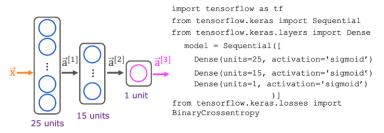
AdvancedLearningAlgorithms - WEEK 2 - NeuralNetworkTraining - QUIZ 1

Link: AdvancedLearningAlgorithms - WEEK 2 - NeuralNetworkTraining - QUIZ 1



1/1 point

Train a Neural Network in TensorFlow



model.fit(X,Y,epochs=100)

1. Here is some code that you saw in the lecture:

. . .

model.compile (loss=Binary Crossentropy ())

...

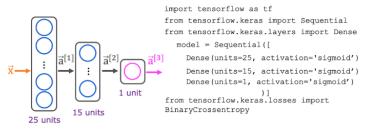
For which type of task would you use the binary cross entropy loss function?

- BinaryCrossentropy() should not be used for any task.
- regression tasks (tasks that predict a number)
- A classification task that has 3 or more classes (categories)
- binary classification (classification with exactly 2 classes)

✓ Correc

Yes! Binary cross entropy, which we've also referred to as logistic loss, is used for classifying between two classes (two categories).

Train a Neural Network in TensorFlow



model.fit(X,Y,epochs=100)

2. Here is code that you saw in the lecture:

model = Sequential([

Dense(units=25, activation='sigmoid'),

Dense(units=15, activation='sigmoid'),

Dense(units=1, activation='sigmoid')

])

model.compile(loss=BinaryCrossentropy())

model.fit(X,y,epochs=100)

Which line of code updates the network parameters in order to reduce the cost?

- None of the above -- this code does not update the network parameters.
- model = Sequential([...])
- model.fit(X,y,epochs=100)
- model.compile(loss=BinaryCrossentropy())
- **⊘** Correct

Yes! The third step of model training is to train the model on data in order to minimize the loss (and the cost)