

import libraries

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
```

```
In [2]: # data loading

dataset = pd.read_csv('petrol_consumption.csv')
dataset.head()
```

```
Out[2]:
```

	Petrol_tax	Average_income	Paved_Highways	Population_Driver_licence(%)	Petrol_Consumption
0	9.0	3571	1976	0.525	
1	9.0	4092	1250	0.572	
2	9.0	3865	1586	0.580	
3	7.5	4870	2351	0.529	
4	8.0	4399	431	0.544	

```
In [3]: dataset.shape
```

```
Out[3]: (48, 5)
```

```
In [4]: dataset.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 48 entries, 0 to 47
Data columns (total 5 columns):
 #   Column                                  Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
 0   Petrol_tax                             48 non-null     float64
 1   Average_income                         48 non-null     int64  
 2   Paved_Highways                         48 non-null     int64  
 3   Population_Driver_licence(%)           48 non-null     float64
 4   Petrol_Consumption                     48 non-null     int64  
dtypes: float64(2), int64(3)
memory usage: 2.0 KB
```

```
In [5]: dataset.describe()
```

```
Out[5]:
```

	Petrol_tax	Average_income	Paved_Highways	Population_Driver_licence(%)	Petrol_C
count	48.000000	48.000000	48.000000	48.000000	
mean	7.668333	4241.833333	5565.416667	0.570333	
std	0.950770	573.623768	3491.507166	0.055470	
min	5.000000	3063.000000	431.000000	0.451000	
25%	7.000000	3739.000000	3110.250000	0.529750	
50%	7.500000	4298.000000	4735.500000	0.564500	
75%	8.125000	4578.750000	7156.000000	0.595250	
max	10.000000	5342.000000	17782.000000	0.724000	

```
In [8]: # seperate out features and target value from dataset

X = dataset.drop(['Petrol_Consumption'],axis = 1).values
y = dataset['Petrol_Consumption'].values
```

```
In [9]: X.shape
```

```
Out[9]: (48, 4)
```

```
In [10]: y.shape
```

```
Out[10]: (48,)
```

```
In [35]: # split the data in training and testing set

X_train, X_test, y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y, test_size =
0.1, random_state = 42)
```

```
In [36]: # Model

reg = DecisionTreeRegressor()

# fitting
reg.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[36]: DecisionTreeRegressor()
```

```
In [37]: # predicting
y_pred = reg.predict(X_test)
y_pred
```

```
Out[37]: array([603., 525., 574., 699., 498.])
```

```
In [40]: # calculate RMSE

rmse = np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,y_pred))
print(rmse)

59.57348403442592
```

```
In [30]: y_pred_df = pd.DataFrame(y_pred)
y_pred_df
```

```
Out[30]:
```

	0
0	644.0
1	525.0
2	574.0
3	632.0
4	510.0

```
In [31]: y_pred_df['actual'] = y_test
```

```
In [32]: y_pred_df
```

```
Out[32]:
```

	0	actual
0	644.0	631
1	525.0	587
2	574.0	577
3	632.0	591
4	510.0	460

```
In [33]: y_pred_df.columns = ['Predicted', 'actual']
```

```
In [34]: y_pred_df
```

```
Out[34]:
```

	Predicted	actual
0	644.0	631
1	525.0	587
2	574.0	577
3	632.0	591
4	510.0	460

```
In [ ]:
```

In []: