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27 - FPRAS dla zbiorów jednostajnych przy założeniu
   FPAUS
  Tuesday, 6 February 2024
    E- jednostajna probla prestreni Ω
     X daje E-jednostojna probleg jesti
   dha karidego SCD: |P[X \in S] - \frac{|S|}{|D|} \le \varepsilon
  Fully Polynomial Almost Uniform Sampler - FPAUS
   Majge problem x \to \Omega(x), goline \Omega(x) to (duzy)
  Zhior rozwigzan, many FPAUS jesti potrafiny
  geneusraci E-jednostajna, probleg wielomiannous ad: |x| i ln { }
  Zlicranie zhover nicealeinych w G
Zakloslamy FPAUS dla zhover nicealeinych G.
   n-hierba wierzchofthour w G
   e1, ..., e k - lenangdie 6
   G_i = (V, \{e_1, ..., e_i\})
  Go = some wierch Nu
  G_k = G
 |\Omega(G)| = \frac{|\Omega(G)|}{|\Omega(G_{k-1})|} \cdot \frac{|\Omega(G_{k-1})|}{|\Omega(G_{k-2})|} \cdot \frac{|\Omega(G_{0})|}{|\Omega(G_{0})|} \cdot |\Omega(G_{0})|
zlioy nieroleine
Cheeny a prokrymować \frac{|\Omega(G_i)|}{|\Omega(G_{i-1})|} = \gamma_i
Lemat:
 Jesh S; jest \left(\frac{\mathcal{E}}{2k}, \frac{\delta}{k}\right)-aproksymacją r;
to W = S_k \cdot S_{k-1} \cdot \cdots \cdot S_1 \cdot 2^n jest (\xi, \delta) - apprologymagg
  \mathbb{P}\left[\left|\frac{W}{1\Omega(6)1}-1\right| \leq \mathcal{E}\right] = \mathbb{P}\left[1-\mathcal{E} \leq \frac{W}{1\Omega(6)1} \leq 1+\mathcal{E}\right]
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 $= \left| P \left[1 - \varepsilon \leqslant \frac{S_k - S_1}{r_1 - r_2} \leqslant 1 + \varepsilon \right] \right|$

$$\geqslant \mathbb{P}\left[\bigcap_{i=1}^{k} \left\{1 - \frac{\varepsilon}{2k} \leqslant \frac{S_{i}}{r_{i}} \leqslant 1 + \frac{\varepsilon}{2k}\right\}\right] \left(1 + \frac{\varepsilon}{2k}\right)^{k} \leqslant e^{\frac{\varepsilon}{2}} \leqslant 1 + \varepsilon$$

$$= \mathbb{P}\left[\bigcap_{i=1}^{k} \left\{\left|S_{i} - r_{i}\right| \leqslant \frac{\varepsilon}{2k} \cdot r_{i}\right\} \geqslant 1 - \delta \right] \left(0, \sim 2.5\right) :)$$

1 = 8 : Major H, H' gdrie H=H'+e

i parametry $\mathcal{E}' = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{2k}$; $\delta' = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{2k}$ chaemy policy: $R = \frac{|\Omega(H)|}{|\Omega(H')|}$ $R > \frac{1}{2}$ Czylichcemy Ytalie: IPL | Y-R | EB 31-51 Cayli $|P| \left| \frac{y}{R} - 1 \right| \leq \varepsilon' \left| \frac{y}{7} - 1 - \delta' \right|$ $-\frac{\mathcal{E}}{3}$ -jednostojna problea \mathcal{H}

 $|M-R|=|P[1\in\Omega(H)]-\frac{\Omega(H)}{\Omega(H')}|\leqslant \frac{\varepsilon'}{3} |\mu>\frac{1}{3}?$ $=>1-\frac{\xi'}{3R}\leqslant\frac{M}{R}\leqslant1+\frac{\xi'}{3R}\stackrel{R>\frac{1}{2}}{=}1-\frac{2}{3}\xi'\leqslant\frac{M}{R}\leqslant1+\frac{2}{3}\xi'$ Chemoff $m \geqslant \frac{3 \ln \frac{2}{5}}{M \epsilon^2}$

 $X := [I \in \Omega(H)] \quad Y = 1 \sum_{i=1}^{m} X_i \quad \mu = [E[Y]]$

Vroozm prypadku m > $\frac{3 \ln \frac{2}{5'}}{M \left(\frac{E'}{3}\right)^2}$ allo taliej m > $\frac{9 \ln \frac{2}{5'}}{\left(\frac{E'}{3}\right)^2}$ Totem 19 14-11 > \(\xi \n \) \(\xi' \) $= \rangle \left[\int_{0}^{\infty} \left(1 - \frac{\varepsilon'}{6} \right) \left(\frac{\lambda}{\lambda} \right) \left(1 + \frac{\varepsilon'}{6} \right) \right] \geq 1 - \delta'$ => toughy (1); (1) $\|P\left[\left(1-\frac{\varepsilon'}{6}\right)\cdot\left(1-\frac{2}{3}\varsigma'\right)\leqslant\frac{M}{R}\cdot\frac{y}{\mu}\leqslant\left(1+\frac{\varepsilon'}{6}\right)\left(1+\frac{2}{3}\varsigma'\right)\Big|\geq1-5'$ $= 2 \left[\left[\left(1 - \epsilon' \right) \right] + \left(\frac{y}{R} \right) + \left(1 + \epsilon' \right) \right] \geq 1 - \delta'$