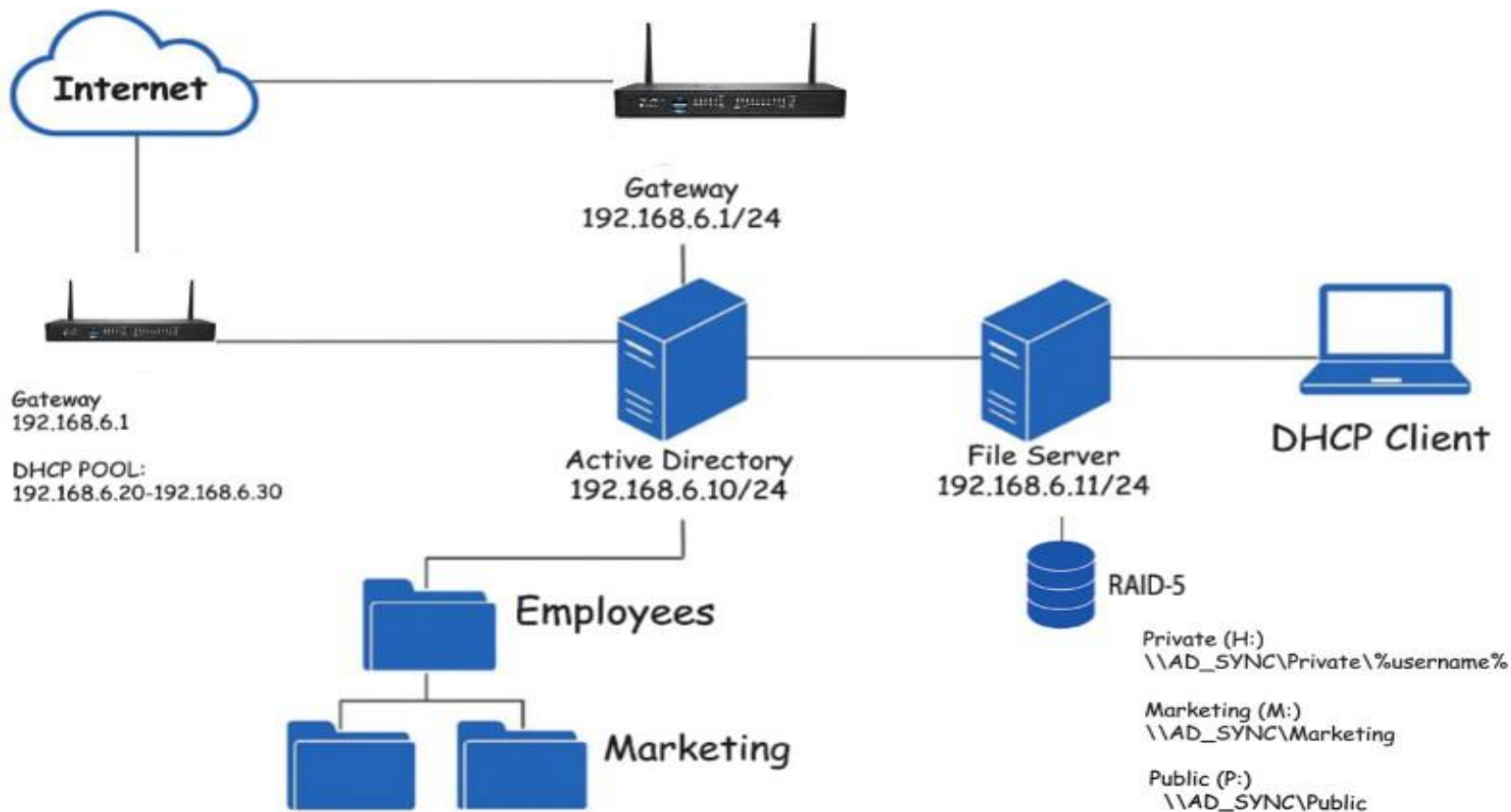
Configuring DNS and IP Settings

Enable DNS and Global Catalog services and set a static IP for stable connectivity and reliable name resolution.

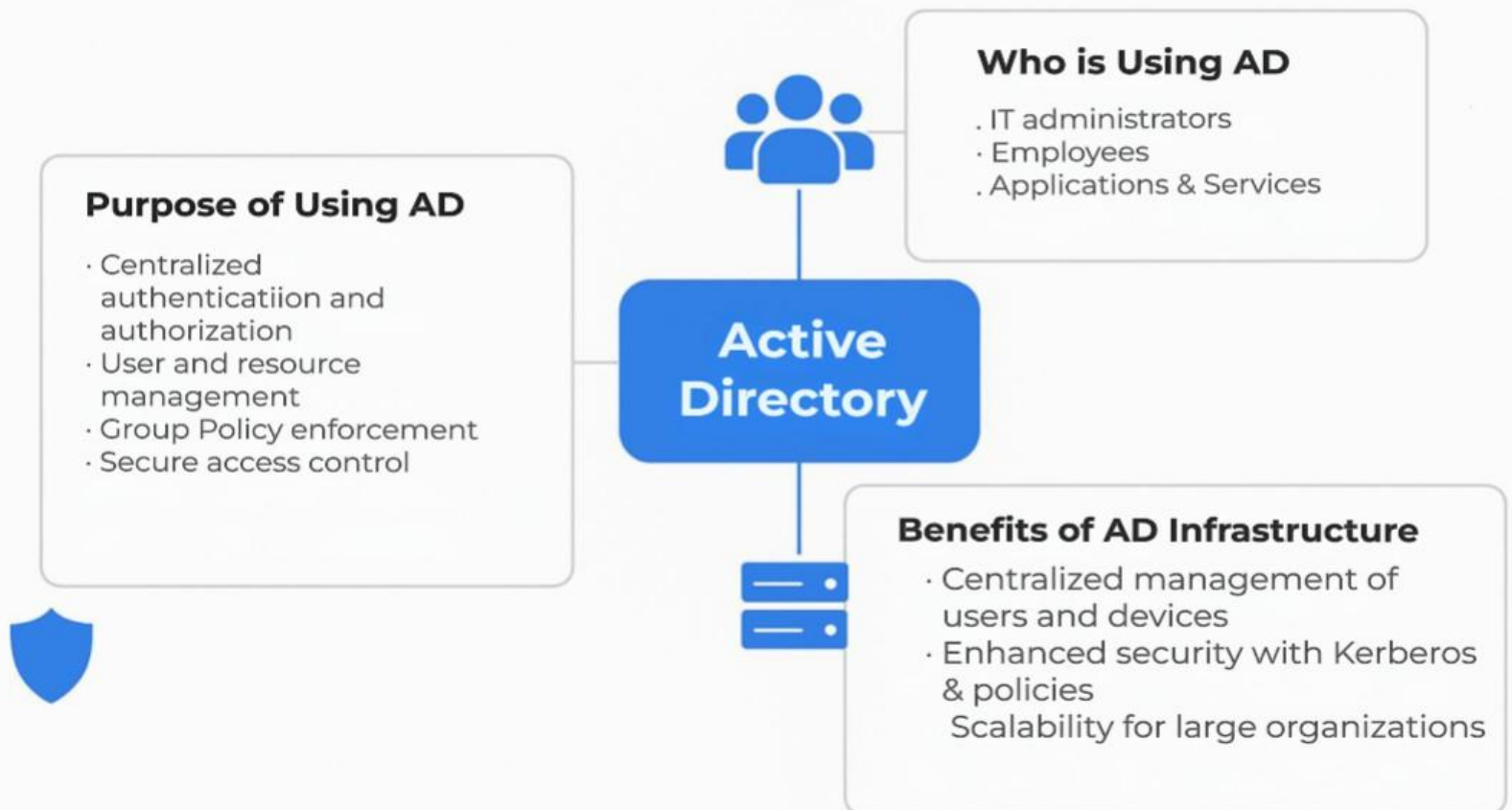
Setting Functional Levels and Recovery

Configure domain and forest functional levels to support modern features and set a DSRM password for recovery.

Active Directory Infrastructure Deployment and Management



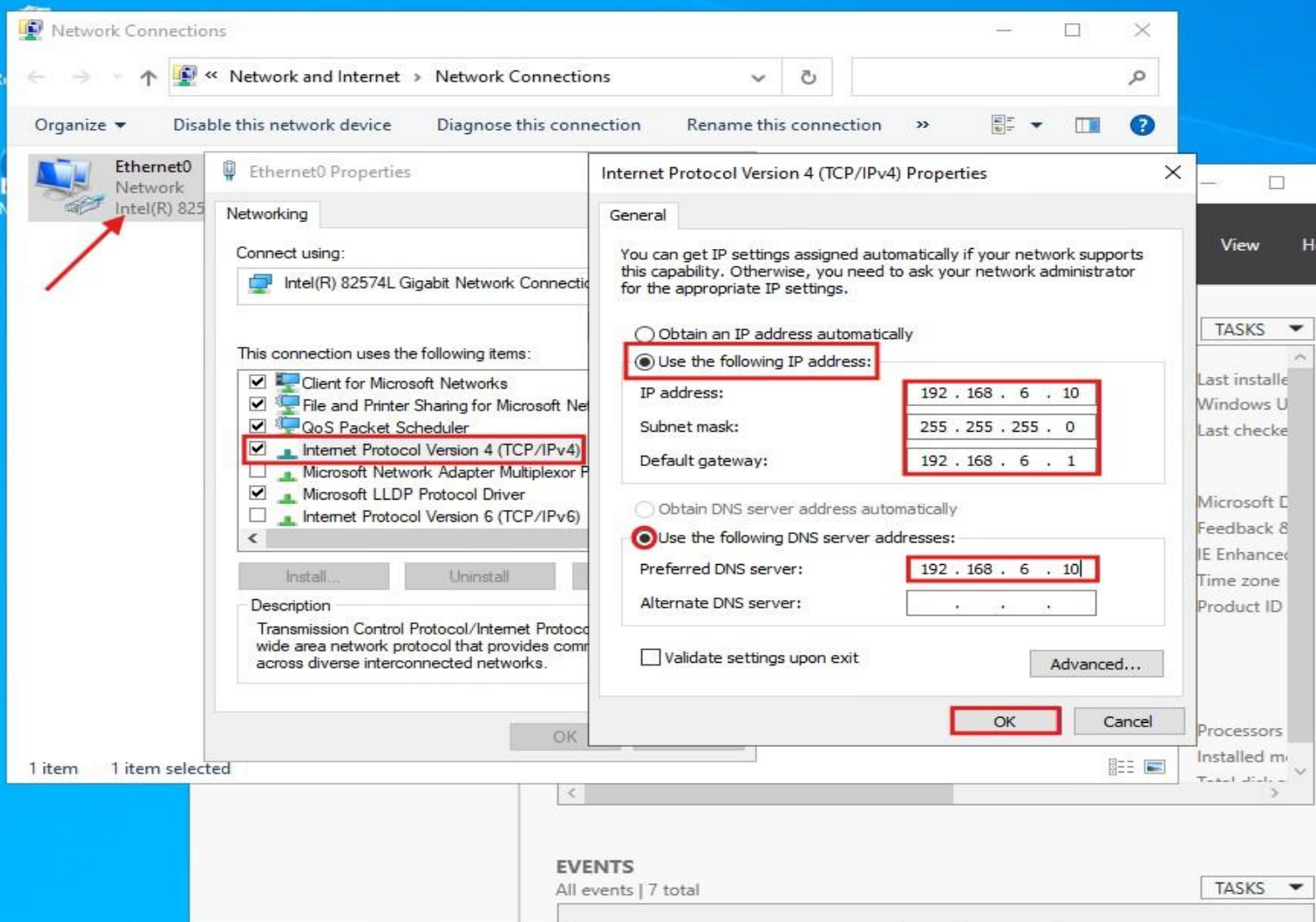
Active Directory Overview





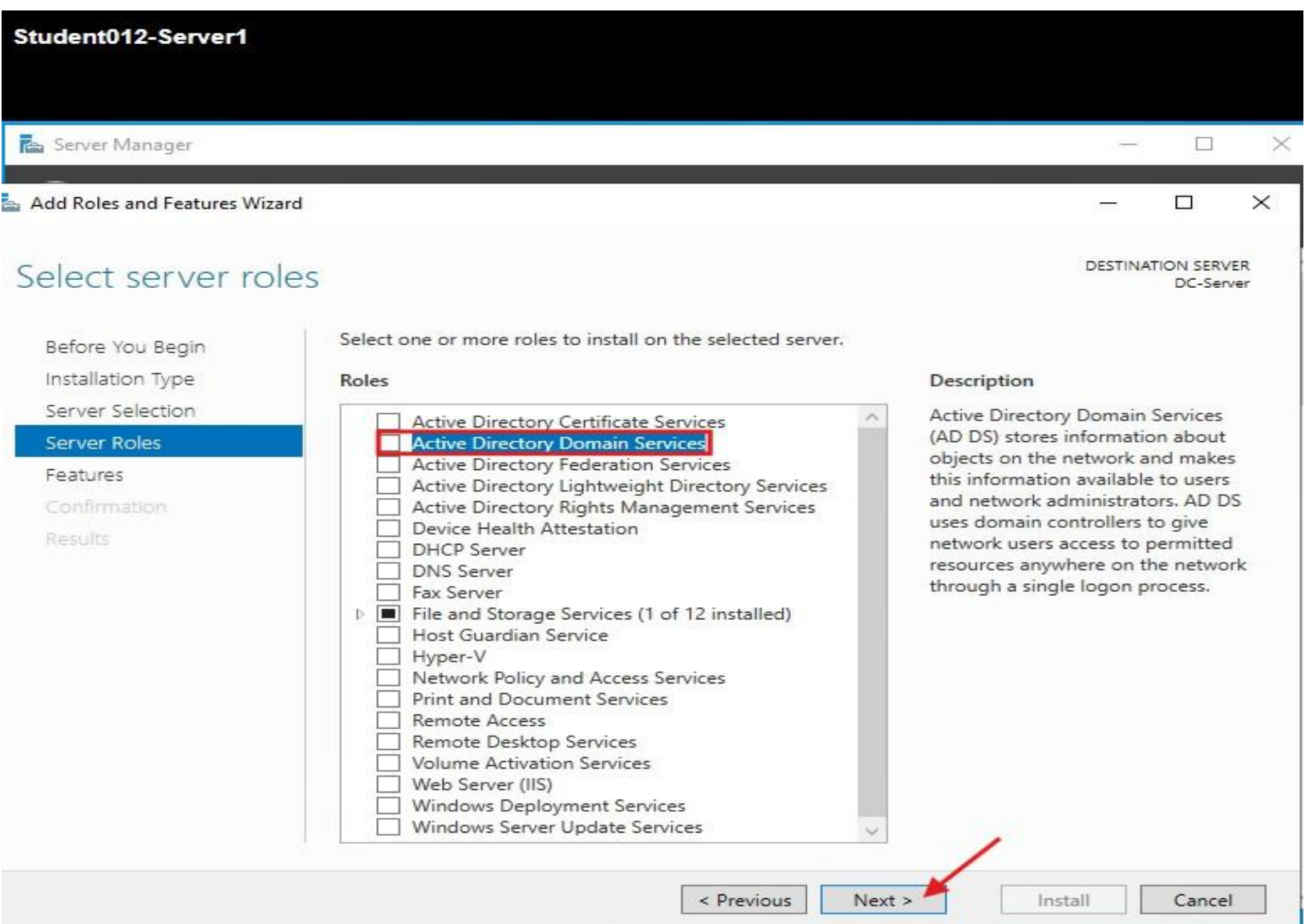
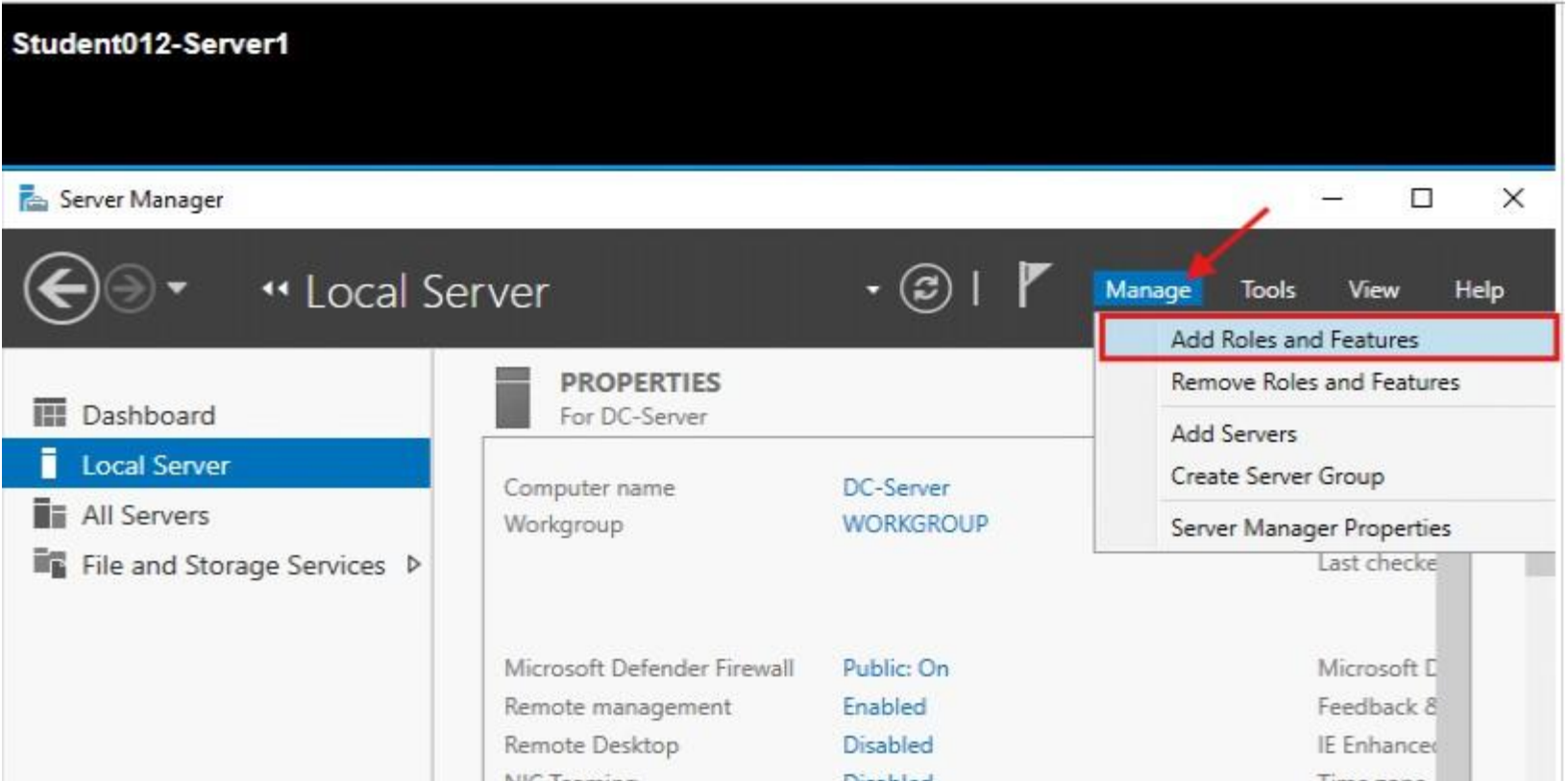
- ❖ A static IP address is a fixed, manually assigned IP address that does not change over time. Unlike a dynamic IP (which is automatically assigned by DHCP and can change), a static IP ensures the device always uses the same address on the network. This is important for servers, printers, and network devices because it provides consistent connectivity, easier management, and reliable DNS resolution. For example, setting your server to 192.168.6.10/24 guarantees that Active Directory and other services can always locate it using that address.

