

Every 'bitcoin' has two sides.

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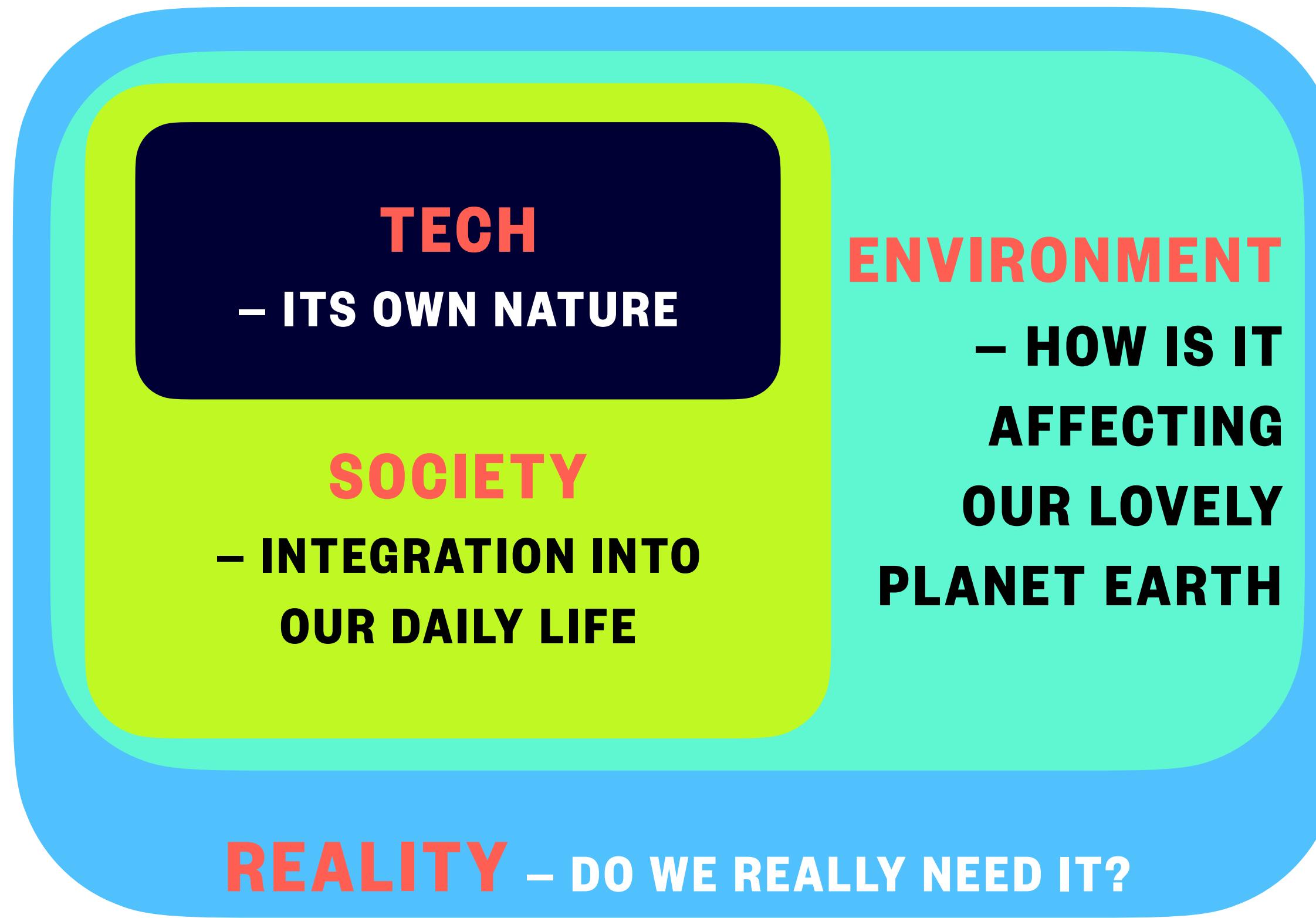
# Limitations & Vulnerabilities of Blockchain

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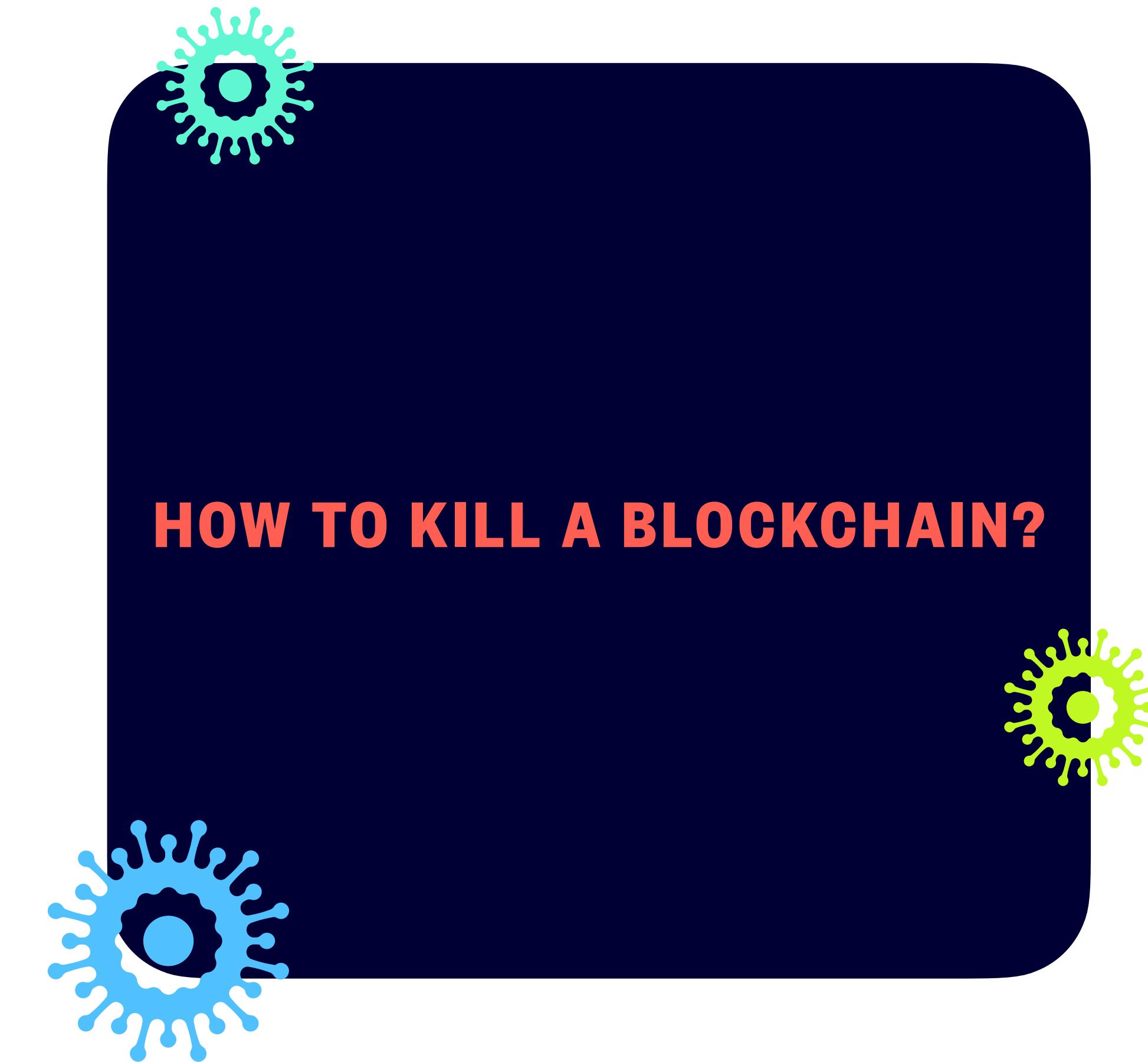
JINWOO SEONG, JUNE 29TH



