WASN'T ABLE TO SCREENSHOT IN LINUX

Create hard and soft link using In and In-s commands

- 1. Hardlink: \$ In file.txt newlink.txt Softlink: \$ In -s file.txt newlink.txt
- 2. Calculates the minimum and maximium values of a list of integers using two independent worker threads.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <pthread.h>
   #define THREADS 2
   int *numbers;
8 int num_count;
10 int min_val = 0, max_val = 0;
11
12 void *compute_min(void *arg) {
       int i;
13
        for (i = 0; i < num\_count; i++) {
15
            if (numbers[i] < min_val)</pre>
16
                min_val = numbers[i];
17
18
        pthread_exit(NULL);
19 }
20
21 void *compute_max(void *arg) {
       int i;
22
23
        for (i = 0; i < num\_count; i++) {
24
            if (numbers[i] > max_val)
25
                max_val = numbers[i];
26
27
        pthread_exit(NULL);
28 }
29
30 int main(int argc, char *argv□) {
        pthread_t threads[THREADS];
31
32
        int i:
33
34
        if (argc < 2) {
            printf("Usage: %s num1 num2 num3 ...\n", argv[0]);
35
36
            return 1;
37
38
39
        num\_count = argc - 1;
        numbers = (int *) malloc(num_count * sizeof(int));
40
        for (i = 0; i < num_count; i++) {
    numbers[i] = atoi(argv[i+1]);</pre>
41
42
43
44
        pthread_create(&threads[0], NULL, compute_min, NULL);
pthread_create(&threads[1], NULL, compute_max, NULL);
45
46
47
48
        for (i = 0; i < THREADS; i++) {
49
            pthread_join(threads[i], NULL);
50
51
52
        printf("The min is %d.\n", min_val);
        printf("The max is %d.\n", max_val);
53
55
        free(numbers);
```

```
56 return 0;
57 }
58
```

3. Here's an example C program that opens a file named "outputLab4.txt" for writing and appends the phrase "This is a test for opening, writing, and closing a file!" to it:

```
#include <stdio.h>
3 int main() {
       FILE *fp;
5
       fp = fopen("outputLab4.txt", "a");
if (fp == NULL) {
6
8
           printf("Error opening file!\n");
9
            return 1;
10
11
12
       fprintf(fp, "This is a test for opening, writing, and closing a file!\n");
13
14
       fclose(fp);
15
       return 0;
16 }
```

4. here is the code for matrix addition, subtraction, and multiplication using multithreading in C programming language:

```
#include <stdio.h>
   #include <pthread.h>
4
   #define MAX_SIZE 100
  int A[MAX_SIZE][MAX_SIZE], B[MAX_SIZE][MAX_SIZE], C[MAX_SIZE][MAX_SIZE];
6
   int m, n, p, q;
9 void* matrix_addition(void* arg) {
        int thread_id = *((int*) arg);
int chunk_size = m / thread_id;
11
        int start = (thread_id - 1) * chunk_size;
12
        int end = (thread_id == n) ? m : start + chunk_size;
13
14
        for (int i = start; i < end; i++) {
for (int <math>j = 0; j < p; j++) {}
15
16
                 C[i][j] = A[i][j] + B[i][j];
17
18
19
20 }
21
22 void* matrix_subtraction(void* arg) {
23
        int thread_id = *((int*) arg);
24
        int chunk_size = m / thread_id;
        int start = (thread_id - 1) * chunk_size;
int end = (thread_id == n) ? m : start + chunk_size;
25
26
27
        for (int i = start; i < end; i++) {
28
             for (int j = 0; j < p; j++) {
    C[i][j] = A[i][j] - B[i][j];
29
30
31
32
33 }
34
35 void* matrix_multiplication(void* arg) {
        int thread_id = *((int*) arg)
37
        int chunk_size = m / thread_id;
        int start = (thread_id - 1) * chunk_size;
38
39
        int end = (thread_id == n) ? m : start + chunk_size;
40
41
        for (int i = start; i < end; i++) {
42
             for (int j = 0; j < q; j++) {
43
                  C[i][j] = 0;
44
                  for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
45
                      C[i][j] \leftarrow A[i][k] * B[k][j];
46
47
48
49 }
50
51 void input_matrices() {
        printf("Enter the number of rows and columns of Matrix A:\n");
scanf("%d %d", &m, &n);
52
53
54
        printf("Enter the elements of Matrix A:\n");
```

