

# ECO 6353:

## Consumption and Investment Dynamics

### Ongoing Coding Problems

#### Part 2

#### 1 Explanation of the bugs and their corrections:

- **Error 1:**

- Unrecognized function or variable - 'tauchen'.

- **Correction:**

It could be solved using the 'rouwen' function with some calibration.

- **Error 2:**

- Gamma was not specified; it was missing in the setup.

- **Correction:**

Set Gamma equal to 3.5

- **Error 3:**

- Error in the setup of the c2 equation.

- **Correction:**

Remove "small positive" from the c2 equation

## **2 Explanation of how the $(c, (a'))$ would qualitatively change if the borrowing constraint was set to 0:**

If the borrowing constraint was set to 0, It would imply that households would be restricted from borrowing any assets. This would result in a situation where households would rely only on their current income and savings. This limitation on borrowing would lead to a reduction in  $(c)$  and a more conservative approach to asset accumulation  $(a')$ , particularly in response to fluctuations in income.

## **3 Explanation of how the $(c, (a'))$ would qualitatively change if the if the relative risk aversion parameter was doubled:**

The relative risk aversion parameter is in the utility function, and it captures the household's preference for consumption smoothing over time. A higher value of  $\gamma$  implies greater aversion to risk. That is, households would want to save more and consume less. The consumption function  $(c)$  would depict a more prudent behavior. The optimal asset choice  $(a')$  would increase, depicting the household's desire to exhibit the "saving for a rainy day" approach.