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**Subject: Data mining** 

Note: I have used up my two late days for submission.

### Problem-1

### Pa<u>rt-a</u>

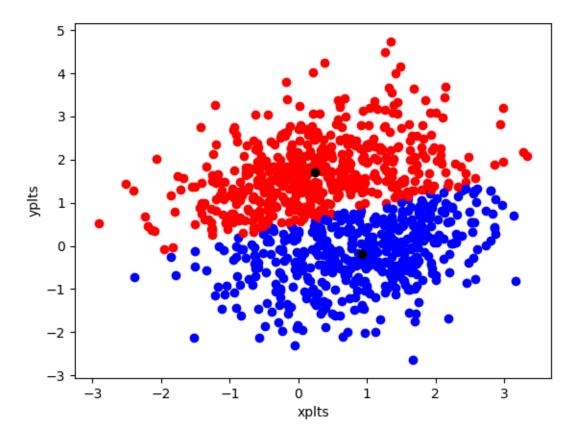
A generic K means implementation

- 1. The problem was to solve the clustering issue where the data points had to be assigned to its nearest neighbors and this has been done successfully through the submitted code
- 2. The code first takes the user input for number of clusters and the centroids using which the output is calculated.
- 3. First the Eucledian distances are calculated between every point and the centroids provided and thus the least distance is recorded.
- 4. The least distance's source nodes are also recorded and thus the centroids are updated based on this data.
- 5. This is repeated for many iterations until the stopping condition which has been provided in the requirements.
- 6. Scatter plot of the proceedings are recorded and shown at the end.

#### Part-b

Testing the K means for k = 2 and initial centers c1 = (10, 10) and c2 = (-10, -10)

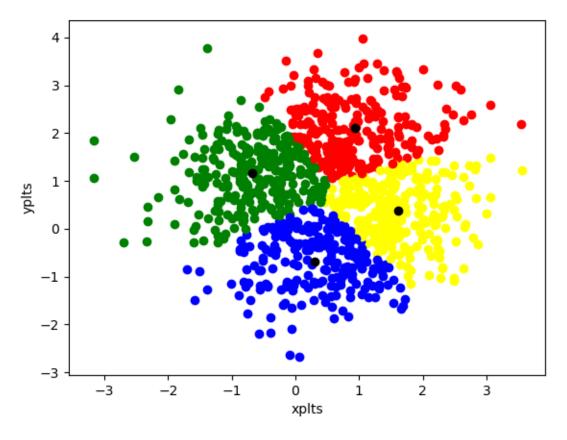
- 1. Run the code by going to the file's path name in command prompt by py Problem\_1.py
- 2. Please enter the number of clusters into which the clustering needs to be done: 2
- 3. Please enter the cluster1: 10 10
- 4. Please enter the cluster2: -10-10
- 5. Center values post kmeans implementation [[ 0.23935925 1.70153147] [ 0.92033563 -0.19862205]]
- 6. number of iterations: 20



Above is the `Scatter plot of k=2

### Part-c

- 7. Testing the K means for k = 4 and initial centers c1 = (10, 10), c2 = (-10, -10), c3 = (10, -10) and c4 = (-10, 10)
- 9. number of iterations: 27



Above is the Scatter plot of k=4

# Problem-2

Non-parameteric density estimation

Method to execute the code:

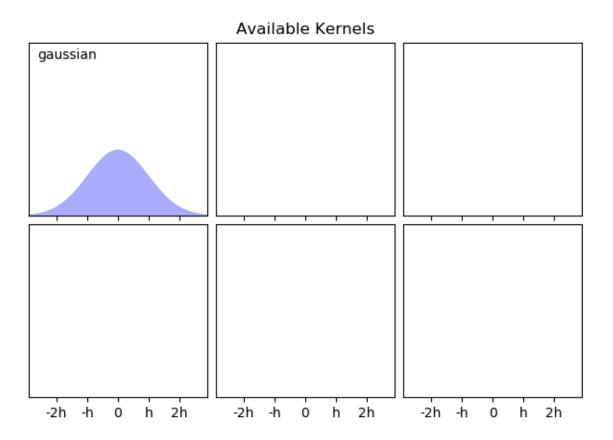
Go to the code's path

Type py Problem\_2.py

Graphs will be generated which are shown below.

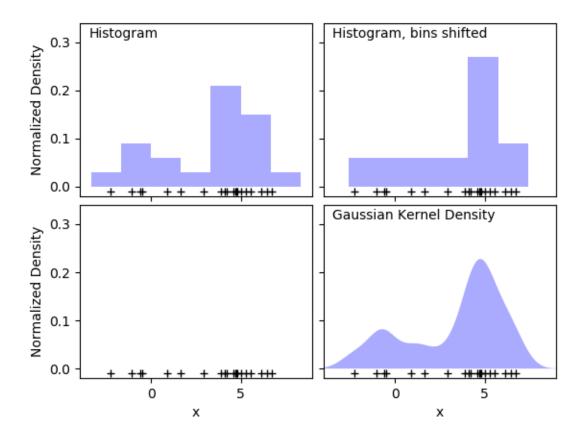
# <u>Part-a</u>

1. Function performs kernel density for the provided bandwidth and the generated gaussian random variables for 1D, 2D.



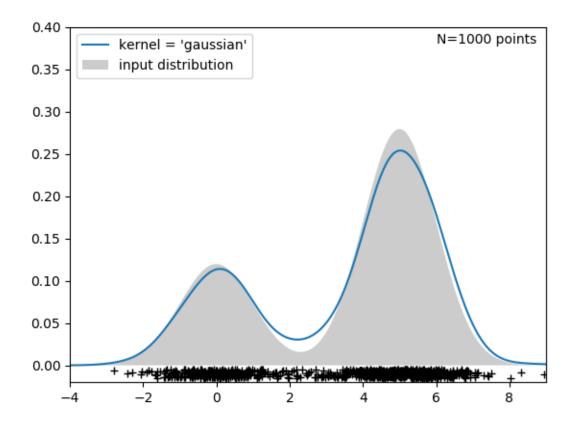
## <u>Part-b</u>

2. To generate N=1000 gaussian random variables, change the code for N=1000 and mu=5 and sigma=1 and h= $\{.1,1,5,10\}$ 



## Part-c

1. To generate N=1000 gaussian random variables, change the code for N=1000 and mu=5 and sigma=1 and another random variable mu=0, sigma=0.2 and h={.1,1,5,10}



## Part-d

1. To generate 2 sets of 2D Gaussian random data with N1=500 and N2=500 using the given parameters where h={.1,1,5,10}, change the N value in the code.