

| Unit.No | Unit Name | Resource | Topics |
|---------|---|----------|---|
| 1 | Introduction to Signals | | 1 Definition of signal (Signals related to Communication, control systems etc.) |
| | | | 2 Elementary signals: exponential, sine, step, impulse and its properties, ramp, rectangular, triangular, signum, sinc. |
| | | | 3 Operations on signals: Amplitude scaling, addition, multiplication, differentiation, integration, |
| | | | 4 Operations on signals: time scaling, time shifting and folding, precedence rule. |
| | | | 5 Sketch signal from mathematical equation |
| | | | 6 Write mathematical equation of signal from sketch |
| | | | 7 Classification of signals: Continuous time and discrete time, even/odd, deterministic/ non deterministic |
| | | | 8 Classification of signals: periodic/non periodic, energy and power. |
| 2 | Introduction to Systems | | 1 Definition of system, Classification of system: linear/non-linear |
| | | | 2 Classification of system: time variant/invariant, causal/non-causal |
| | | | 3 Classification of system: static/dynamic, stable/unstable, invertible/non-invertible |
| | | | 4 System modeling: Input output relation, impulse response, block diagram, integro-differential equation. |
| | | | 5 block diagram, integro-differential equation. |
| 3 | Linear Time Invariant (LTI) System Analysis | | 1 Definition of convolution, convolution integral, computation of convolution integral using |

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| 4 | System Analysis in Frequency Domain using Fourier Transform | | graphical method and mathematical definition for following signals: unit step with unit step, unit step with exponential |
| | | 2 | convolution integral: exponential with exponential and unit step with rectangular, rectangular with rectangular only. |
| | | 3 | Computation of convolution sum by mathematical definition |
| | | 4 | Computation of convolution sum by graphical method, matrix multiplication |
| | | 5 | Properties of convolution, system interconnection |
| | | 6 | system properties in terms of impulse response, step response in terms of impulse response |
| | | 7 | Numericals |
| | | 1 | Definition and necessity of continuous time (CT) and discrete time (DT) Fourier series and Fourier transforms. |
| | | 2 | Analogy between continuous time Fourier series (CTFS), discrete time Fourier series (DTFS) and continuous time Fourier transform (CTFT), discrete time Fourier transform (DTFT). |
| | | 3 | continuous time Fourier series (CTFS), |
| 5 | Laplace Transform | 4 | continuous time Fourier transform (CTFT) and its properties |
| | | 5 | problem solving using properties, amplitude spectrum, phase spectrum. |
| | | 6 | Interplay between time and frequency domain. |
| | | 7 | Numericals |
| 5 | Laplace Transform | 1 | Limitations of Fourier transform (FT) and need of Laplace transform (LT). |

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| 6 | Correlation and Spectral Analysis | | 2 Definition and properties of Laplace transform (LT) |
| | | | 3 Region of convergence (ROC) and pole zero concept |
| | | | 4 Application of Laplace transforms to the Linear Time Invariant (LTI) system analysis. |
| | | | 5 Inversion using duality, numerical based on properties |
| | | | 6 Signal analysis using Laplace transform (LT). |
| | | | 1 Definition of Correlation and Spectral Density |
| | | | 2 correlogram, comparison between computation of correlation and convolution |
| | | | 3 auto-correlation and its properties |
| | | | 4 cross correlation and its properties |
| | | | 5 energy/power spectral density, properties of correlation and spectral density |
| | | | 6 relation between correlation and spectral density |