Algorithms Analysis and Design

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=>Assignment 1

Factorial Calculation in two methods and compare execution time.

Here record of execution time for each test case:-

| n=5 | Iterative function | Recursive function |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Execution time | 2.147 microseconds | 0.516 microseconds |
| | | |
| n=7 | Iterative function | Recursive function |
| Execution time | 1.855 microseconds | 1.208 microseconds |
| | | |
| n=10 | Iterative function | Recursive function |
| Execution time | 2.076 microseconds | 0.799 microseconds |
| | | |
| n=16 | Iterative function | Recursive function |
| Execution time | 1.99 microseconds | 1.64 microseconds |
| | | |
| n=20 | Iterative function | Recursive function |
| Execution time | 1.852 microseconds | 0.708 microseconds |

=> In Iterative :The results when the value of n is more than 20 are NEGATIVE and if the number large more the result ZERO, because there is a maximum size can hold of variable type in c++, also when the result is large numbers, this type(long long) cannot carry it.

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|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| n=30 | Iterative function | Recursive function |
| Execution time | 0.678 microseconds | 1.085 microseconds |
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| n=40 | Iterative function | Recursive function |
| Execution time | 2.912 microseconds | 2.014 microseconds |
| | | |
| | | |
| n=10000 | Iterative function | Recursive function |
| Execution time | 1.921 microseconds | 1.22 microseconds |

^{=&}gt; In Recursive :There is no result of 10000! (large numbers) because of STACK OVERFLOW this happens when program try to use more memory in the stack than has been allocated, so this makes an error.



Here is a chart showing the time for each method.

Conclusions:-

- 1- At first, I noticed that the Recursive time was increasing, and this is clear in the chart.
- 2- Also when stack overflow occurs and its cause was previously explained.
- 3- Recursive solution requires extra space for the call stack, so the Iterative in this problem the more efficient choice.
- 4- The iteration function runs much faster and more space efficient than the recursive, the Iterative takes almost constant time.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <chrono>
using namespace std;
using namespace chrono;
//Iterative function to find factorial of a number.
long long iterativeFactorial( long long n)
    long long fact =1;
    for ( int i=1; i<=n; i++)</pre>
        fact=fact*i;
    return fact;
//Recursive function to find factorial of a number.
long long recursiveFactorial (long long n)
    if (n==0)
        return 1;
    return n*recursiveFactorial(n-1);
int main()
   long long n;
   cout<<"Inter a number n to find n!"<<endl;</pre>
    cin>>n;
    auto start = high resolution clock::now();
    cout<<"The Factorial of n by Iterative Method is "</pre>
<<iterativeFactorial(n)<<endl;
  //cout<<"The Factorial of n by Recursive Method is "
<<recursiveFactorial(n)<<endl;
    auto finish = high resolution clock::now();
    // Calculating execution time taken by the program.
    auto duration= duration cast<microseconds>(finish - start);
    cout << "Time taken in microseconds : "<<</pre>
(double) (duration.count() / 1000.0) << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```