# Topics - How I divided them ?



LIMITATIONS



# Limitations - Tech

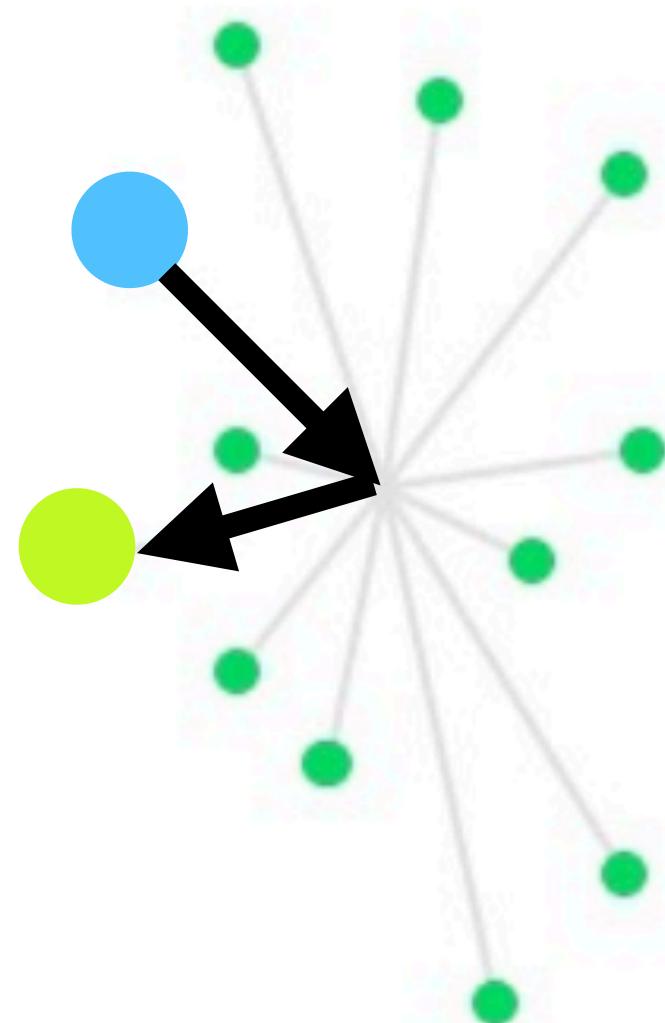


## TECH

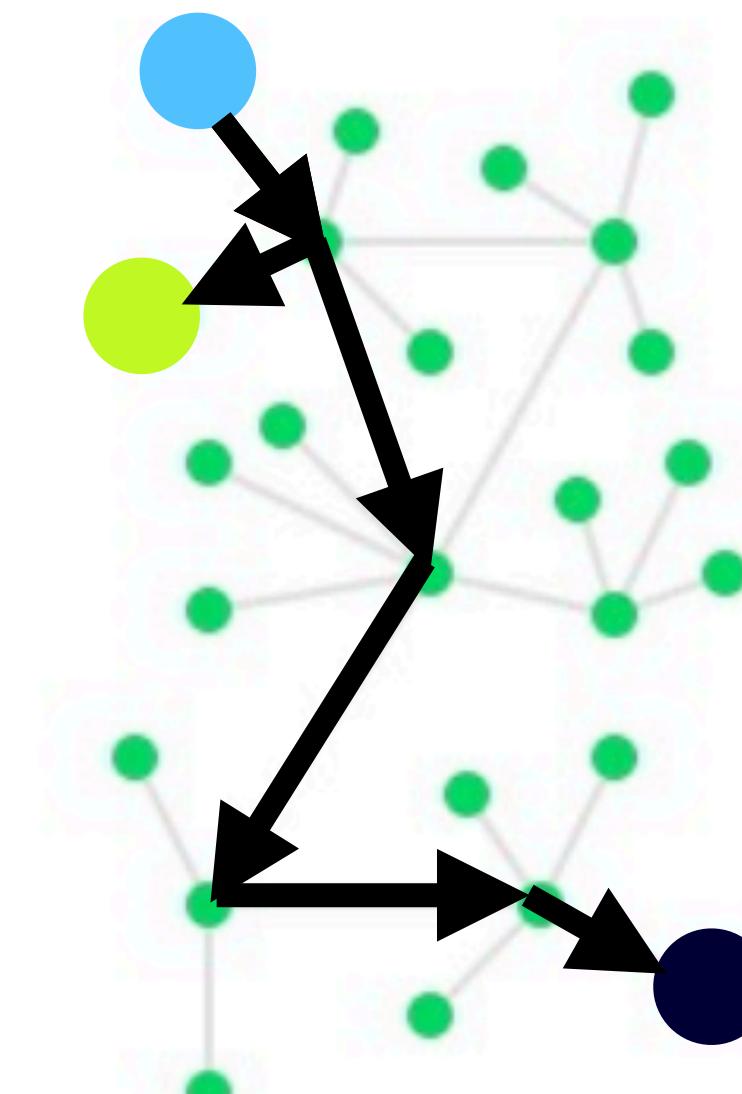
- ITS OWN NATURE

- Scalability
- Change of Protocol (hard fork)
- Interoperability

Centralized



Decentralized

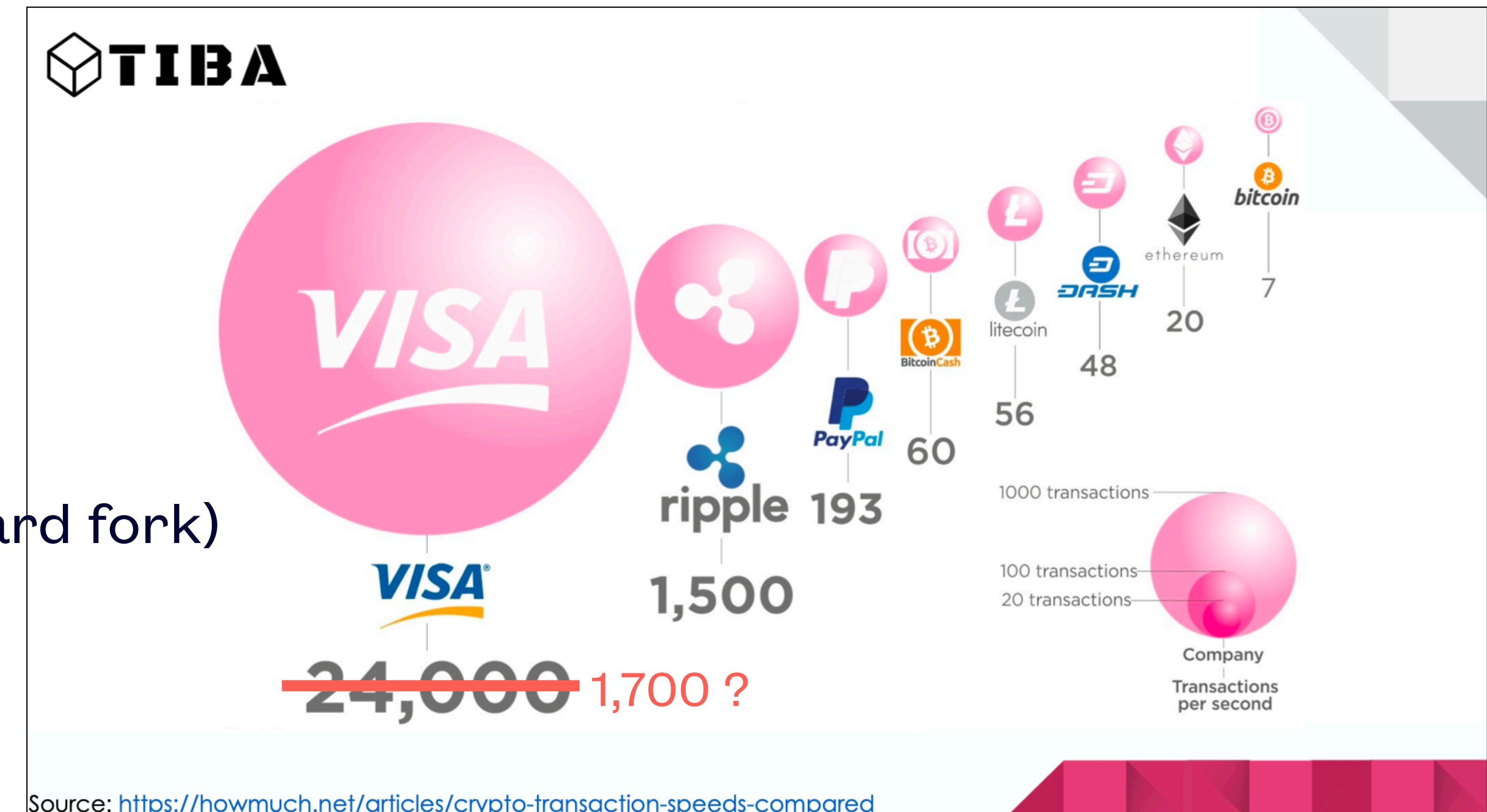


# Limitations - Tech



**TECH**  
– ITS OWN NATURE

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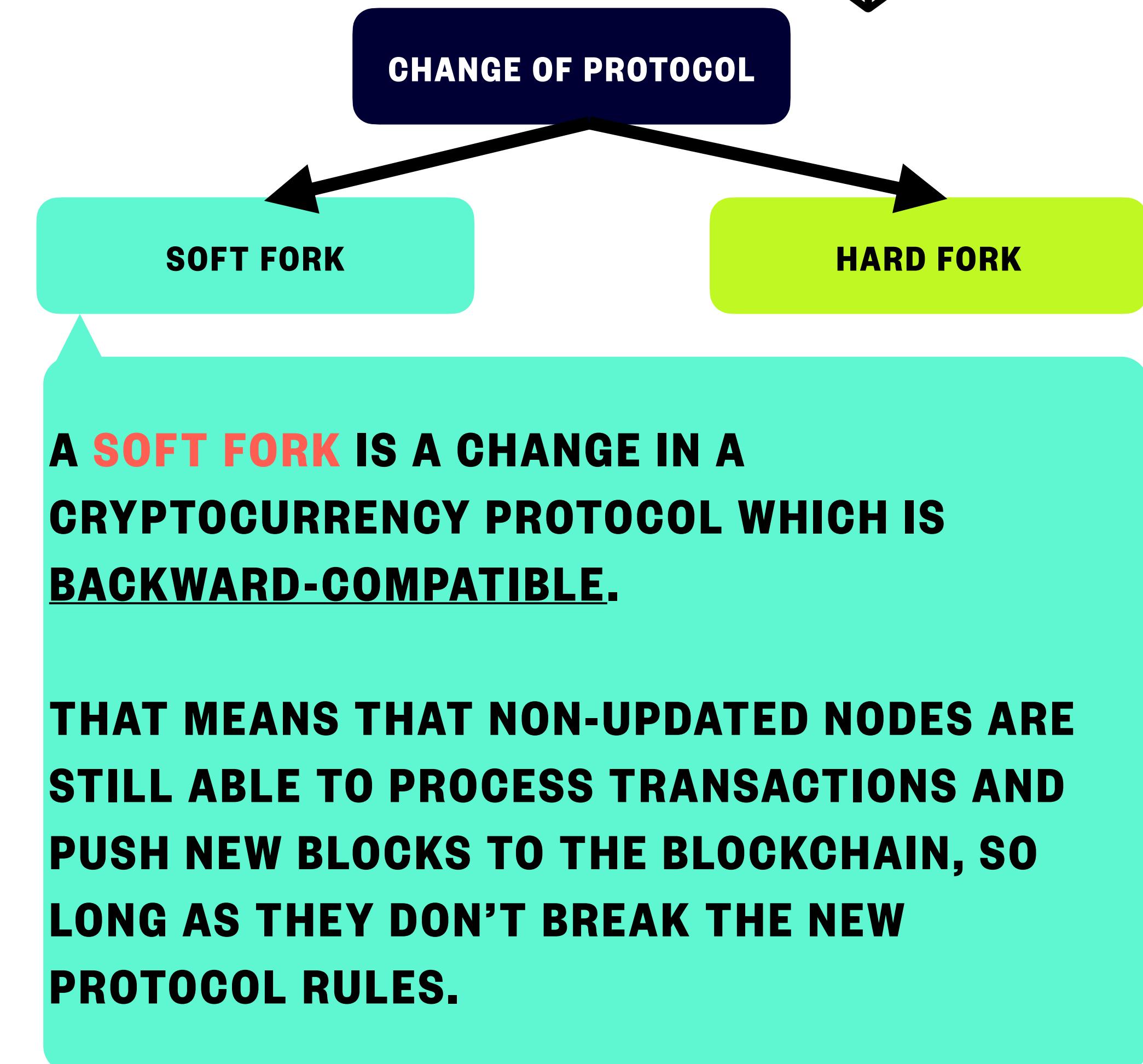


