

**Vivekanand Education Society's Institute of Technology**  
**An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to University of Mumbai**  
**Department of Computer Engineering**



**Year: 2024-2025**

**Name of the Course** : Full Stack Web Development ( Lab)

**Year/Sem/Class** : S.E.(COMP) / Sem IV / D7B      **Code:**NCMVS41

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<b>Exp No.: 06</b>	<b>Title:</b> Building a RESTful API with Express.	
<b>DOP: 26-03-2025</b>		<b>DOS:</b>
<b>Grade:</b>	<b>Course Outcomes:</b>	<b>Signature:</b>



**AIM:** Building a RESTful API with Express.

Experiment: Create routes for CRUD operations (Create, Read, Update, Delete) on a mock dataset. Use Express middleware for request handling and validation.

## Theory

This Express.js application is a simple REST API that manages a collection of tours stored in a JSON file. The API allows users to perform CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on tour data.

## 1. Middleware Functions

Middleware functions are used to handle requests before they reach the main route handlers.

- The first middleware logs a message for every incoming request.
- The second middleware adds a `requestTime` property to the request object, storing the current timestamp.

These middleware functions ensure that additional information is available before processing a request.

## 2. Handling Tour Data

The tour data is stored in a JSON file (`tours-simple.json`). This data is read synchronously when the server starts and is used for processing requests.

## 3. Route Handlers

The API supports the following endpoints:

a) Get All Tours (GET `/api/v1/tours`)

- Returns a list of all tours.
- Includes metadata such as the number of tours and the request timestamp.

b) Create a New Tour (POST `/api/v1/tours`)

- Receives tour details in the request body.
- Assigns a new ID to the tour and adds it to the JSON file.
- Returns the newly created tour in the response.

c) Get a Single Tour (GET `/api/v1/tours/:id`)

- Retrieves a specific tour based on the provided `id`.
- If no tour is found, returns an error message.

d) Update a Tour (PATCH `/api/v1/tours/:id`)

- Allows partial updates to a tour's details.

- Merges the new data with existing tour data.
- Returns the updated tour.

#### e) Delete a Tour (DELETE /api/v1/tours/:id)

- Removes a tour based on its ID.
- Filters the tour list and rewrites the JSON file without the deleted entry.
- Returns the updated list of tours.

## 4. Express Route Chaining

Routes with the same base URL (/api/v1/tours) are grouped using Express's route() method.

- GET and POST requests for all tours are handled together.
- GET, PATCH, and DELETE requests for a specific tour ID are grouped.

## 5. Server Initialization

- The server listens on port 8000.
- A message is logged when the server starts successfully.
- 

```
const fs = require('fs');
const express = require('express'); const
app = express(); app.use(express.json());
app.use((req, res, next)=>{
  console.log('This is middleware function'); next();
})
app.use((req, res, next)=>{
  req.requestTime = new Date().toISOString(); next();
})
const tours = JSON.parse(
fs.readFileSync(` ${__dirname}/dev-data/data/tours-simple.json`,
'utf-8')
);
const getAllTours=(req, res) => {
  console.log(req.requestTime)
  res.status(200).json({
    status: 'success',
    requestedAt: req.requestTime, results:
    tours.length,
    data: {
      tours,
    },
  });
}
const createTour=(req, res) => {
  const newId = tours[tours.length - 1].id + 1;
  const newTour = Object.assign({ id: newId }, req.body);
```

```
tours.push(newTour);
fs.writeFile(
` ${__dirname}/dev-data/data/tours-simple.json`, JSON.stringify(tours),
(err) => {
  res.status(201).json({
    status: 'success', data: {
      tour: newTour,
    },
  });
}
);
const getTour = (req, res) => {
  const tour = tours.find((el) => el.id === parseInt(req.params.id)); if
  (!tour) {
    return res.status(404).json({
      status: 'fail',
      message: 'Invalid ID',
    });
  }
  res.status(200).json({
    status: 'success', data: {
      tour,
    },
  });
}
const updateTour=(req, res) => {
```

```

const id = parseInt(req.params.id); if
(id > tours.length || id < 1) { return
res.status(404).json({
  status: 'fail', message:
  'Invalid ID'
});
}
// Find the tour and update it
const tourIndex = id - 1; // Assuming IDs are 1-based and
correspond to array indexes
const updatedTour = { ...tours[tourIndex], ...req.body }; // Merge
updates
tours[tourIndex] = updatedTour; // Save changes res.status(200).json({
  status: 'success',
  data: {
    tour: updatedTour
  }
});
}
const deleteTour=(req,res)=>{ const id
= parseInt(req.params.id); if (id >
tours.length || id < 1) { return
res.status(404).json({
  status: 'fail',