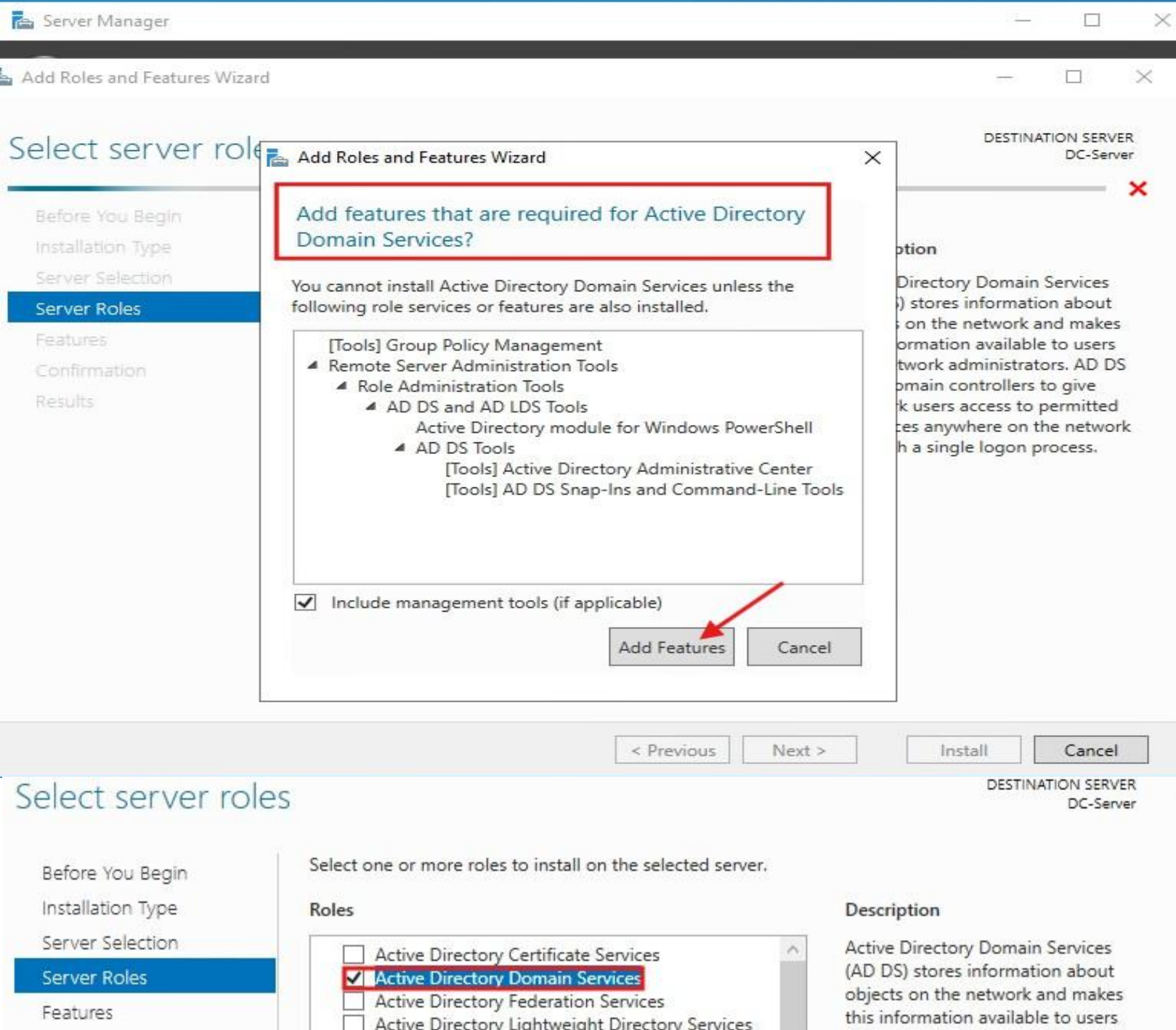
Student012-Server1



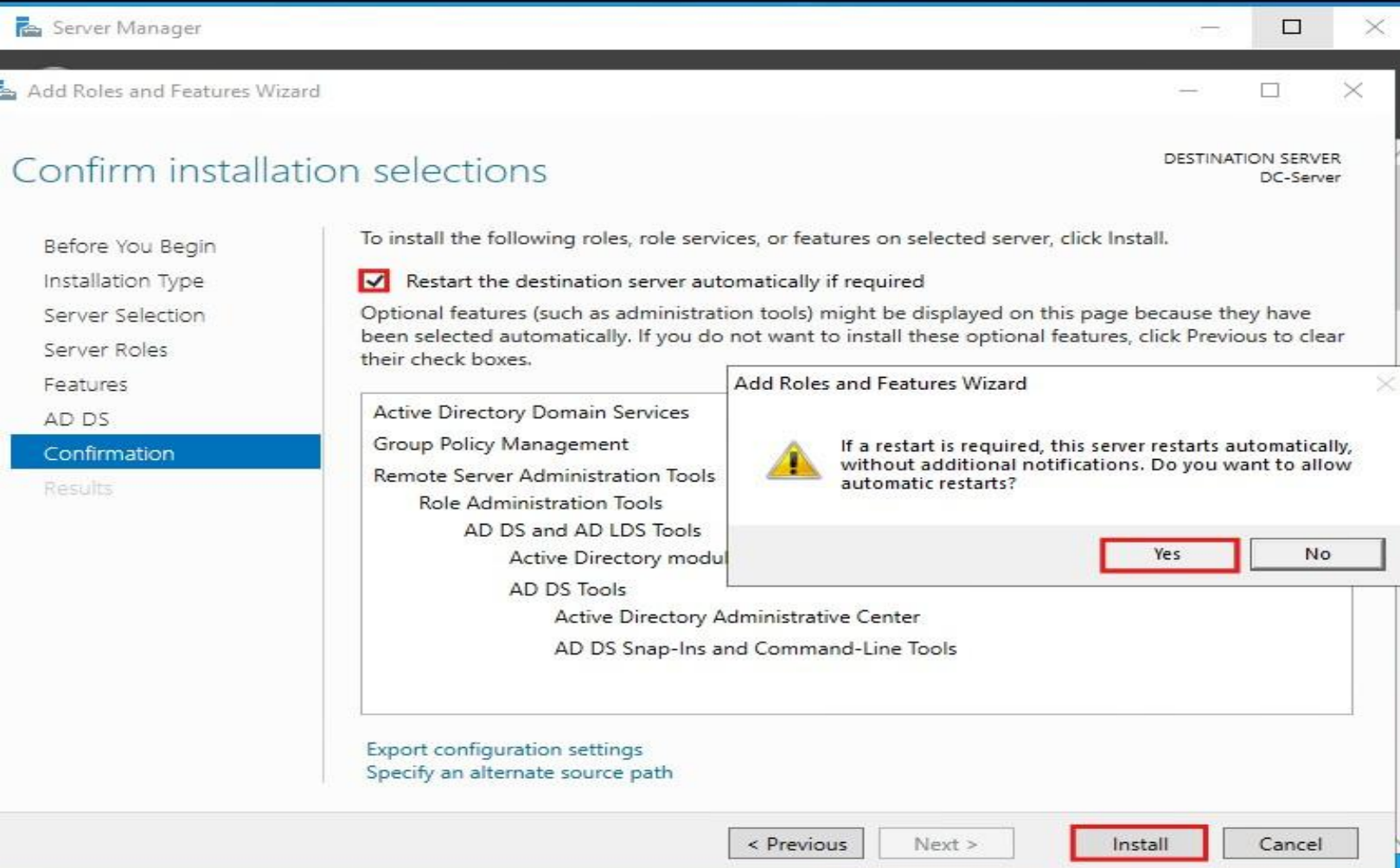
❖ Install Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS)

Open Server Manager → Click Add Roles and Features.
Select Active Directory Domain Services role.
Complete the installation and restart the server.

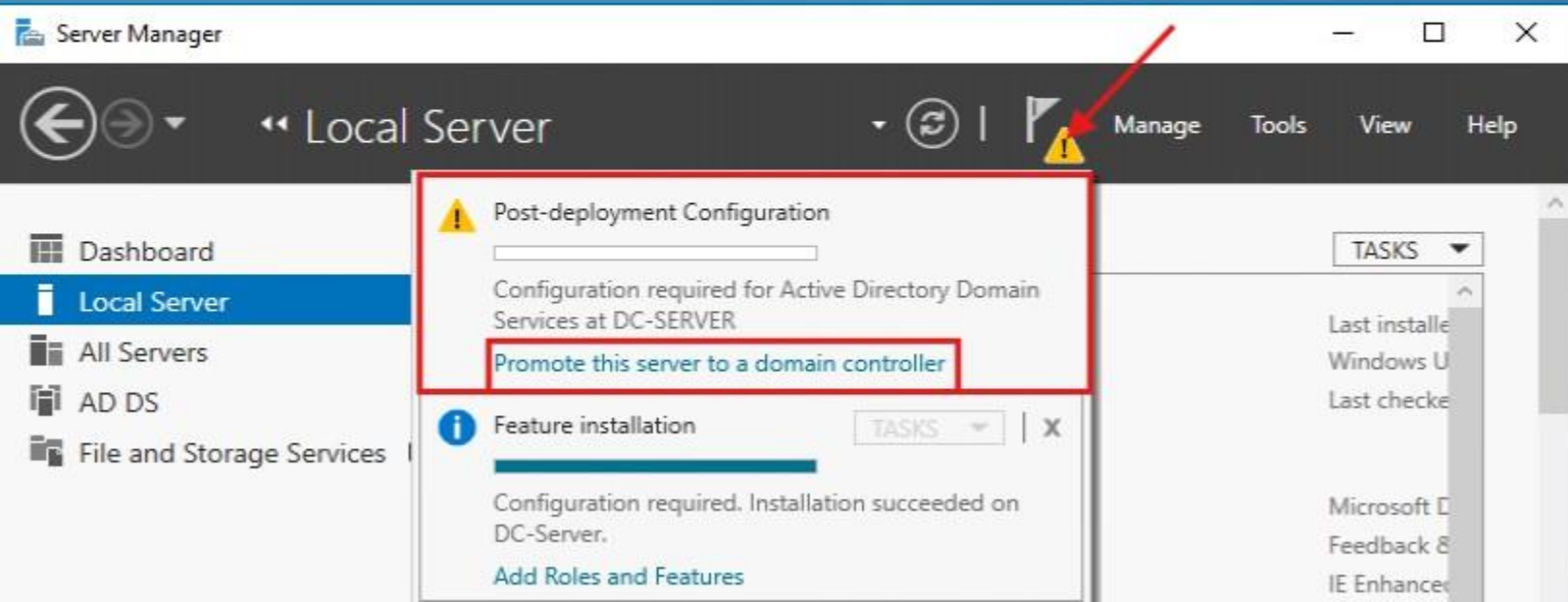




- ❖ Final confirmation in the **Add Roles and Features Wizard**, where you allow the server to **install Active Directory Domain Services** and **restart automatically** if required by clicking **Install** and then **Yes** for automatic restart.



- ❖ After installing AD DS, you need to click “Promote this server to a domain controller” to complete the configuration.



- ❖ Setting up a new Active Directory environment by choosing “Add a new forest”, which means you are creating a completely new domain structure. In the Root domain name field, you entered laborhub.store, which will be the main domain for your network. After entering this, you click Next to proceed with configuring domain controller options.

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Server Manager

Local Server

Active Directory Domain Services Configuration Wizard

Deployment Configuration

Deployment Configuration

Domain Controller Options

Additional Options

Paths

Review Options

Prerequisites Check

Installation

Results

Select the deployment operation

☐ Add a domain controller to an existing domain

☐ Add a new domain to an existing forest

☒ Add a new forest

Specify the domain information for this operation

Root domain name: laborhub.store

[More about deployment configurations](#)

< Previous

Next >

Install

Cancel

- ❖ Set the forest and domain functional level, enable DNS and Global Catalog, and create a **DSRM password** for recovery before clicking **Next**.

Student012-Server1

Server Manager

Local Server

Active Directory Domain Services Configuration Wizard

Domain Controller Options

TARGET SERVER
DC-Server

Deployment Configuration

Domain Controller Options

DNS Options

Additional Options

Paths

Review Options

Prerequisites Check

Installation

Results

Select functional level of the new forest and root domain

Forest functional level: Windows Server 2016

Domain functional level: Windows Server 2016

Specify domain controller capabilities

☒ Domain Name System (DNS) server

☒ Global Catalog (GC)

☐ Read only domain controller (RODC)

Type the Directory Services Restore Mode (DSRM) password

Password:

Confirm password:

[More about domain controller options](#)

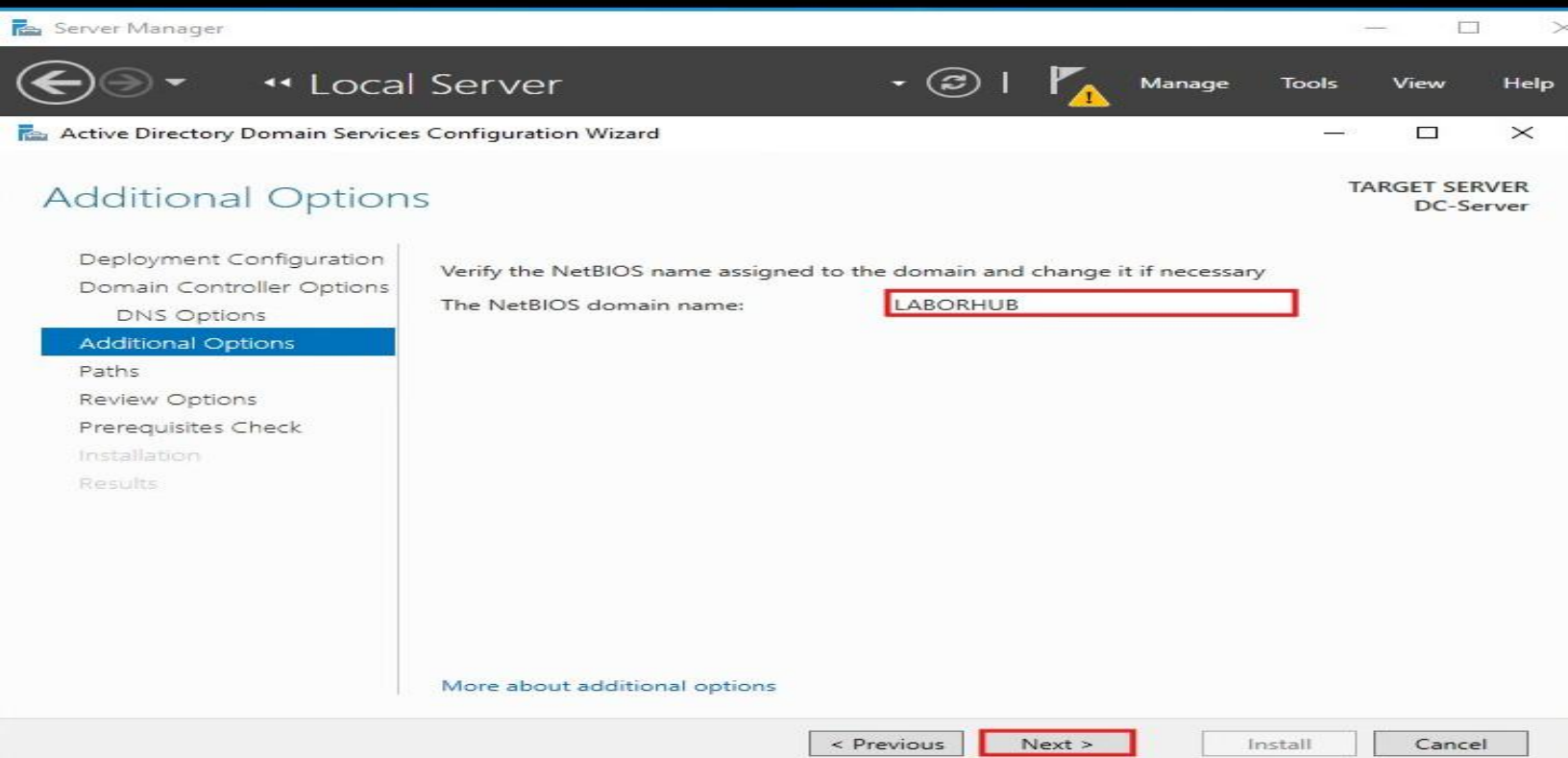
< Previous

Next >

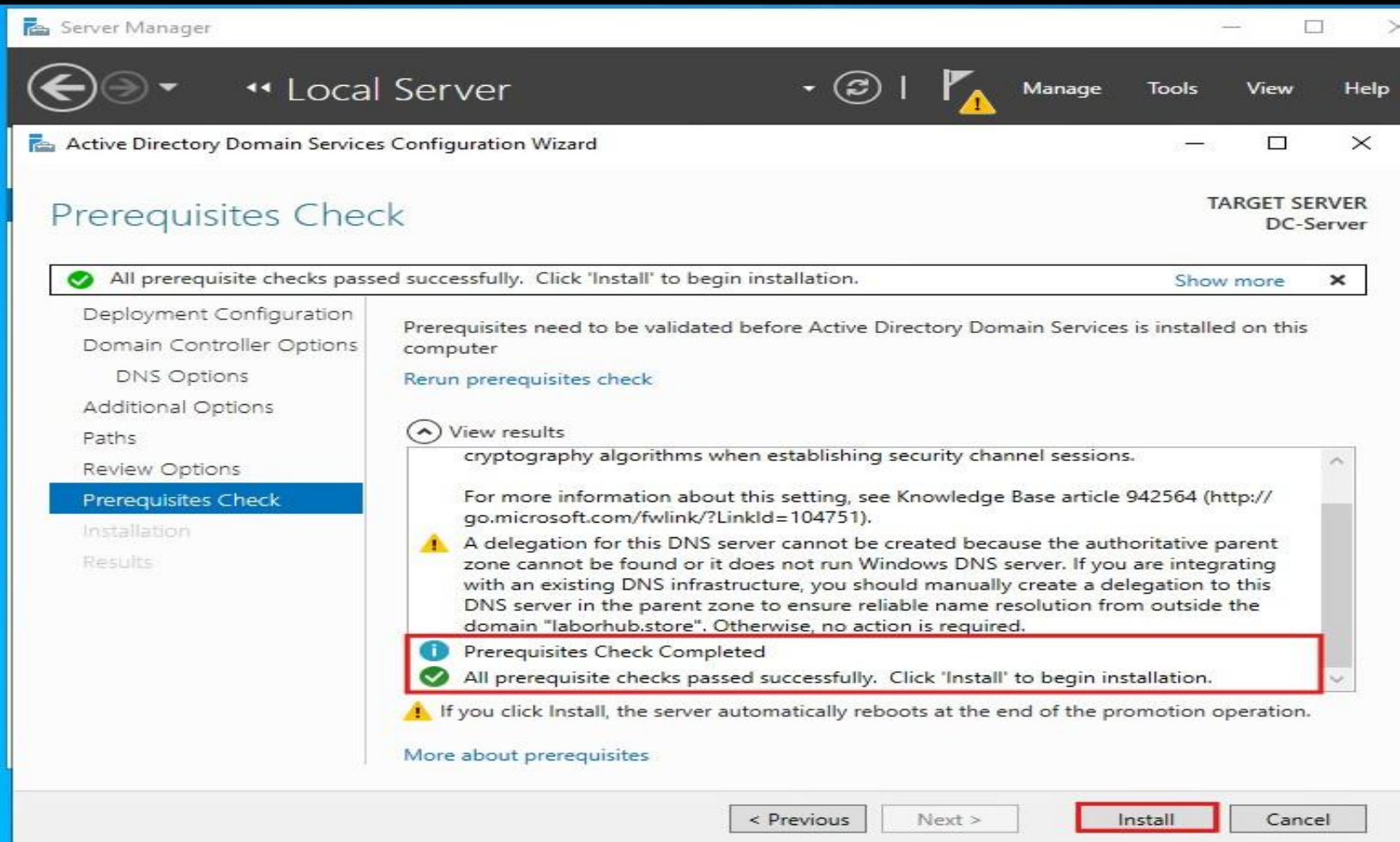
Install

Cancel

- ❖ Verify or change the **NetBIOS domain name** (LABORHUB) before clicking Next to continue the domain controller setup.

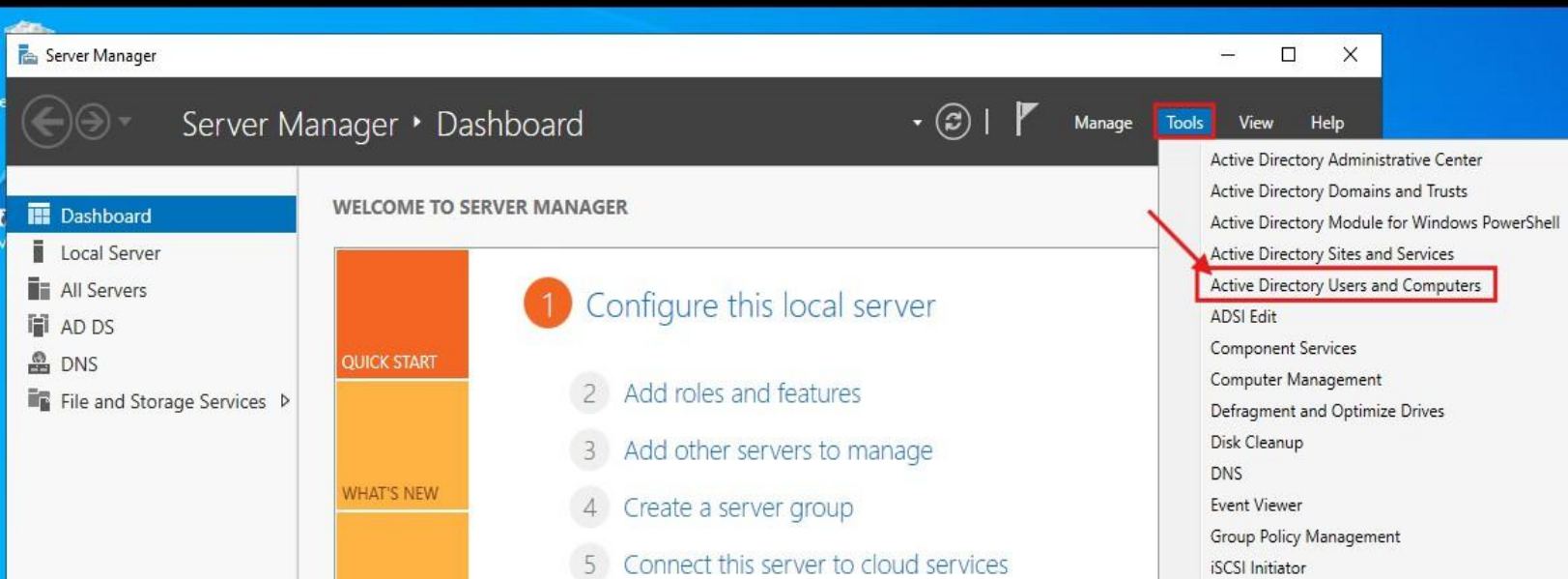


- ❖ All prerequisite checks have passed successfully, so you can click **Install** to begin installing and configuring the Domain Controller.