# Limitations - Tech

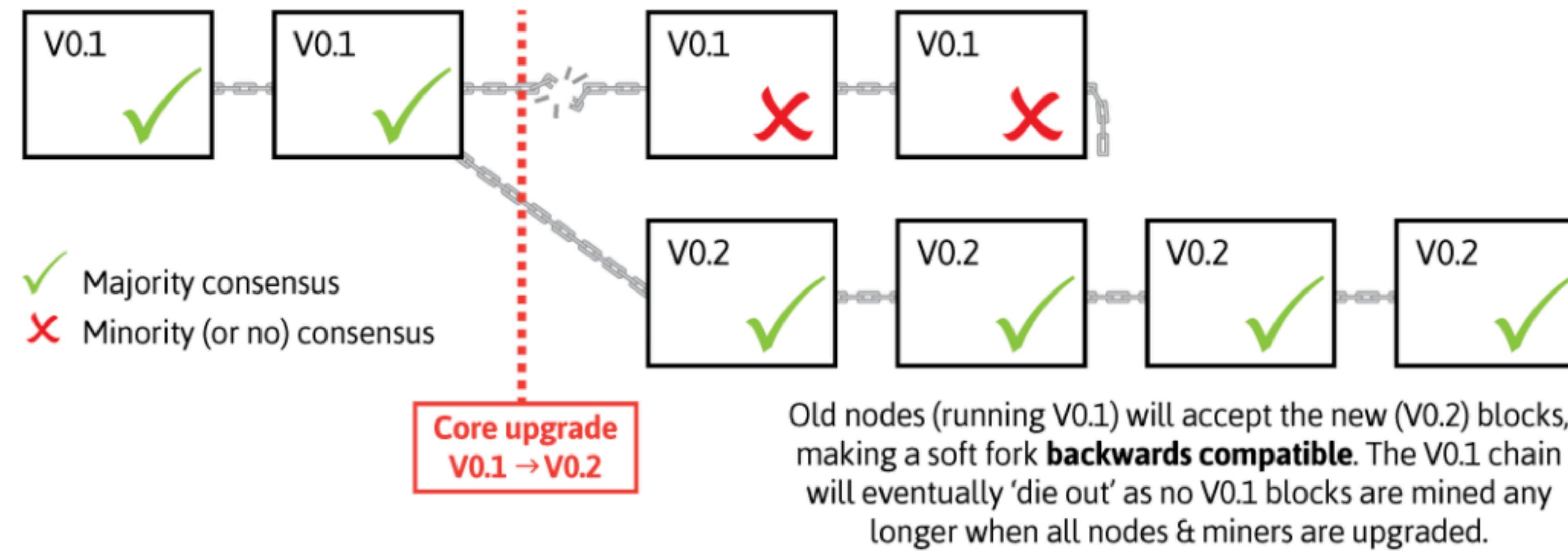


**TECH**  
– ITS OWN NATURE

- Scalability
- Change of Protocol (hard fork)
- Interoperability



# Limitations - Tech



Soft Fork

# Limitations - Tech



TECH

- ITS OWN NATURE

- Scalability
- Change of Protocol (hard fork)
- Interoperability

CHANGE OF PROTOCOL

SOFT FORK

HARD FORK

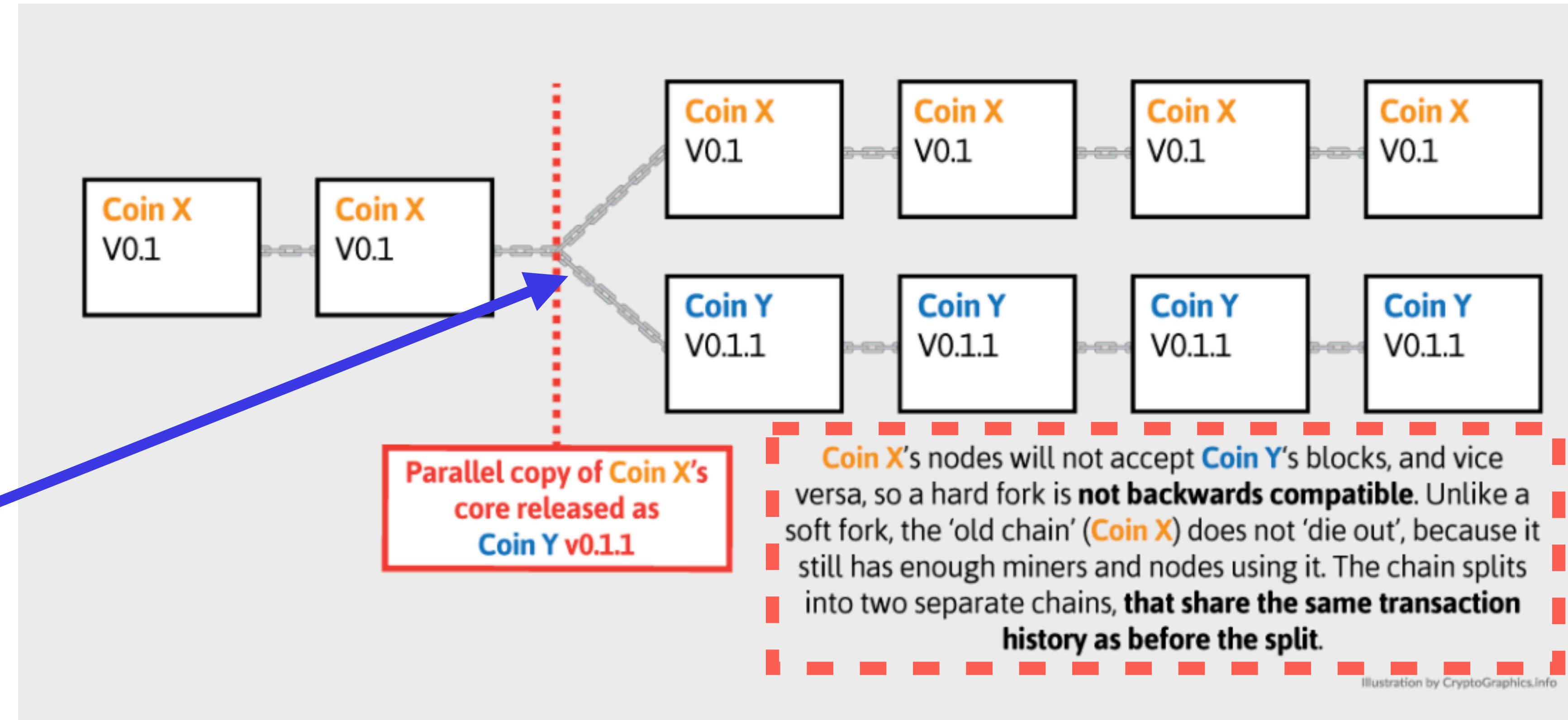
A **HARD FORK** IS A CHANGE IN A CRYPTOCURRENCY PROTOCOL WHICH IS **INCOMPATIBLE** WITH THE **PREVIOUS VERSIONS**, MEANING THAT NODES THAT DON'T UPDATE TO THE NEW VERSION **WON'T BE ABLE TO PROCESS TRANSACTIONS OR PUSH NEW BLOCKS TO THE BLOCKCHAIN**.

HARD FORKS CAN BE USED TO CHANGE OR IMPROVE AN EXISTING PROTOCOL, OR EVEN TO CREATE A NEW, INDEPENDENT PROTOCOL AND BLOCKCHAIN.

# Limitations - Tech



**THERE MIGHT  
BE A PROBLEM  
HERE !!!**

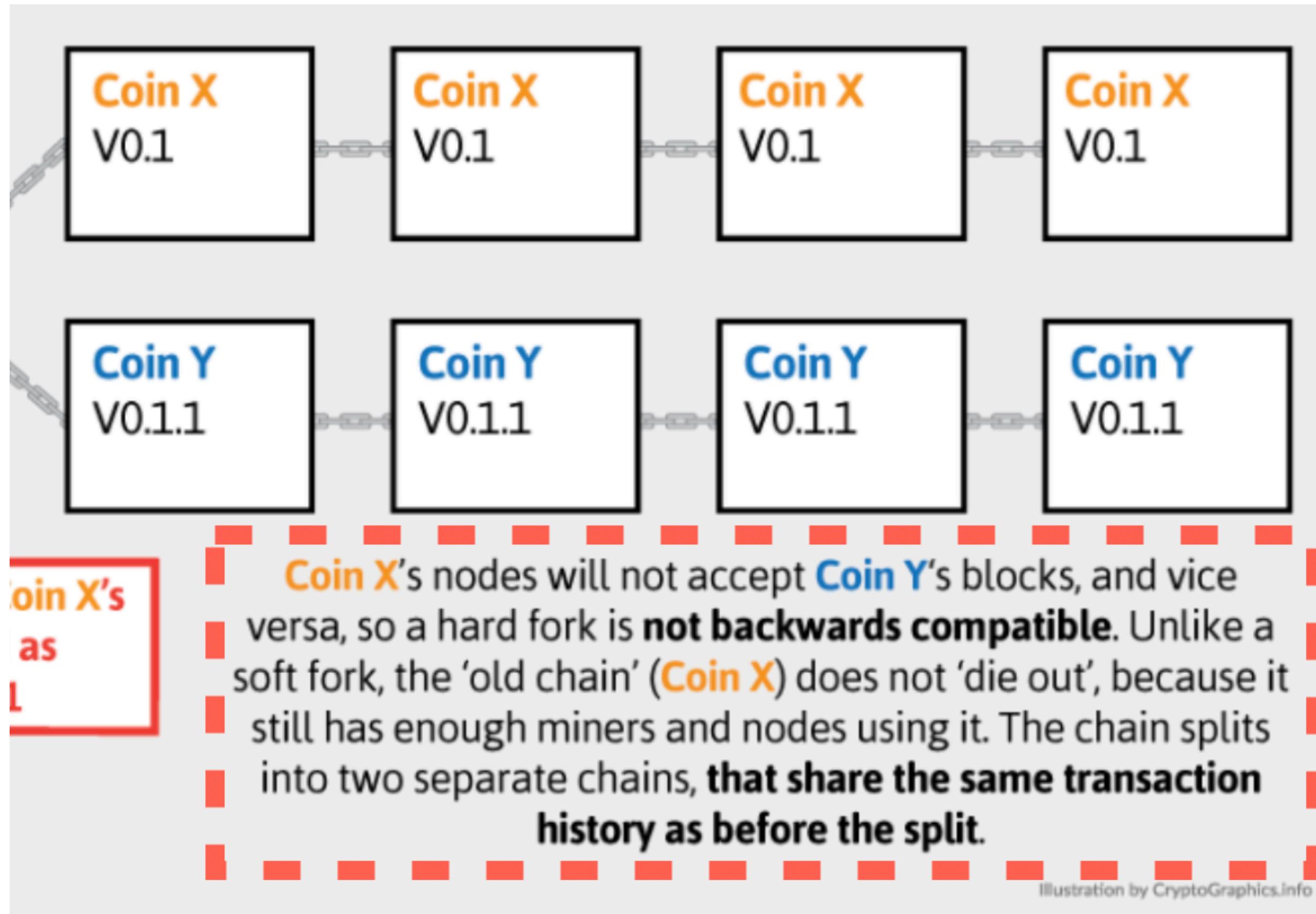


Hard Fork

# Limitations - Tech



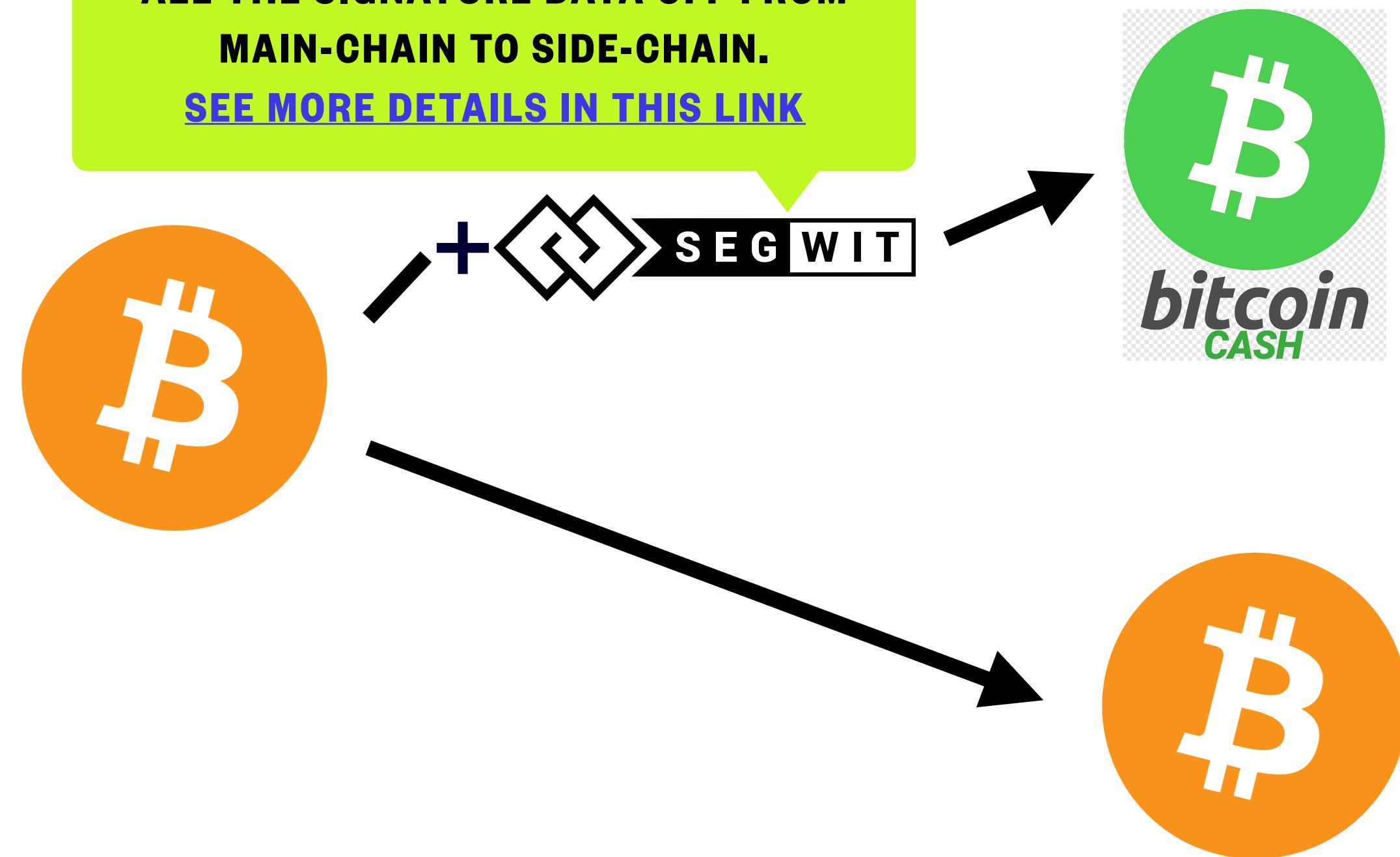
## Hard Fork



## One Famous Blockchain Hard Fork Case

### The Birth Of Bch: The First Crazy Days Of “Bitcoin Cash”

A SIDE-CHAIN SOLUTION THAT CAN MOVE ALL THE SIGNATURE DATA OFF FROM MAIN-CHAIN TO SIDE-CHAIN.  
[SEE MORE DETAILS IN THIS LINK](#)



# Limitations - Tech



TECH

- ITS OWN NATURE

- Scalability
- Change of Protocol (hard fork)
- Interoperability

THERE ARE MORE THAN **6500** STANDALONE BLOCKCHAIN PROJECTS AVAILABLE, WITH **DIFFERENT PROTOCOLS, CODING LANGUAGES, CONSENSUS MECHANISMS, AND PRIVACY MEASURES.**

IT'S LACKING A **UNIVERSAL STANDARD** THAT WOULD ALLOW DIFFERENT NETWORKS TO COMMUNICATE WITH EACH OTHER.

