# Computer Organization and Assembly Language Project Report

**Section: A** 



# **Submitted by:**

Fiza Manzoor 2023-CS-612

Samar Noor Riaz 2023-CS-630

## **Submitted to:**

Mam. Rimsha Noreen

Dated: 6th May 2025

**Department of Computer Science** 

University of Engineering and Technology Lahore, New Campus



# **Objective:**

The Hangman game project is an educational and interactive application developed in x86 assembly language using the Irvine32 library. The game challenges players to guess a hidden word by suggesting letters, with a graphical hangman figure updating based on incorrect guesses. The project is modular, split across multiple files (hangman.asm, welcome.asm, display.asm, endwithresult.asm, start.asm) and a header file (display.inc), demonstrating assembly programming concepts such as data manipulation, control structures, and procedure calls.

# **Project Structure:**

The project is organized into the following files:

- **hangman.asm**: Main game logic, including game loop, state updates, and user input handling.
- welcome.asm: Displays the welcome screen with the game title in ASCII art.
- **display.asm**: Handles the graphical display of the hangman figure based on remaining lives.
- **endwithresult.asm**: Manages the endgame logic, displaying win/lose messages and prompting for replay.
- **start.asm**: Initializes the game state and sets up the initial display.
- **display.inc**: Header file containing procedure prototypes and constants.

## **Data Section (hangman.asm):**

The data section in hangman.asm defines the variables used throughout the game:

- targetWord BYTE "COMPUTER",0: The word to guess, null-terminated.
- wordLength EQU (\$ targetWord) 1: Calculates the length of the target word (excluding the null terminator).
- **displayWord BYTE wordLength DUP('\_'),0**: Stores the current state of the word with underscores for unguessed letters.
- **livesLeft DWORD 6**: Tracks the number of remaining incorrect guesses.
- **correctGuess BYTE "Correct guess!",0**: Message for correct guesses.
- incorrectGuess BYTE "Incorrect guess!",0: Message for incorrect guesses.
- **prompt BYTE** "Guess a letter: ",0: Prompt for user input.
- winMessage BYTE "Congratulations! You won!",0: Message displayed on winning.
- loseMessage BYTE "Game over! The word was: ",0: Message displayed on losing.
- alreadyGuessed BYTE "You already guessed that letter!",0: Message for repeated guesses.
- **guessedLetters BYTE 26 DUP(0)**: Tracks guessed letters (0 = not guessed, 1 = guessed).

- initiak\_col BYTE 20, initial\_row BYTE 12: Initial cursor position for displaying the word.
- **slate BYTE** "-----,0: Decorative line for the game UI.
- **playAgain BYTE 0**: Flag to determine if the player wants to replay.

# Macros (hangman.asm)

Macros were added to simplify repetitive tasks and improve code readability:

- **DisplayString MACRO strAddr**: Displays a string at the address strAddr and moves to the next line.
  - Usage: DisplayString OFFSET displayWord
- **SetCursor MACRO row, col**: Sets the cursor position to the specified row and column.
  - Usage: SetCursor initial\_row, initiak\_col
- **ResetArray MACRO arrAddr, arrSize, val**: Resets an array at arrAddr with size arrSize to the value val.
  - Usage: ResetArray OFFSET displayWord, wordLength, '\_'
- **HandleIncorrectGuess MACRO**: Displays the incorrect guess message and decrements livesLeft.
  - Usage: HandleIncorrectGuess

# Main Procedure (hangman.asm)

#### main PROC

The main procedure orchestrates the game flow:

- 1. **GameRestart**: Resets the game state:
  - Sets livesLeft to 6, initial\_row to 12, initiak\_col to 20, and playAgain to 0.
  - o Resets displayWord to underscores using ResetArray.
  - Resets guessedLetters to 0 using ResetArray.
  - o Clears the screen and calls Welcome, Start, and displays the slate.
- 2. **GameLoop**: The main game loop:
  - Sets the cursor position using SetCursor.
  - o Displays the current displayWord using DisplayString.
  - o Shows remaining lives and a prompt using DisplayString.
  - Checks win/lose conditions by calling CheckWinCondition and comparing livesLeft.
  - Gets user input via GetUserGuess and updates the game state with UpdateGameState.
  - o Calls displayHangman to update the hangman figure.
  - o Adjusts the row for the next iteration and loops back.
- 3. **GameWon**: Handles the win scenario:
  - o Displays the win message and calls endgame to check for replay.
  - o Restarts if playAgain is 1; otherwise, exits.