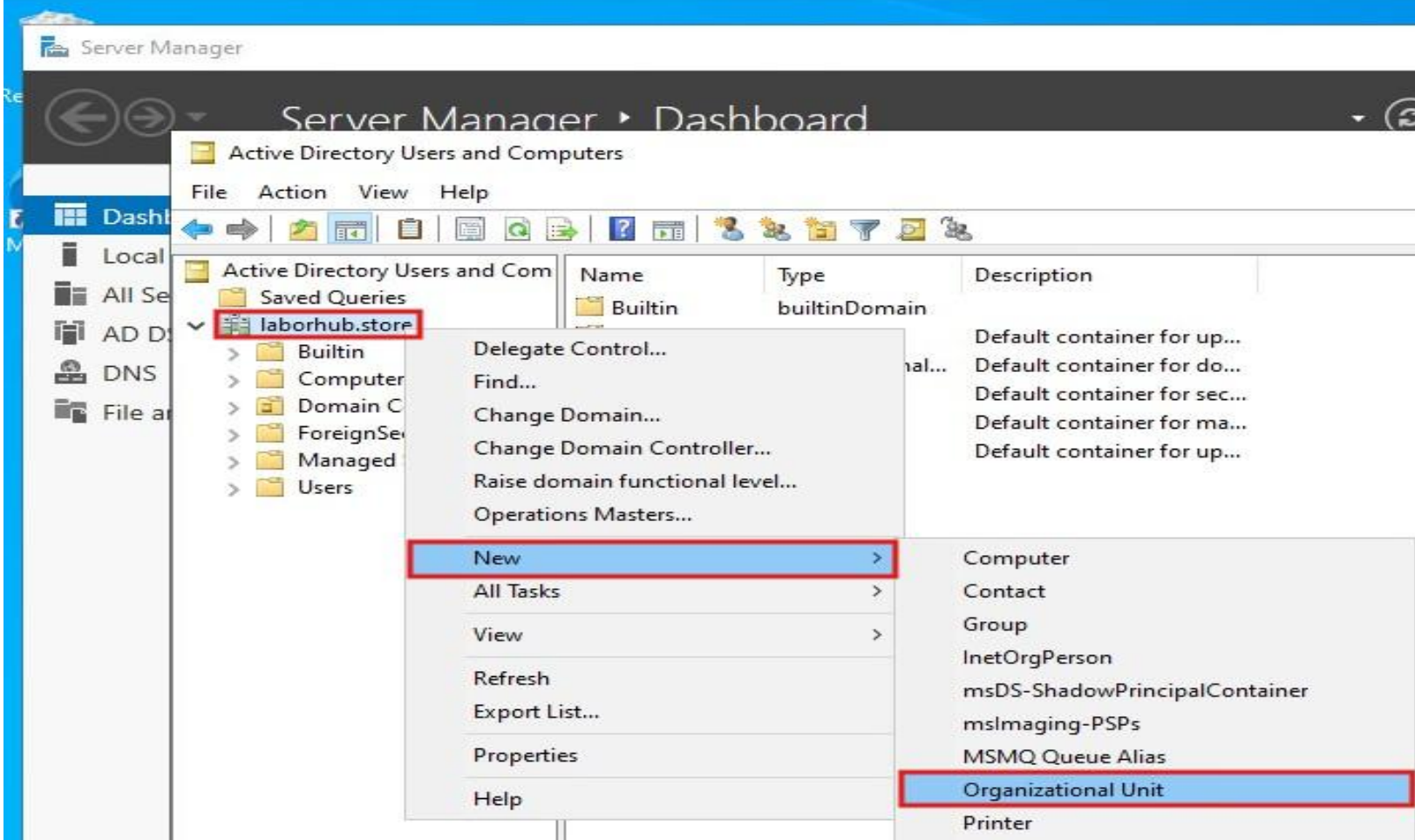
- ❖ Go to **Server Manager** → **Tools** → **Active Directory Users and Computers** to start

Student012-Server1

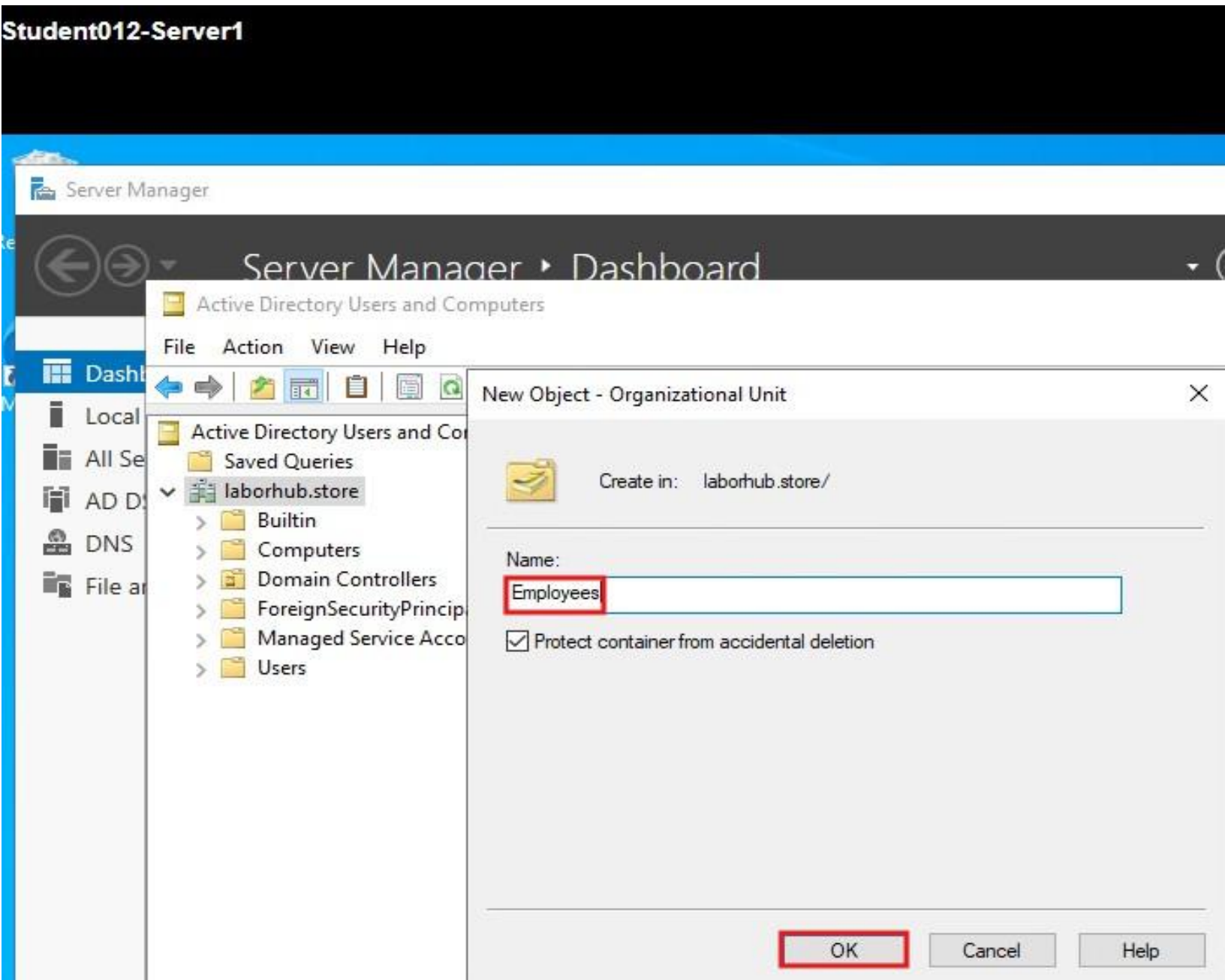


- ❖ Right-click your domain (**laborhub.store**) in **Active Directory Users and Computers**, select **New** → **Organizational Unit** to create a parent OU for organizing users and groups.

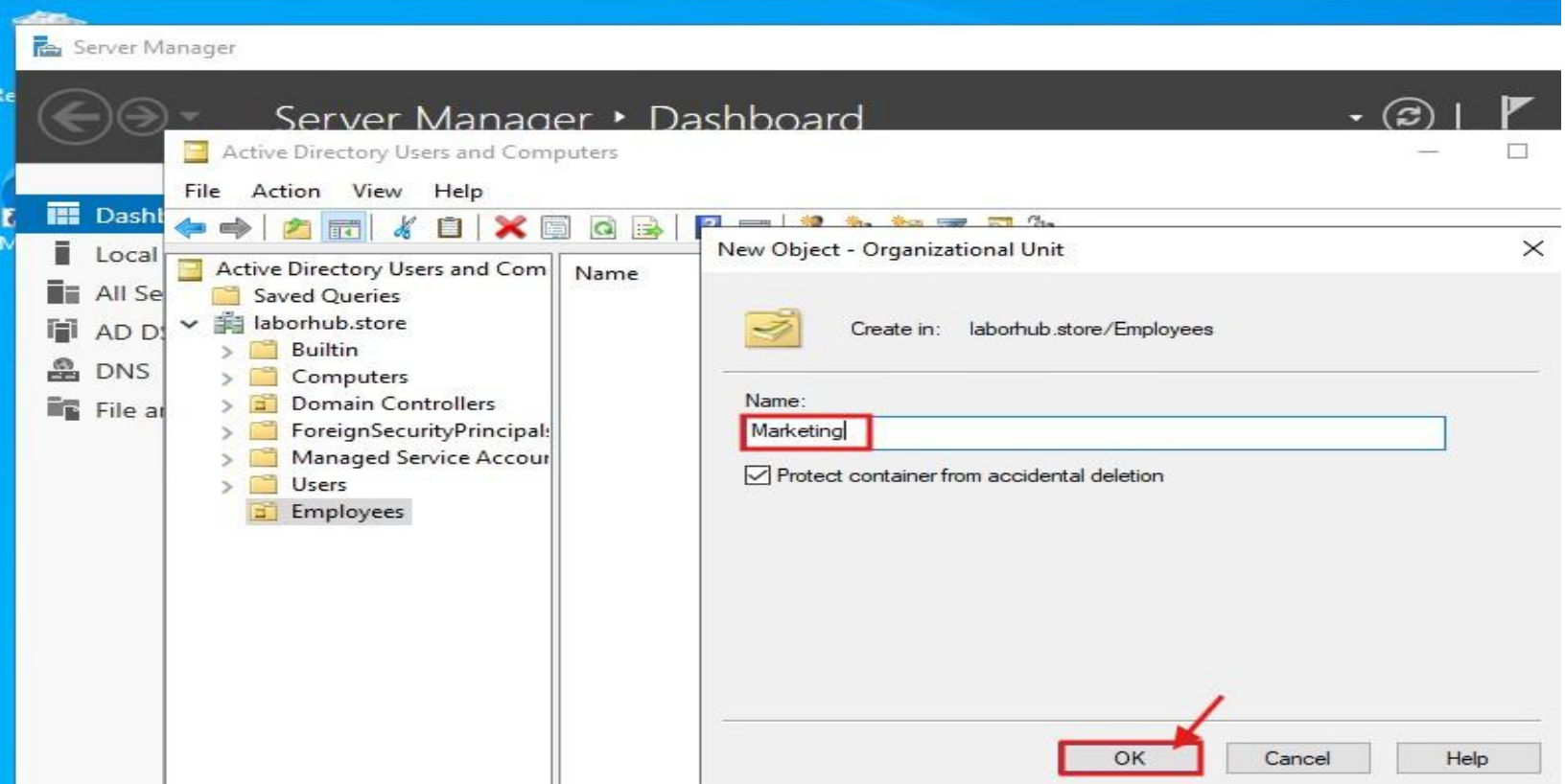
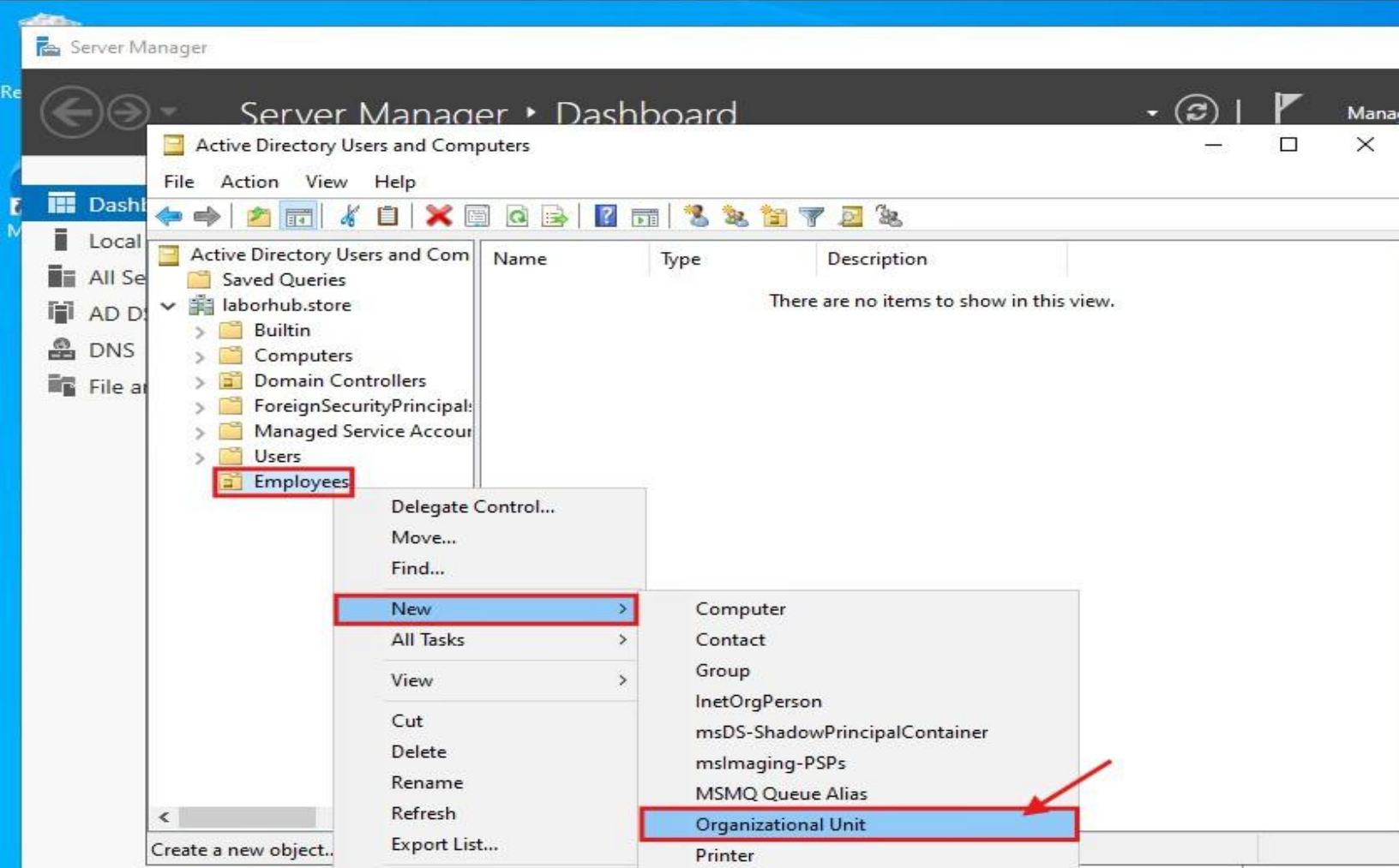
Student012-Server1



- ❖ Creating a parent OU named **Employees** under the domain **laborhub.store**. The check box “**Protect container from accidental deletion**” is enabled to prevent accidental removal. After entering the name, you click **OK** to finalize the OU creation.

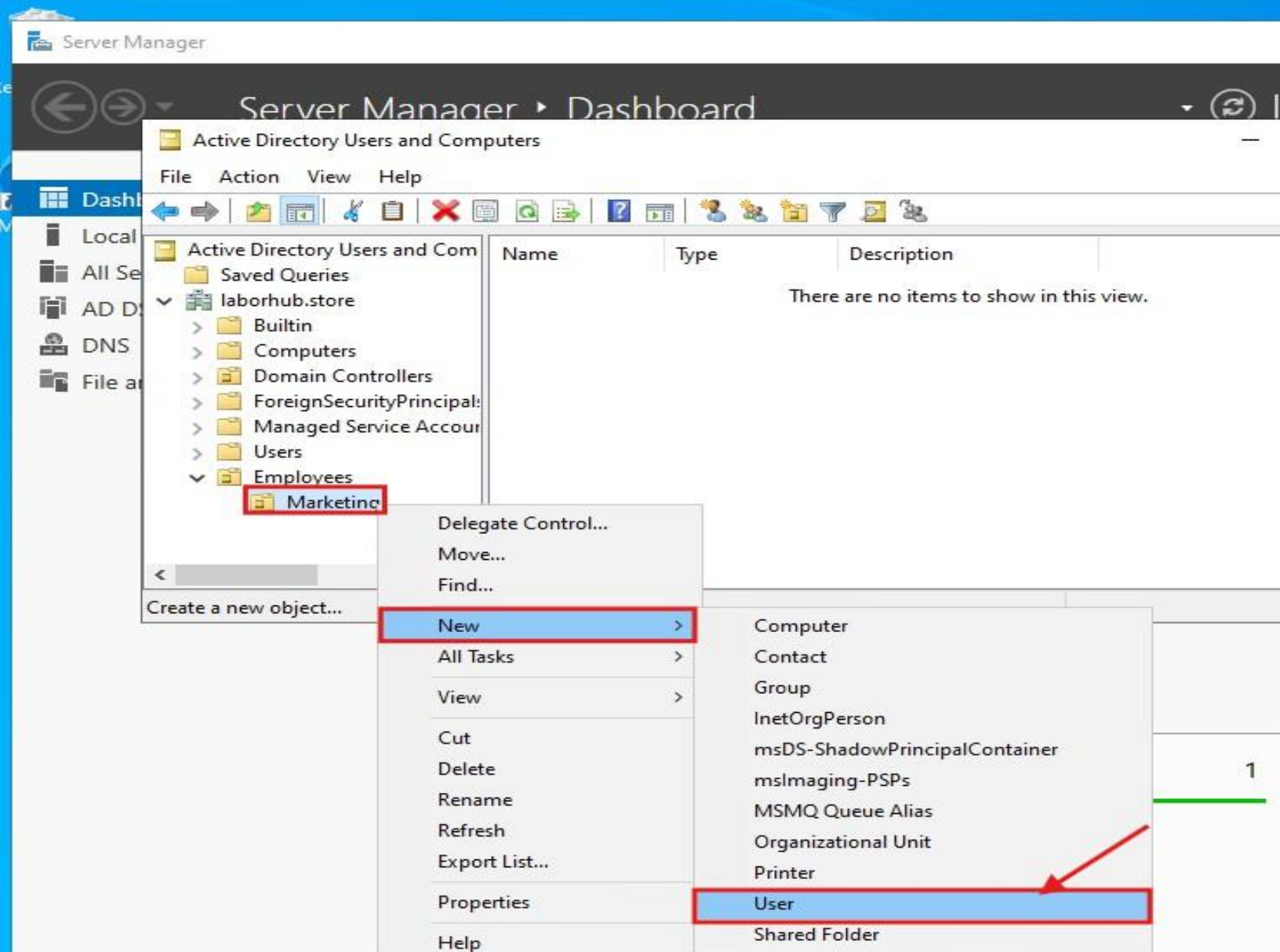


- ❖ You right-click on the **Employees** OU, select **New → Organizational Unit**, and then you will enter the name for the child OU (for example, “Marketing”). This helps organize users by department under the main Employees OU.



- ❖ You right-click on the **Marketing OU**, select **New → User**, which opens a dialog where you can enter the user's details (First Name, Last Name, Username, etc.). This is how you add individual user accounts under a specific department OU.