```
56
        for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
             for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
    scanf("%d", &A[i][j]);</pre>
57
58
59
60
61
62
        printf("Enter the number of rows and columns of Matrix B:\n");
63
        scanf("%d %d", &p, &q);
64
65
        printf("Enter the elements of Matrix B:\n");
66
        for (int i = 0; i < p; i++) {
             for (int j = 0; j < q; j++) {
    scanf("%d", &B[i][j]);</pre>
67
69
70
71 }
72
73 void print_matrix(int matrix[MAX_SIZE][MAX_SIZE], int rows, int cols) {
74
        for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
75
             for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
    printf("%d ", matrix[i][j]);</pre>
76
77
78
             printf("\n");
79
80 }
81
82 int main() {
        int choice;
84
        pthread_t threads[MAX_SIZE];
85
86
        input_matrices();
87
        printf("Select an operation:\n");
88
89
        printf("1. Matrix Addition\n");
        printf("2. Matrix Subtraction\n");
printf("3. Matrix Multiplication\n");
90
91
92
        scanf("%d", &choice);
93
        switch(choice)
94
             case 1: {
                  if (m != p || n != q) {
    printf("Matrices A and B cannot be added!\n");
95
96
97
                       break;
98
                  }
99
100
                  printf("Performing Matrix Addition using %d threads...\n", MAX_SIZE);
101
                  for (int i = 1; i \leftarrow MAX_SIZE; i++) {
                      int* arg = (int*) malloc(sizeof(*arg));
102
103
                       *arg = i;
104
                      pthread_create(&threads[i], NULL, matrix_addition, arg);
105
106
107
                  for (int i = 1; i \leftarrow MAX_SIZE; i++) {
108
                       pthread_join(threads[i], NULL);
109
110
```

```
printf("Resultant Matrix C:\n");
111
112
                print_matrix(C, m, n);
113
                break;
114
           3
115
            case 2: {
                if (m != p || n != q) {
116
117
                    printf("Matrices A and B cannot be subtracted!\n");
118
                    break;
119
                }
120
121
                printf("Performing Matrix Subtraction using %d threads...\n", MAX_SIZE);
122
                for (int i = 1; i \leftarrow MAX_SIZE; i++)
123
                    int* arg = (int*) malloc(sizeof(*arg));
                    *arg = i;
124
125
                    pthread_create(&threads[i], NULL, matrix_subtraction, arg);
126
127
                for (int i = 1; i \leftarrow MAX\_SIZE; i++) {
128
129
                    pthread_join(threads[i], NULL);
130
131
                printf("Resultant Matrix C:\n");
132
133
                print_matrix(C, m, n);
134
                break;
135
136
            case 3: {
137
                if (n != p) {
138
                    printf("Matrices A and B cannot be multiplied!\n");
139
                    break;
140
141
142
                printf("Performing Matrix Multiplication using %d threads...\n", MAX_SIZE);
143
                for (int i = 1; i \leftarrow MAX_SIZE; i++) {
144
                    int* arg = (int*) malloc(sizeof(*arg));
145
                    *arg = i;
146
                    pthread_create(&threads[i], NULL, matrix_multiplication, arg);
147
148
                for (int i = 1; i \leftarrow MAX\_SIZE; i++) {
149
150
                    pthread_join(threads[i], NULL);
151
152
                printf("Resultant Matrix C:\n");
153
154
                print_matrix(C, m, q);
155
                break;
156
157
            default: {
158
                printf("Invalid choice!\n");
159
                break;
160
161
162
163
       return 0;
164}
```