

# PlasmoScan: AI-Powered Malaria Detection

AI-driven precision for faster, affordable malaria detection.".

Team members-

- Sambhav Mishra
- Vansh lal Tolani
- sundaram



# Problem Ttheame

[WHHM01] Affordable Diagnostics: Many rural areas lack access to affordable diagnostic tools. How can technology make healthcare diagnostics more accessible and cost-effective

# The Problem: Malaria's Devastating Impact

"Imagine a world where malaria can be detected instantly with just a simple image. Malaria is a life-threatening disease that affects millions globally, especially in underdeveloped regions where access to medical experts is limited."

*"Traditional malaria diagnosis relies on manual examination of blood smear images under a microscope. This process is time-consuming, requires trained professionals, and is prone to human errors."*

*"Our solution? 🚀  
PlasmoScan – an AI-powered malaria detection system that provides fast and accurate results using deep learning!"*



# How PlascoScan Works:-

- ⑥ **Step 1:** The user uploads a microscopic blood smear image to our system.
- ⑥ **Step 2:** Our AI model, trained on thousands of malaria-infected and healthy cell images, analyzes the input using deep learning techniques.
- ⑥ **Step 3:** The AI predicts whether the sample contains malaria-infected cells or not and assigns a confidence score.
- ⑥ **Step 4:** The result is displayed instantly, along with an animated progress bar for user engagement.

*"With this approach, PlascoScan makes malaria detection faster, more reliable, and accessible even in remote areas."*

# Use Case: How PlasmoScan Works in a Real-Life Scenario

1. Patient Visits a Local Clinic
  - A patient in a rural area shows symptoms like fever, chills, and fatigue.
  - The local healthcare worker suspects malaria and decides to test for it.
2. Blood Sample Collection
  - A small blood sample is taken from the patient.
  - The sample is prepared as a blood smear on a glass slide.
3. Microscopic Image Capture
  - The slide is placed under a microscope.
  - The healthcare worker captures an image using a mobile camera or digital microscope.
4. Image Upload to PlasmoScan
  - The captured image is uploaded to PlasmoScan via a mobile or web-based interface.
5. AI-Powered Analysis
  - PlasmoScan processes the image using deep learning algorithms.
  - It detects malaria parasites and calculates the confidence score.
6. Instant Diagnosis Result
  - The system provides an immediate result:
    - **Positive for Malaria** → The patient is advised to begin treatment.
    - **Negative for Malaria** → Further medical evaluation may be needed.
7. Faster Treatment & Improved Healthcare
  - The healthcare worker prescribes the necessary treatment.
  - The patient receives timely care, reducing complications and risk of severe malaria.

