## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO** 4161

Second edition 1999-03-15

## Hexagon nuts with flange — Coarse thread

Écrous hexagonaux à embase cylindro-tronconique — Filetage à pas gros

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 4161:1999 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/454da68f-2064-48d0-9e02-3a0b954fb529/iso-4161-1999



ISO 4161:199(E)

#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 4161 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 2, Fasteners.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 4161:1983) which has been technically revised.

Annex A forms an integral part of this International Standard.

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 4161:1999 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/454da68f-2064-48d0-9e02-3a0b954fb529/iso-4161-1999

© ISO 1999

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Organization for Standardization Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland Internet iso@iso.ch

Printed in Switzerland

## **Hexagon nuts with flange — Coarse thread**

### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the characteristics of hexagon nuts with flange, with metric coarse threads from M5 to M20 inclusive, of product grade A for threads up to and including M16 and product grade B for threads above M16.

If, in special cases, specifications other than those listed in this International Standard are required, they should be selected from existing International Standards, for example ISO 261, ISO 898-2, ISO 965-2, ISO 3506-2.

#### 2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards. (Standards.iteh.al)

ISO 225:1983, Fasteners — Bolts, screws, study and nuts — Symbols and designations of dimensions.

ISO 261:1998, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — General plan.

ISO 898-2:1992, Mechanical properties of fasteners — Part 2: Nuts with specified proof load values — Coarse thread.

ISO 965-2:1998, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — Tolerances — Part 2: Limits of sizes for general purpose external and internal screw threads — Medium quality.

ISO 3269:—1), Fasteners — Acceptance inspection.

ISO 3506-2:1997, Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless-steel fasteners — Part 2: Nuts.

ISO 4042:—2), Fasteners — Electroplated coatings.

ISO 4759-1:—3), Tolerances for fasteners — Part 1: Bolts, screws, studs and nuts — Product grades A, B and C.

ISO 6157-2:1995, Fasteners — Surface discontinuities — Part 2: Nuts.

ISO 8992:1986, Fasteners — General requirements for bolts, screws, studs and nuts.

<sup>1)</sup> To be published. (Revision of ISO 3269:1988)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> To be published. (Revision of ISO 4042:1989)

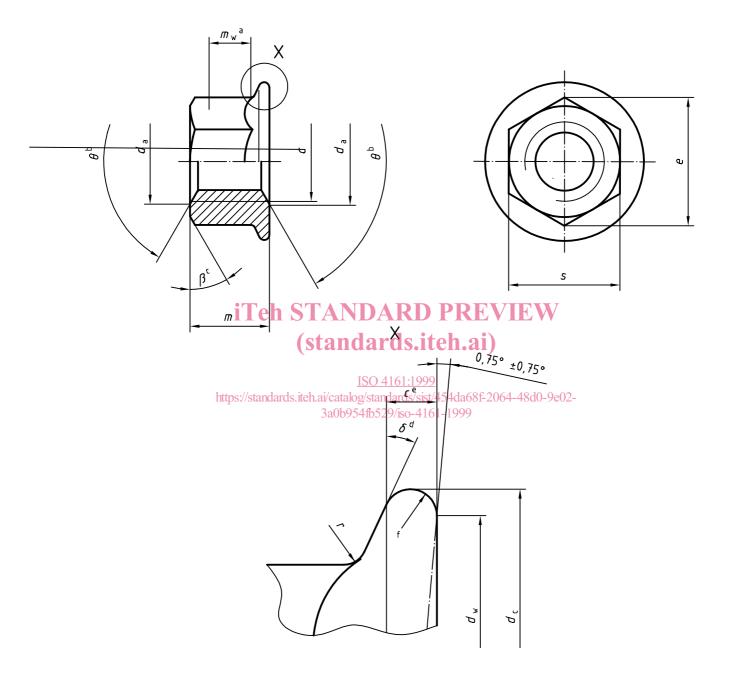
<sup>3)</sup> To be published. (Revision of ISO 4759-1:1978)

ISO 4161:199(E) © ISO

### 3 Dimensions

See Figure 1 and Table 1.

Symbols and designations of dimensions are specified in ISO 225.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>  $m_{\rm w}$  is the wrenching height; see note to Table 1

Figure 1

b  $\theta = 90^{\circ}$  to  $120^{\circ}$ 

<sup>°</sup>  $\beta$  = 15° to 30°

d  $\delta$  = 15° to 25°

e c is measured at  $d_{\rm w,\;min}$ 

f Edge contour optional

Table 1 — Dimensions

Dimensions in millimetres

Thread (d)		M5	М6	М8	M10	M12	(M14) <sup>a</sup>	M16	M 20
$P^{b}$		0,8	1	1,25	1,5	1,75	2	2	2,5
С	min.	1	1,1	1,2	1,5	1,8	2,1	2,4	3
$d_{a}$	min.	5,00	6,00	8,00	10,0	12	14,0	16,0	20,0
	max.	5,75	6,75	8,75	10,8	13	15,1	17,3	21,6
$d_{C}$	max.	11,8	14,2	17,9	21,8	26,0	29,9	34,5	42,8
$d_{W}$	min.	i <sub>9,8</sub> eh	12,2A	15,8 R	D <sub>19,6</sub> R	E <sub>23,8</sub> E	27,6	31,9	39,9
e	min.	8,79	15,051 I	1d4,38ds	116,64	120,03	23,36	26,75	32,95
****	max.	5,0	6,0	8,00 ISO 4161:1	10,00	12,00	14,0	16,0	20,0
m	min.	ttps:4ș <b>7</b> andare	ls.iteh.zi/cata	10g/ <b>7</b> 4 <b>64</b> 1ards	/sist/ <b>9</b> 564a68	8f- <b>3</b> 96 <b>57</b> 48d0	)-91373	15,3	18,7
$m_{W}$	min.	2,5	3,1	4,6	5,6	6,8	7,7	8,9	10,7
g	max.	8,00	10,00	13,00	15,00	18,00	21,00	24,00	30,00
S	min.	7,78	9,78	12,73	14,73	17,73	20,67	23,67	29,16
r <sup>c</sup>	max.	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,6	0,7	0,9	1	1,2

NOTE If the product passes the gauging given in annex A, the requirements for dimensions e, c and  $m_{\rm W}$  are satisfied.