- 4. **GameLost**: Handles the lose scenario:
  - o Displays the lose message and the target word, calls endgame, and restarts if playAgain is 1.
- 5. **ExitGame**: Exits the program.

#### **UpdateGameState PROC**

Updates the game state based on the user's guess (letter in AL):

- Checks if the letter was already guessed by indexing into guessedLetters.
- Marks the letter as guessed.
- Searches targetWord for the letter, updating displayWord if found.
- If the letter is not found, calls HandleIncorrectGuess to display the incorrect message and decrement lives.
- If found, displays the correct guess message.

#### GetUserGuess PROC

Handles user input:

- Displays the prompt and reads a character.
- Converts lowercase letters to uppercase.
- Validates that the input is a letter (A-Z); if not, loops back to prompt again.
- Returns the uppercase letter in AL.

#### CheckWinCondition PROC

Checks if the player has won:

- Loops through displayWord to check for remaining underscores.
- Returns 1 in EAX if no underscores remain (win); otherwise, returns 0.

## **Welcome Procedure (welcome.asm)**

#### Welcome PROC

Displays the game's title in ASCII art:

- Uses six strings (hangman1 to hangman6) to form the word "HANGMAN" in a stylized format.
- Positions each line at row 2 to 7, column 14, using Gotoxy.
- Writes each string using WriteString.
- Waits for a key press (ReadChar) before returning.

# **Display Procedure (display.asm):**

#### displayHangman PROC

Displays the hangman figure based on the number of lives remaining (passed as a parameter):

- **lives = 5**: Displays the gallows pole ("|").
- **lives** = 4: Adds the head ("O").
- **lives** = 3: Adds the neck ("|").
- **lives** = 2: Adds the body ("|").
- lives = 1: Adds the arms ("/").
- **lives** =  $\mathbf{0}$ : Adds the legs ("/").
- Each part is positioned at a specific row and column using Gotoxy and displayed using WriteString.

# **Header File (display.inc):**

Defines procedure prototypes and constants:

- **DisplayGameState PROTO**: Prototype for displaying the game state (not implemented in provided code).
- MAX\_GUESSES EQU 6: Constant for maximum incorrect guesses.
- **displayHangman PROTO, lives:DWORD**: Prototype for displaying the hangman figure.
- Welcome PROTO, Start PROTO, endgame PROTO, main PROTO: Prototypes for other procedures.

## **Additional Files:**

- **endwithresult.asm**: Contains the endgame PROC, which displays the final message (win or lose) and prompts the user to play again, setting the playAgain flag accordingly.
- **start.asm**: Contains the Start PROC, which initializes the game UI and prepares for the game loop.

# **Assembly Concepts Demonstrated:**

- **Data Manipulation**: Use of BYTE, DWORD, and EQU for defining variables and constants.
- Control Structures: Loops (loop instruction) and conditional jumps (cmp, je, jne).
- **Procedure Calls**: Passing parameters (e.g., lives to displayHangman) and using INVOKE.
- String Handling: Character comparison and array manipulation for guessed letters.
- **Console I/O**: Cursor positioning (Gotoxy), string output (WriteString), and input (ReadChar).
- **Macros**: Reusable code blocks for common tasks like displaying strings and resetting arrays.