*Polkadot.* ←

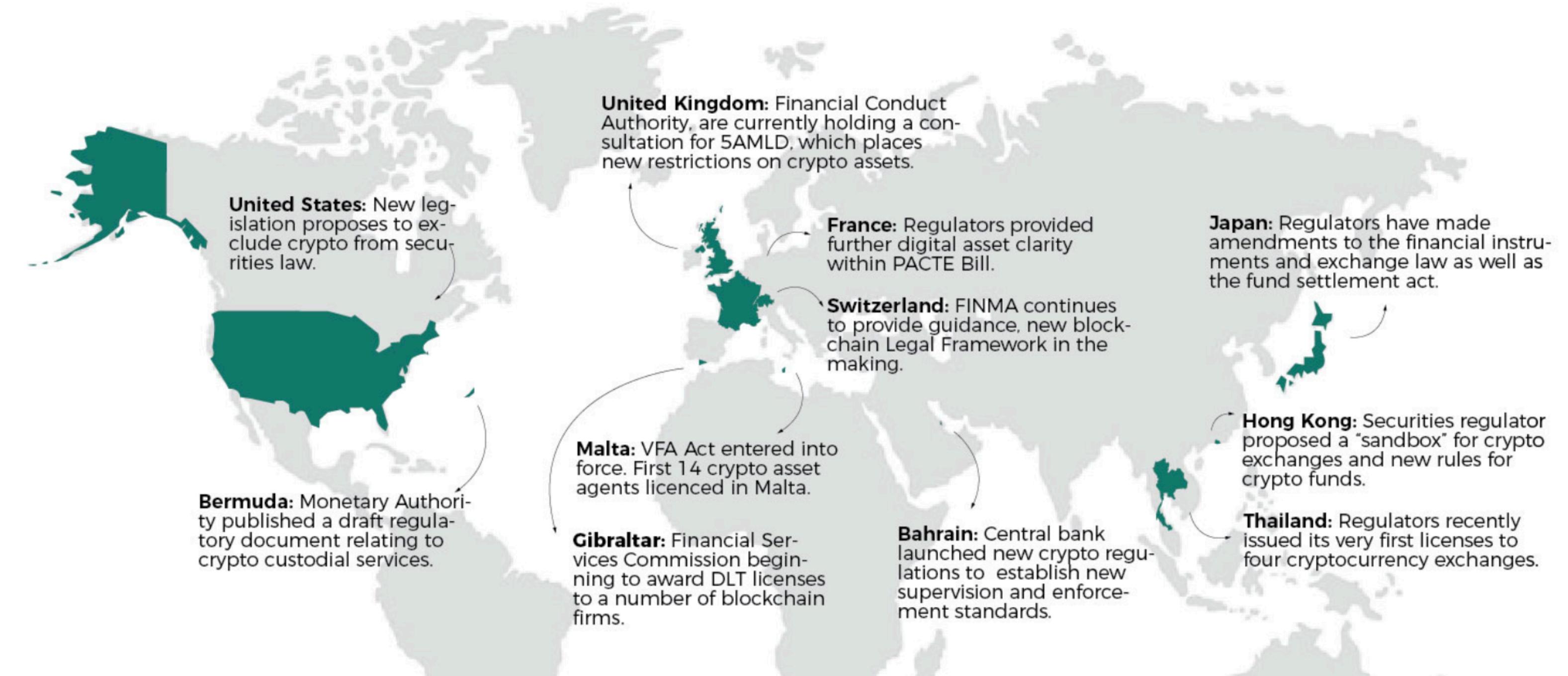
THEY ARE TRYING TO  
SOLVE THIS PROBLEM!

[Here is the link to Polkadot.](#)

# Limitations - Society



- **Regulations/Politics**
- **Inefficiency**
- **Cost of Implementation**



Source: <https://www.e-zigurat.com/innovation-school/blog/blockchain-regulations-recent-key-developments/>

# Limitations - Society

REGULATIONS IN CHINA



TECH

- ITS OWN NATURE

SOCIETY

- INTEGRATION INTO  
OUR DAILY LIFE

- Regulations/Politics
- Inefficiency
- Cost of Implementation

DEC.5TH, 2013

ON 5 DECEMBER 2013, PEOPLE'S BANK OF CHINA (PBOC) MADE ITS FIRST STEP IN REGULATING BITCOIN BY PROHIBITING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS FROM HANDLING BITCOIN TRANSACTIONS.

SEP.4TH, 2017

SEVEN CENTRAL GOVERNMENT REGULATORS JOINTLY ISSUED THE ANNOUNCEMENT ON PREVENTING FINANCIAL RISKS FROM INITIAL COIN OFFERINGS, WHICH BANNED INITIAL COIN OFFERINGS (ICOS) IN CHINA.

FEB, 2019

IN FEBRUARY 2019, THE CYBERSECURITY ADMINISTRATION OF **CHINA** IMPLEMENTED THE **BLOCKCHAIN** INFORMATION SERVICE MANAGEMENT **REGULATIONS** ("BISM") WHICH ESTABLISHED THE LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE OPERATION OF A **BLOCKCHAIN**-BASED BUSINESS WITHIN THE PRC.

APR.1ST, 2014

ON 1 APRIL 2014 PBOC ORDERED COMMERCIAL BANKS AND PAYMENT COMPANIES TO CLOSE BITCOIN TRADING ACCOUNTS IN TWO WEEKS.

2018

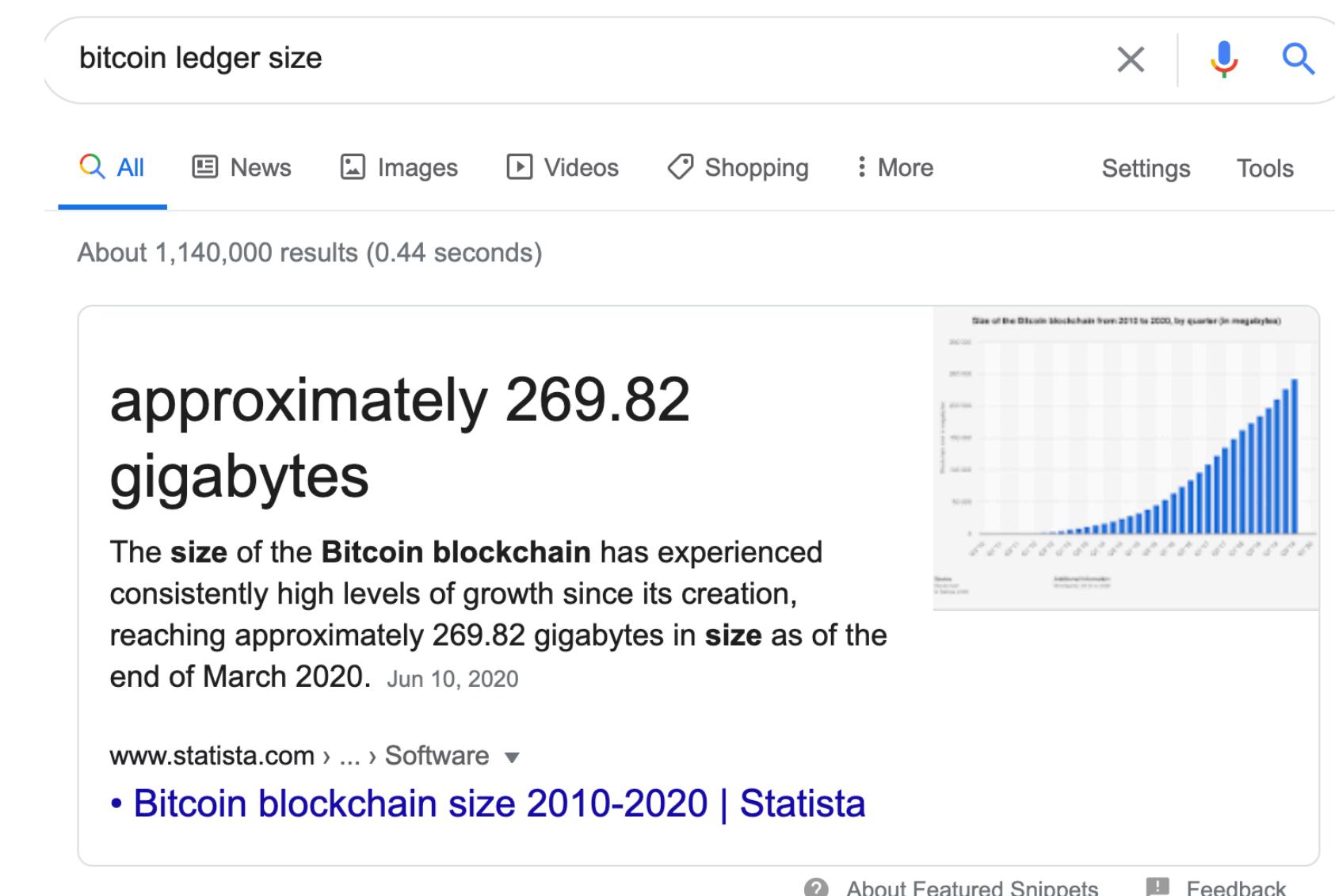
CRYPTOCURRENCY EXCHANGES OR TRADING PLATFORMS WERE EFFECTIVELY BANNED BY REGULATION IN SEPTEMBER 2017 WITH 173 PLATFORMS CLOSED DOWN BY JULY 2018.

# Limitations - Society



- Regulations/Politics
- Inefficiency
- Cost of Implementation

1. Multiple Copies of the same **huge chunk of data(ledger)**.
2. The more transactions are made and nodes are created, the bigger the blockchain size, therefore the slower the network.



That's how big the  
bitcoin ledger is!

# Limitations - Society



**TECH**  
– ITS OWN NATURE

**SOCIETY**  
– INTEGRATION INTO  
OUR DAILY LIFE

- Regulations/Politics
- Inefficiency
- Cost of Implementation

1. **Learning Curve:** Not very welcome to beginners, and the resources are scattered all over.
2. **Maintenance:** will takes up about 15%~20% of the overall project cost
3. **Time Consumption:** Implementation takes up a lot of time (as everybody knows how long it took for ETH 2.0 to develop and it's still developing.)
4. **Financial Aspect:** if your blockchain service can be done easily via smart contracts, and it shouldn't be much. It is estimated that the cost of implementing blockchain solution will vary from 5000 dollars to 200,000 dollars depends on the projects complexity.

# Limitations - Environment



**TECH**  
– ITS OWN NATURE

**SOCIETY**  
– INTEGRATION INTO  
OUR DAILY LIFE

**ENVIRONMENT**  
– HOW IS IT  
AFFECTING  
OUR LOVELY  
PLANET EARTH

“The problem with mining cryptocurrencies is that it only works well when done at scale: an individual server is worthless. As a result, mining Bitcoin alone uses the same amount of energy as used by the entire island of Ireland in a single year.”

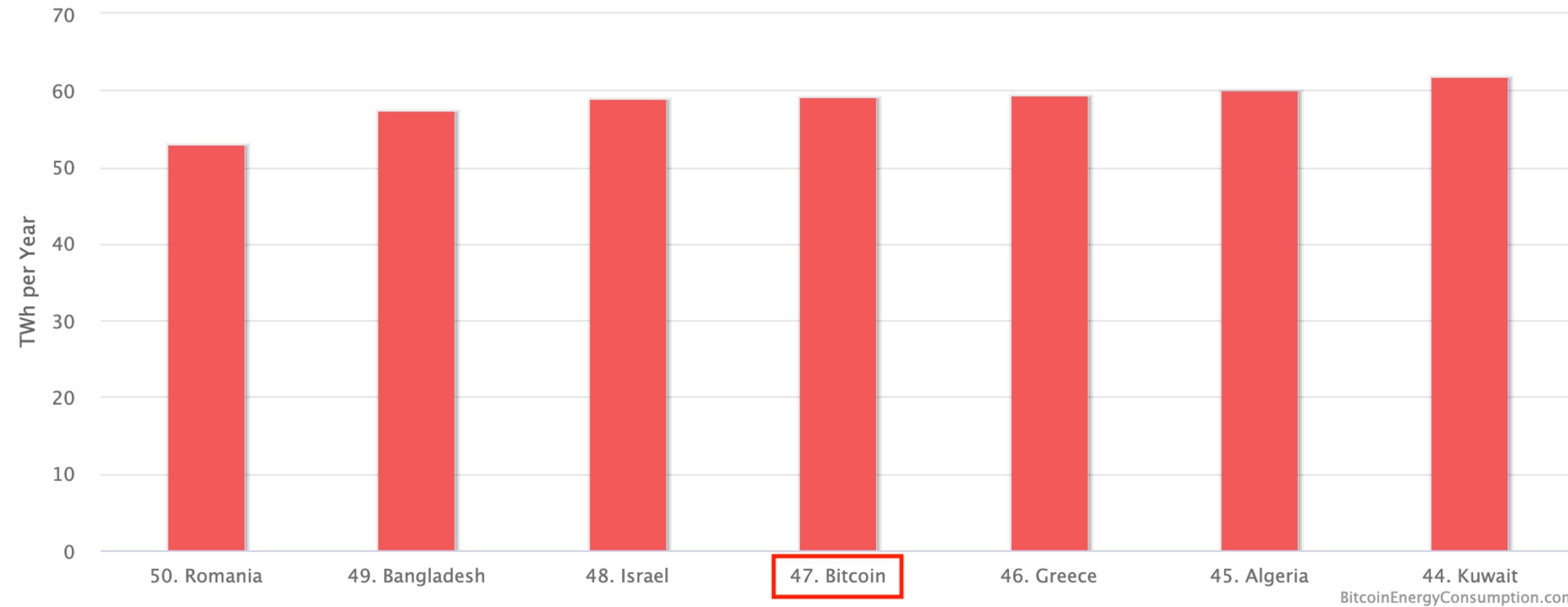
source: <https://emagazine.com/environmental-effects-of-blockchain/#:~:text=Even%20outside%20the%20context%20of,are%20very%20reliant%20on%20energy>.

- Energy Consumption

# Limitations - Environment



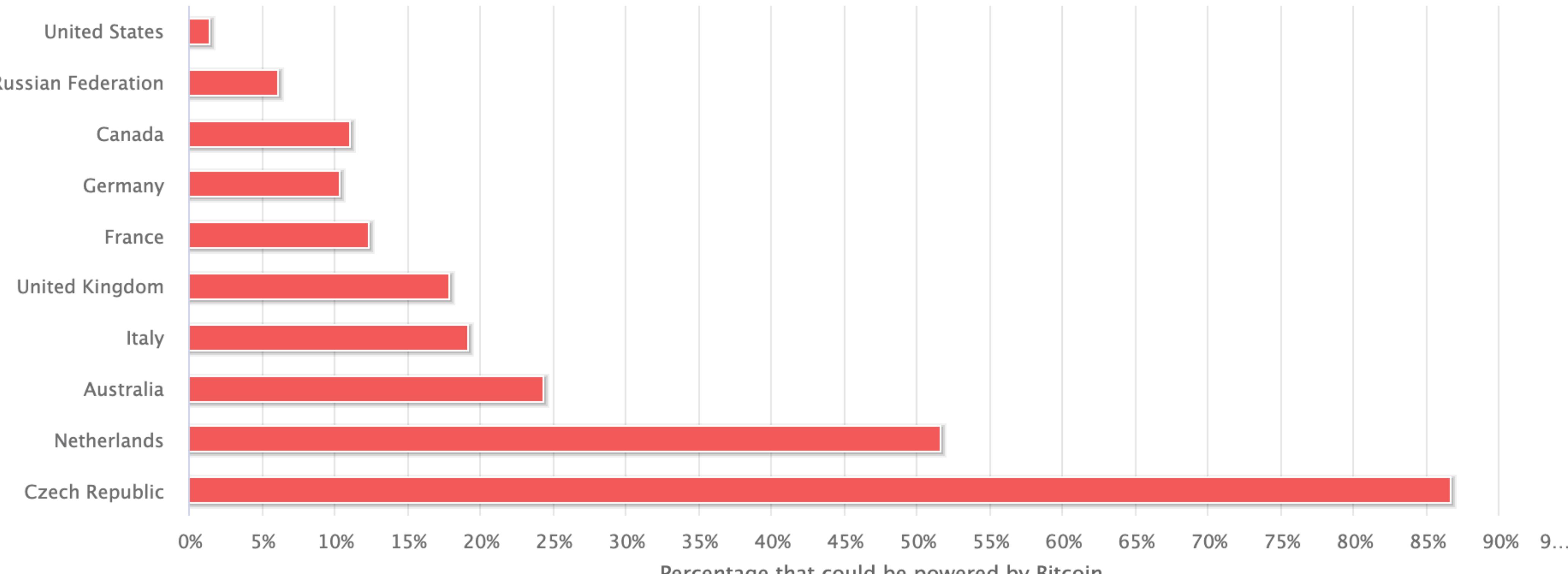
Energy Consumption by Country Chart



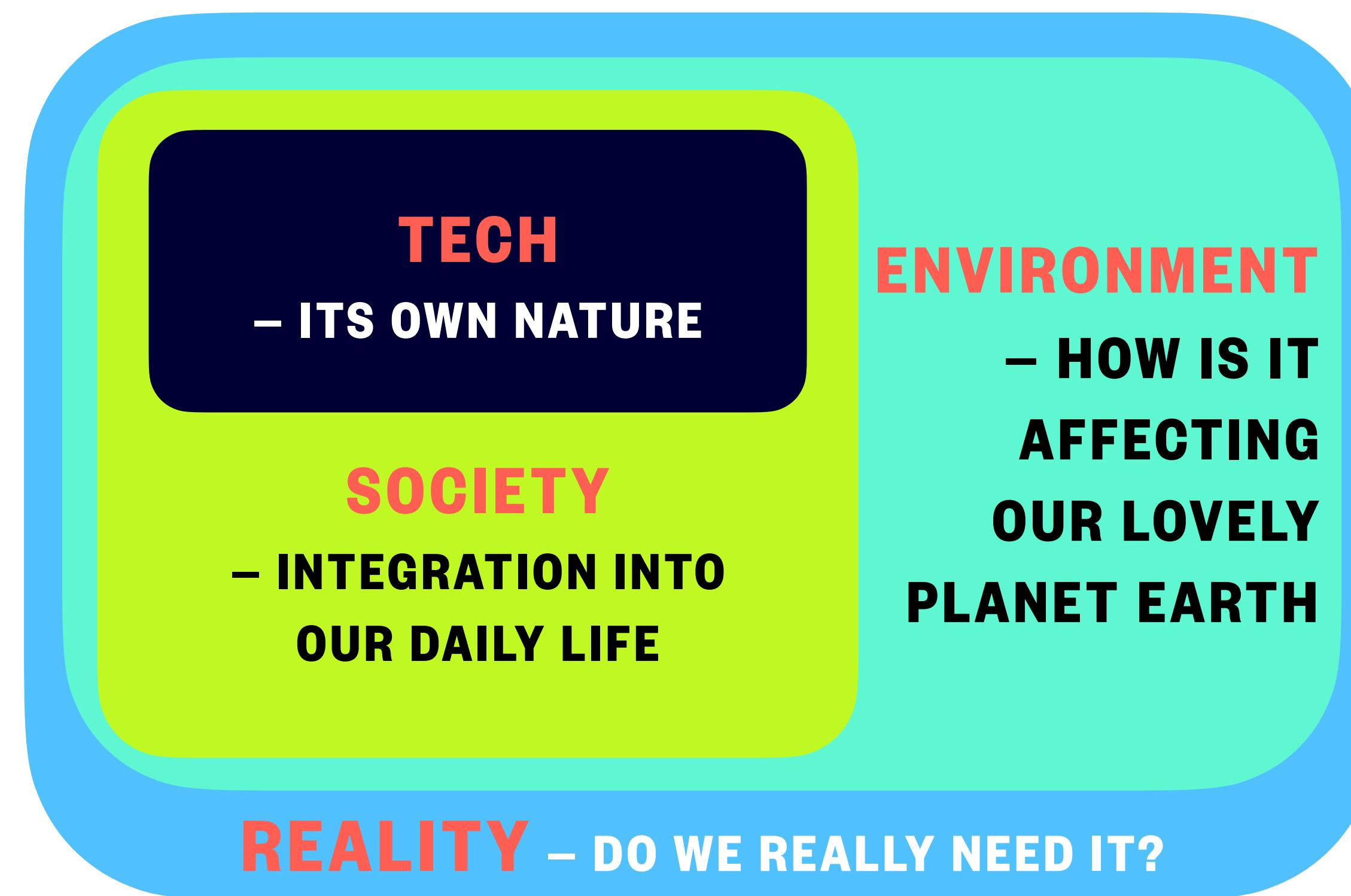
# Limitations - Environment



Bitcoin Energy Consumption Relative to Several Countries



# Limitations - Reality



- Integration with Legacy System

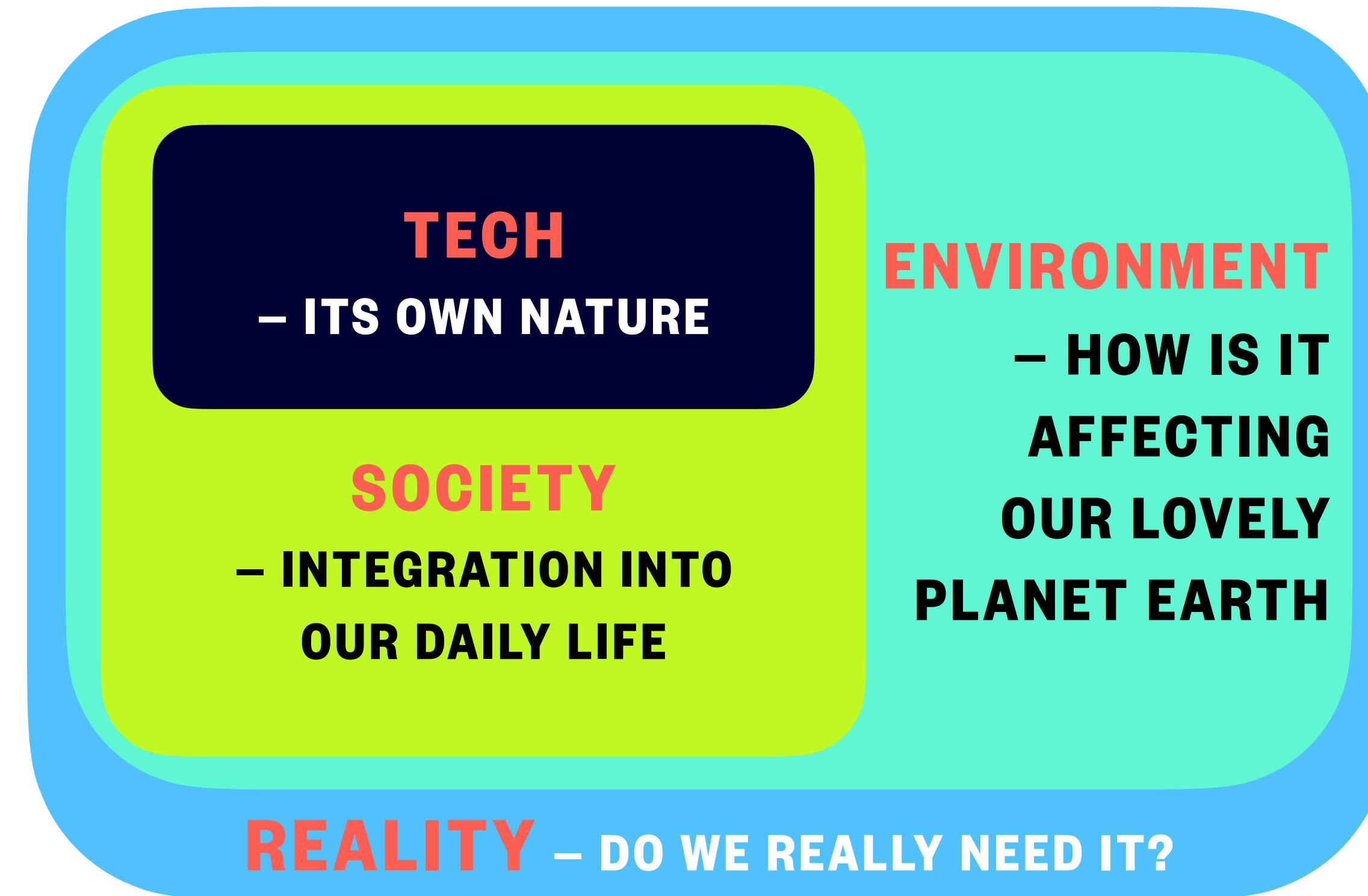
Why would corporations spend tons of money on something that benefits them by little while they could just use their old xp software as it is?
- Lack of Blockchain Developers

Blockchain developers have become very valuable in the job market, with jobs ranging from \$150,000 to \$250,000. According to job search platform, Hired, there has been a 517% increase in demand for software engineers having knowledge in blockchain development, in the past year. Nov 27, 2019

[www.blockchain-council.org › blockchain › why-the-d...](http://www.blockchain-council.org › blockchain › why-the-d...) ▾  
Why the Demand for Blockchain Developers is 'through the ...
- Blockchain in some cases can be slow and cumbersome

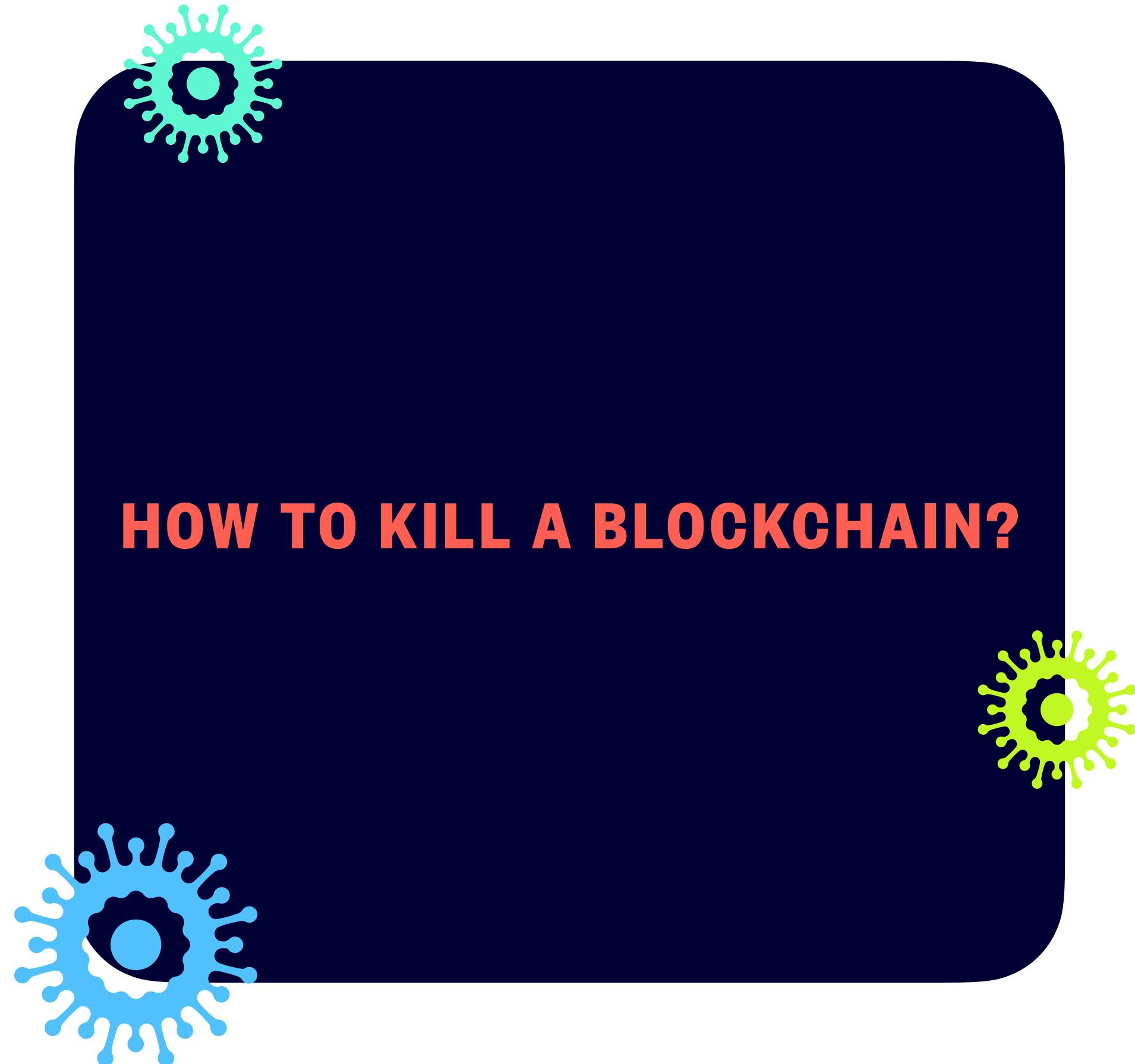
Takes 60 minutes to send A BTC while I could just use WeChat Pay instead...

# Limitations



LIMITATIONS

# Vulnerabilities



VULNERABILITIES

# Vulnerabilities



51% ATTACK

SYBIL ATTACK

ECLIPSE ATTACK

SELFISH MINING  
ATTACK

MINING MALWARE

TIMEJACK ATTACK

MEMPOOL ATTACK

CENTRALIZED  
MINING

CRYPTOGRAPHIC  
TRACKING

HUMAN ERROR

DDOS ATTACK

FINNEY ATTACK

RACE ATTACK

CONSENSUS DELAY

THE DAO ATTACK

PARITY MULTISIG  
WALLET ATTACK

EXCHANGE HACKS

SOCIAL  
ENGINEERING

SOFTWARE FLAWS

CENTRALIZED  
WALLET KEEPING

DOUBLE SPENDING  
ATTACK

# Vulnerabilities



**51% ATTACK**

**CENTRALIZED  
MINING**

**THE DAO ATTACK**

If one wants to know what 51% attack is,  
One should understand how blockchain works first.....

# Vulnerabilities



PROOF-OF-WORK, OR POW,  
IS THE ORIGINAL CONSENSUS ALGORITHM IN A BLOCKCHAIN NETWORK.

51% ATTACK

IN BLOCKCHAIN, THIS ALGORITHM IS USED TO **CONFIRM TRANSACTIONS** AND  
**PRODUCE NEW BLOCKS TO THE CHAIN**. WITH POW, MINERS COMPETE AGAINST EACH  
OTHER TO COMPLETE TRANSACTIONS ON THE NETWORK AND GET REWARDED.

CENTRALIZED  
MINING

**IT FOLLOWS THE RULE OF “DECISION WILL BE MADE BY THE MAJORITY”**

THE DAO ATTACK

So what if I am the majority???