```

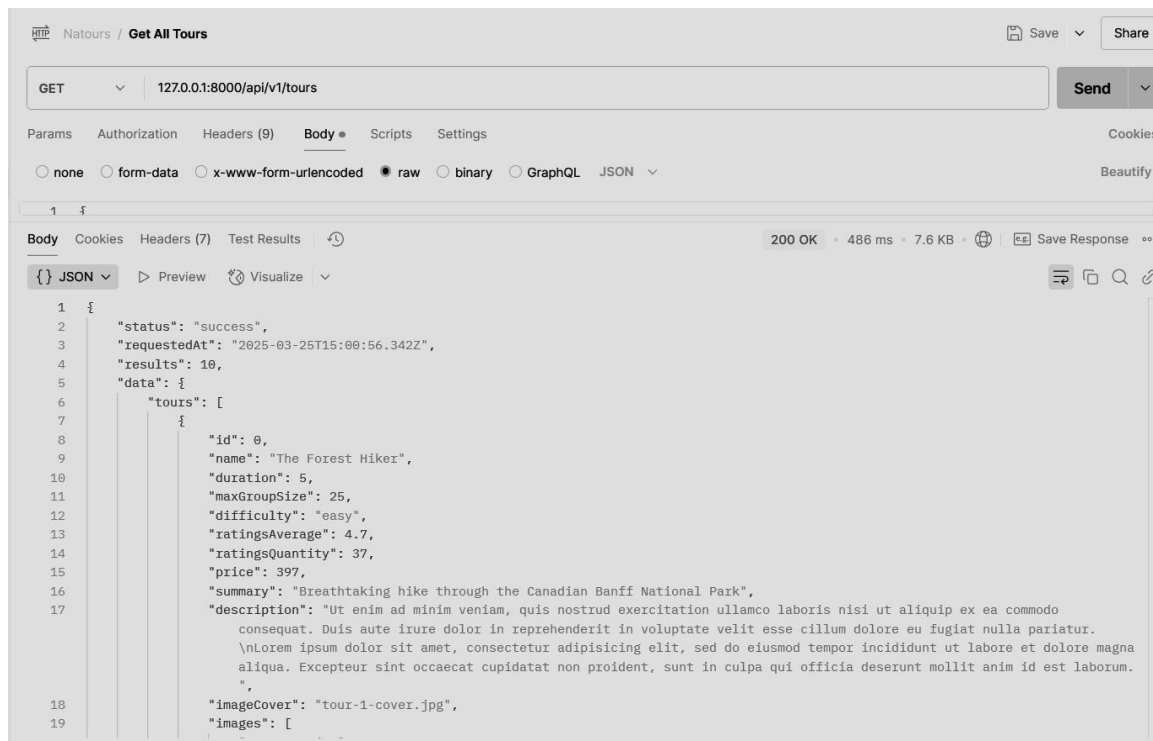
```

  message: 'Invalid ID'
});
}
const newTours = tours.filter(tour=>tour.id !== id); fs.writeFile(
`_${__dirname}/dev-data/data/tours-simple.json`,
JSON.stringify(newTours),
(err) => {
  res.status(201).json({
    status: 'success', data: {
      tours: newTours,
    },
  });
}
);
}
app.route('/api/v1/tours').get(getAllTours).post(createTour);
app.route('/api/v1/tours/:id').get(getTour).patch(updateTour).delete(deleteTour);
const PORT = 8000;
app.listen(PORT, () => {
  console.log(` App running on port ${PORT}`);
});

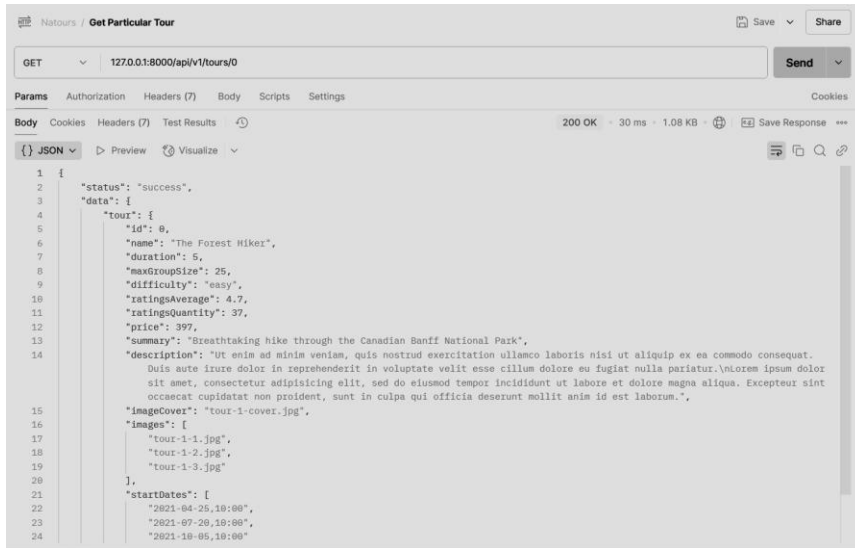
```

