Operators

Operators

Operators are the symbols which are used to perform certain operations between two operands. For Example : 9 - 6 = 3 Here '-' is operator and 9,6 are operands.

Types of operators in Python:

- Arithmetic Operators
- Comparison (Relational) Operators
- Assignment Operators
- Logical Operators
- Bitwise Operators
- Membership Operators
- Identity Operators

Arithmetic Operators

| Operator | Description | Syntax |
|----------|---|--------|
| + | Addition: adds two operands | x + y |
| _ | Subtraction: subtracts second operands from first operand | x – y |
| * | Multiplication: multiplies two operands | x * y |
| / | Division (float): divides the first operand by the second and returns float value | x/y |
| // | Division (floor): divides the first operand by the second and returns floor value | x // y |
| % | Modulus: returns the remainder when the first operand is divided by the second | x % y |
| ** | Power: Returns first raised to power second | х ** у |

Comparison (Relational) Operators

| Operator | Description | Syntax |
|----------|---|--------|
| > | Greater than - True if left operand is greater than the right | x > y |
| < | Less than - True if left operand is less than the right | x < y |
| == | Equal to - True if both operands are equal | x == y |
| != | Not equal to - True if operands are not equal | x != y |
| >= | Greater than or equal to - True if left operand is greater than or equal to the right | x >= y |
| <= | Less than or equal to - True if left operand is less than or equal to the right | x <= y |

Assignment Operators

| Operator | Description | Syntax | |
|----------|--|-----------|--------|
| = | Assign value of right side of expression to left side operand | a = b + c | |
| += | Add AND: Add right-side operand with left side operand and then assign to left operand | a+=b | a=a+b |
| -= | Subtract AND: Subtract right operand from left operand and then assign to left operand | a-=b | a=a-b |
| *= | Multiply AND: Multiply right operand with left operand and then assign to left operand | a*=b | a=a*b |
| /= | Divide AND: Divide left operand with right operand and then assign to left operand | a/=b | a=a/b |
| %= | Modulus AND: Takes modulus using left and right operands and assign the result to left operand | a%=b | a=a%b |
| //= | Divide(floor) AND: Divide left operand with right operand and then assign the value(floor) to left operand | a//=b | a=a//b |

Logical and Membership Operators

Logical Operators

| Operator | Description | Syntax |
|----------|---|----------------------|
| and | Returns True if both statements are true | St_1 and St_2 |
| or | Returns True if one of the statements is true | St_1 or St_2 |
| not | Reverse the result, returns False if the result is true | not (St_1 and St_2) |

Membership Operators

| Operator | Description | Syntax |
|----------|--|------------|
| in | Returns True if a sequence with the specified value is present in the object | x in y |
| not in | Returns True if a sequence with the specified value is not present in the object | x not in y |

Bitwise and Identity Operators

Bitwise Operators

| Operator | Description | Name |
|----------|---|----------------------|
| & | Sets each bit to 1 if both bits are 1 | AND |
| | Sets each bit to 1 if one of two bits is 1 | OR |
| ۸ | Sets each bit to 1 if only one of two bits is 1 | XOR |
| ~ | Inverts all the bits | NOT |
| << | Shift left by pushing zeros in from the right and let the leftmost bits fall off | Zero fill left shift |
| >> | Shift right by pushing copies of the leftmost bit in from the left, and let the rightmost bits fall off | Signed right shift |

Identity Operators

| Operator | Description | Syntax |
|----------|--|------------|
| is | Returns True if both variables are the same object | x is y |
| is not | Returns True if both variables are not the same object | x is not y |