```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.cluster import AgglomerativeClustering
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans, AgglomerativeClustering, DBSCAN
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine similarity
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import sklearn
print(sklearn.__version__)
→▼ 1.5.2
pip install --upgrade scikit-learn
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (1.5.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.19.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-le
     Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-lea
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-le
     Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=3.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from sc
# Step 1: Load dataset
articles = pd.read csv('/content/IMDB Dataset.csv')
class NewsRecommender:
    def _init_(self, n_clusters=5):
        Initialize the NewsRecommender with the number of clusters for KMeans.
        self.n clusters = n clusters
        # Lower min_df to 1 to include words that appear in at least 1 document
        self.tfidf vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(stop words='english', max df=0.8, min df=1)
        self.kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=self.n_clusters, random_state=42)
        self.article vectors = None
        self.cluster labels = None
        self.df = None
def preprocess(self):
    Convert text content to TF-IDF vectors.
    self.article_vectors = self.tfidf_vectorizer.fit_transform(self.df['content'])
def cluster articles(self):
    Cluster articles using KMeans and store the cluster labels.
    self.cluster labels = self.kmeans.fit predict(self.article vectors)
    self.df['cluster'] = self.cluster_labels
    def recommend(self, article_index, top_n=3):
        0.00
        Recommend similar articles based on clustering and cosine similarity.
```

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:param article_index: Index of the article for which recommendations are needed.
        :param top n: Number of top recommendations to return.
        :return: DataFrame containing recommended articles with similarity scores.
        if self.article vectors is None or self.cluster labels is None:
            raise RuntimeError("Model is not trained. Run preprocess() and cluster_articles() first.")
        article_cluster = self.df.loc[article_index, 'cluster']
        similar articles = self.df[self.df['cluster'] == article cluster]
   # Calculate cosine similarity
        article_vector = self.article_vectors[article_index]
        cluster_vectors = self.article_vectors[similar_articles.index]
        similarities = cosine_similarity(article_vector, cluster_vectors).flatten()
        # Combine with the cluster and rank by similarity
        similar articles = similar articles.copy()
        similar articles['similarity'] = similarities
        recommendations = similar_articles.sort_values(by='similarity', ascending=False).head(top_n)
        return recommendations[['title', 'content', 'similarity']]
# Validate required columns
required_columns = ['Class Index', 'Title', 'Description']
if not all(col in articles.columns for col in required columns):
    raise ValueError(f"Dataset must contain columns: {required columns}")
# Handle missing values in the 'Description' column
# Replace NaN with an empty string
articles['Description'] = articles['Description'].fillna('')
# Step 2: TF-IDF vectorization
tfidf_vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(stop_words='english', max_features=1000)
tfidf_matrix = tfidf_vectorizer.fit_transform(articles['Description'])
# Step 3: K-Means Clustering
num_clusters = 3 # Use 3 clusters
kmeans = KMeans(n clusters=num clusters, init='k-means++', random state=42)
articles['kmeans_cluster'] = kmeans.fit_predict(tfidf_matrix)
# Step 4: Agglomerative Clustering
agglomerative = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=num_clusters, linkage='ward') # No 'affinity' argument
articles['agglomerative_cluster'] = agglomerative.fit_predict(tfidf_matrix.toarray())
# Step 5: DBSCAN Clustering
dbscan = DBSCAN(eps=0.5, min samples=5, metric='euclidean') # Adjust `eps` and `min samples` as needed
articles['dbscan_cluster'] = dbscan.fit_predict(tfidf_matrix.toarray())
# Step 6: Creating a Recommendation Function
def recommend_articles(user_history, articles_df, tfidf_matrix, top_n=5):
    user_tfidf = tfidf_matrix[articles_df['Class Index'].isin(user_history)]
    user_profile = np.asarray(user_tfidf.mean(axis=0)).reshape(-1)
```

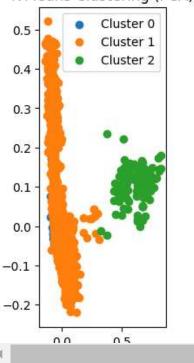
```
similarities = cosine_similarity(user_profile.reshape(1, -1), tfidf_matrix).flatten()
   recommendations = articles df['class Index'].isin(user history)].copy()
   recommendations['similarity'] = similarities[~articles_df['Class Index'].isin(user_history)]
    return recommendations.sort_values(by='similarity', ascending=False).head(top_n)
# Display the recommended user history
user_history = [1, 5, 20]
recommended articles = recommend articles(user history, articles, tfidf matrix)
print(recommended_articles[['Title', 'similarity']])
→▼
                                                      Title similarity
     177
                                      Mission Accomplished!
                                                               0.282054
     2030 Berlin Zoo Separates Baby Rhino from Clumsy Mo...
                                                               0.243830
                  Non-OPEC Nations Should Up Output-Purnomo
                                                               0.230048
    12
                     Saudis: Bin Laden associate surrenders
     173
                                                               0.225391
     3729
                    NY Atty General Spitzer to Run for Gov.
                                                               0.217111
# Step 7: Visualization (PCA + Scatter Plot)
pca = PCA(n components=2)
reduced features = pca.fit transform(tfidf matrix.toarray())
plt.figure(figsize=(18, 6))
```

→ <Figure size 1800x600 with 0 Axes>

```
# Plot K-Means clusters
plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
for cluster in range(num_clusters):
    cluster_points = reduced_features[articles['kmeans_cluster'] == cluster]
    plt.scatter(cluster_points[:, 0], cluster_points[:, 1], label=f'Cluster {cluster}')
plt.title('K-Means Clustering (PCA)')
plt.legend()
```

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x783fd57cf910>

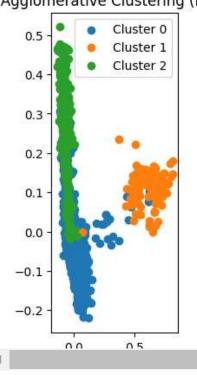
## K-Means Clustering (PCA)



```
# Plot Agglomerative clusters
plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
for cluster in range(num_clusters):
    cluster_points = reduced_features[articles['agglomerative_cluster'] == cluster]
    plt.scatter(cluster_points[:, 0], cluster_points[:, 1], label=f'Cluster {cluster}')
plt.title('Agglomerative Clustering (PCA)')
plt.legend()
```

## <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x783fd58322c0>

## Agglomerative Clustering (PCA)



```
# Plot DBSCAN clusters
plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
for cluster in np.unique(articles['dbscan_cluster']):
    cluster_points = reduced_features[articles['dbscan_cluster'] == cluster]
    label = f'Cluster {cluster}' if cluster != -1 else 'Noise'
    plt.scatter(cluster_points[:, 0], cluster_points[:, 1], label=label)
plt.title('DBSCAN Clustering (PCA)')
plt.legend()
```