# **Program Execution Flow:**

1. Display Start Game Home Screen:



2. Game Start Delay:

```
THE GAME IS STARTING BEST OF LUCK
TRY TO SAVE THE MAN FROM HANGING
BEST OF LUCK
```

3. Asking user for valid guess:

# 4. If letter is already guessed:

## 5. Game Won

```
CO_P__

6 lives remaining
Guess a letter: u
Correct guess!

CO_PUT_

6 lives remaining
Guess a letter: t
Correct guess!

CO_PUT_

6 lives remaining
Guess a letter: c
CO_PUT_

6 lives remaining
Guess a letter: c
CO_PUT_

6 lives remaining
Guess a letter: c
CO_PUTE_

6 lives remaining
Guess a letter: c
CO_PUTE_

6 lives remaining
Guess a letter: m
Correct guess!

CO_PUTER

6 lives remaining
Guess a letter: m
Correct guess!

CO_PUTER

6 lives remaining
Correct guess!

CO_PUTER

6 lives remaining
Correct guess!
```

### 6. Game Lost

```
Incorrect guess!

5 lives remaining Guess a letter: b Incorrect guess!

3 lives remaining Guess a letter: x Incorrect guess!

2 lives remaining Guess a letter: x Incorrect guess!

1 lives remaining Guess a letter: a Incorrect guess!

2 lives remaining Guess a letter: a Incorrect guess!

9 lives remaining Guess a letter: s Incorrect guess!
```

## 7. Hanging man on losing game:



# **Challenges and Solutions:**

- **Input Validation**: Ensured only letters are accepted by validating ASCII ranges in GetUserGuess.
- **Modular Design**: Split code into multiple files to improve maintainability, using a header file for prototypes.
- **Graphical Display**: Managed cursor positioning to align the hangman figure correctly across multiple lives.

# **Appendix:**

# **Header File:**

```
; display.inc
DisplayGameState PROTO

MAX_GUESSES EQU 6

displayHangman PROTO, lives:dword

Welcome PROTO
Start PROTO
endgame PROTO,check:dword

main PROTO
```

