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ENR 305: Sensors, Instrumentation, and Experimentation

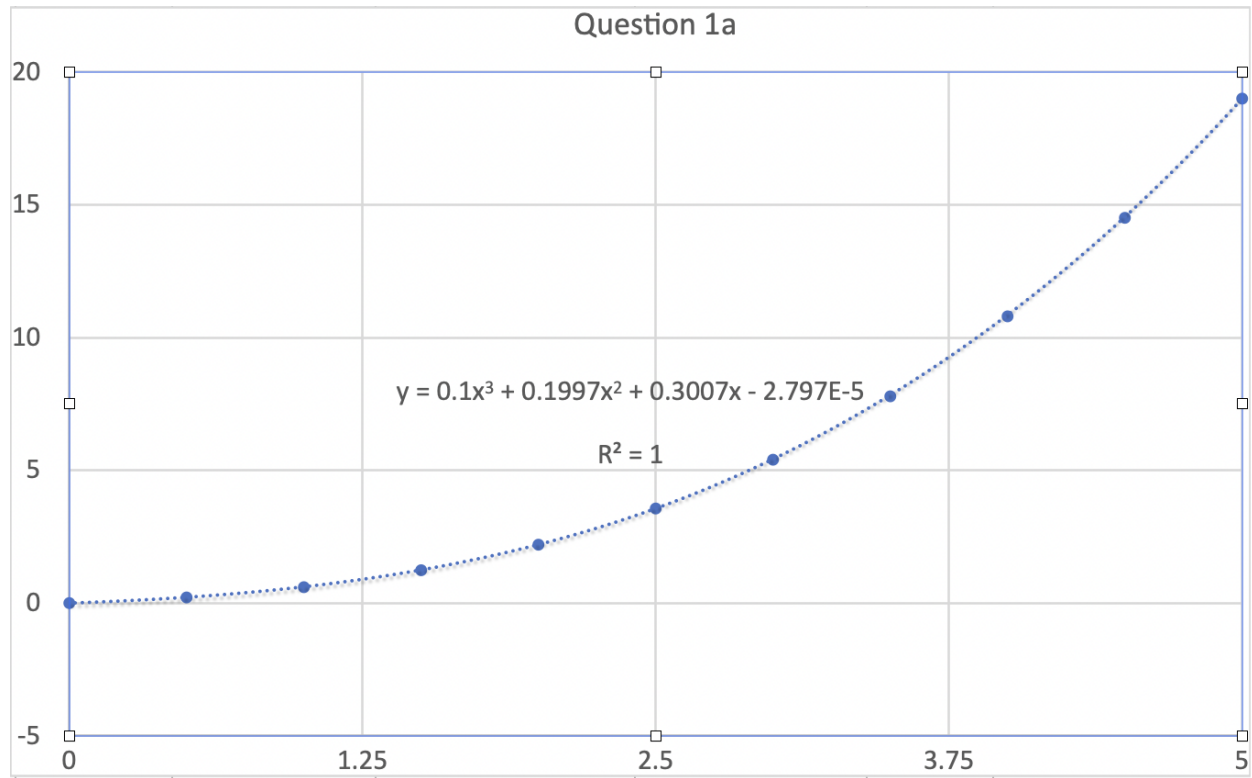
Section 3 Monsoon Semester 2021

Faculty: Professor Ashok Ranade

Teaching Assistant: Professor Sanket Patel

Question 1:

(a)