Student012-Server1



Server Manager

Server Manager Dashboard

Active Directory Users and Computers

File Action View Help

Active Directory Users and Com

laborhub.store

Marketing

Name	Type
------	------

New Object - User

Create in: laborhub.store/Employees/Marketing

First name: Emily

Last name: Johnson

Full name: Emily Johnson

User login name: emily.johnson

@laborhub.store

User login name (pre-Windows 2000): LABORHUB\emily.johnson

Next >

Active Directory Users and Computers

File Action View Help

Active Directory Users and Com

laborhub.store

Marketing

Name	Type
------	------

New Object - User

Create in: laborhub.store/Employees/Marketing

Password:

Confirm password:

☒ User must change password at next logon

☐ User cannot change password

☐ Password never expires

☐ Account is disabled

Next >

New Object - User

Create in: laborhub.store/Employees/Marketing

When you click Finish, the following object will be created:

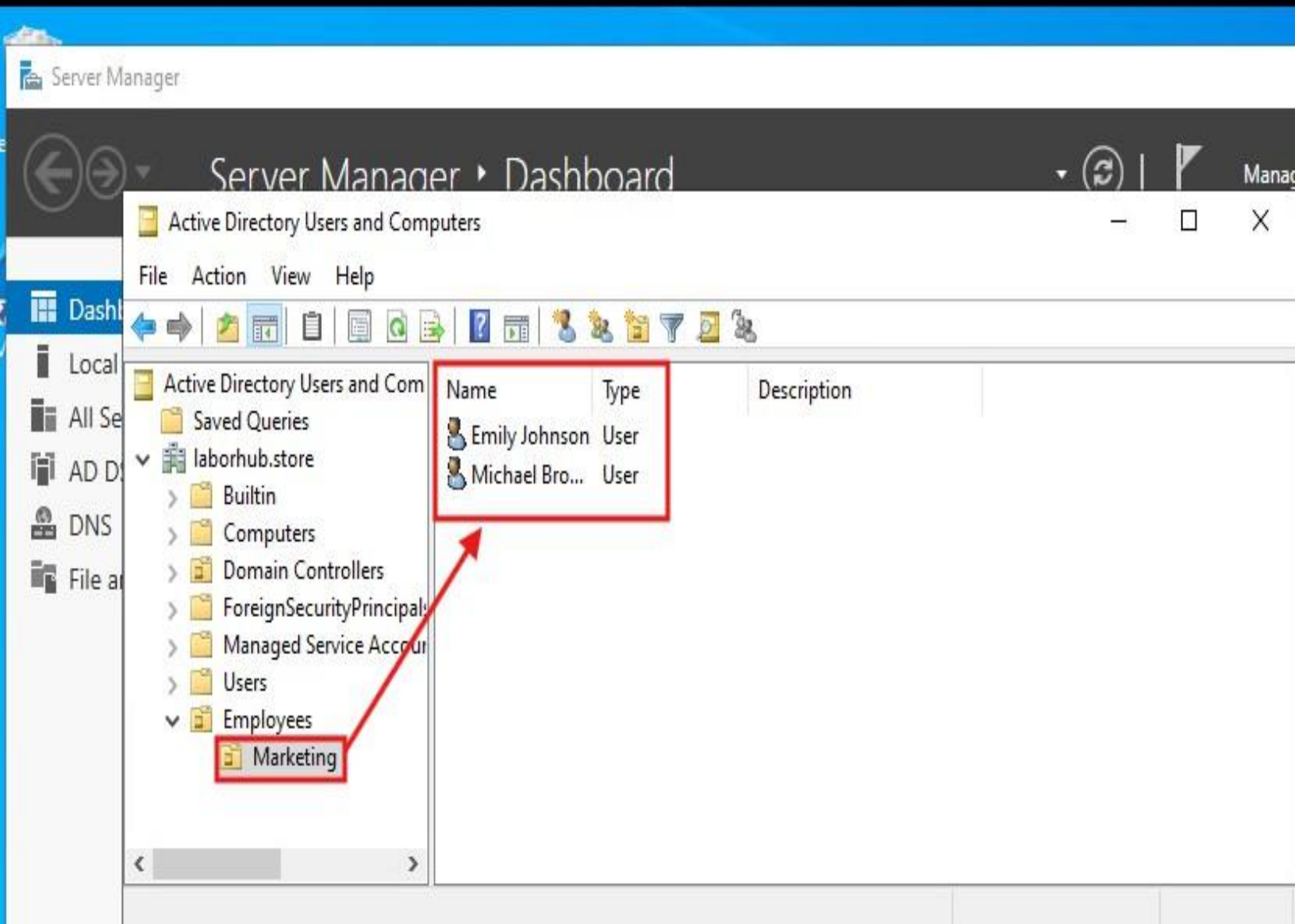
Full name: Emily Johnson

User login name: emily.johnson@laborhub.store

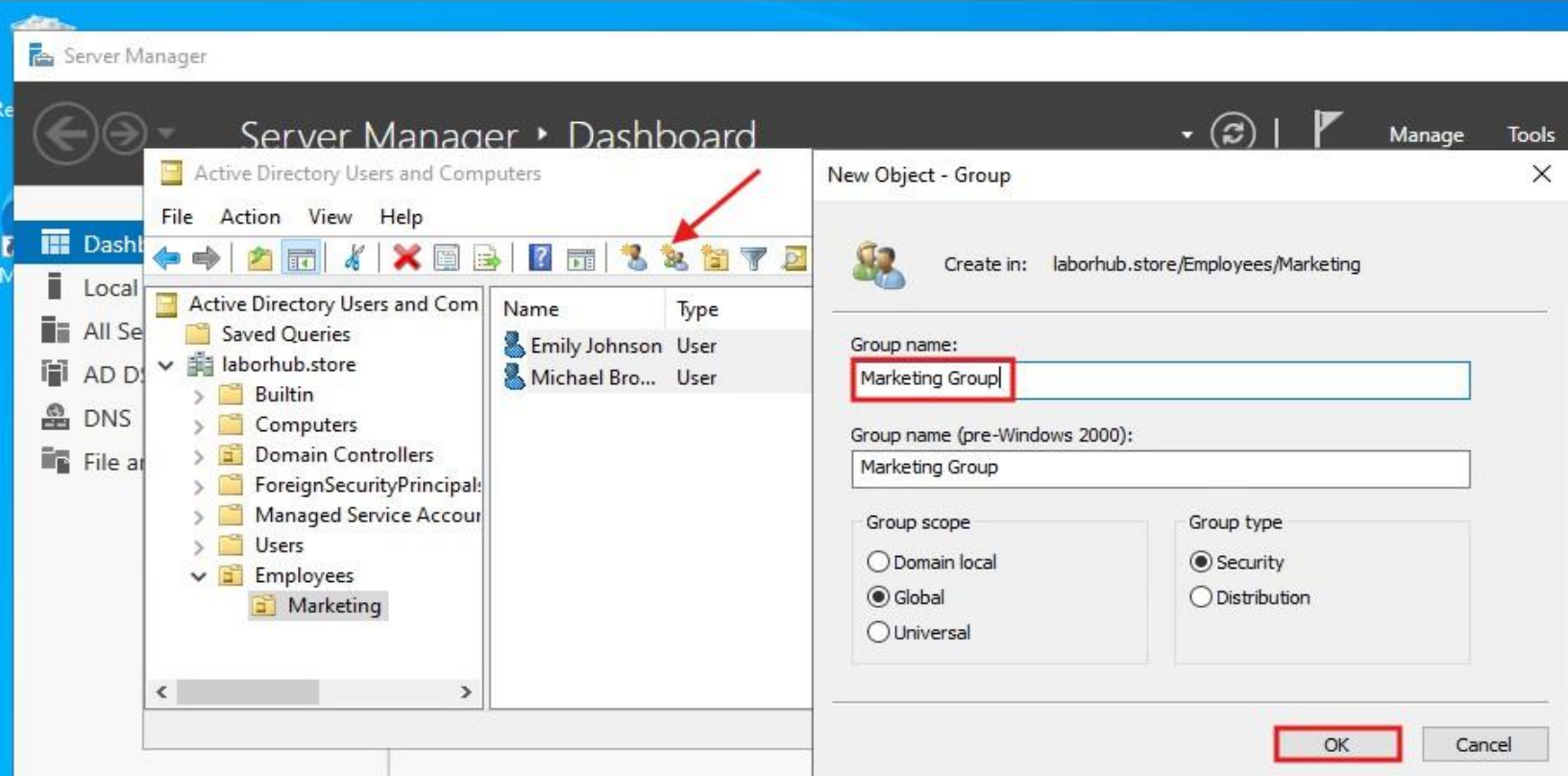
Finish

- ❖ Emily Johnson and Michael Brown user accounts are now added inside the Marketing OU under the domain laborhub.store.

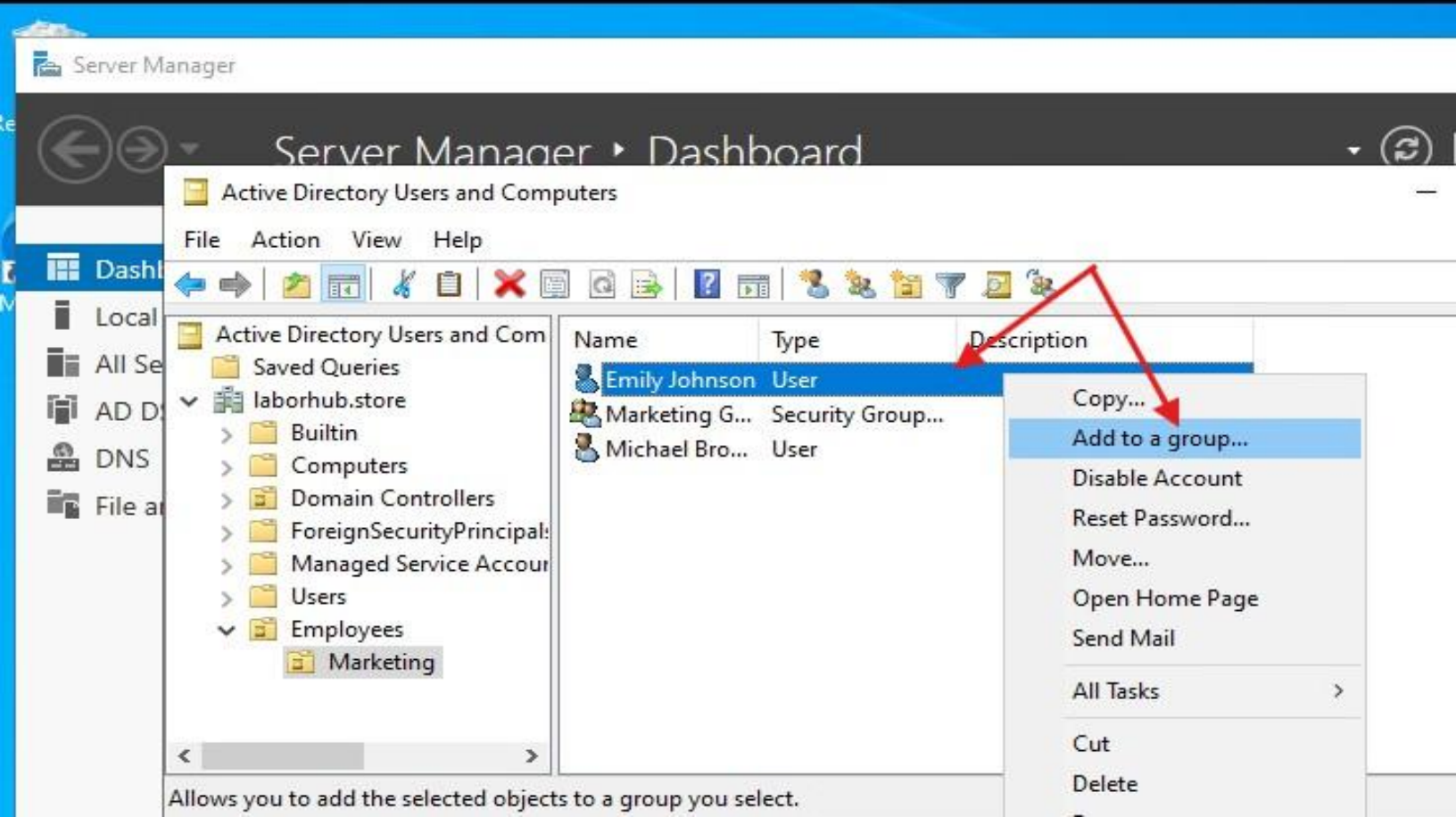
Student012-Server1

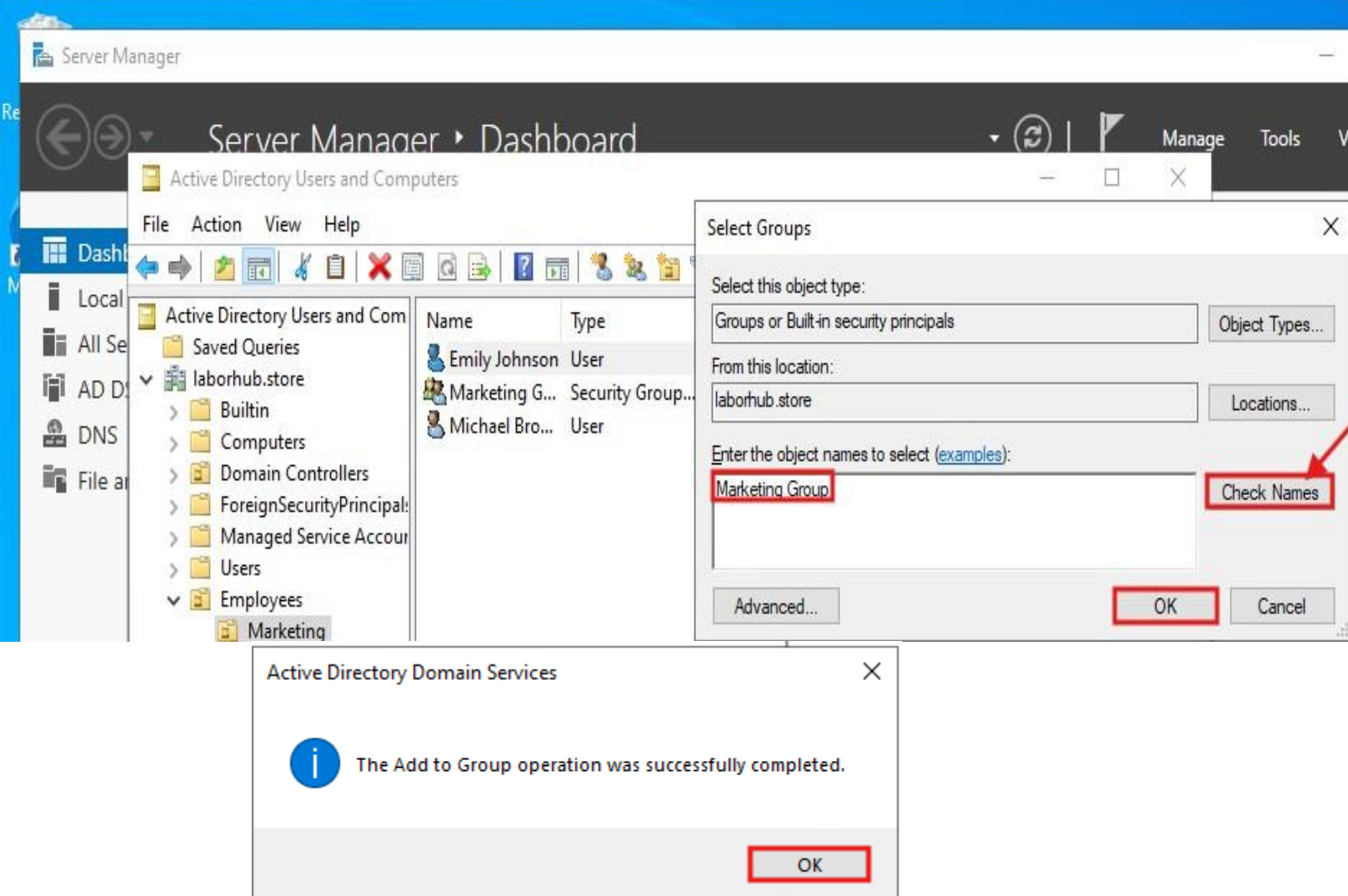


- ❖ Creates a Global Security Group named Marketing Group inside the Marketing OU for managing permissions.



- ❖ Add to a group, to include the user in the Marketing Group for permission management.





Bonus:

- ❖ If a user is accidentally added to a group, open the group's properties, navigate to the Members tab, select the user, and click Remove to revoke their membership."
- ❖ Static IP (192.168.5.11), subnet mask (255.255.255.0), and DNS server (192.168.5.10) in the IPv4 properties to ensure stable network connectivity for the file server.

PROPERTIES

For AD_SYNC

Computer name
Workgroup

Microsoft Defender Firewall
Remote management
Remote Desktop
NIC Teaming
Ethernet0
Azure Arc Management

Operating system version
Hardware information

EVENTS

All events | 4 total

Filter

Server Name	ID
AD_SYNC	8198
AD_SYNC	10016

Network Connections

Control Panel ▸ Network and Internet ▸ Network Connections

Organize ▾

Disable this network device

Diagnose this connection

Rename this connection

View status of this connection

Change this connection

Ethernet0
Network
Intel(R) 82574L Gigabit Network

Ethernet0 Properties

Networking

Connect using:

Intel(R) 82574L Gigabit Network Controller

This connection uses the following items:

- ☒ Client for Microsoft Networks
- ☒ File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks
- ☒ QoS Packet Scheduler
- ☒ Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)
- ☐ Microsoft Network Adapter Multiplexing Protocol Driver
- ☒ Microsoft LLDP Protocol Driver
- ☐ Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)

Install... Uninstall

Description

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) is a wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties

General

You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.

☐ Obtain an IP address automatically

☒ Use the following IP address:

IP address: 192 . 168 . 6 . 11

Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0

Default gateway: 192 . 168 . 6 . 1

☐ Obtain DNS server address automatically

☒ Use the following DNS server addresses:

Preferred DNS server: 192 . 168 . 6 . 10

Alternate DNS server:

☐ Validate settings upon exit

Advanced...

OK

Cancel

- ❖ You change the computer's membership from **Workgroup** to **Domain (laborhub.store)**, enter domain admin credentials, and click **OK** to join the server to the

PROPERTIES

For AD_SYNC

Computer name
AD_SYNC
Workgroup
WORKGROUP

Last installed updates
Windows Update
Last checked for updates

System Properties

Computer Name

Windows uses the following information to identify your computer on the network.

Computer description:

For example: "IIS Production Server" or "Accounting Server".

Full computer name: AD_SYNC

Workgroup: WORKGROUP

To rename this computer or change its domain or workgroup, click Change.

Change...

Computer Name/Domain Changes

You can change the name and the membership of this computer. Changes might affect access to some resources.

Computer name:

AD_SYNC

Full computer name:

AD_SYNC

Member of

☒ Domain:

laborhub.store

☐ Workgroup:

WORKGROUP

Windows Security

Computer Name/Domain Changes

Enter the name and password of an account with permission to join the domain.

laborhub\administrator

.....

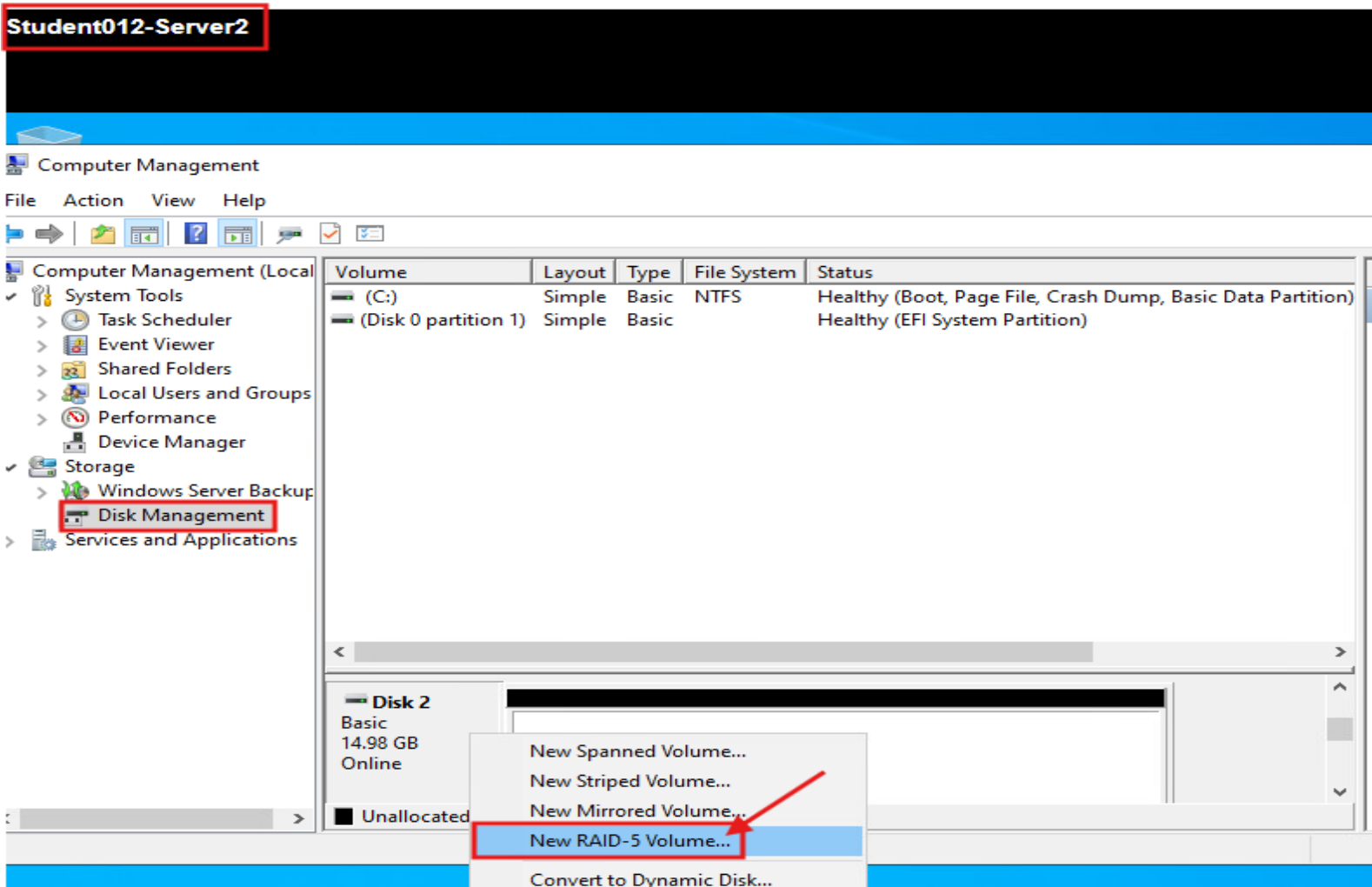
OK

Cancel

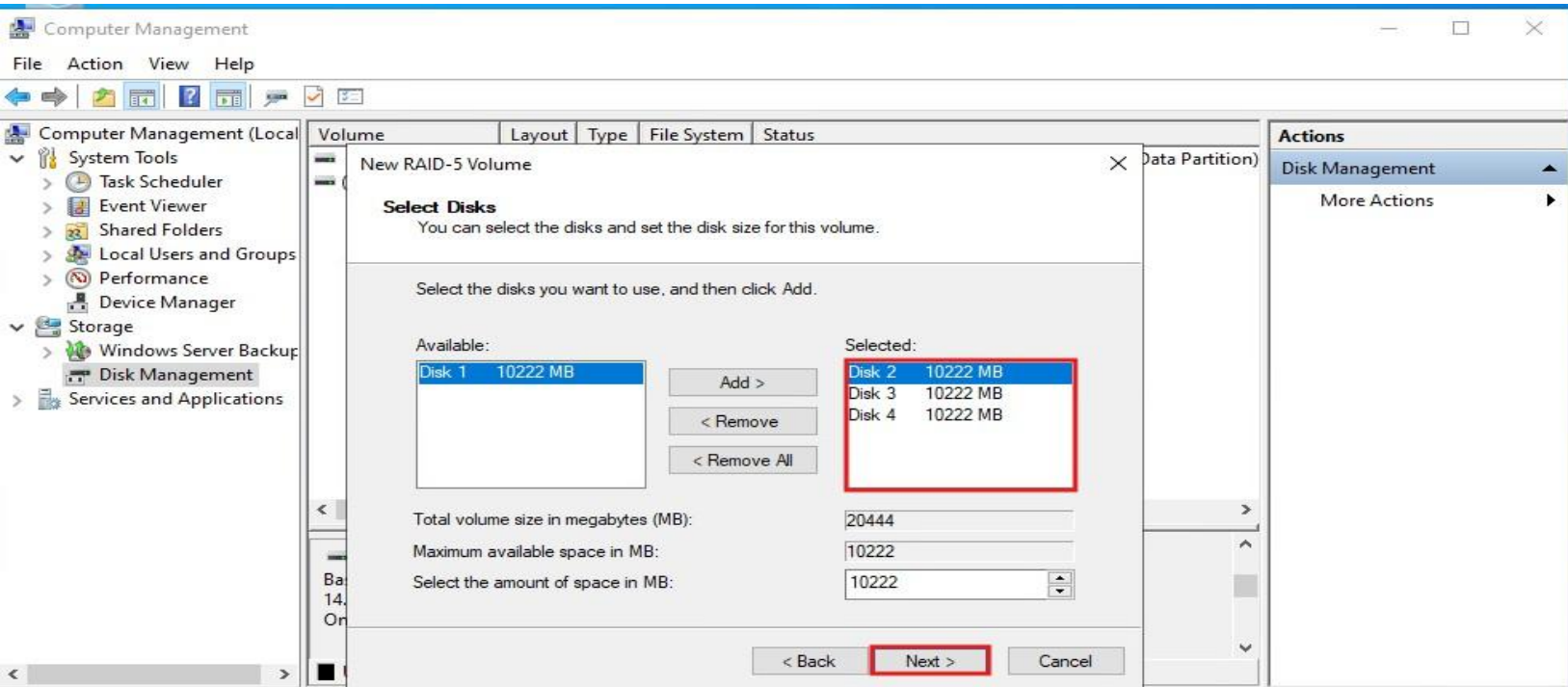
OK

Cancel

- ❖ Right-click the RAID-5 volume in Disk Management, select **Format**, choose NTFS, name the volume, and click **OK** to complete formatting.

