

Iti1100 final exam pdf

Digital Systems I (University of Ottawa)



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Université d'Ottawa Faculté de génie

École de science informatique et de génie électrique



University of Ottawa Faculty of Engineering

School of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science

Student Name (Please print)	
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Student Number	Section:

ITI1100-Digital Systems I FINAL EXAMINATION

(closed-book)

Winter 2021
Duration: 3 hours

+ 1 hour for printing, scanning and uploading the exam paper

Instructions:

- Write your name, student number and section as well as all of your answers on this examination handout only.
- Answer ALL questions and state any assumptions that are utilized in your answers.
- This is a closed-book examination.
- Use the provided space to answer the following questions. If more space is needed, use the back of the pages, however indicate doing so.
- Show all your calculations to obtain full marks.
- Calculators are NOT allowed.
- Read all the questions carefully before you start.

Question	Points	Percentage
1		20 %
2		30%
3		20%
4		20%
5		10%
Total		100%

Question 1 (20 points)

- a) The subsequent numbers are represented in signed 2's complement notation. Perform the following operations (your results should be represented using the same notation as the operands).
 - $(001011)_2 (111011)_2$ (i)
 - $(0111111)_2 + (010000)_2$ (ii)
 - (iii) $(100111)_2 + (101000)_2$
- b) Check your operations by converting both your operands and your results into decimal numbers and indicate the cases where overflow occurs.

- c) Convert the following two numbers, $(8.5)_{10}$ and $(2.25)_{10}$, into binary and perform the following operations in signed binary number format using 1's complement:
 - (i) $(8.5)_{10} + (2.25)_{10}$
- (ii) $(2.25)_{10} (8.5)_{10}$

Question 2 (30 points)

Part-A

Given the logic function $F(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma m(1,3,5,8)$ together with the *don't care* conditions $d(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma d(2,7,12,13,14)$,

- (i) Fill in completely the truth table of the logic function. Use the Karnaugh-map method to find the simplest sum-of-products expression of function F.
- (ii) Implement the minimized function with NAND gates only.

Note: You can use NAND gates with any number of inputs you may need. Assume that the input variables are available in both true and complemented form

- (iii) Using the truth table from part (i), express the same logic function in a product of sums (maxterms) form.
- (iv) Simplify your function in product of sums by using the Karnaugh-map.

Α	В	C	D	F.

F AB CD		

Part-B

(i) Given the following Boolean function

$$F(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma m(0,3,4,7,12)$$
 together with the *don't care* conditions $d(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma d(1, 6, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14),$

Implement the function F constructed with a 4-to-16 active high decoder and OR gate (with required number of inputs) only.

(ii) Given the following Boolean function

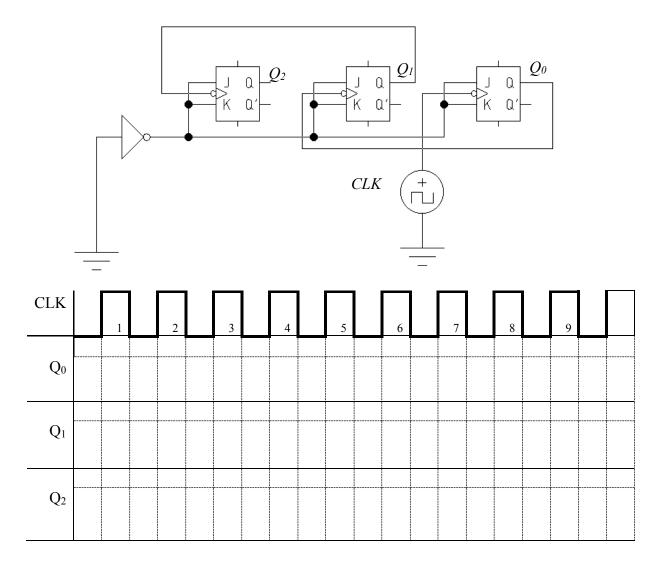
$$F(A,B,C) = \Sigma m(0,1,3,6)$$

Build the truth table and implement the function *F* using a **4-to-1 multiplexer**.

Question 3 (20 points)

The following figure represents a sequential circuit. This circuit is built from 3 J-K flipflops to perform a specific function.

- Draw the timing diagram of the flip-flop outputs through the first 9 clock pulses, (i) considering that the initial state of every flip-flop is 0.
- (ii) Draw the state diagram of the circuit
- Explain the function implemented by this circuit. (iii)
- Add the necessary logic gate, to the figure, with asynchronous inputs to (iv) CLEAR ($Q_0=0,Q_1=0,Q_2=0$) the J-K flip-flops when $Q_2=1$ and $Q_1=0$, and $Q_0 = 1$



Question 4 (20 points)

Design a synchronous counter having the count sequence given by the following table. Use negative edge-triggered T flip-flops.

	Q_2	Q_1	Q_0
	0	0	0
	0	1	0
	1	1	0
	0	1	1
	1	0	1
	1	1	1

- (i) Draw the state diagram of the counter.
- (ii) Build the counter's state table showing the synchronous inputs of the T flipflops as well.
- (iii) Using Karnaugh-maps, find the minimal sum-of-products (SOP) form of the equations for the inputs to the flip-flops; assume the next states of the unused combinations to be "don't care states".
- (iv) Draw the logic circuit of the counter.

Question 5 (10 points)

Design a sequential circuit with two JK flip-flops A and B, and one input W. When W = 0, the state of the circuit remains the same. When W = 1, the circuit goes through the state transitions from 00 to 01 to 11 to 10 back to 00, and repeats.

- (i) Give a table that shows:
 - the input values
 - the states (present and next) for the J-K flip-flop b.
- Using Karnaugh maps, find the minimal sum-of-products form of the equations for (ii) the inputs to the J-K flip-flops.