Output:-

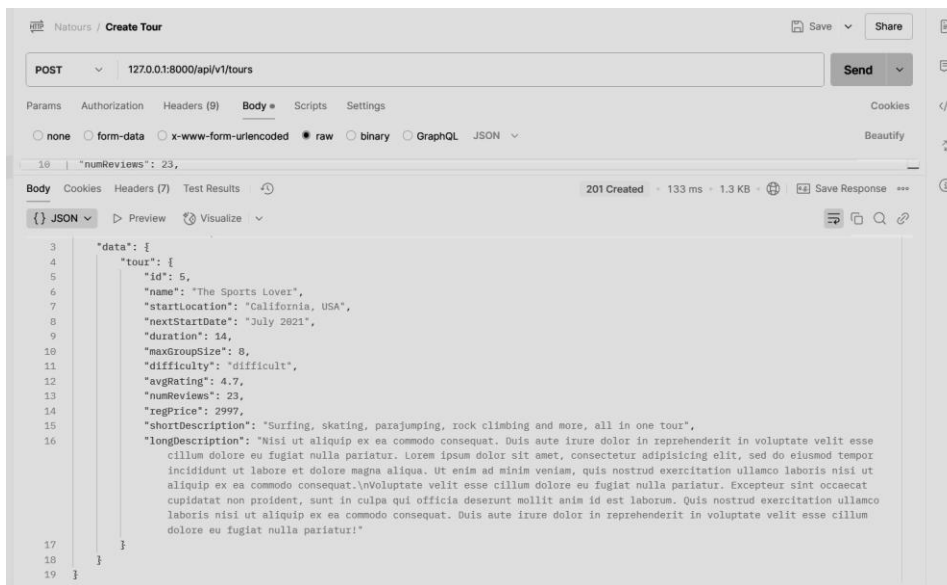
## 1. Get All Tours



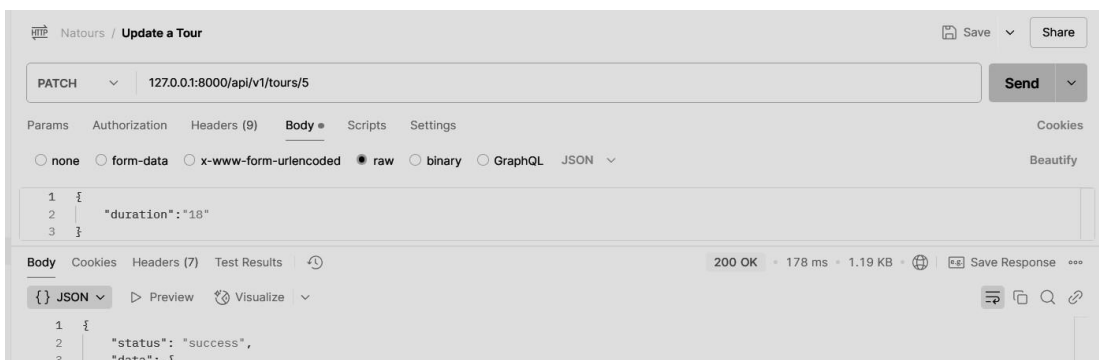
## 2. Get a particular tour



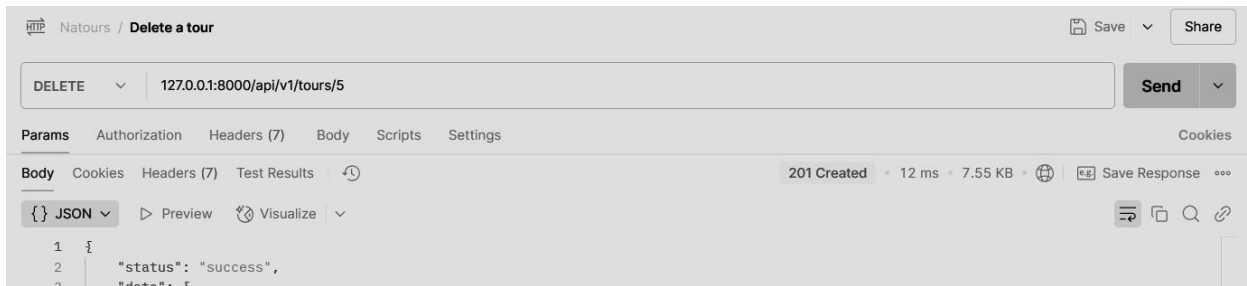
### 3. Create a tour



### 4. Updating a tour's duration



### 5. Deleting a tour



## Conclusion

This API demonstrates fundamental Express.js concepts, including middleware usage, route handling, request processing, and file-based data storage. It provides a basic yet functional system for managing tour data without a database.