Web Scraping Exercise: Wikipedia Coronavirus Data

```
In [1]: # Import Libraries
    import requests
    from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
    import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd

In [2]: # Get webpage content
    url = "https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020_coronavirus_pandemic_in_Spai
    n"
    page = requests.get(url)

In [3]: # HTML Parser using Beautiful Soup
    soup = BeautifulSoup(page.content, 'html.parser')
    # print(soup.prettify())
```

Search and Clean Dataframes : Age Tables

```
In [4]: for i in range(1,4):
            table = soup.find all('table', class = 'wikitable sortable')[i]
            # initialize empty dataframe
            age table = pd.DataFrame(columns=range(0,10), index = list(range(0
        ,len(table.find all('tr'))-3)))
            # Handle column names
            col names = []
            for row in table.find all('tr')[:2]:
                cols = row.find all('th')
                for name in cols:
                    col names.append(name.get text())
            col names = [x.replace('\n', '') for x in col_names]
            iterables = [col names[1:5],col names[6:8]]
            # iterate through the table label of html
            row marker = 0
            \# row = 0
            for row in table.find all('tr')[2:len(table.find all('tr'))-1]:
                column marker = 0
                groups = row.find('th')
                age table.iat[row marker,column marker] = groups.get text()
                columns = row.find all('td')
                for column in columns:
                    age table.iat[row marker,column marker+1] = column.get tex
        t()
                    column marker += 1
                row marker += 1
            columns = pd.MultiIndex.from product(iterables)
            temp table = pd.DataFrame(np.array(age table.iloc[:,1:9]),columns=
        columns)
            temp table.insert(0,col names[0],np.array(age table.iloc[:,0]))
            temp table.insert(9,col names[5],np.array(age table.iloc[:,9]))
            if i==1:
                general age table = temp table.replace(r'\n',' ', regex=True)
            elif i == 2:
                women age table = temp table.replace(r'\n',' ', regex=True)
            else:
                men_age_table = temp_table.replace(r'\n',' ', regex=True)
```

In [5]: general_age_table.head()

Out[5]:

	Age(years)	Cases		Hospit	t.	ICU		Deat	hs	Lethality(%)
		n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	
0	0-9	433	(0.3)	159	(0.3)	19	(0.4)	1	(0.0)	(0.2)
1	10-19	738	(0.5)	150	(0.2)	8	(0.2)	2	(0.0)	(0.3)
2	20-29	6,864	(5.1)	972	(1.6)	54	(1.0)	20	(0.2)	(0.3)
3	30-39	12,671	(9.3)	2,532	(4.1)	178	(3.5)	37	(0.3)	(0.3)
4	40-49	19,877	(14.6)	5,822	(9.5)	459	(8.9)	118	(1.1)	(0.6)

Search and Clean Dataframes: Pre-existing Factors and Timeline Tables

```
for i in range (4,6):
In [6]:
            table = soup.find all('table', class = ['wikitable sortable','sor
        tbottom'])[i]
            table data = pd.DataFrame(columns=range(0,3), index = list(range(0
        ,len(table.find all('tr'))-2)))
            # Handle Data
            row marker = 0
            for row in table.find all('tr')[1:len(table.find all('tr'))-1]:
                column marker = 0
                columns = row.find all('td')
                for column in columns:
                    table data.iat[row marker,column marker] = column.get text
        ()
                    column marker += 1
                row marker += 1
            # Clean up Null Values
            table data.dropna(inplace = True)
            # Handle Column Names
            col names = []
            for row in table.find all('tr')[:1]:
                cols = row.find all('th')
                for name in cols:
                    col names.append(name.get_text())
            col names = [x.replace('\n', '') for x in col names]
            # Add col names to data
            temp table = pd.DataFrame(np.array(table data),columns=col names)
            if i==4:
                factors table = temp_table.replace(r'\n',' ', regex=True)
            else:
                timeline table = temp table.replace(r'\n',' ', regex=True)
```

In [7]: factors_table.head()

Out[7]:

Diseases and risk factors	% of confirmed	% of deceased

0	Cardiovascular disease	33%	67%
1	Respiratory disease	10%	19%
2	Diabetes	17%	34%
3	Hypertension	14%	N/A

Export data to csv

```
In [8]: # Create a Pandas Excel writer using XlsxWriter as the engine.
    writer = pd.ExcelWriter('coronavirus_spain_data.xls', engine='xlsxwrit
    er')

# Write each dataframe to a different worksheet.
    general_age_table.to_excel(writer, sheet_name='Sheet1')
    women_age_table.to_excel(writer, sheet_name='Sheet2')
    men_age_table.to_excel(writer, sheet_name='Sheet3')
    factors_table.to_excel(writer, sheet_name='Sheet4')
    timeline_table.to_excel(writer, sheet_name='Sheet5')

# Close the Pandas Excel writer and output the Excel file.
    writer.save()
```

References

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020_coronavirus_pandemic_in_Spain_ (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020_coronavirus_pandemic_in_Spain)
- https://srome.github.io/Parsing-HTML-Tables-in-Python-with-BeautifulSoup-and-pandas/ (https://srome.github.io/Parsing-HTML-Tables-in-Python-with-BeautifulSoup-and-pandas/)
- https://xlsxwriter.readthedocs.io/example_pandas_multiple.html (https://xlsxwriter.readthedocs.io/example_pandas_multiple.html)