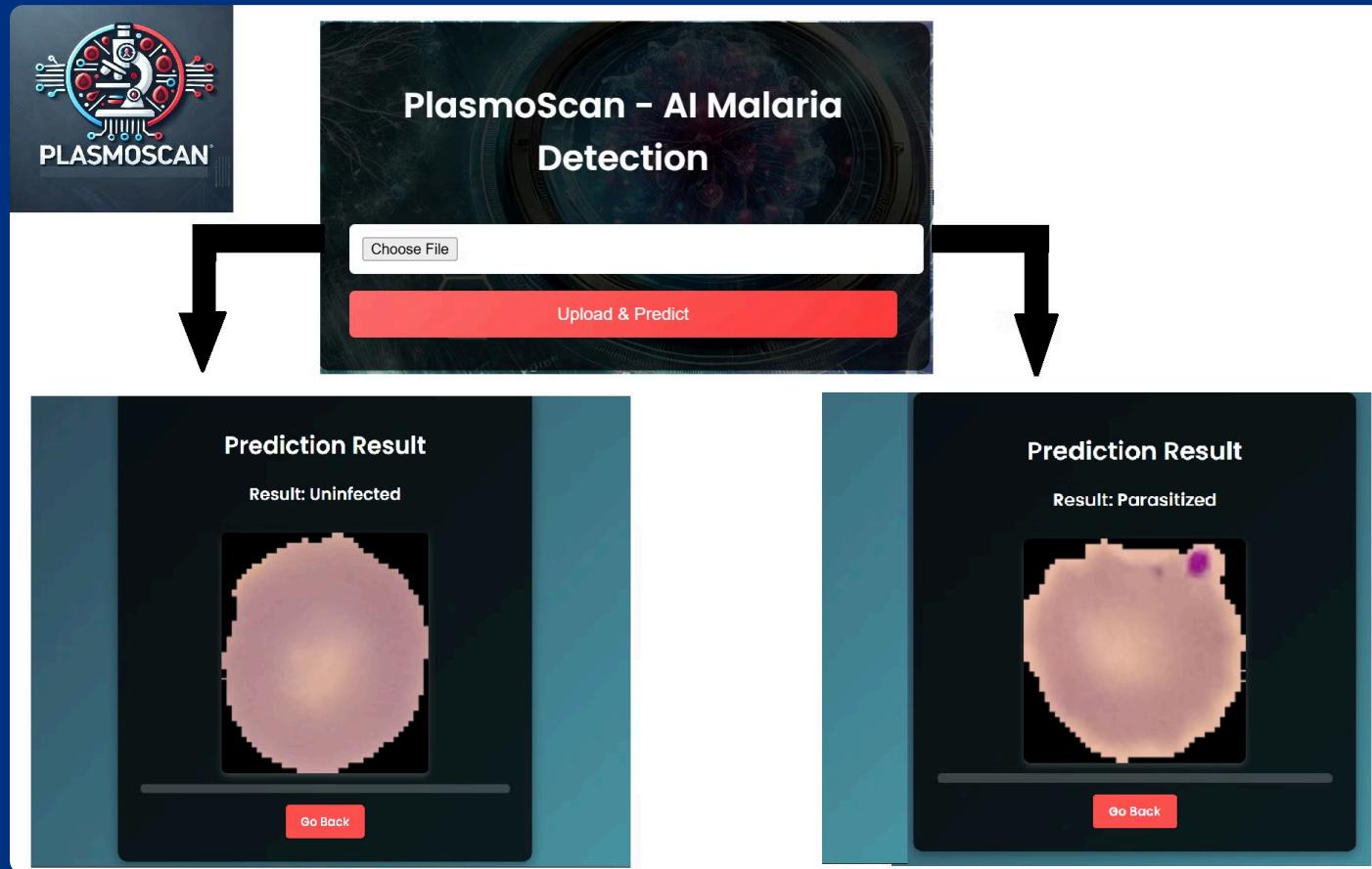
This process eliminates delays, reduces dependence on expert technicians, and brings affordable malaria detection to remote areas.

# PlasmoScan: Our Solution

*"Now, let's see PlasmoScan in action!"*

*"Here's our web-based interface. We simply upload a blood smear image, click 'Predict,' and within seconds, our AI model processes the image and delivers the result."*

- (Showcase the prediction appearing, along with the confidence score and progress bar animation.)



*"As you can see, the system has identified the result with a confidence score of {{ confidence }}%. This helps doctors and healthcare professionals assess the reliability of the prediction."*

*"We trained our AI model using a publicly available **malaria dataset** containing thousands of cell images. By leveraging machine learning techniques, we improved the model's accuracy to detect malaria with high precision."*

# Technology Stack

- ◆ Machine Learning & AI:
  - TensorFlow and Keras – For training and running the malaria detection model
  - OpenCV – For image preprocessing and enhancement
- ◆ Backend & API:
  - Flask – To serve the AI model as a web application
  - REST API – For sending images and receiving predictions
- ◆ Frontend & UI:
  - HTML, CSS, JavaScript – For building the web interface
  - Bootstrap – For responsive UI design
  - Jinja2 – For dynamic HTML rendering with Flask
- ◆ Data & Storage:
  - Dataset: Malaria cell images from NIH Dataset
  - NumPy & Pandas – For data handling and processing
  - GitHub – For storing large model files

# Thank you

# Thank You

Thank you for your time and attention. We hope PlasmoScan can contribute to eradicating malaria.