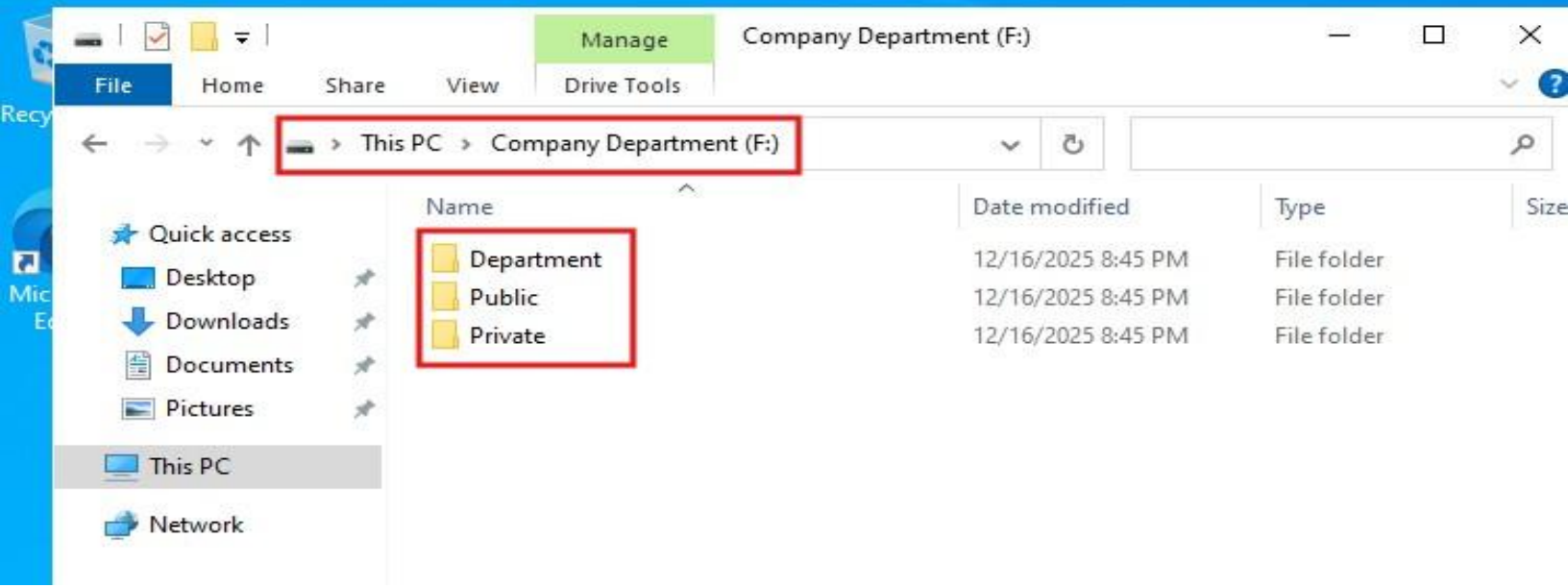


- ❖ Shows the **New RAID-5 Volume setup in Disk Management**, where three disks (Disk 2, Disk 3, Disk 4) of equal size (10,222 MB each) have been selected to create a **RAID-5 volume**.

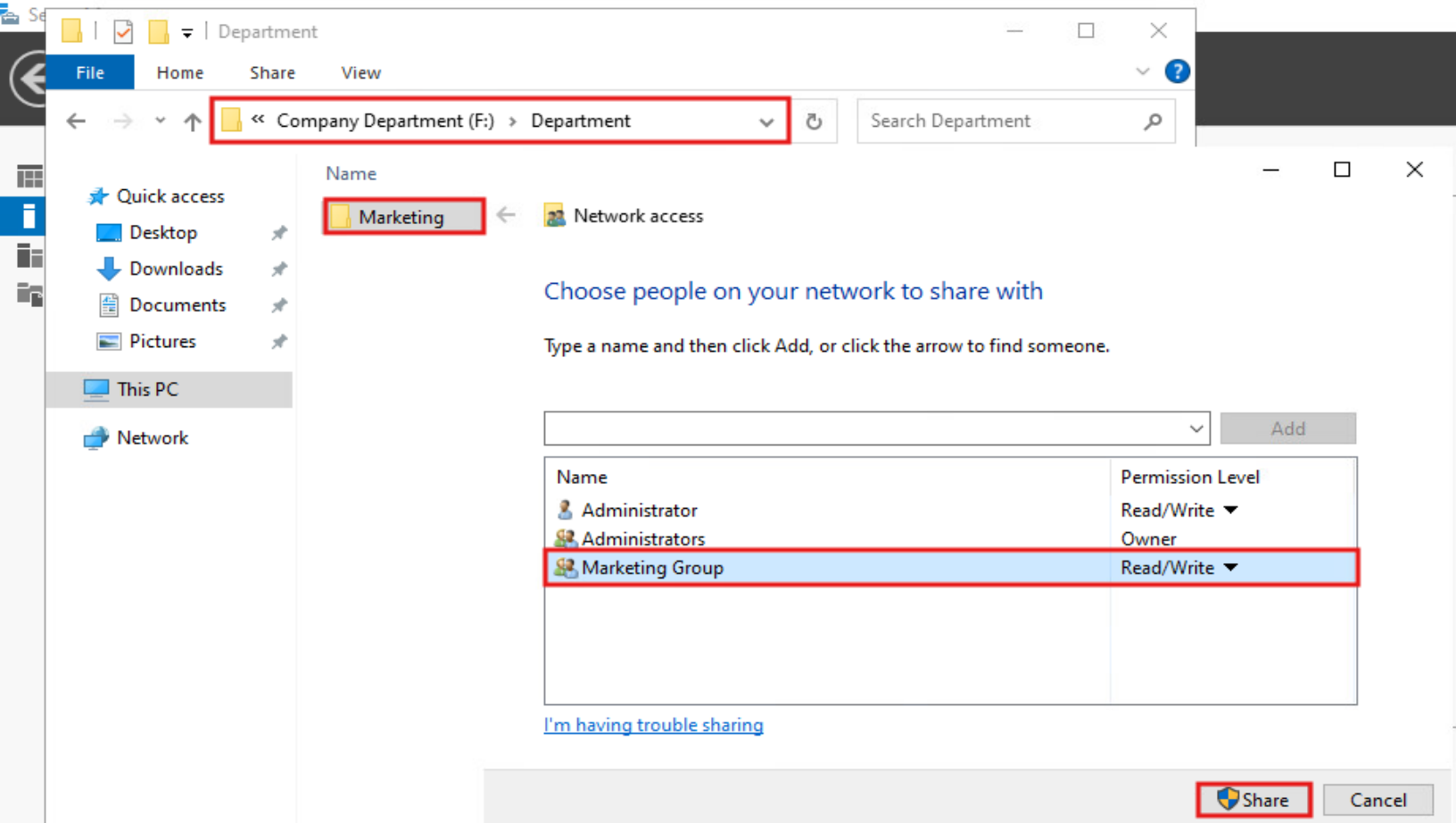


- ❖ This folder is stored on **drive F: created using RAID-5**, which provides fault tolerance and distributed parity across multiple disks.

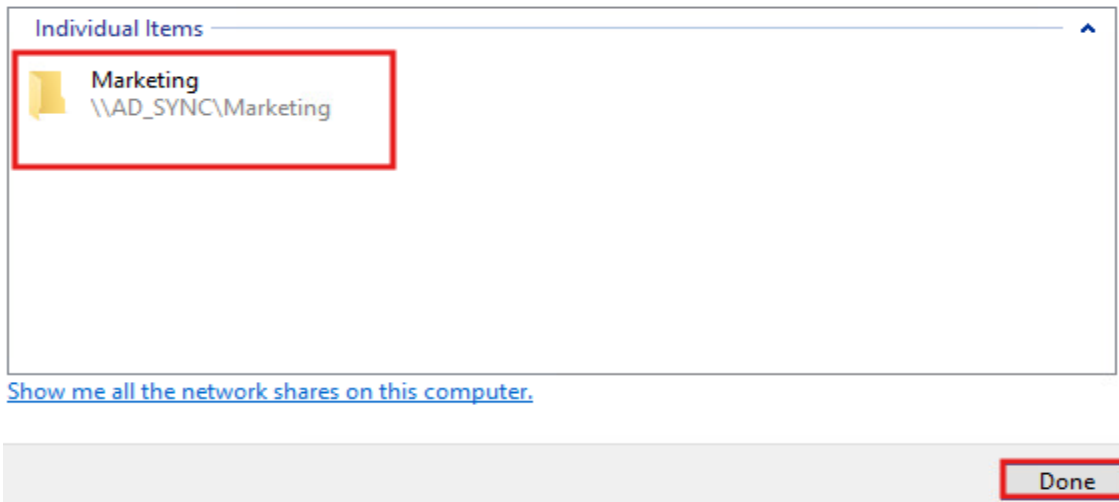
Student012-Server2



Student012-Server2

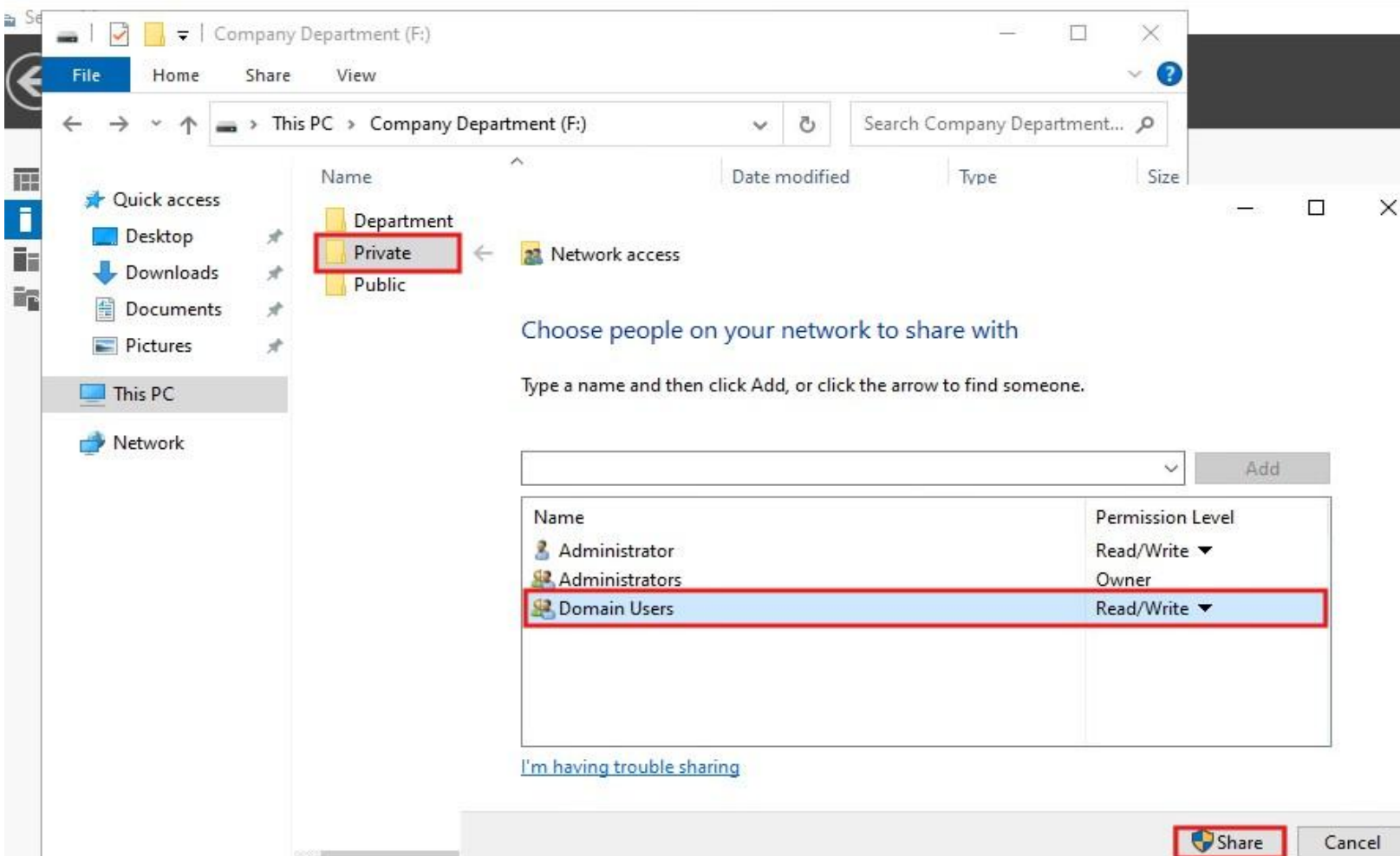


- ❖ Confirms that the **Marketing** folder has been successfully shared on the **network**, and its network path is **\\AD_SYNC\Marketing**, making it accessible to authorized users over the network.



- ❖ Private folder is being shared with Domain Users

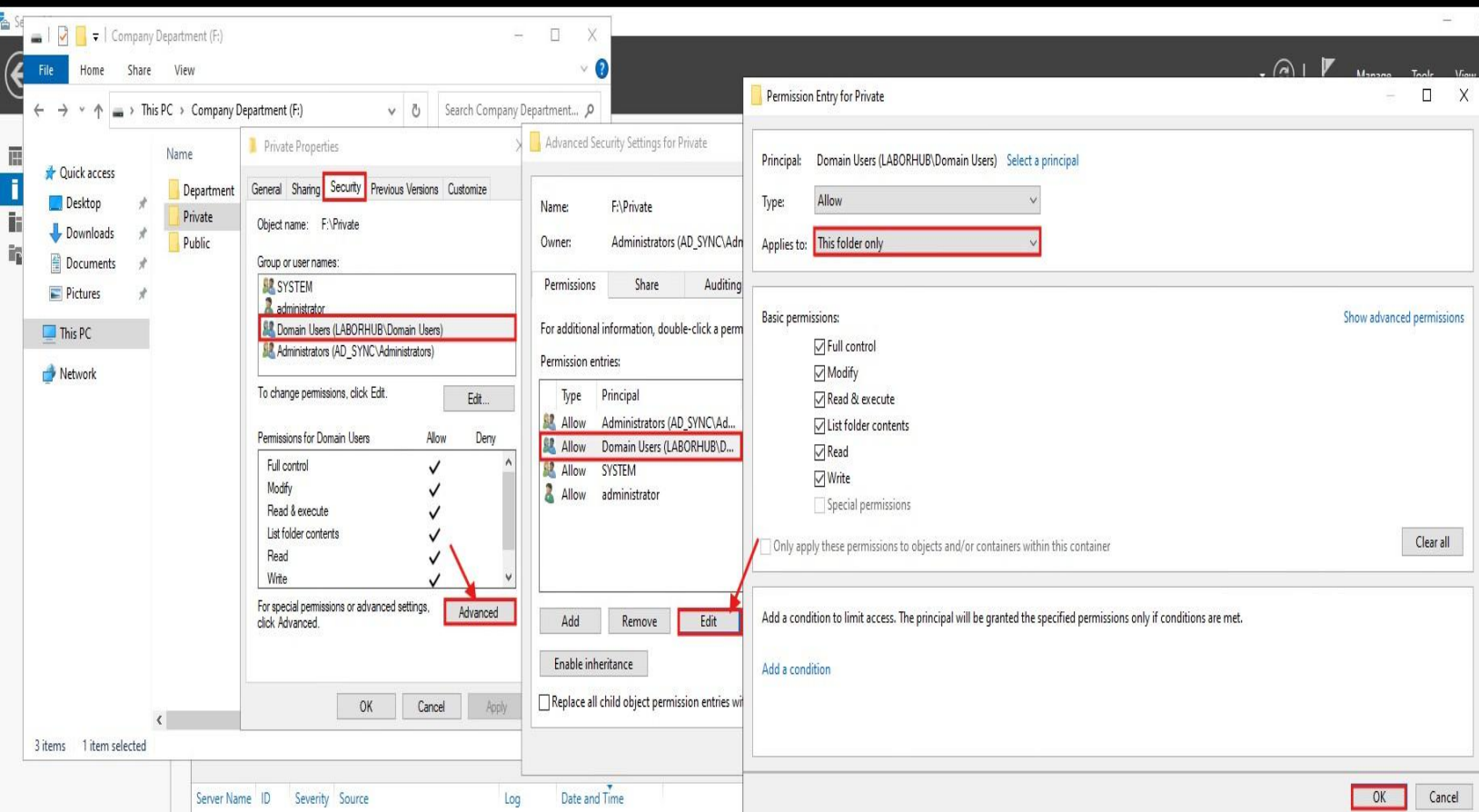
Student012-Server2



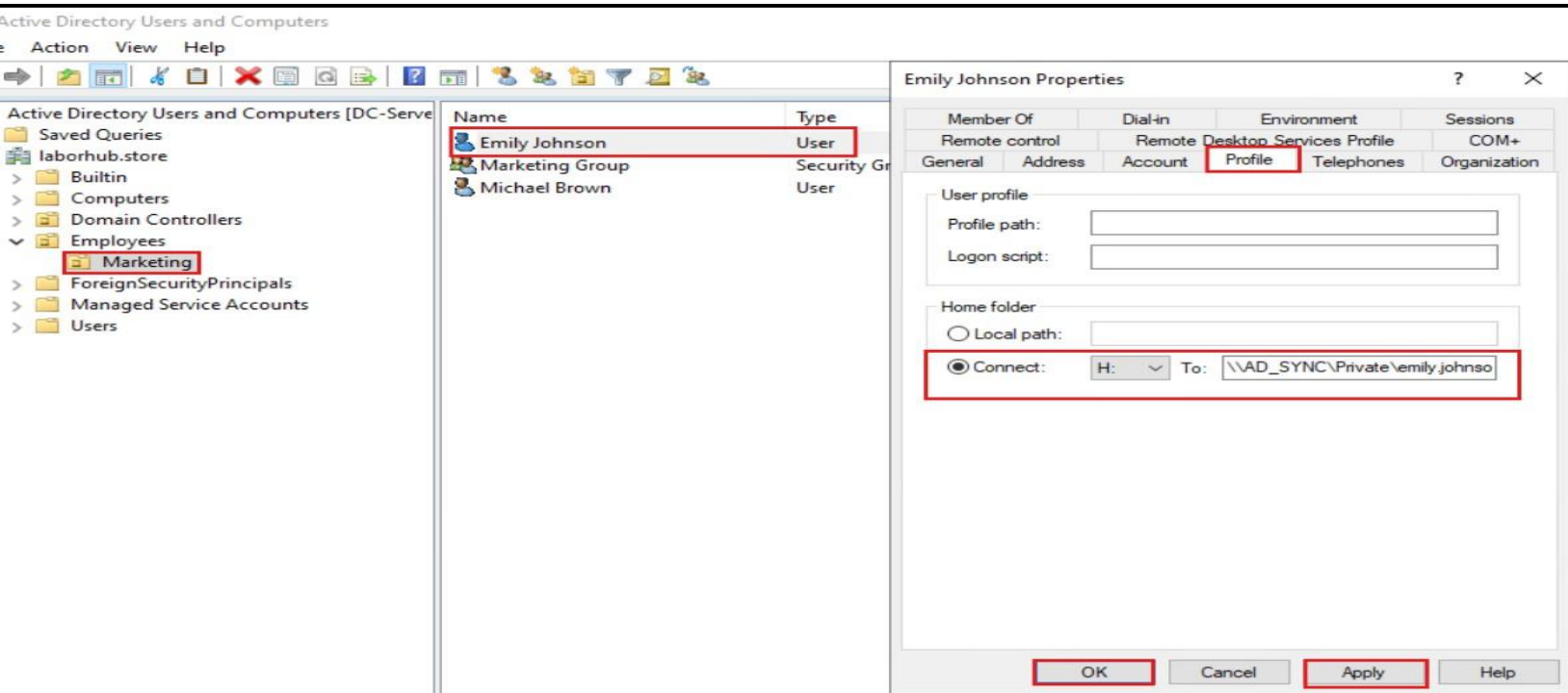
- ❖ This shows that **Domain Users** are given specific permissions (Read, Write, Modify) on the **Private** folder only, using advanced security settings in Windows.

