Model Mankina-Romera-Weila Wednesday, 4 June 2025

Model d'Ingookresony z duoma kapitalami

 $Y(t) = K(t)^{\alpha} H(t)^{\beta} E(t)^{1-\alpha-\beta}$

Produkcja zależy od kapitatu recrowego K, kapitatu krokliego H

one efektywnej procy E. E=AL-efektywna praca rozbija nie na poste, p naukono-tech. A
oraz licebe pracijanch L

 $A(t) = A_0 e^{gt} - stope warrowth A to g$ $L(t) = L_0 e^{nt} - stope warrowth L to n$

 $\dot{K}(t) = s_{k} \gamma(t) - s_{k} \kappa(t)$

Pryrost hopitalu receavego to inwestycje w ten kapital-depregia

 $H(t) = S_H Y(t) - S_H H(t)$ $y(t) = \frac{y(t)}{L(t)} - \frac{y(t)}{L(t)}$

 $k(t) = \frac{K(t)}{L(t)}$ - technicane uzbrojenie pracy

 $h(t) = \frac{H(t)}{L(t)} - kopitaT ludeki na pravijacego$ Rouniez w wenji "efektywneg" $Y_{E}(t) = \frac{Y(t)}{E(t)} = \frac{K(t)^{\alpha} H(t)^{\beta} E(t)^{4-\alpha-\beta}}{E(t)} = \left(\frac{K(t)}{E(t)}\right)^{\alpha} \left(\frac{H(t)}{E(t)}\right)^{\beta}$

 $Y_E(t) = k_E(t)^{\alpha} h_E(t)^{\beta}$ $\dot{k}_{E} = \frac{\dot{K}E - K\dot{E}}{E^{2}} = \frac{\dot{K}}{E} - k_{E}(n+g) = \frac{S_{K}Y - S_{K}K}{E} - k_{E}(n+g)$

 $k_E = S_K \gamma_E - k_E \left(S_{K^+} n + g \right)$ Anotogiczne:

 $h_E = S_H Y_F - h_E (S_H + n + g)$

nastepnjeg uktod rownan:

 $\int_{h_{E}}^{h} (t) = S_{H} k_{E}(t)^{\alpha} h_{E}(t)^{\beta} - h_{E}(t) (S_{H} + n + g)$

Rozurgramiem tegu ukladujest:

 $K_{E} = \left(\frac{S_{K}}{S_{K}+g+n}\right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha-\beta}} \cdot \left(\frac{S_{H}}{S_{L}+g+n}\right)^{\frac{\beta}{1-\alpha-\beta}}$

 $\bigvee_{E}^{*} = \left(\frac{S_{R}}{S_{k} + g + n}\right)^{\frac{2}{1 - \alpha - \beta}} + \left(\frac{S_{H}}{S_{L} + g + n}\right)^{\frac{\beta}{1 - \alpha - \beta}}$

Nota regula akumulogi kontolu (=(1-s_K-S_H)), zotem

 $C_{E}^{*} = \left(1 - S_{K} - S_{H}\right) \left(\frac{S_{K}}{S_{K+9+n}}\right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha-\beta}} \left(\frac{S_{H}}{1-\alpha-\beta}\right)^{\frac{\beta}{1-\alpha-\beta}}$ Optymalizijge konsurpcje:

SK=X

 $\int_{\mathcal{H}} = \mathcal{B}$

Laten aly gospoolarka byta zvouvnouvaiona należy rozujązai

 $\int \dot{k}_{E}(t) = S_{K} k_{E}(t)^{\alpha} h_{E}(t)^{\beta} - k_{E}(t) \left(S_{K} + n + g\right)$

 $h_{E}^{*} = \frac{S_{H}}{S_{H}+g+n} \frac{1-\alpha}{1-\alpha-\beta} \left(\frac{S_{K}}{S_{K}+g+n} \right) \frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha-\beta}$