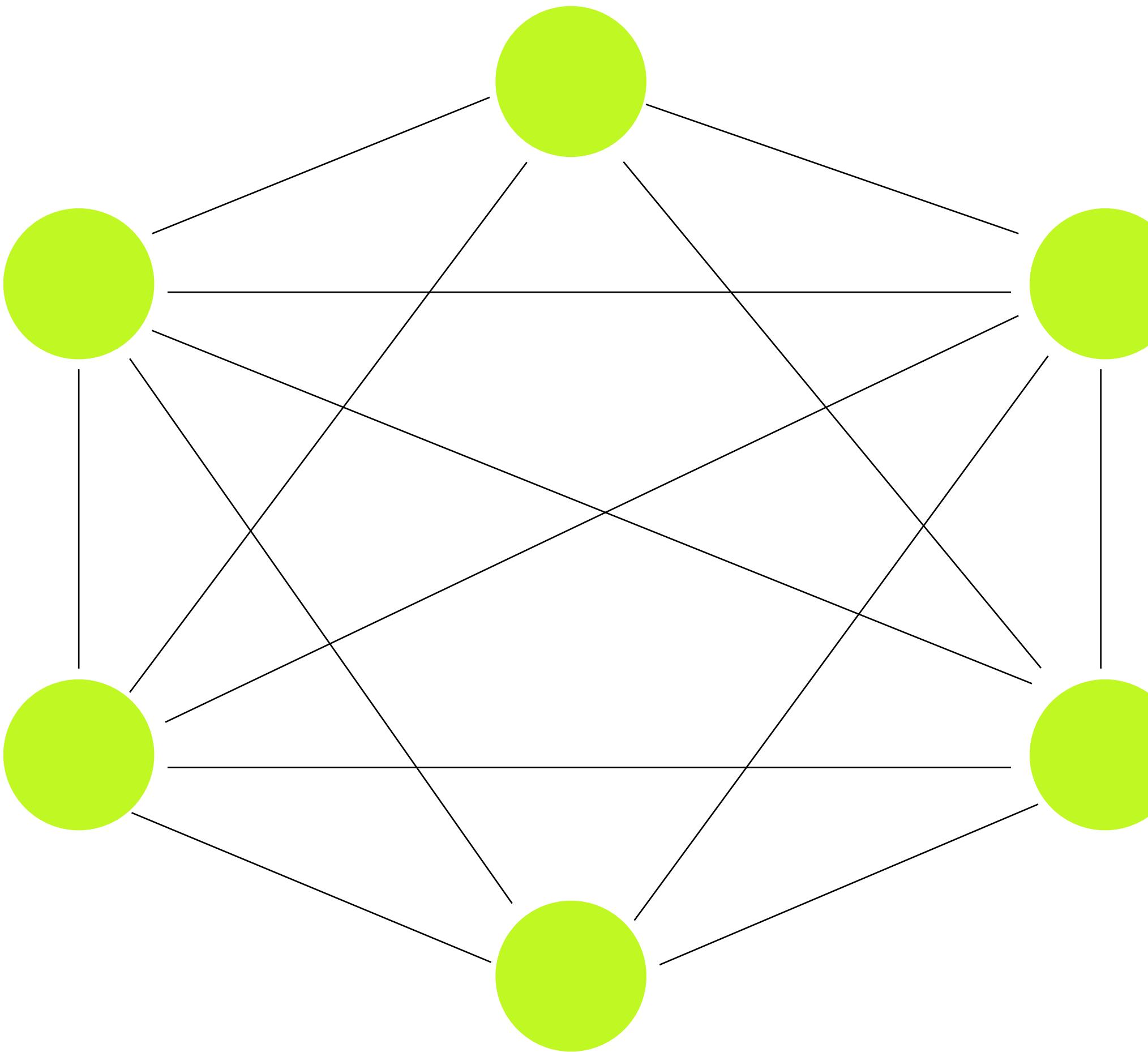
# Vulnerabilities



51% ATTACK

CENTRALIZED  
MINING

THE DAO ATTACK



HEALTHY STATE

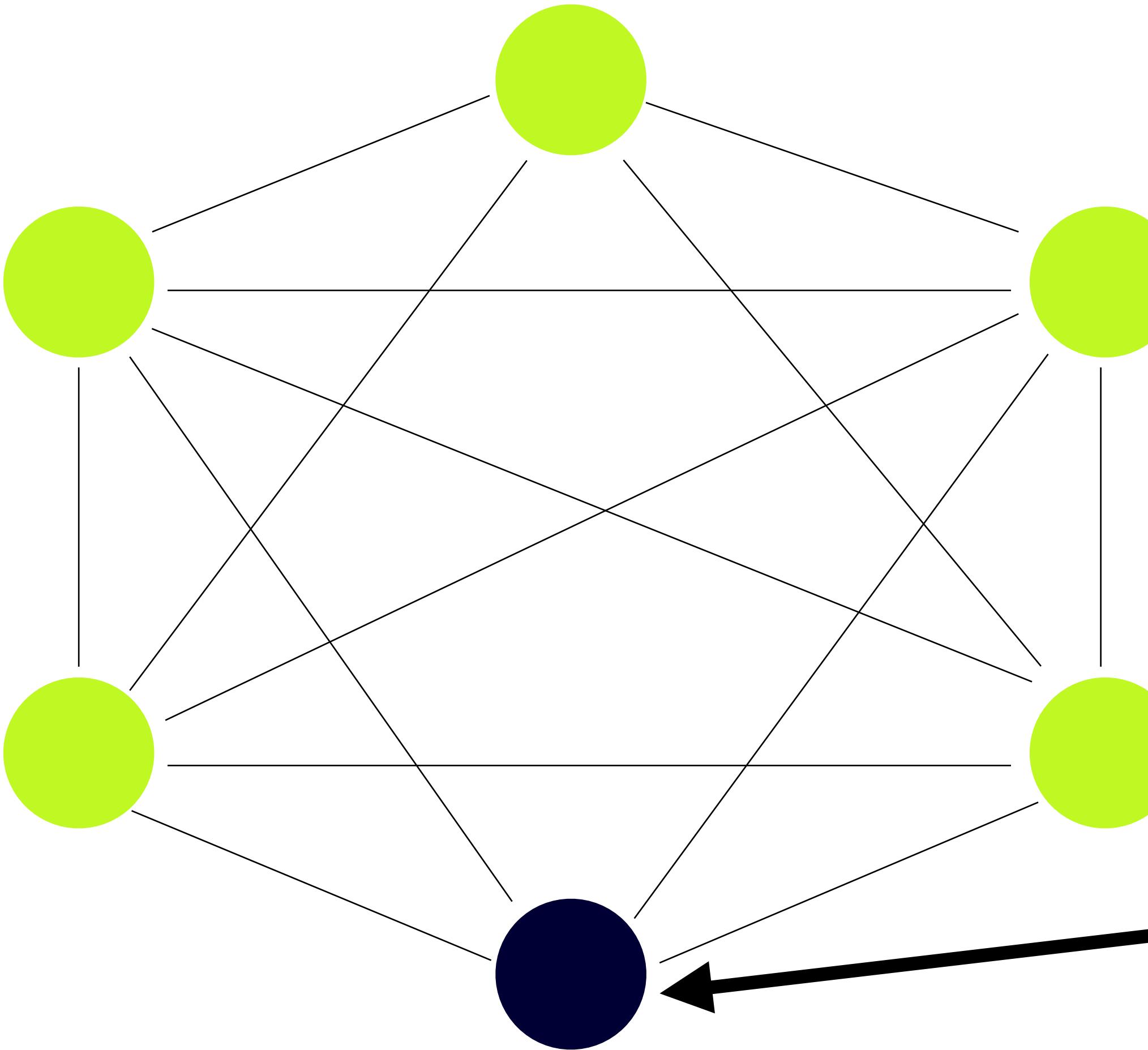
# Vulnerabilities



51% ATTACK

CENTRALIZED  
MINING

THE DAO ATTACK



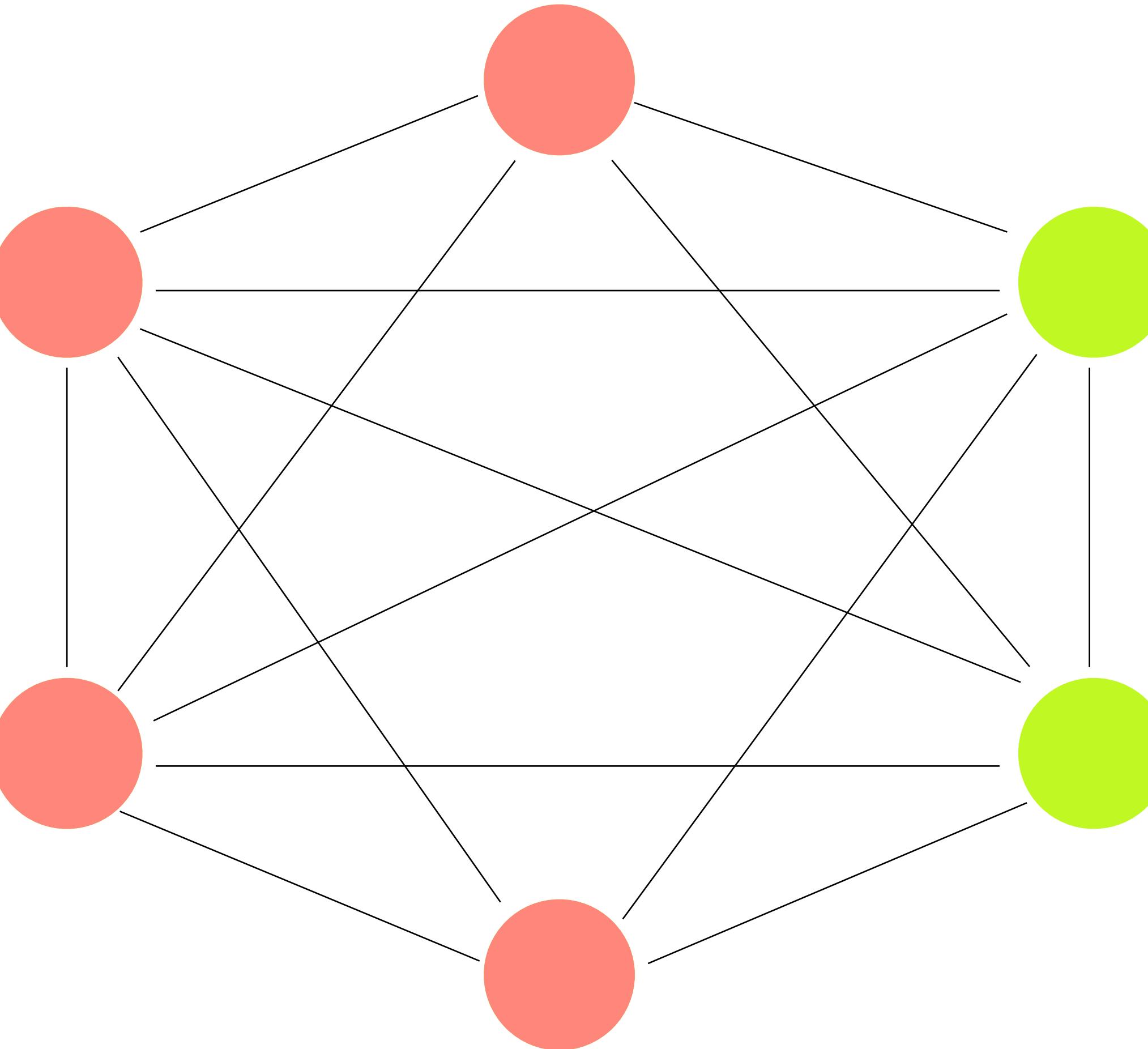
If a node is being hacked or destroyed, the other 5 nodes can use their own ledger to indicate the this node is a 'fault node'. therefore the node will be erased from the network

# Vulnerabilities

51% ATTACK

CENTRALIZED  
MINING

THE DAO ATTACK



I AM RICH AND POWERFUL, I HAVE THE MOST COMPUTING POWER IN THE WORLD.

I OWN 4 NODES IN THIS NETWORK!



THEREFORE IF I MAKE MY NODES TELL THE NETWORK I OWN EVERY COIN IN THIS NETWORK,

THEN THE OTHER TWO NODES CAN BE ELIMINATED AND ALL THE COINS WILL BECOME MINE

# Vulnerabilities



51% ATTACK

CENTRALIZED  
MINING

THE DAO ATTACK

## WHAT IS A 51% ATTACK?

A 51% ATTACK REFERS TO AN ATTACK ON A BLOCKCHAIN—MOST COMMONLY BITCOINS, FOR WHICH SUCH AN ATTACK IS STILL HYPOTHETICAL—BY A GROUP OF MINERS CONTROLLING MORE THAN 50% OF THE NETWORK'S MINING HASH RATE OR COMPUTING POWER.

THE ATTACKERS WOULD BE ABLE TO PREVENT NEW TRANSACTIONS FROM GAINING CONFIRMATIONS, ALLOWING THEM TO HALT PAYMENTS BETWEEN SOME OR ALL USERS. THEY WOULD ALSO BE ABLE TO REVERSE TRANSACTIONS THAT WERE COMPLETED WHILE THEY WERE IN CONTROL OF THE NETWORK, MEANING THEY COULD DOUBLE-SPEND COINS.

# Vulnerabilities



51% ATTACK



A Beijing Based Company who design ASIC chipped mining machines for blockchain minings.

**ASICS(APPLICATION SPECIFIC INTEGRATED CIRCUITS)**

ASICS ARE SO POWERFUL THAT ONCE A COIN-SPECIFIC ASIC IS RELEASED, IT IS USUALLY UNPROFITABLE TO MINE WITHOUT ONE, ACCORDING TO A REPORT BY LOKI NETWORK.

CENTRALIZED MINING

**THE IDEA OF THE CENTRALIZED MINING**

BASICALLY A PERSON OR A COMPANY OWNS A LOT OF HASHING POWER THAT THIS OWNER HAS A REALLY HIGH CHANCE OF MINING THE NEXT BLOCKS.

EX. IF A PERSON HAS 10% OF THE GLOBAL HASHING POWER, THEN IT IS LIKELY THAT WHEN EVERY 10 BLOCKS ARE MINED, THERE IS ONE BLOCK THAT BELONGS TO THEM.