Student012-Server2

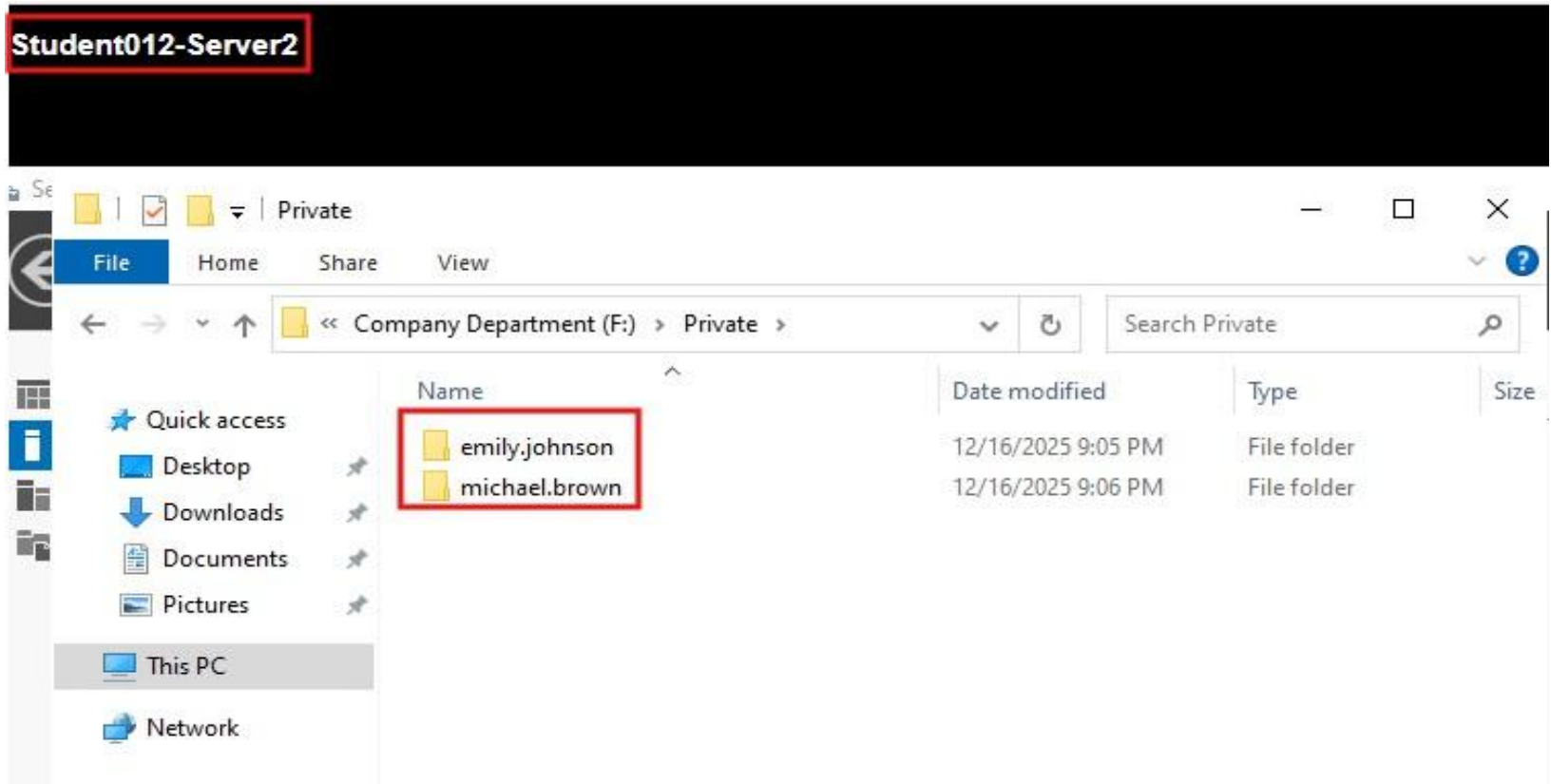
Enforce US Keyboard Layout View Fullscreen Send Ctrl+A



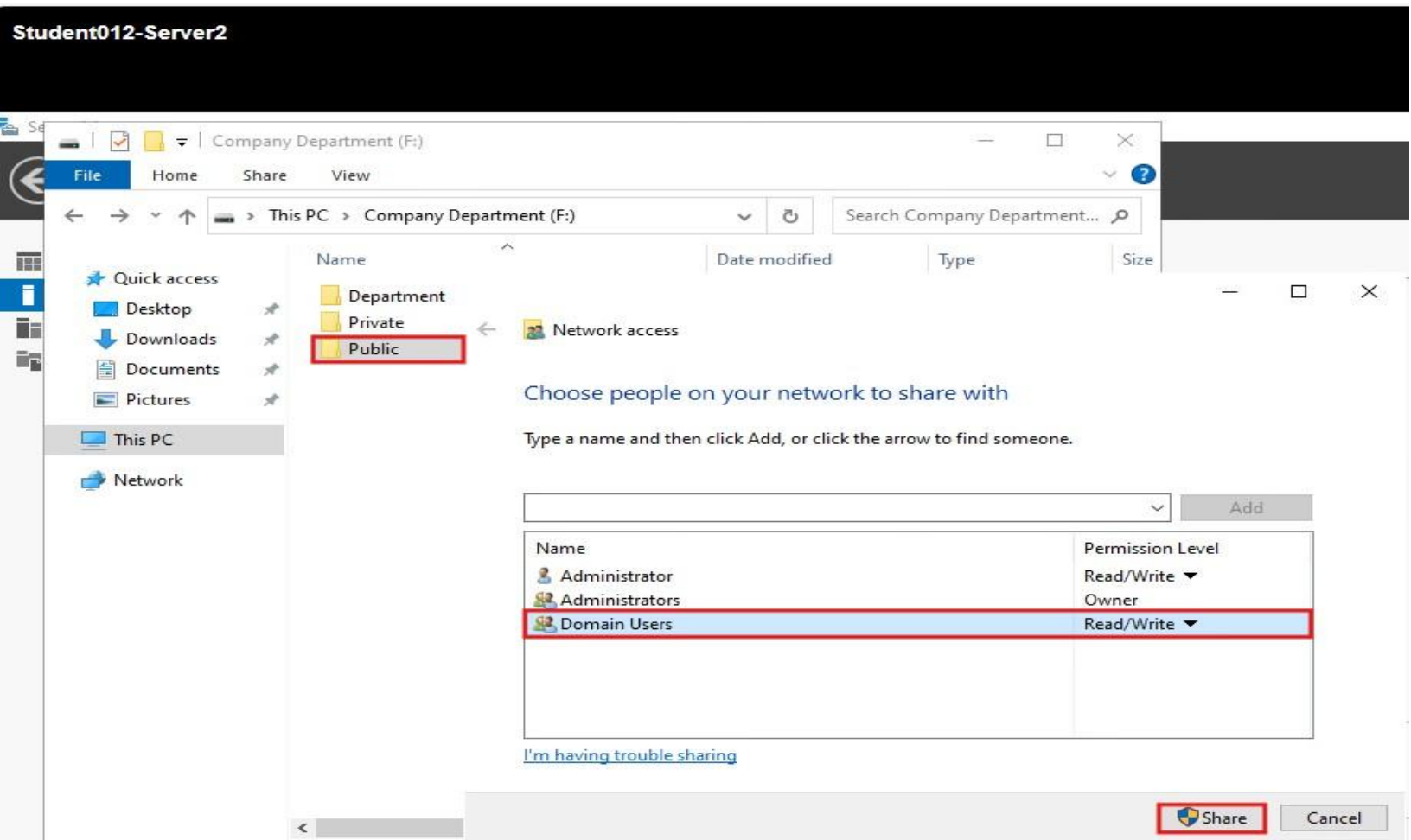
- ❖ The user **Emily Johnson** is located at laborhub.store/Employees/Marketing/Emily Johnson in Active Directory, and under the Profile tab, her Home Folder is mapped to drive H: connected to \\AD_SYNC\Private\emily.johnson. (\\AD_SYNC\Private\%username%)



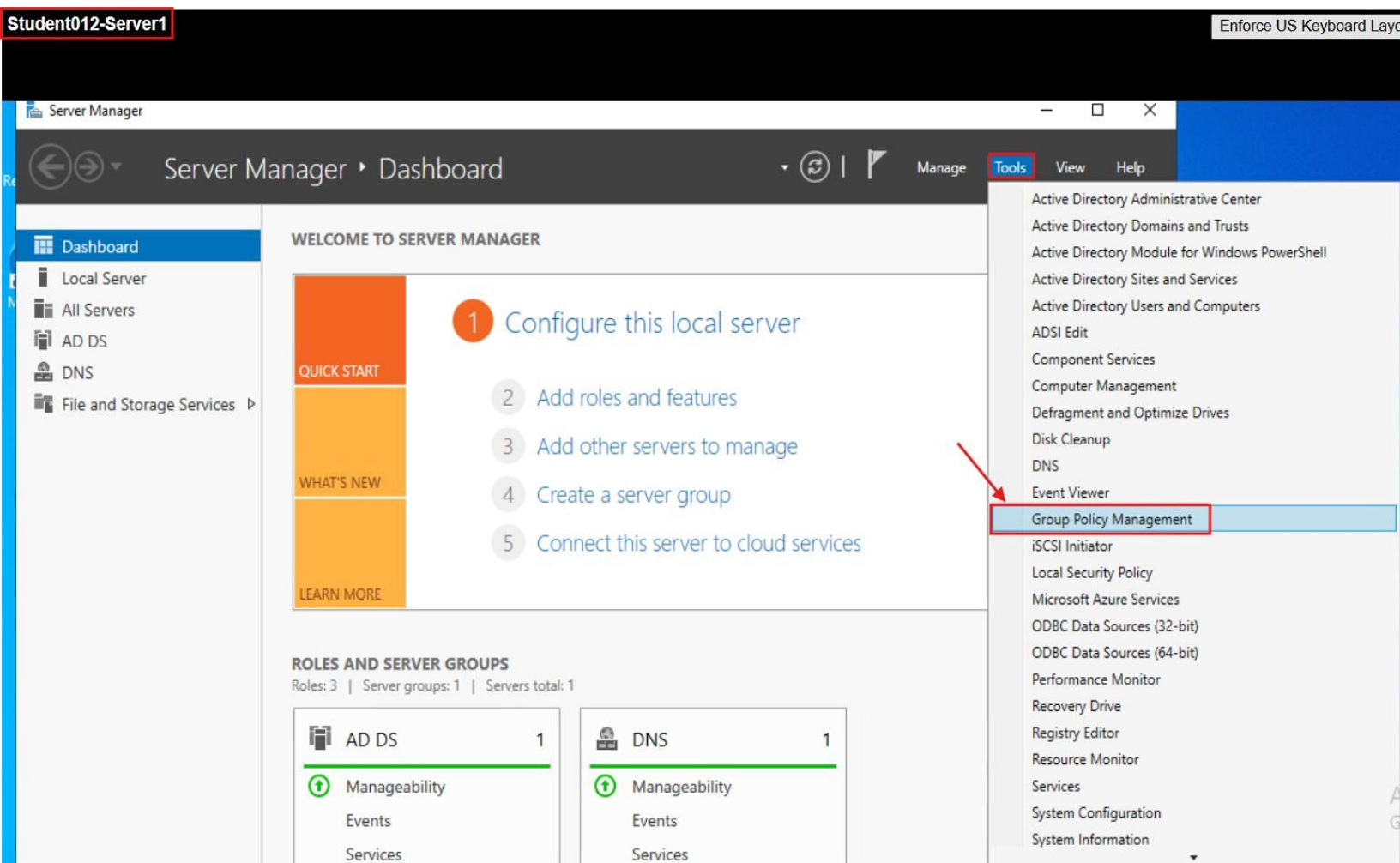
- ❖ This confirms that the Private folder is correctly shared and contains user-specific folders (emily.johnson, michael.brown) on the file server.



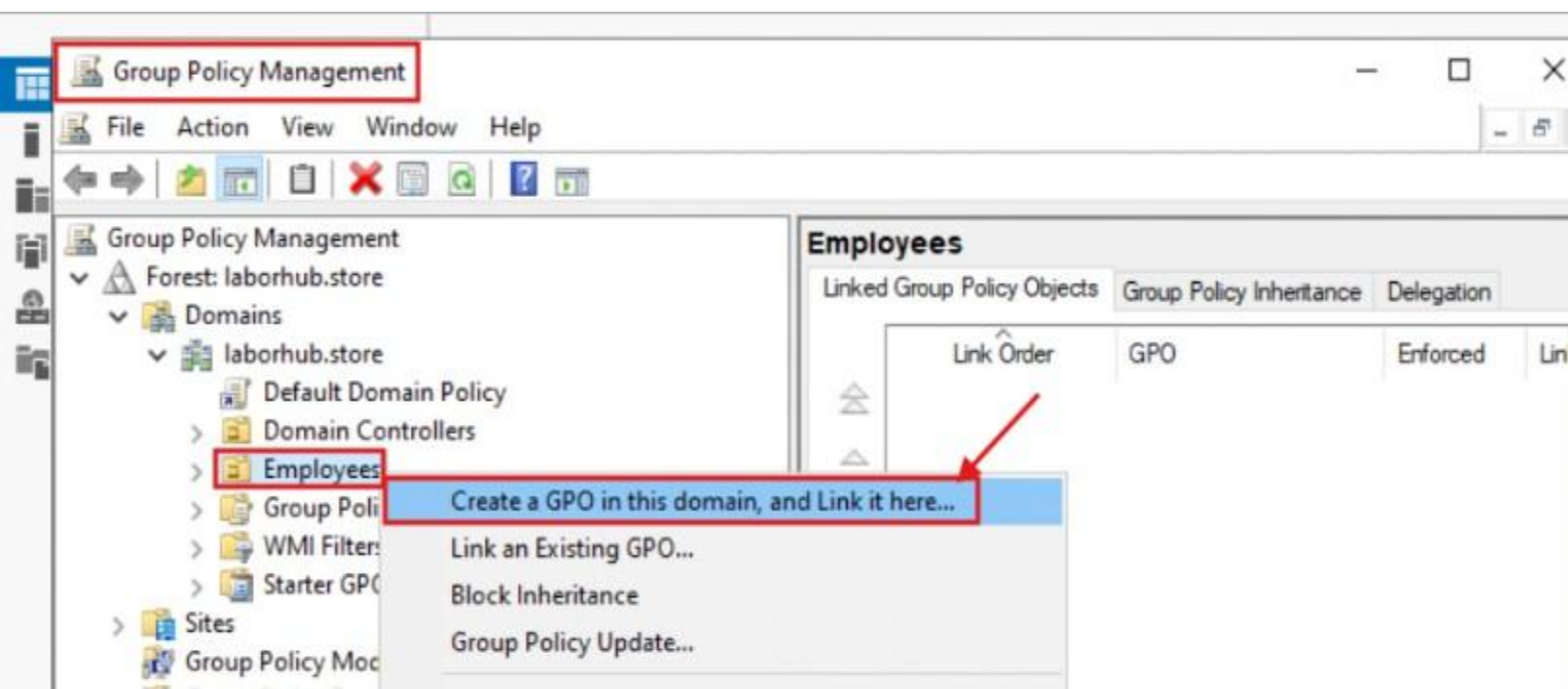
- ❖ This shows that the Public folder is being shared with Domain Users. So all employees in the Active Directory domain can access the files in this folder.

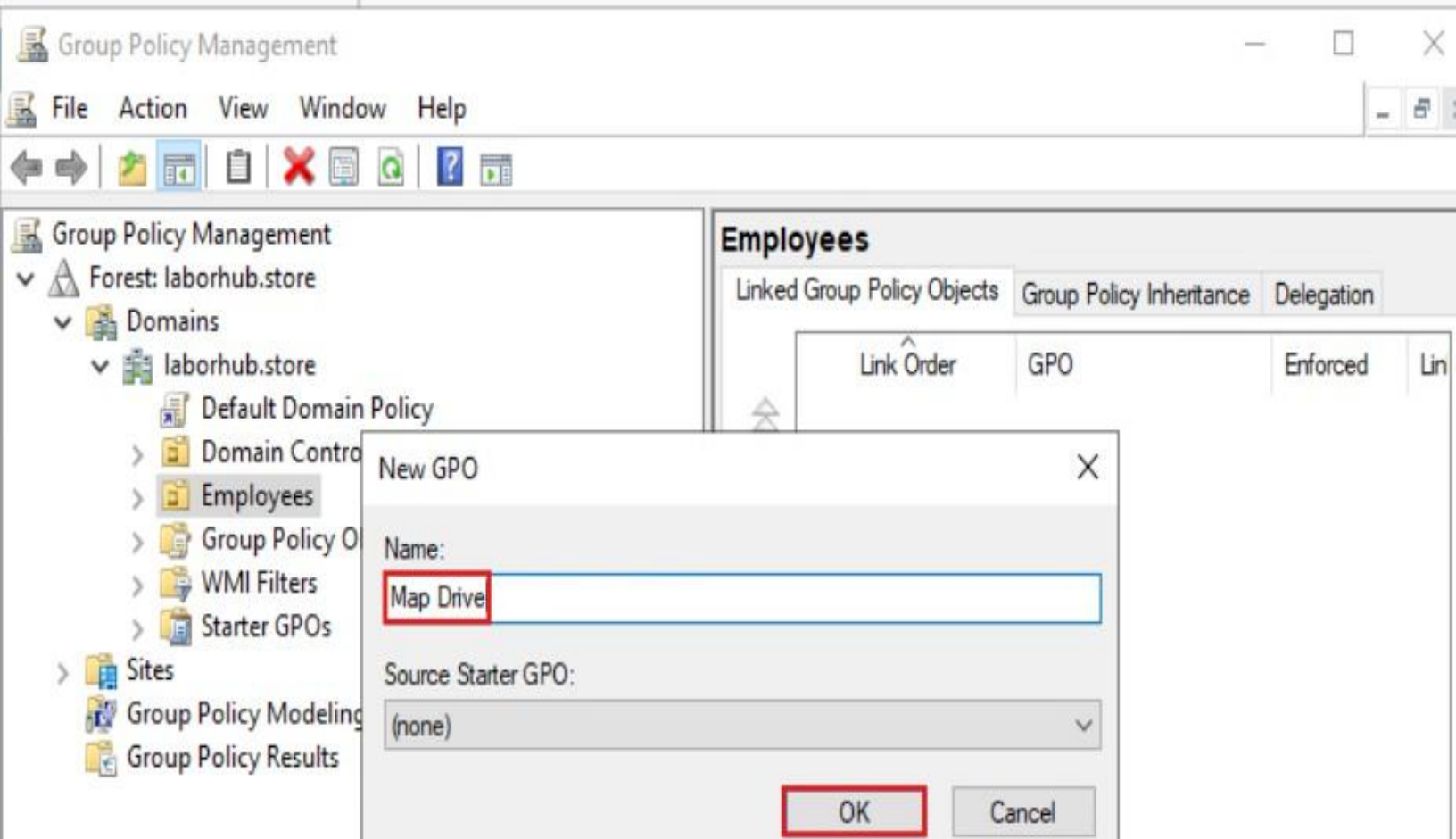


- ❖ This shows that **Group Policy Management** is opened from Server Manager → **Tools** to create a GPO for mapping network drives in Active Directory.

