Standardony rozkład normalny
$$Z \sim N(0,1)$$

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Dystrybuanta

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$$\int_{-\frac{x^2}{2}}^{2} \left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx$$

$$\Phi(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{z} e^{-\frac{x^{2}}{2}} dx \qquad \phi(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{z^{2}}{2}} dx$$
Unormowanie

$$\Phi(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} dx \qquad \Phi(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{z^2}{2}}$$
Unormowanie
$$\left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} dx\right)^2 = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2+y^2}{2}} dy dx \qquad r^2 = x^2+y^2$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{\chi^2}{2}} d\chi = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{\chi^2 \cdot y^2}{2}} dy dx \qquad r^2$$

$$= \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{r^2}{2}} dr dr d\theta = 2\pi \int_{0}^{\infty} r e^{-\frac{r^2}{2}} dr$$

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$$=\int_{0}^{2\pi}\int_{0}^{\infty}e^{-\frac{r^{2}}{2}} \cdot r \, dr \, d\theta = 2\pi \int_{0}^{\infty}re^{-\frac{r^{2}}{2}} dr$$

$$=2\pi \cdot -e^{-\frac{r^{2}}{2}}\Big|_{0}^{\infty} = 2\pi = 2\pi \int_{-\infty}^{\infty}e^{-\frac{x^{2}}{2}} dx = 1$$

$$|E[Z] = U, \text{ pomeroz } \text{ of pest parzysta}$$

$$|Var(Z)| = |E[Z^2] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} x e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} -e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} dx = 1$$

Dystrybuanta
$$F_{z}(z) = \frac{1}{5\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{\left(\frac{\mu-x}{5}\right)^{2}}{2}} dx$$
Gestor'

 $f_{z}(z) = \frac{1}{5\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{z}{6}}$

$$|P[Z \leq z] = |P[X \leq \sigma z + \mu] = \frac{1}{6\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^{2}}{2}} dt$$

$$+ := \frac{x - \mu}{6} dt = \frac{1}{6} dx \Rightarrow = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^{2}}{2}} dt$$

Sygnol z szumem

Dostojemy z kanatu wiadomość Sty

$$S \in \{-1, 1\}$$
, $Y \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$
Odkodonynanie: $sgn(S+Y)$

$$Y \le -1 |S = 1| + |P[Y = 1| S = 1]$$
 $|S = 1| + |P[Y = 1| S = 1]$
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$$\begin{aligned}
|P[Y \leqslant -1] &= |P[\frac{y-0}{5} \leqslant -\frac{1-0}{5}] \\
|P[Y \geqslant 1] &= 1 - |P[\frac{y-0}{5} \leqslant \frac{1-0}{5}] \\
\bar{\Phi}(-\alpha) &= 1 - \bar{\Phi}(\alpha) \\
P. Heolu 2(1-\bar{\Phi}(\frac{1}{5}))
\end{aligned}$$

$$P[Y \leqslant -1 \mid S = 1] + P[Y \geqslant 1 \mid S = -1]$$

$$P[Y \leqslant -1] = P[\frac{Y - 0}{6} \leqslant -\frac{1 - 0}{6}] = \overline{\Phi}(-\frac{1}{6})$$

$$P[Y \geqslant 1] = 1 - P[\frac{Y - 0}{6} \leqslant \frac{1 - 0}{6}] = \overline{\Phi}(\frac{1}{6})$$

$$\overline{\Phi}(-\alpha) = 1 - \overline{\Phi}(\alpha)$$

Funkcja tworząca momenty

 $= e^{t(M_1+M_2)+\frac{t^2(5,2+5,2)}{2}}$

 $= e^{t\mu + \frac{t^2\sigma^2}{2}}$

 $\chi \sim N/\mu_1 \sigma^2$ $Z = \frac{\chi - \mu}{\sigma}$

Funkçia bifedu

$$evf(z) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{0}^{z} e^{-x^{2}} dx$$

Wtedy:
 $f(z) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$

$$= 2\pi \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x}{2}}$$

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} dx = 1$$

$$e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} dx$$

$$-\frac{x^2}{2} dx = 1$$

$$dx = 1$$

Inego

Niech
$$Z = \frac{X - \mu}{6}$$
, when $Z \sim N(0,1)$

$$P[Z \leq z] = P[X \leq \sigma z + \mu] = \frac{1}{6\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{0}^{6z} e^{-\frac{(X - \mu)^{2}}{2}} dx$$

$$+ := \frac{X - \mu}{6} dt = \frac{1}{6} dx \Rightarrow = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{0}^{2z} e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}} dt$$

$$\frac{1-0}{5}$$

$$5 \int = \Phi \left(\frac{1}{6} \right)$$

 $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{t\mu} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{tz\sigma - \frac{z^2}{2}} dz = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{t\mu} \int_{-\infty}^{-\infty} e^{-\frac{(t\sigma - z)^2}{2} + \frac{t^2\sigma^2}{2}} dz$

P. Heolu
$$2(1-\overline{p}(\frac{1}{5}))$$

Funkcja tworząca momenty

 $X \sim N/\mu, \sigma^2$
 $Z = \frac{X-\mu}{\sigma}$
 $M_X(t) = \frac{1}{542\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{tx} e^{-\frac{(X-\mu)^2}{2}} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{t/2\sigma+\mu} e^{-\frac{Z^2}{2}} dz$

Na rozkład narmalny

$$X \sim N(\mu_1, \sigma_1^2) \quad Y \sim N(\mu_2, \sigma_2^2)$$

Wtedy $X + Y \sim N(\mu_1 + \mu_2, \sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2)$
 $M_{X+Y}(t) = M_X(t) M_Y(t) = e^{t \mu_1 + \frac{t^2 \sigma_1^2}{2} + t \mu_2 + \frac{t^2 \sigma_2^2}{2}}$