а

b *P* is the pitch of the thread.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathrm{C}}$  Radius r applies both at the corners and the flats of the hexagon.

ISO 4161:199(E) © ISO

## 4 Requirements and reference International Standards

See table 2.

Table 2 — Requirements and reference International Standards

Ма		Stainless steel							
General requirements	International Standard	ISO 8992							
	Tolerance	6H							
Thread	International Standards	ISO 261, ISO 965-2							
	Property class	8		9	10	12			
Mechanical	Style decisive for mechanical	<i>d</i> ≤ M16	<i>d</i> > M16	style 2	style 1	style 2	A2-70		
properties	propertiesa	style 1	style 2						
	International Standards		ISO 3506-2						
	Product grade	<i>d</i> ≤ M16: A							
Tolerances	Froduct grade	h STANDARD P <sup>d</sup> ≥ M16; BFW							
	International Standard	(stai							
		As processed Plain ISO 4161:1999							
	https://stand	Requirements for electroplating are covered in 9e02- ISO 4042 <sub>0b954fb529/iso-4161-1999</sub>							
Finish		If different electroplating requirements are desired or if requirements are needed for other finishes, they shall be agreed between supplier and customer.							
		Limits for si ISO 6157-2							
Acceptability		For acceptance procedure, see ISO 3269.							
a Record on the nut height (dimension b. ) nuts to this International Standard are of style 2. However, since for style 2.									

Based on the nut height (dimension  $h_{min}$ ) nuts to this International Standard are of style 2. However, since for style 2, ISO 898-2 does not specify mechanical properties for all property classes and sizes as specified in this International Standard, in some cases nuts have to be tested according to style 1.

### 5 Designation

**EXAMPLE** 

A hexagon nut with flange, with thread M12 and property class 10 is designated as follows:

Hexagon nut with flange ISO 4161 - M12 - 10

### Annex A

(normative)

### Gauging of hexagon flange nuts

### A.1 Recommended method for gauging of hexagon

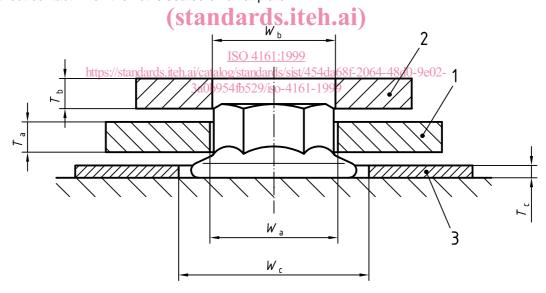
See Figure A.1 and Table A.1.

The nut shall be gauged using two plain ring gauges, A and B, to demonstrate the coincidental acceptability of hexagon height, corner fill and width across corners. Gauge A shall be placed over the nut and shall be seated on the flange. Gauge B shall be placed on the top of the nut normal to the nut axis. The two gauges shall not be in contact.

#### A.2 Recommended method for gauging of flange thickness

See Figure A.1 and Table A.1.

Gauge C is a flat feeler or ring gauge. It is used to prove that the flange thickness at the junction of the gauge with the hexagon portion is equal to or greater than specified values. The acceptance criterion is that gauge C will fit under gauge A without contact when the nut is seated on a flat plate.



NOTE

$$W_{a, min} = e_{theoretical}$$

$$W_{\rm b, max} = e_{\rm min.} - 0.01 \text{ mm}$$

$$T_{\rm a, \, max} = m_{\rm w, \, min}$$

#### Key

- 1 Gauge A
- 2 Gauge B
- 3 Gauge C

Figure A.1

ISO 4161:199(E) © ISO

Table A.1

Dimensions in millimetres

Thread (d)	Gauge A				Gauge B			Gauge C		
(4)	$W_{\mathbf{a}}$		$T_{a}$		$W_{b}$		$T_{b}$	$W_{\mathbf{c}}$	$T_{\mathtt{C}}$	
	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	min.	min.	max.	min.
M 5	9,25	9,24	2,50	2,49	8,78	8,77	3	14	1,08	1,07
M 6	11,56	11,55	3,10	3,09	11,04	11,03	4	16	1,19	1,18
M 8	15,02	15,01	4,60	4,59	14,37	14,36	4	20	1,31	1,30
M 10	17,33	17,32	5,60	5,59	16,63	16,62	5	24	1,81	1,80
M 12	20,79	20,78	6,80	6,79	20,02	20,01	5	29	2,20	2,19
M 14	24,26	24,25	7,70	7,69	23,35	23,34	6	32,5	2,55	2,54
M 16	27,72	27,71	8,90	8,89	26,74	26,73	6	37	2,96	2,95
M 20	34,65	34,64	10,70	10,69	32,94	32,93	6	45	3,70	3,69

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 4161:1999 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/454da68f-2064-48d0-9e02-3a0b954fb529/iso-4161-1999

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 4161:1999 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/454da68f-2064-48d0-9e02-3a0b954fb529/iso-4161-1999