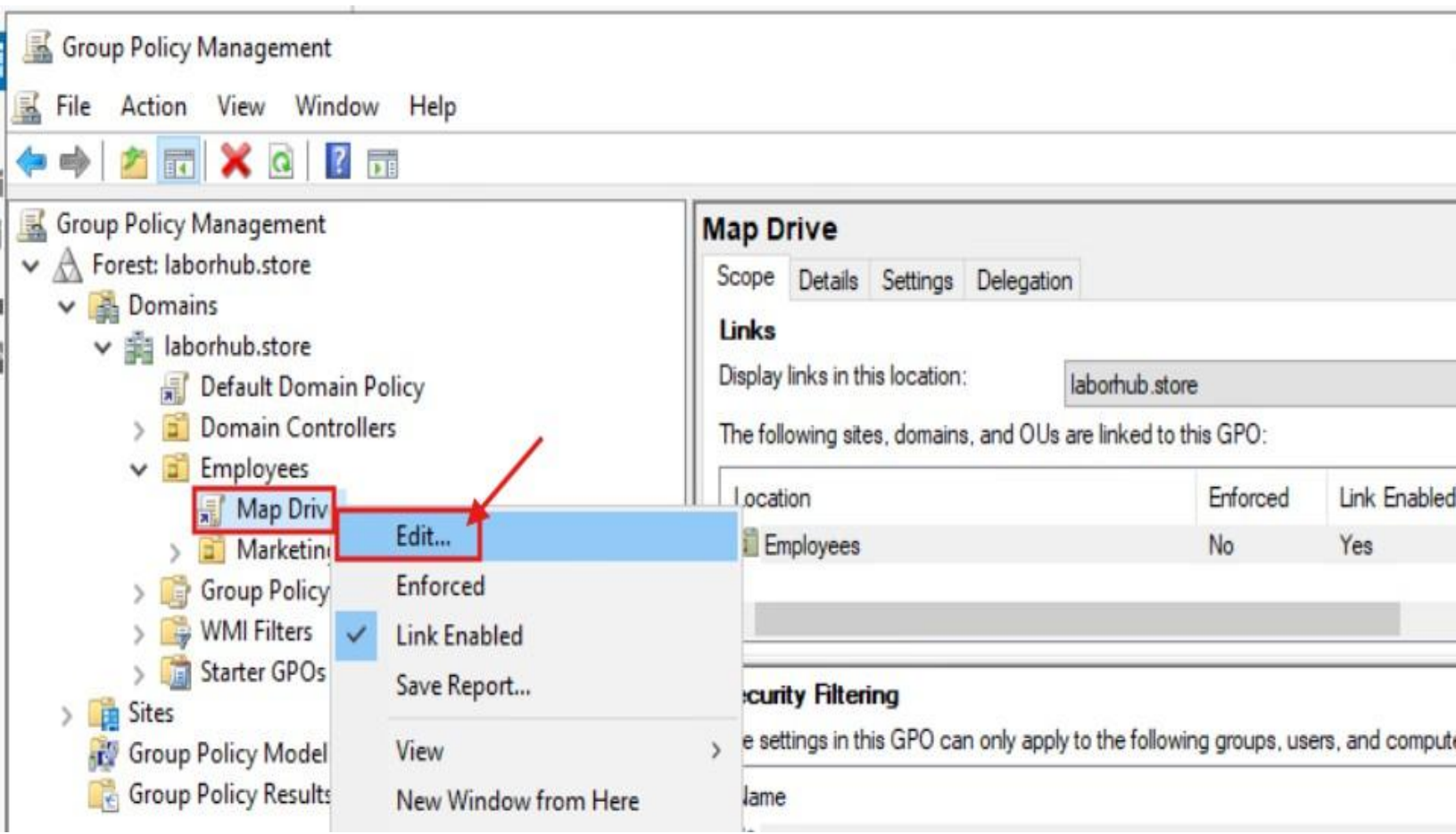


- ❖ This shows that a **new Group Policy Object (GPO)** is being created and linked to the **Employees OU** in Active Directory to apply drive mapping settings.

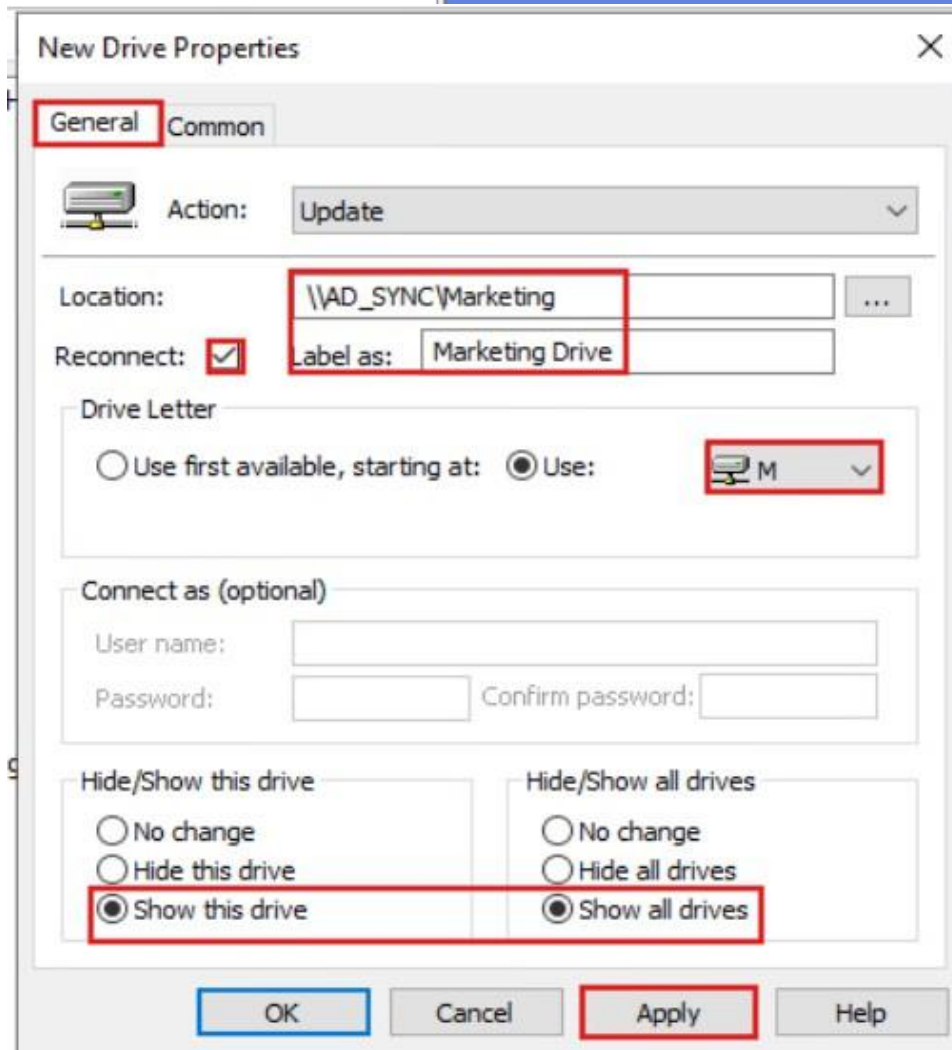
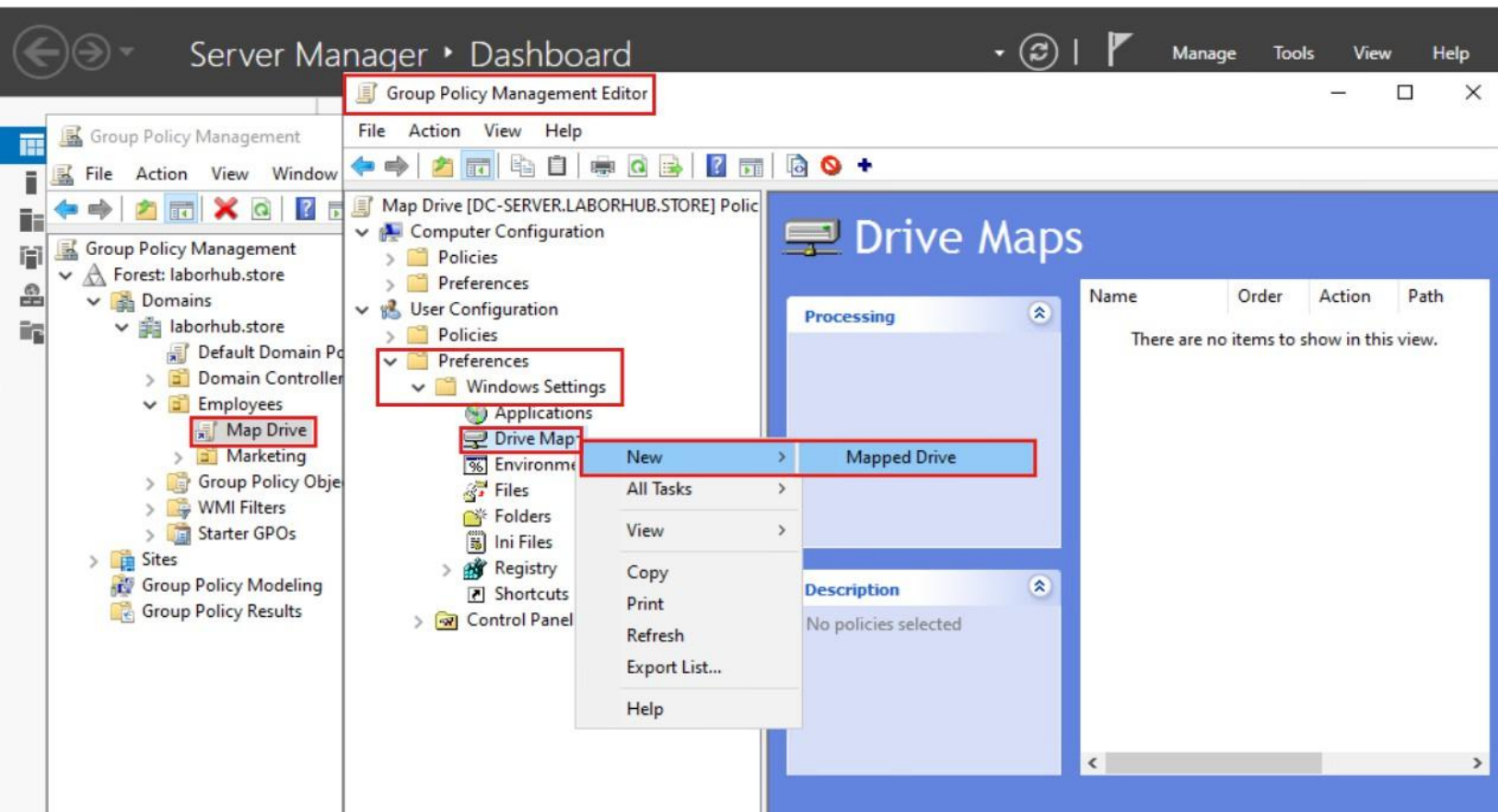




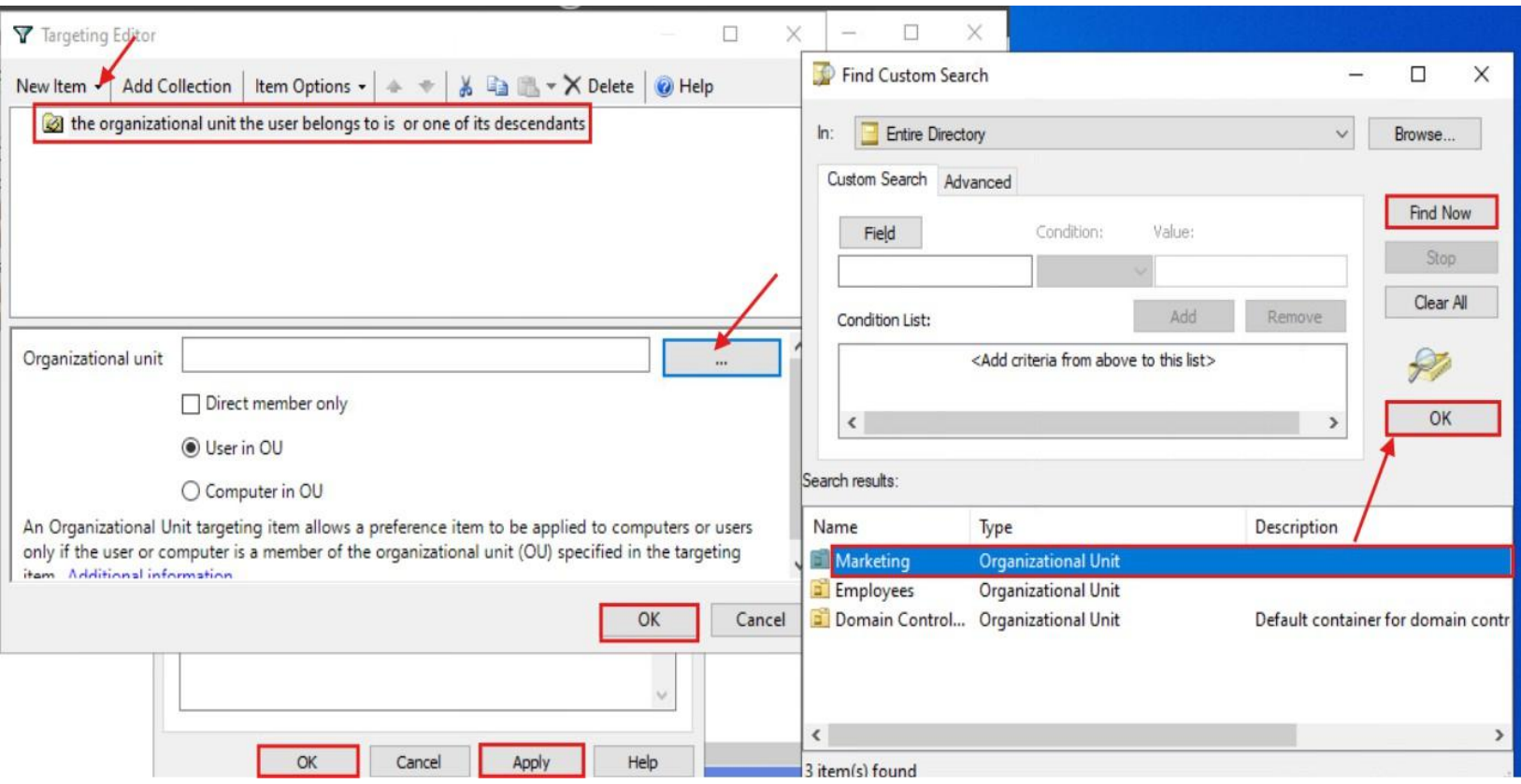
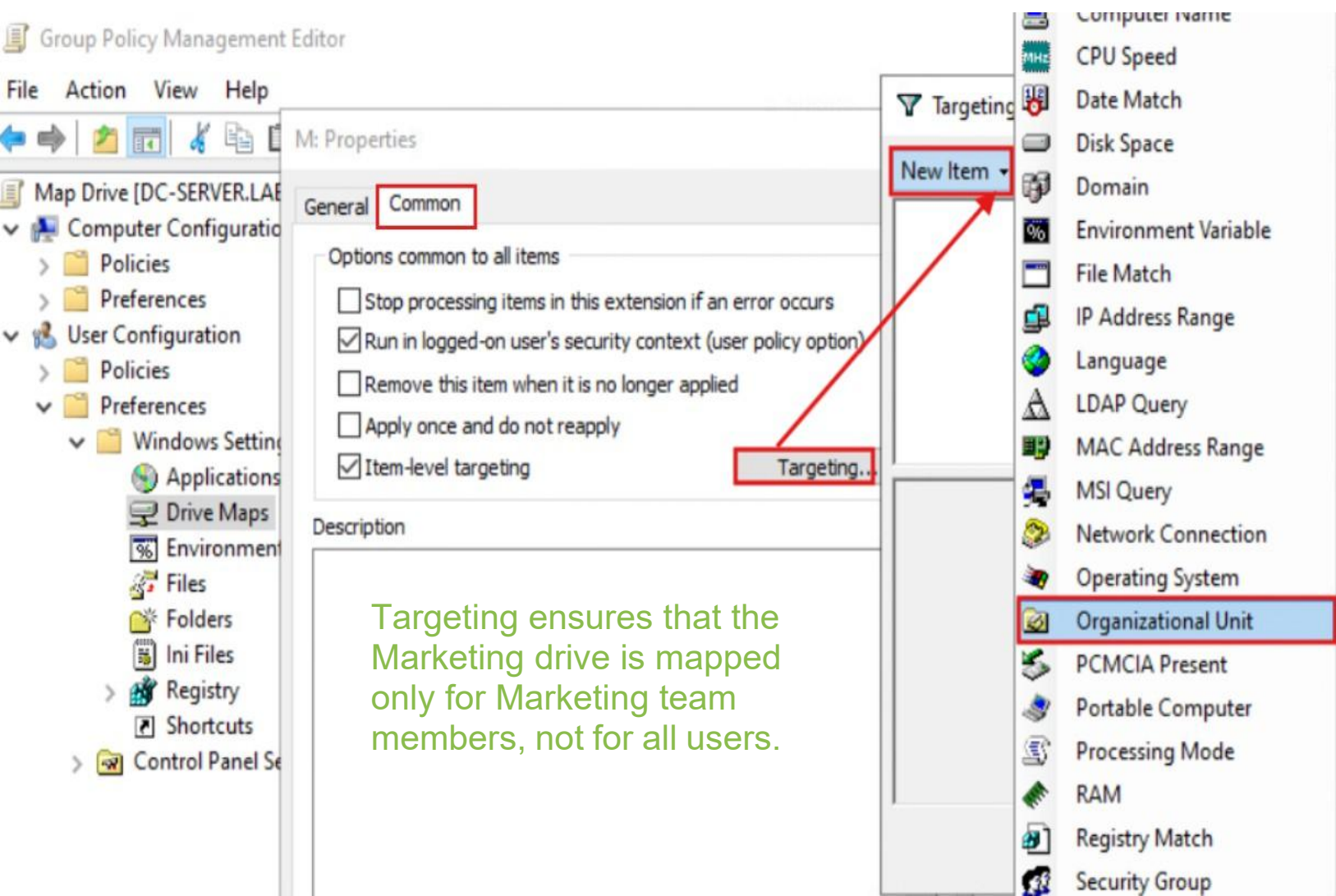
- ❖ Right-clicking the “Map Drive” and selecting “Edit” to open the Group Policy Management Editor, where you can configure drive mapping settings for Active Directory users.



- ❖ Creating a **mapped network drive for the Marketing folder** using Group Policy, so all users in the Marketing OU can automatically access the shared Marketing folder from their computers.



- ❖ This shows that Item-level targeting is enabled in the Common tab, and an Organizational Unit condition is added so only users in that specific OU can access the mapped drive.



New Drive Properties

General Common

Action: Update

Location: \\AD_SYNC\Public

Reconnect: ☒ Label as: Public Drive

Drive Letter

☐ Use first available, starting at: ☒ Use: P

Connect as (optional)

User name: Password: Confirm password:

Hide/Show this drive

☐ No change ☐ Hide this drive ☒ Show this drive

Hide/Show all drives

☐ No change ☐ Hide all drives ☒ Show all drives

OK Cancel Apply Help

P: Properties

General Common

Options common to all items

☐ Stop processing items in this extension if an error occurs

☒ Run in logged-on user's security context (user policy option)

☐ Remove this item when it is no longer applied

☐ Apply once and do not reapply

☒ Item-level targeting Targeting...

Description

For Public Drive (P:), do not need item-level targeting because this drive is intended for all users in the organization.

OK Cancel Apply Help

- ❖ After configuring and applying Group Policy Objects (GPOs), run `gpupdate /force` in Command Prompt to immediately refresh and ensure all policies take effect successfully right away.

Server Manager

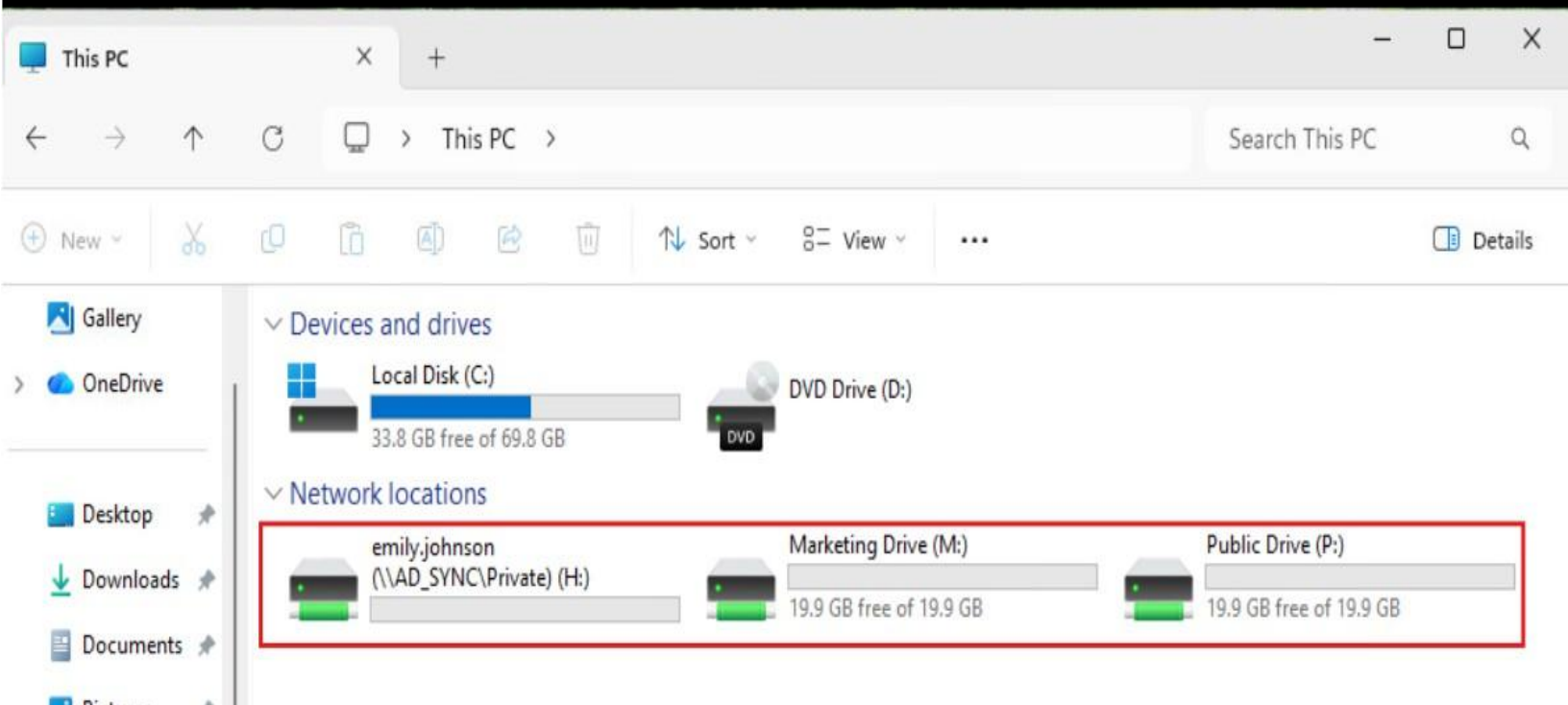
```
C:\Users\Administrator>gpupdate/force
Updating policy...

Computer Policy update has completed successfully.
User Policy update has completed successfully.

C:\Users\Administrator>
```

- ❖ After logging in to her PC, the new user **Emily Johnson** can now see all mapped network drives applied through Group Policy. Under “**This PC**,” the following drives are available:
 - **Private Drive (H:)** – Personal storage mapped to \\AD_SYNC\Private for Emily’s files.
 - **Marketing Drive (M:)** – Departmental shared drive for Marketing team collaboration.
 - **Public Drive (P:)** – Organization-wide shared drive for common resources.