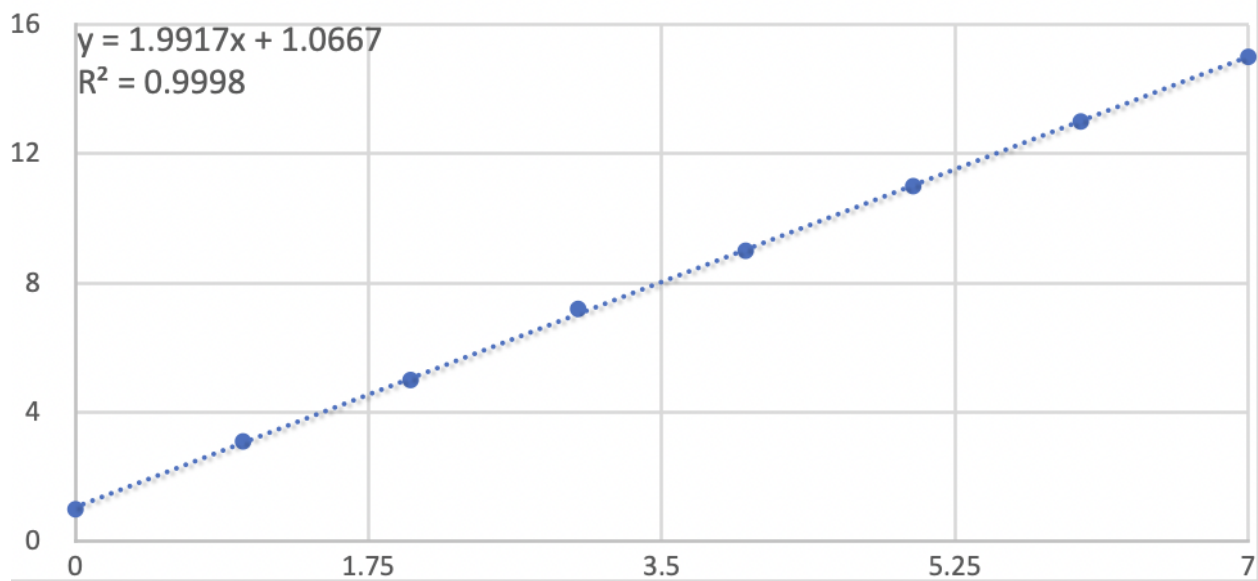
(b)

x	y	y-calculated	Error	Mean Square Error
0	0	-0.00003	0.0000000009	0.0000005409
0.5	0.213	0.21277	0.0000000529	
1	0.6	0.60047	0.0000002209	
1.5	1.238	1.23807	0.0000000049	
2	2.2	2.20057	0.0000003249	
2.5	3.563	3.56297	0.0000000009	
3	5.4	5.40027	0.0000000729	
3.5	7.788	7.78747	0.0000002809	
4	10.8	10.79957	0.0000001849	
4.5	14.51	14.51157	0.0000024649	
5	19	18.99847	0.0000023409	
			0.0000059499	

(c)

x	y	y-calculated	Error	Mean Square Error
0	1	1.0667	0.00444889	0.004479195
1	3.1	3.0584	0.00173056	
2	5	5.0501	0.00251001	
3	7.2	7.0418	0.02502724	
4	9	9.0335	0.00112225	
5	11	11.0252	0.00063504	
6	13	13.0169	0.00028561	
7	15	15.0086	0.00007396	
			0.03583356	

Question 1c



Question 2:

②

Temp (x)	y (mV) $\{y\}$
-70	100
380	4800

Linear $C y = mx + c \rightarrow ①$

10 bit ADC range 3.3

Processor

display temp

* for eq ①

$y = mx + c$ (put values from table for c)

by slope formula

$$\therefore m = \frac{100 - 4800}{-70 - 380}$$

$$\boxed{m = \frac{94}{9}}$$

$$\therefore c = 100 - \frac{94}{9}(-70)$$

$$\boxed{c = \frac{7480}{9}}$$

* $y_1 = \frac{3.3 y}{4800}$ } max range of ADC $\} = 3.3$

max output range from ADC \Rightarrow 10 bits $= 0 \rightarrow 1023$

$$\therefore y_2 = \frac{1023}{3.3} y_1$$

$$y_2 = \frac{1023}{3.3} \times \frac{3.2}{4800} \times \left(\frac{94}{9} x + \frac{7480}{9} \right)$$

$$y_2 = \frac{9616.2x + 7652040}{43200}$$

$$\therefore x = \frac{43200y_2 - 7652040}{9616.2}$$

$$\therefore x = 0.449 y_2 - 79.574$$