

Given be  $\bar{n}_i' = (2x_i + 1)y_i' - \Delta x_{ij} \Delta_i$  with  $\Delta_i \in \{1, \dots, 2x_i\}$  15/30

from  $\bar{n}_i = (2x_i + 1)y_i - \Delta_i$   $\Rightarrow x_i, y_i \in \mathbb{N}$

Now Since this function shall start with  $(y_i \geq 2)$  —

But, we would still like to have the definition set for  $x_i$  and  $y_i$ , we do a substitution.

$$\boxed{y_i = \tilde{y}_i + 1, \tilde{y}_i \in \mathbb{N}} \Leftrightarrow \boxed{\tilde{y}_i = y_i - 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{n}_i' = (2x_i + 1)(\tilde{y}_i + 1) - \Delta_i$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\bar{n}_i = (2x_i + 1)\tilde{y}_i + (2x_i + 1) - \Delta_i} \quad (\text{eq. 11})$$

and for

$$\bar{n}_i' = \tilde{y}_i' + 1$$

$$y_i' = y_i + \frac{\Delta_i(1 - 1 + \Delta x_{ij})}{2x_i + 1}$$

$$\tilde{y}_i' + 1 = \tilde{y}_i + 1 + \text{''''''}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{y}_i' = \tilde{y}_i + \frac{\Delta_i(1 - 1 + \Delta x_{ij})}{2x_i + 1}$$

$\Rightarrow$  The same relationship like before

$$\Rightarrow \bar{n}_i' = (2x_i + 1)(\tilde{y}_i' + 1) - \Delta x_{ij} \Delta_i$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\bar{n}_i = (2x_i + 1)\tilde{y}_i' + (2x_i + 1) - \Delta x_{ij} \Delta_i} \quad (\text{eq. 12})$$

Intersection:

$$\bar{n}_1' = (2x_1 + 1)\tilde{y}_1' + (2x_1 + 1) - \Delta x_{12} \Delta_1$$

$$\bar{n}_2' = (2x_2 + 1)\tilde{y}_2' + (2x_2 + 1) - \Delta x_{12} \Delta_2$$

$$(2x_1 + 1)\tilde{y}_1' + (2x_1 + 1) - \Delta x_{12} \Delta_1 = (2x_2 + 1)\tilde{y}_2' + (2x_2 + 1) - \Delta x_{12} \Delta_2$$

$$\tilde{y}_1' = \frac{(2x_2 + 1)\tilde{y}_2' + (2x_2 + 1) - \Delta x_{12} \Delta_2 - (2x_1 + 1)}{2x_1 + 1} = 2x_1 + 1 + 2\Delta x_{12} - 2x_1 - 1$$

$$0 = (2x_2 + 1)\tilde{y}_2' - (2x_1 + 1)\tilde{y}_1' + (2x_2 + 1) - (2x_1 + 1) - \Delta x_{12} \Delta_2 + \Delta x_{12} \Delta_1$$

Be  $x_2 = x_1 + \Delta x_{12}$

$$0 = (2x_1 + 1)\tilde{y}_2' + 2\Delta x_{12}\tilde{y}_2' - (2x_1 + 1)\tilde{y}_1' + 2\Delta x_{12} - \Delta x_{12} \Delta_2 + \Delta x_{12} \Delta_1$$