Student012-PC2



- ❖ This confirms that Group Policy Drive Mapping settings have been successfully applied to the user account.
- ❖ Below is the PowerShell script used to create users in bulk to automate the process. Before creating and running the PowerShell script, I created an Excel worksheet where I filled in the employee details for all users whose accounts needed to be created in Active Directory. I then saved the worksheet as a .csv file. Once the worksheet was ready, I ran the PowerShell script to automate the user creation process.

Import-Module ActiveDirectory

```
# =====
# Constants
# =====
$csvPath = "C:\data.csv"
$baseOU = "OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store"

# Default temporary password
$defaultPassword = ConvertTo-SecureString "Pineapple123$" -AsPlainText -Force

# =====
# Import CSV
# =====
$users = Import-Csv -Path $csvPath

# Track usernames to avoid duplicates
$usernames = @{}

foreach ($user in $users) {

    # Build username
    $firstName = $user.'First Name'.Trim()
    $lastName = $user.'Last Name'.Trim()
    $username = ("{$firstName.$lastName").ToLower()

    # Skip duplicate usernames
    if ($usernames.ContainsKey($username)) {
        Write-Host "Skipped duplicate user: $username" -ForegroundColor Yellow
        continue
    }
    $usernames[$username] = $true

    # Department and OU path
    $department = $user.Department.Trim()
    $ouPath = "OU=$department,$baseOU"

    # =====
    # Create OU if not exists
    # =====
    if (-not (Get-ADOrganizationalUnit -Filter "Name -eq '$department'" -SearchBase $baseOU -
ErrorAction SilentlyContinue)) {
        New-ADOrganizationalUnit -Name $department -Path $baseOU
        Write-Host "Created OU: $department" -ForegroundColor Cyan
    }

    # =====
    # Create Security Group
```

```

# =====
$groupName = "$department-SG"
if (-not (Get-ADGroup -Filter "Name -eq '$groupName'" -SearchBase $ouPath -ErrorAction
SilentlyContinue)) {
    New-ADGroup `
        -Name $groupName `
        -GroupScope Global `
        -GroupCategory Security `
        -Path $ouPath `
        -Description "Security Group for $department"
    Write-Host "Created Group: $groupName" -ForegroundColor Cyan
}

# =====
# Create User
# =====
$name = "$firstName $lastName"
$upn = "$username@laborhub.store"

# Create user with forced password change at first login
New-ADUser `
    -Name $name `
    -GivenName $firstName `
    -Surname $lastName `
    -UserPrincipalName $upn `
    -SamAccountName $username `
    -Title $user.Title `
    -Description $user.Description `
    -Department $department `
    -OfficePhone $user.'Phone Number' `
    -StreetAddress $user.'Street Address' `
    -City $user.City `
    -State $user.State `
    -Path $ouPath `
    -AccountPassword $defaultPassword `
    -Enabled $true `
    -ChangePasswordAtLogon $true

# =====
# Add User to Security Group
# =====
Add-ADGroupMember -Identity $groupName -Members $username

    Write-Host "Created user: $username (forced password change at first login)" -ForegroundColor
Green
}

Write-Host "User creation process completed successfully." -ForegroundColor Cyan

```

- ❖ This output confirms that multiple users were successfully created in their respective Organizational Units (OUs) and added to security groups. In short, this script automates bulk user creation with complete properties and OU placement.

Student012-Server1

Administrator: Windows PowerShell ISE

File Edit View Tools Debug Add-ons Help

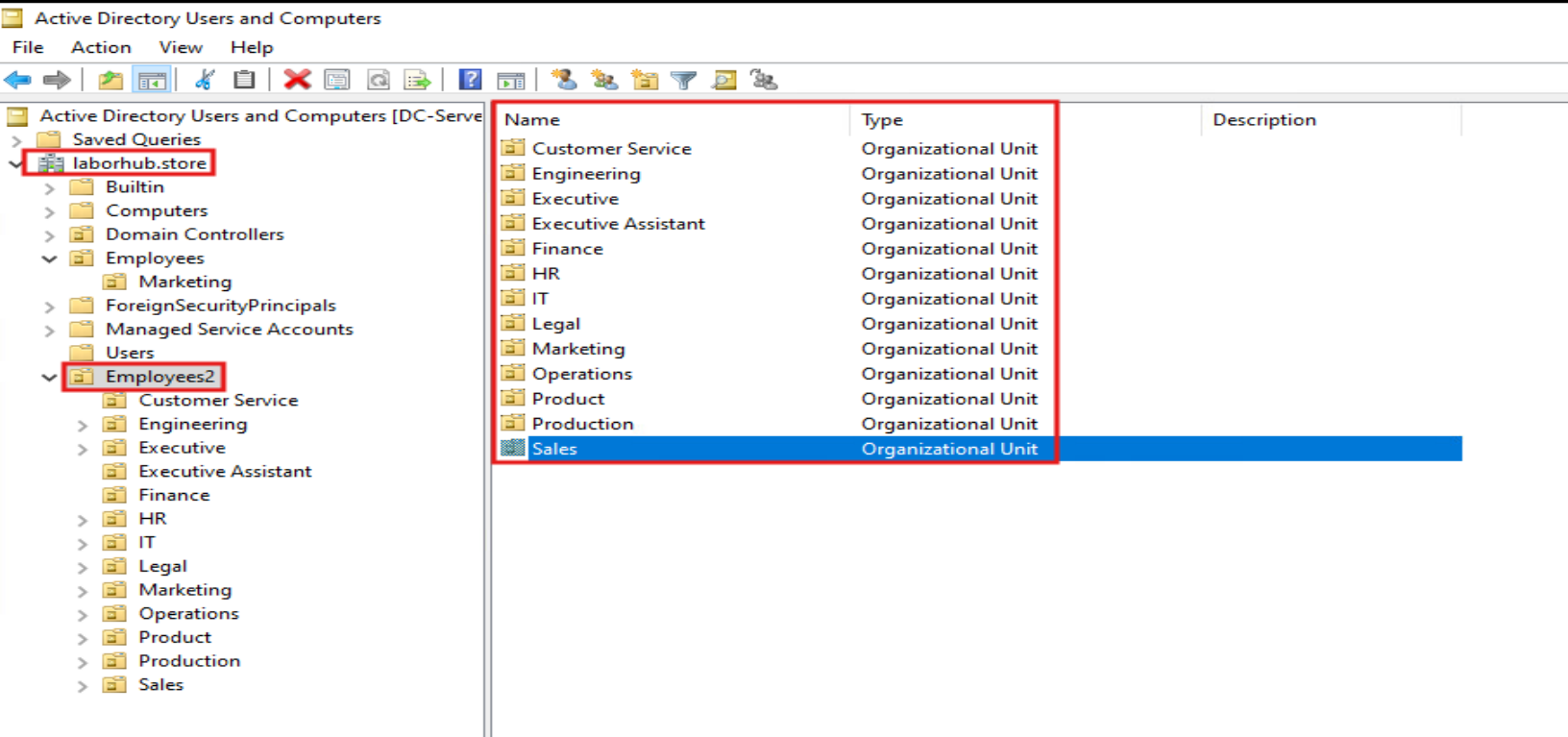


Untitled1.ps1* X

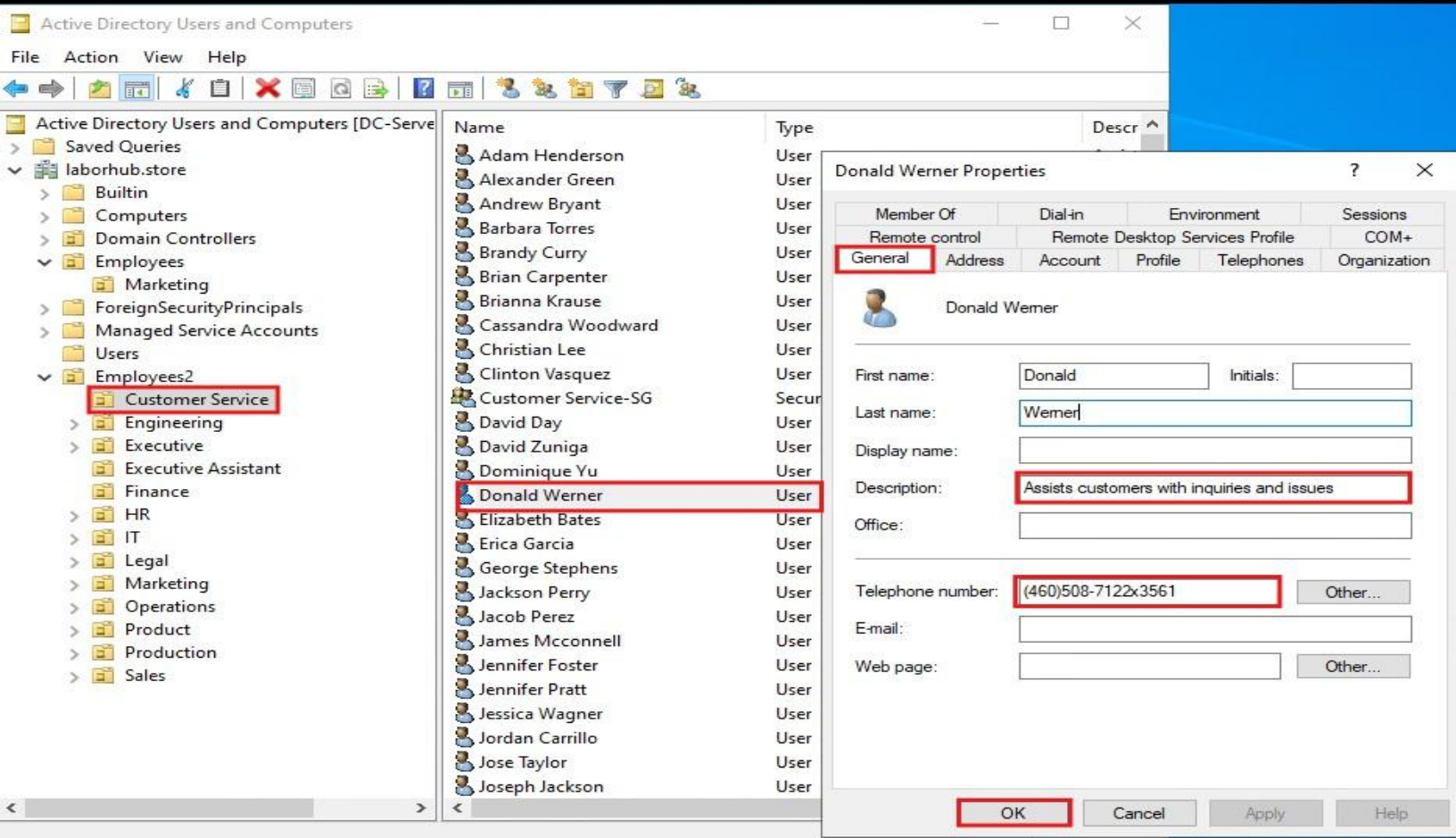
```
48 # Create user
49 $name = "$firstName $lastName"
50 $userPrincipalName = "$username@laborhub.store"
51 $userDN = "CN=$name,$ouPath"
52
53 New-ADUser `
54     -Name $name `
55     -GivenName $firstName `
56     -Surname $lastName `
57     -UserPrincipalName $userPrincipalName `
58     -SamAccountName $username `
59     -Title $user.Title `
60     -Description $user.Description `
61     -Department $department `
62     -OfficePhone $user.'Phone Number' `
63     -StreetAddress $user.'Street Address' `
64     -City $user.City `
65     -State $user.State `
66     -Path $ouPath `
67     -AccountPassword $defaultPassword `
68     -Enabled $true `
69     -ChangePasswordAtLogon $false
70
71 # Add to security group
```

```
Created user: Jamie.Smith in OU=Production,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Production-SG
Created user: Quinn.Johnson in OU=Production,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Production-SG
Created user: Jordan.Martinez in OU=Production,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Production-SG
Created user: Alex.Brown in OU=Production,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Production-SG
Created user: Riley.Miller in OU=Production,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Production-SG
Created user: Sydney.Martinez in OU=Production,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Production-SG
Created user: Cameron.Garcia in OU=Production,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Production-SG
Created user: Peyton.Jones in OU=Production,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Production-SG
Created user: Avery.Williams in OU=Production,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Production-SG
Created user: Jordan.Johnson in OU=Production,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Production-SG
Created user: Cameron.Brown in OU=Production,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Production-SG
Created user: Casey.Williams in OU=Production,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Production-SG
Created OU: Executive Assistant
Created Group: Executive Assistant-SG
Created user: Alexis.Taylor in OU=Executive Assistant,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Executive Assistant-SG
Created user: Jasmine.Allen in OU=Executive Assistant,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Executive Assistant-SG
Created user: Faith.Young in OU=Executive Assistant,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Executive Assistant-SG
Created user: Alexis.Scott in OU=Executive Assistant,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Executive Assistant-SG
Created user: Hailey.King in OU=Executive Assistant,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Executive Assistant-SG
Created user: Grace.Allen in OU=Executive Assistant,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Executive Assistant-SG
Created user: Faith.Clark in OU=Executive Assistant,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Executive Assistant-SG
Created user: Jasmine.Green in OU=Executive Assistant,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Executive Assistant-SG
Created user: Hailey.Clark in OU=Executive Assistant,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Executive Assistant-SG
Created user: Brooke.Green in OU=Executive Assistant,OU=Employees2,DC=laborhub,DC=store and added to Executive Assistant-SG
```

PS C:\Users\Administrator>

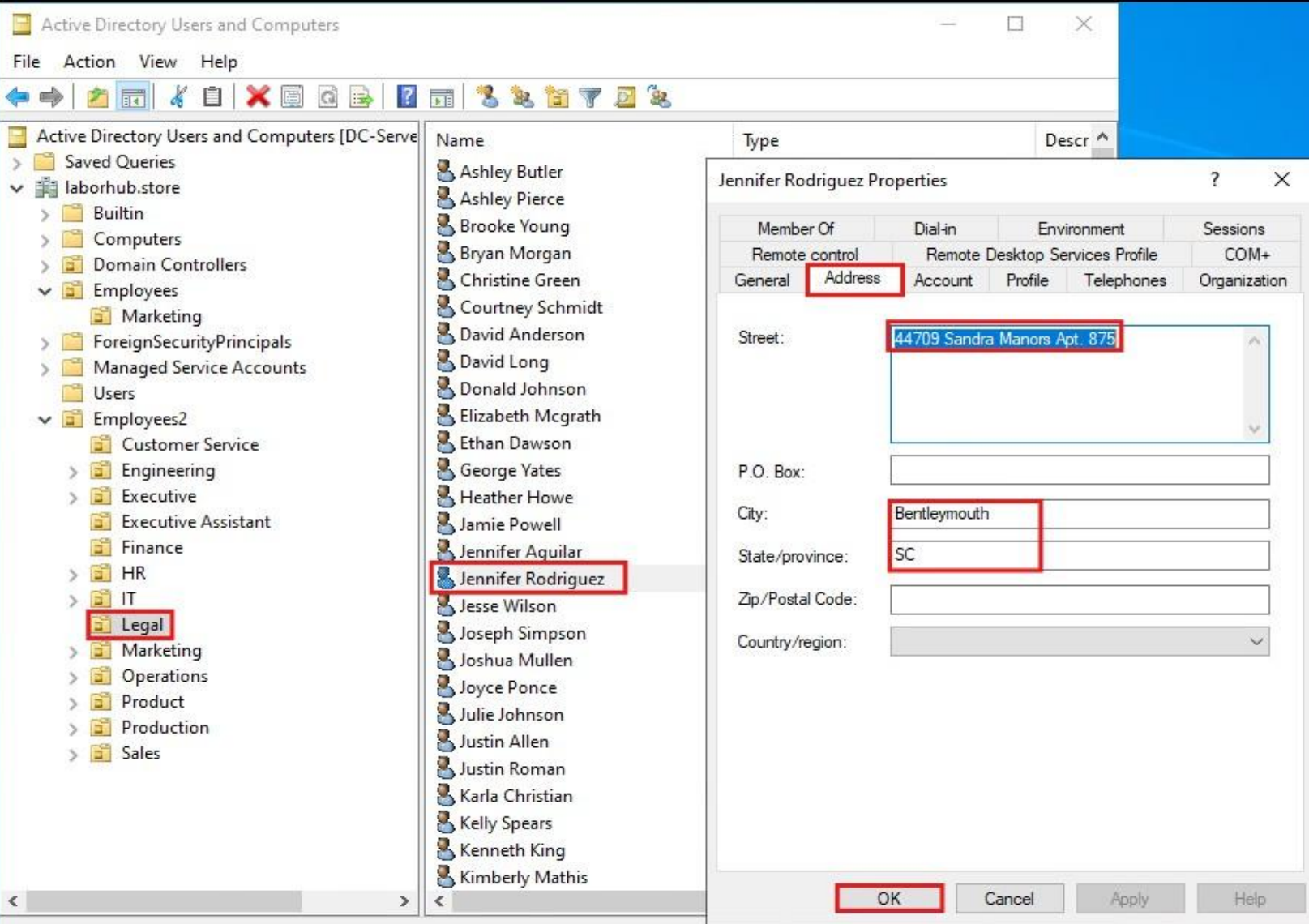


- ❖ This verifies the script worked: the **Customer Service** OU under **Employees2** contains the user **Donald Werner**, and the properties match the CSV details, confirming correct creation and placement.



- ❖ This verifies the script worked: the Legal OU under Employees2 contains Jennifer Rodriguez, and her address details match the CSV, confirming correct creation and placement.

Student012-Server1



❖ Troubleshooting Overview

This section highlights the most common issues encountered during the Active Directory infrastructure setup and explains the practical steps and paths used to identify and resolve them. The troubleshooting approach follows real-world IT diagnostic practices to ensure system stability and user accessibility.



Troubleshooting Steps and Paths

AD DS Service Verification

Check static IP, DNS settings, and confirm AD DS service is running to resolve directory service failures.

Login and Domain Checks

Verify user account status and domain membership to troubleshoot login errors effectively.

File Access Permissions

Review NTFS and share permissions and confirm group memberships to fix file access issues.

GPO and PowerShell Troubleshooting

Check GPO linkage, refresh policies, and verify PowerShell script paths and modules for smooth automation.

Active Directory Infrastructure – Troubleshooting Guide

1. AD DS Not Working: Verify static IP, DNS pointing to DC, AD DS service running. Path: **Server Manager** → **Local Server** → **IPv4** | **Server Manager** → **Tools** → **Services**
2. User Cannot Login: Ensure user is enabled and computer joined to domain. Path: **ADUC** → **User** → **Properties** → **Account** | **System Properties** → **Computer Name**
3. Shared Folder Access Denied: Check NTFS and share permissions. Path: **Folder** → **Properties** → **Security** | **Sharing** → **Advanced Sharing**
4. Drive Mapping Not Working: Verify GPO link and item-level targeting. Path: **GPMC** → **User Config** → **Preferences** → **Drive Maps**
5. Home Drive Missing: Confirm home folder path and permissions. Path: **ADUC** → **User** → **Profile** | **\AD_SYNC\Private\%username%**
6. GPO Not Applying: Run gpupdate and check policies. Path: **Command Prompt** → **gpupdate /force** | **gpresult /r**
7. PowerShell Script Fails: Check CSV file path and run as admin. Path: **C:\data.csv** | **PowerShell** → **Run as Administrator**
8. DNS Issues: Verify DNS, test ping and nslookup. Path: **IPv4 Properties** → **DNS** | **CMD** → **ping** | **nslookup**

❖ Conclusion

This project shows how Active Directory can be used to manage users, computers, and shared resources in an organized and secure way. By setting up a domain controller, creating OUs and groups, configuring file shares, applying Group Policies, and automating user creation with PowerShell, the environment works like a real company network. The included troubleshooting steps show how common issues such as login problems, drive mapping errors, and permission issues are identified and fixed. Overall, this project demonstrates practical IT support and system administration skills that are commonly used in real-world enterprise environments.