# Main file code:

```
dec livesLeft
ENDM
   .code
main PROC
GameRestart:
 GameRestart:
; Reset game state
mov livesLeft, 6
mov initial_row, 12
mov initiak_col, 20
mov playAgain, 0
; Reset displayWord to underscores
mov ecx, wordLength
mov edi, OFFSET displayWord
mov al, '-'
ResetDisplay:
mov [edi], al
inc edi
lon ResetDisplay
  inc edi ...

Lop ResetDisplay
mov BYTE PTR [edi], 0 ; Null terminator
; Reset guessedLetters
mov ecx, 26
mov edi, OFFSET guessedLetters
mov al, 0
ResetGuessed:
mov [edi], al
inc edi
lon DesetGuessed
               loop ResetGuessed
              call Clrscr
call Welcome
call Clrscr
              call Start
call Clrscr
mov dh, 2
mov dl, 30
              call Gotoxy
mov edx, OFFSET slate
call WriteString
GameLoop:
mov dh, initial_row
mov dl, initiak_col
call Gotoxy
; Display current game state
mov edx, OFFSET displayWord
call WriteString
call Crlf
; Display remaining lives
mov eax, livesLeft
call WriteDec
mov edx, OFFSET livesPrompt
call WriteString
call Crlf
               call Crlf
              ; Check win/lose conditions call CheckWinCondition
              cmp eax, 1
je GameWon
              cmp livesLeft, 0
je GameLost
              ; Get user input
call GetUserGuess
call UpdateGameState
              INVOKE displayHangman, livesLeft add initial_row, 5 jmp GameLoop
  GameWon:
              eWon:
mov edx, OFFSET winMessage
call WriteString
call Crlf
mov eax, 1
INVOKE endgame, eax
cmp playAgain, 1
je GameRestart
jmp ExitGame
  GameLost:
              eLost:
mov edx, OFFSET loseMessage
call WriteString
mov edx, OFFSET targetWord
call WriteString
              mov eax, 0
INVOKE endgame, eax
cmp playAgain, 1
je GameRestart
call Crlf
  FritGame:
  exit
main ENDP
  UpdateGameState PROC
               ; AL contains the guessed letter (uppercase)
mov bl, al ; Save the guessed letter in BL
              ; Check if letter was already guessed movzx eax, bl sub eax, 'A' ; Convert to index (0-25) cmp guessedLetters[eax], 1 je AlreadyGuessed2
              ; Mark letter as guessed mov guessedLetters[eax], 1
              ; Check if letter is in the word mov ecx, wordLength mov edi, \boldsymbol{\theta}
```

```
mov edx, 0
                                                 ; Flag for found letter (0 = not found)
       mov al, targetWord[edi] ; Get current letter from target word cmp al, bl ; Compare with guessed letter jne NotMatch
SearchWord:
        ; Found a match - update displayWord mov displayWord[edi], al mov edx, 1 ; Set flag to found
NotMatch:
inc edi
loop SearchWord
       ; Update lives if letter not found cmp edx, 1 je LetterFound
       ; Letter not found
mov edx, OFFSET incorrectGuess
call WriteString
call Crlf
dec livesLeft
jmp UpdateDone
LetterFound:

mov edx, OFFSET correctGuess

call WriteString

call Crlf
UpdateDone:
ret
AlreadyGuessed2:
        mov edx, OFFSET alreadyGuessed call WriteString
        call Crlf
ret
UpdateGameState ENDP
GetUserGuess PROC
; Prompt for and get a letter from the user
; Returns uppercase letter in AL
InputLoop:
mov edx, OFFSET prompt
call WriteString
       call ReadChar
call WriteChar
call Crlf
                                               ; Read character (returns in AL)
; Echo the character
       ; Convert to uppercase
cmp al, 'a'
jl NotLower
cmp al, 'z'
jg NotLower
sub al, 32
                                                   ; Convert lowercase to uppercase
NotLower:
       Lower:
; Validate input is a letter
cmp al, 'A'
jl InvalidInput
cmp al, 'Z'
jg InvalidInput
       ret
InvalidInput:
mov edx, OFFSET invalidInputMsg
call WriteString
call Crlf
jmp InputLoop
GetUserGuess ENDP
CheckWinCondition PROC
; Checks if all letters have been guessed
; Returns 1 in EAX if game is won, 0 otherwise
        mov ecx, wordLength
mov esi, 0
CheckLoop:

mov al, displayWord[esi]

cmp al, '_'
        je NotWon
        inc esi
loop CheckLoop
        ; All letters guessed
       mov eax, 1
ret
NotWon:
   mov eax, 0
   ret
CheckWinCondition ENDP
; Additional data declarations
livesPrompt BYTE "lives remaining",0
invalidInputMsg BYTE "Please enter a valid letter (A-Z)",0
```

END main

# **Display:**

```
.386
.model flat, stdcall
.stack 4096
INCLUDE Irvine32.inc
       ta
slate BYTE "|",0
face BYTE "0",0
neck BYTE "|",0
body BYTE "|",0
arms BYTE "/ \",0
legs BYTE "/ \",0
 . code
displayHangman PROC, lives:DWORD
mov eax, lives
cmp eax, 5
         je slate1
cmp eax, 4
je face1
        cmp eax, 3
je neck1
        cmp eax, 2
je body1
cmp eax, 1
je arms1
        cmp eax, 0
je legs1
slate1:
        tel:
mov dh,3
mov dl,33
call Gotoxy
mov edx,offset slate
call WriteString
         ret
face1:
       el:

mov dh, 4

mov dl, 33

call Gotoxy

mov edx, OFFSET face

call WriteString

ret
neck1:
        k1:

mov dh, 5

mov dl, 33

call Gotoxy

mov edx, OFFSET neck
         call WriteString
         ret
arms1:
        mov dh, 6
mov dl, 32
        call Gotoxy
mov edx, OFFSET arms
call WriteString
         ret
body1:
       y1:
mov dh, 7
mov dl, 33
call Gotoxy
mov edx, OFFSET body
call WriteString
legs1:
        mov dh, 8
mov dl, 32
        call Gotoxy
mov edx, OFFSET legs
call WriteString
displayHangman ENDP
```

END