# AMS JOURNAL SAMPLE

#### AUTHOR ONE AND AUTHOR TWO

This paper is dedicated to our advisors.

ABSTRACT. This paper is a sample prepared to illustrate the use of the American Mathematical Society's IATEX document class amsart and publication-specific variants of that class for AMS-IATEX version 2.

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This is an example of an unnumbered first-level heading.

#### THIS IS A SPECIAL SECTION HEAD

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1. This is a numbered first-level section head

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1.1. This is a numbered second-level section head. This is an example of a numbered second-level heading.

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1.1.1. This is a numbered third-level section head. This is an example of a numbered third-level heading.

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**Lemma 1.1.** Let  $f, g \in A(X)$  and let E, F be cozero sets in X.

- (1) If f is E-regular and  $F \subseteq E$ , then f is F-regular.
- (2) If f is E-regular and F-regular, then f is  $E \cup F$ -regular.
- (3) If  $f(x) \ge c > 0$  for all  $x \in E$ , then f is E-regular.

The following is an example of a proof.

Date: January 1, 2001 and, in revised form, June 22, 2001.

 $<sup>2000\</sup> Mathematics\ Subject\ Classification.\ {\it Primary}\ 54C40,\ 14E20;\ Secondary\ 46E25,\ 20C20.$ 

Key words and phrases. Differential geometry, algebraic geometry.

The first author was supported in part by NSF Grant #000000.

Support information for the second author.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Here is an example of a footnote. Notice that this footnote text is running on so that it can stand as an example of how a footnote with separate paragraphs should be written.

And here is the beginning of the second paragraph.

*Proof.* Set  $j(\nu) = \max(I \setminus a(\nu)) - 1$ . Then we have

$$\sum_{i \notin a(\nu)} t_i \sim t_{j(\nu)+1} = \prod_{j=0}^{j(\nu)} (t_{j+1}/t_j).$$

Hence we have

(1.1) 
$$\prod_{\nu} \left( \sum_{i \notin a(\nu)} t_i \right)^{|a(\nu-1)|-|a(\nu)|} \sim \prod_{\nu} \prod_{j=0}^{j(\nu)} (t_{j+1}/t_j)^{|a(\nu-1)|-|a(\nu)|}$$

$$= \prod_{j \ge 0} (t_{j+1}/t_j)^{\sum_{j(\nu) \ge j} (|a(\nu-1)|-|a(\nu)|)}.$$

By definition, we have  $a(\nu(j)) \supset c(j)$ . Hence, |c(j)| = n - j implies (5.4). If  $c(j) \notin a$ ,  $a(\nu(j))c(j)$  and hence we have (5.5).

This is an example of an 'extract'. The magnetization  $M_0$  of the Ising model is related to the local state probability  $P(a): M_0 = P(1) - P(-1)$ . The equivalences are shown in Table ??.

Table 1

	$-\infty$	$+\infty$
$f_+(x,k)$	$e^{\sqrt{-1}kx} + s_{12}(k)e^{-\sqrt{-1}kx}$	$s_{11}(k)e^{\sqrt{-1}kx}$
$f_{-}(x,k)$	$s_{22}(k)e^{-\sqrt{-1}kx}$	$e^{-\sqrt{-1}kx} + s_{21}(k)e^{\sqrt{-1}kx}$

**Definition 1.2.** This is an example of a 'definition' element. For  $f \in A(X)$ , we define

(1.2) 
$$\mathcal{Z}(f) = \{ E \in Z[X] : f \text{ is } E^c\text{-regular} \}.$$

Remark 1.3. This is an example of a 'remark' element. For  $f \in A(X)$ , we define

(1.3) 
$$\mathcal{Z}(f) = \{ E \in Z[X] : f \text{ is } E^c\text{-regular} \}.$$

**Example 1.4.** This is an example of an 'example' element. For  $f \in A(X)$ , we define

(1.4) 
$$\mathcal{Z}(f) = \{ E \in Z[X] : f \text{ is } E^c\text{-regular} \}.$$

**Exercise 1.5.** This is an example of the xca environment. This environment is used for exercises which occur within a section.

The following is an example of a numbered list.

(1) First item. In the case where in G there is a sequence of subgroups

$$G = G_0, G_1, G_2, \dots, G_k = e$$

such that each is an invariant subgroup of  $G_i$ .

(2) Second item. Its action on an arbitrary element  $X = \lambda^{\alpha} X_{\alpha}$  has the form

$$[e^{\alpha}X_{\alpha}, X] = e^{\alpha}\lambda^{\beta}[X_{\alpha}X_{\beta}] = e^{\alpha}c_{\alpha\beta}^{\gamma}\lambda^{\beta}X_{\gamma},$$

(a) First subitem.

$$-2\psi_2(e) = c^{\delta}_{\alpha\gamma}c^{\gamma}_{\beta\delta}e^{\alpha}e^{\beta}.$$



FIGURE 1. This is an example of a figure caption with text.



Figure 2

- (b) Second subitem.
  - (i) First subsubitem. In the case where in G there is a sequence of subgroups

$$G = G_0, G_1, G_2, \dots, G_k = e$$

such that each subgroup  $G_{i+1}$  is an invariant subgroup of  $G_i$  and each quotient group  $G_{i+1}/G_i$  is abelian, the group G is called solvable.

- (ii) Second subsubitem.
- (c) Third subitem.
- (3) Third item.

Here is an example of a cite. See [?].

**Theorem 1.6.** This is an example of a theorem.

**Theorem 1.7** (Marcus Theorem). This is an example of a theorem with a parenthetical note in the heading.

### 2. Some more list types

This is an example of a bulleted list.

- $\mathcal{J}_g$  of dimension 3g-3;  $\mathcal{E}_g^2 = \{\text{Pryms of double covers of } C = \square \text{ with normalization of } C \text{ hyperelliptic of genus } g-1\} \text{ of dimension } 2g;$
- $\mathcal{E}^2_{1,g-1} = \{\text{Pryms of double covers of } C = \square_{P^1}^H \text{ with } H \text{ hyperelliptic of genus}$ g-2} of dimension 2g-1;

•  $\mathcal{P}^2_{t,g-t}$  for  $2 \leq t \leq g/2 = \{\text{Pryms of double covers of } C = \square_{C''}^{C'} \text{ with } g(C') = t-1 \text{ and } g(C'') = g-t-1 \} \text{ of dimension } 3g-4.$ 

This is an example of a 'description' list.

**Zero case:**  $\rho(\Phi) = \{0\}.$ 

**Rational case:**  $\rho(\Phi) \neq \{0\}$  and  $\rho(\Phi)$  is contained in a line through 0 with rational slope.

**Irrational case:**  $\rho(\Phi) \neq \{0\}$  and  $\rho(\Phi)$  is contained in a line through 0 with irrational slope.

## References

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