THE DAO ATTACK

This might cause

51% ATTACK

For more info: <https://www.investopedia.com/investing/why-centralized-crypto-mining-growing-problem/>

# Vulnerabilities



51% ATTACK

CENTRALIZED  
MINING

THE DAO ATTACK

In 2016, there is a smart contract called DAO, and it possibly had one of the largest crowd fund, which was 120 million dollars.

Everybody was hyped about the beginning of Fintech, but the truth is, an attacker drained 70 million dollars from the crowd fund by using a contract bug.

So

What's Smart contract?

What's the DAO?

How did he hack?

# Vulnerabilities



What's Smart contract?

51% ATTACK

CENTRALIZED  
MINING

THE DAO ATTACK

```
contract token {
    mapping (address => uint) public coinBalanceOf;
    event CoinTransfer(address sender, address receiver, uint amount);

    /* Initializes contract with initial supply tokens to the creator of the contract */
    function token(uint supply) {
        if (supply == 0) supply = 10000;
        coinBalanceOf[msg.sender] = supply;
    }

    /* Very simple trade function */
    function sendCoin(address receiver, uint amount) returns(bool sufficient) {
        if (coinBalanceOf[msg.sender] < amount) return false;
        coinBalanceOf[msg.sender] -= amount;
        coinBalanceOf[receiver] += amount;
        CoinTransfer(msg.sender, receiver, amount);
        return true;
    }
}
```

It's just codes!

**BUT, ITS BLOCKCHAIN CODE, THEREFORE:  
IT'S IMMUTABLE AND PERPETUAL**

# Vulnerabilities



What's the DAO?

51% ATTACK

CENTRALIZED  
MINING

THE DAO ATTACK

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    }
}
```

x 1000

# Vulnerabilities



What's the DAO?

51% ATTACK

A DAO IS A DECENTRALIZED AUTONOMOUS ORGANIZATION.

CENTRALIZED  
MINING

ITS GOAL IS TO CODIFY THE RULES AND DECISION MAKING APPARATUS OF AN ORGANIZATION, ELIMINATING THE NEED FOR DOCUMENTS AND PEOPLE IN GOVERNING, CREATING A STRUCTURE WITH DECENTRALIZED CONTROL.

THE DAO ATTACK

A GROUP OF PEOPLE WRITES THE SMART CONTRACTS THAT WILL BE RUNNING THE ORGANIZATIONS

GO THROUGH ICO, AND THE TOKENS WILL REPRESENT THE OWNERSHIP OF THE ORGANIZATIONS.

AFTER FUNDING PERIOD, THE ORGANIZATION WILL START TO OPERATE.

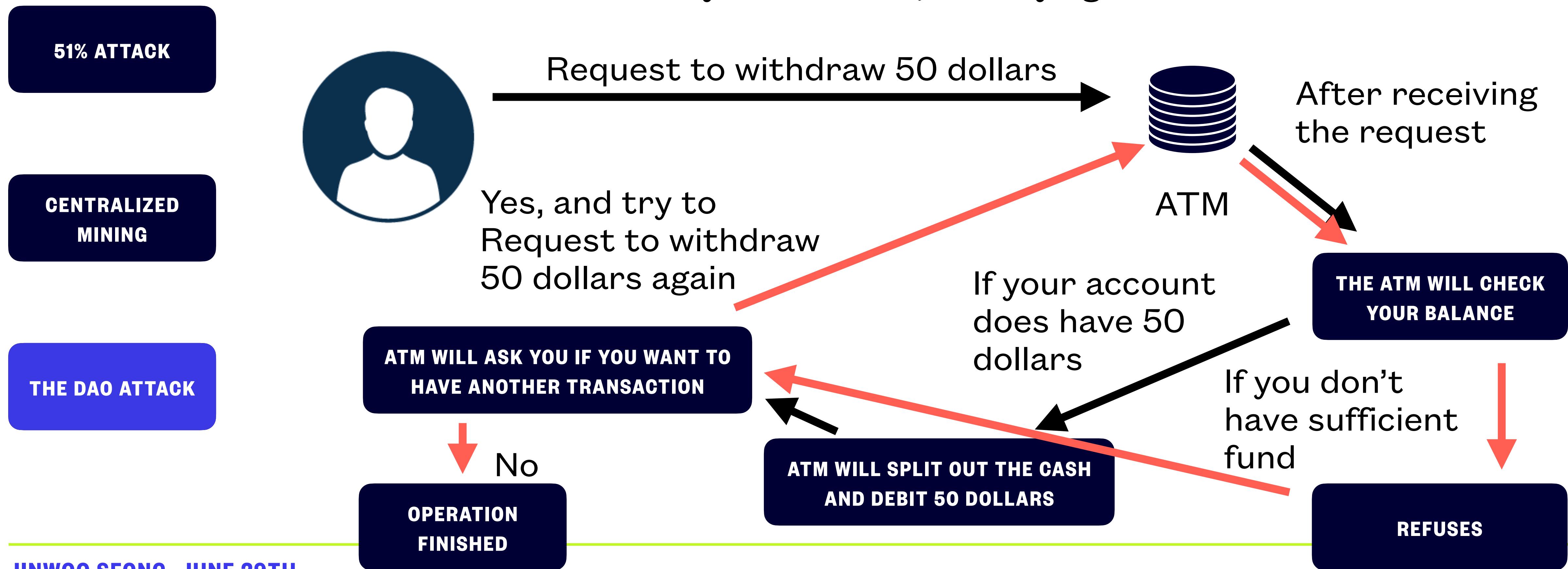
PEOPLE THEN CAN MAKE PROPOSALS TO THE DAO ON HOW TO SPEND THE MONEY, AND THE MEMBERS WHO HAVE BOUGHT IN CAN VOTE TO APPROVE THESE PROPOSALS.

# Vulnerabilities



How did he hack?

Ex. You have 50 dollars in your account, and trying to withdraw from ATM



# Vulnerabilities

IBA

How did he hack?

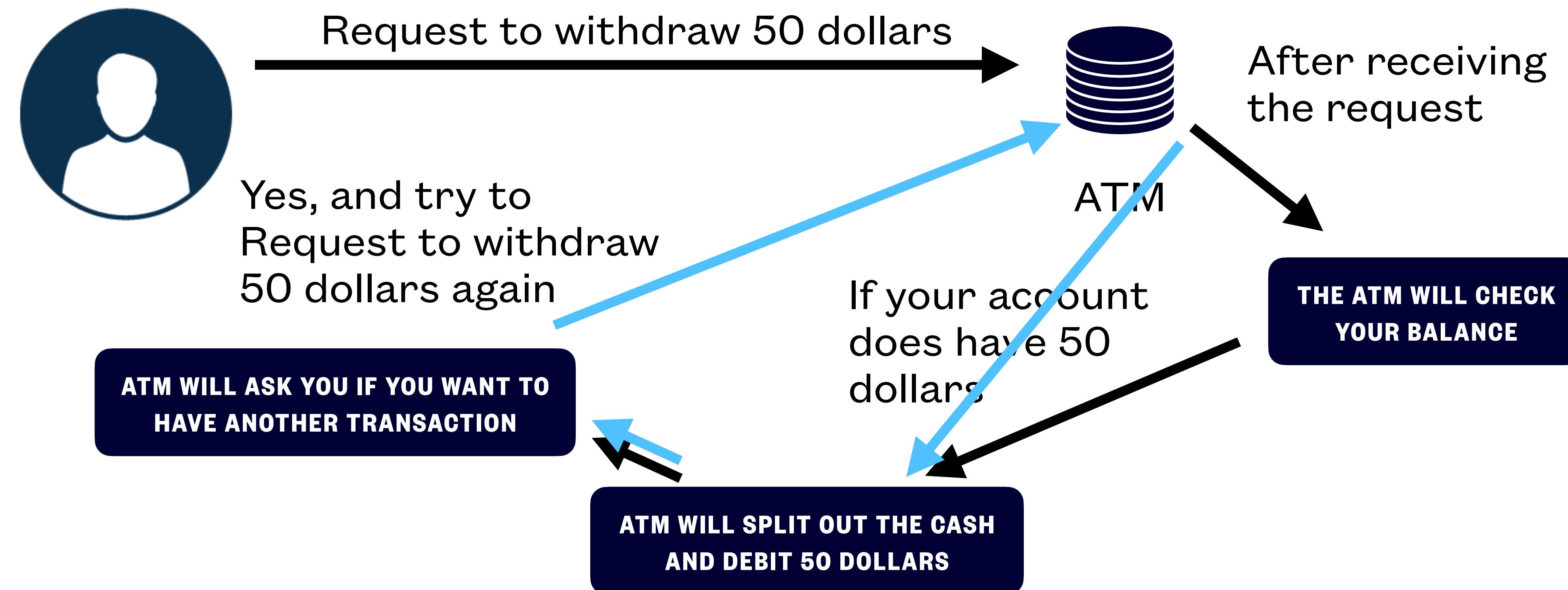
Ex. You have 50 dollars in your account, and trying to withdraw from ATM

51% ATTACK

CENTRALIZED  
MINING

THE DAO ATTACK

WHAT IF THE ATM ONLY CHECK YOUR BALANCE WHEN YOU FIRST REQUEST, AND DOESN'T CHECK IT AFTER THAT?



# Vulnerabilities



51% ATTACK

CENTRALIZED  
MINING

THE DAO ATTACK

## ABOUT DAO ATTACK

IT IS AN ATTACK THAT WAS POSSIBLE NOT BECAUSE OF THE PROBLEM OF ETHEREUM BUT THE CONTRACT THAT IS BUILT ON TOP OF IT.

AND THE ORGANIZATION WAS NOT ABLE TO FIX THE PROBLEM IN TIME DUE TO THE REASON THAT IT WAS NOT ABLE TO GET ENOUGH VOTES FOR SUCH AMENDMENT.

More resources: <https://www.coindesk.com/understanding-dao-hack-journalists>

# Topics - Conclusion



## TECH

– ITS OWN NATURE

## SOCIETY

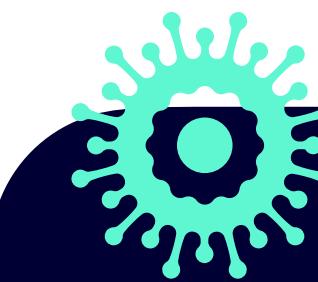
– INTEGRATION INTO  
OUR DAILY LIFE

**REALITY** – DO WE REALLY NEED IT?

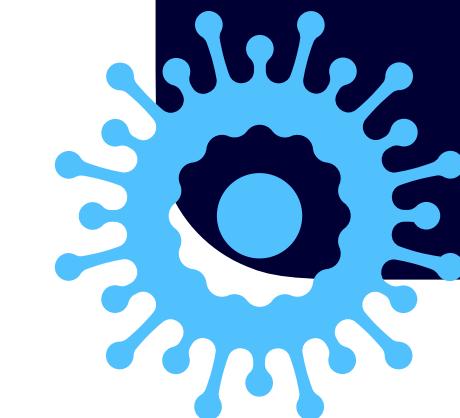
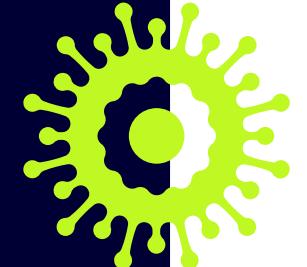
LIMITATIONS

## ENVIRONMENT

– HOW IS IT  
AFFECTING  
OUR LOVELY  
PLANET EARTH



**HOW TO KILL A BLOCKCHAIN?**



VULNERABILITIES

# Topics - Conclusion



Blockchain is still an immature technology,  
But it's the bright side of it that brought us all here today,  
Despises all the Limitations and Vulnerabilities I mentioned before,  
There is still so much of blockchain's potentials that we haven't discovered...



Thank you all for listening !