PayHab Test Plan Report

Team Name: Dream Team **Project Title:** PayHab

Table of Contents

- 1. Scope
- 2. Test Approach
- 3. Test Environment
- 4. Release Control
- 5. Risk Analysis
- 6. Test Plan (Test Cases)

Product Overview:

PayHab is a digital solution designed to help Habib University students track credit-based transactions with on-campus vendors. The system enables users to register, log in securely, view a dashboard that aggregates outstanding dues with various vendors, record new loan entries, mark payments, and receive notifications for pending dues. The app leverages real-time data synchronization through Firebase and communicates with a Flask backend via RESTful APIs.

Areas to be Tested:

- **User Management:** Registration, authentication (login), and profile retrieval.
- Loan & Transaction Management: Loan entry, tracking outstanding dues, and clearing loans taken.
- Dashboard Functionality: Aggregation and display of user data and vendor loan summaries.
- Notifications: Sending and receiving reminders for pending dues.
- **API Communication:** Ensuring proper RESTful interaction between the app and the backend.
- Real-Time Data Sync: Verification of immediate updates across users and vendors using Firebase.

2. Test Approach

Testing Processes:

- Test Levels:
 - Unit Testing: Verify individual modules (e.g., API endpoints, UI components).
 - Integration Testing: Confirm communication between the frontend (Flutter) and backend (Flask & Firebase).
 - System Testing: End-to-end testing of user flows (registration, loan entry, payments, notifications).
 - Performance Testing: Evaluate response times, especially for real-time data sync and dashboard aggregation.
 - Usability Testing: Verify intuitive UI/UX for smooth navigation.

Roles and Responsibilities:

- **Project Manager:** Sameer Kamani
- **Developers:** Aamaina Mukarram Tahir Ali ,Ahmad Hamayun Hanif, Saif Nazir ,Sameer Kamani.
- **Testers:** Aamaina Mukarram tahir Ali ,Ahmad Hamayun Hanif, Saif Nazir ,Sameer Kamani

Types of Testing:

Manual testing for exploratory and user acceptance tests.

Bug Tracking:

• All defects will be tracked using either Jira or GitHub Issues, based on the team's preference, and prioritized by severity and impact.

3. Test Environment

Platforms and Devices:

• Platforms: Android (Emulator), iOS(Emulator)

• Backend: Flask (Python) API hosted on Firebase

• Database: Firebase Firestore

• Testing Tools: Postman for API testing, Firebase Emulator for local testing

4. Release Control

Versioning:

• Semantic versioning will be used (e.g., v1.0.0 for the initial release).

Deployment Frequency:

- Releases will be scheduled weekly for major updates.
- A clear rollback plan (using Git for version control) is established in case of critical issues in the live environment.

5. Risk Analysis

Identified Risks and Mitigation Plans:

User Registration Failures:

- Risk: Users may not be able to register correctly due to input errors or unexpected system behavior.
- **Mitigation:** Manually test registration with both valid and invalid data to ensure proper error messages and account creation.

Login Issues:

- **Risk:** Registered users might face difficulties logging in (e.g., incorrect error handling for wrong credentials).
- **Mitigation:** Test login scenarios thoroughly with correct and incorrect credentials to verify that access is granted only when appropriate.

Loan Entry Errors:

- Risk: Loan transactions might not be recorded accurately or may display incorrect status (e.g., "outstanding" not updating).
- Mitigation: Manually enter a variety of loan transactions and verify that the dashboard displays the correct details.

Payment Processing Problems:

- Risk: Payments may not update the loan status correctly, causing confusion in outstanding balances.
- **Mitigation:** Simulate payments for existing loans and ensure that the system updates the status (e.g., from "outstanding" to "paid" or "partial") as expected.

Notification Failures:

- Risk: Users may not receive notifications when dues are pending, leading to missed reminders.
- Mitigation: Manually trigger scenarios where notifications should be sent and confirm that the correct message appears on the test device.

API Communication Issues:

- **Risk:** Inconsistent data may result from communication issues between the Flutter app and the Flask backend.
- **Mitigation:** Manually test API endpoints using tools such as Postman, simulate network issues, and verify that error handling and fallback mechanisms work correctly.

Environment Differences:

- **Risk:** The application may behave inconsistently across different platforms (Android vs. iOS).
- **Mitigation:** Conduct thorough cross-platform testing using both emulators and real devices to ensure consistent functionality and user experience.

6. Test Plan (Test Cases)

Below are sample test cases covering the critical functionalities of PayHab:

Test Case TC001: User Registration Test

- Test Case ID: TC001
- Test Case Name: Validate New User Registration
- **Test Case Objective:** To ensure a new student can register successfully using a valid student ID, password, name, and email.
- Prerequisites:
 - Test environment setup with backend and Firebase ready.
 - Valid test data (unique student ID, valid email format).
- Test Steps:
 - Navigate to the registration page on the mobile app.
 - Enter valid student ID, password, name, and email.
 - Click on the "Sign Up" button.
- Expected Results:
 - The system creates a new account and displays a confirmation message.
 - The user is redirected to the login page, or automatically logged in if applicable.

Test Case TC002: User Login Test

- Test Case ID: TC002
- Test Case Name: Validate User Login Functionality
- **Test Case Objective:** To verify that a registered user can log in with the correct credentials.
- Prerequisites:
 - A registered user account exists in the system.
- Test Steps:
 - Navigate to the login screen.
 - Enter valid student ID and password.
 - Click on the "Login" button.
- Expected Results:
 - User is successfully authenticated, and an access token is received.
 - The dashboard screen loads with user details and outstanding dues.

Test Case TC003: Dashboard Functionality Test

- Test Case ID: TC003
- Test Case Name: Verify Dashboard Data Aggregation
- Test Case Objective: To ensure the dashboard correctly aggregates and displays user information and vendor loan summaries.
- Prerequisites:
 - User is logged in.
 - o Existing loan entries in the system.
- Test Steps:
 - Log in as a registered user.
 - Navigate to the dashboard.
- Expected Results:
 - The dashboard displays accurate user profile details(his pending loans).
 - Vendor list shows the correct total outstanding amounts and associated loan details.

Test Case TC004: Loan Entry & Tracking Test

- Test Case ID: TC004
- Test Case Name: Record and Track a New Loan
- **Test Case Objective:** To verify that a new loan entry is recorded and tracked properly in the system.
- Prerequisites:
 - User must be logged in.
 - A list of vendors is available (from a hard-coded set).
- Test Steps:
 - Navigate to the "Loan Entry" screen.
 - Select a vendor and enter a valid loan amount along with the current date and an optional description.
 - Submit the loan entry.
- Expected Results:
 - The new loan is recorded and appears in the dashboard under the selected vendor.
 - Loan status is set as "outstanding."

Test Case TC005: Loan Payment Test

- Test Case ID: TC005
- **Test Case Name:** Process Loan Payment
- **Test Case Objective:** To ensure that processing a payment updates the loan status appropriately.
- Prerequisites:
 - A loan entry exists with the status "outstanding."
- Test Steps:
 - Select an outstanding loan from the dashboard.
 - Initiate the payment process by entering a valid payment amount and date.
 - Confirm the payment submission.
- Expected Results:
 - The system updates the loan status to "paid" or "partial" based on the payment amount.
 - The dashboard reflects the updated loan status.

Test Case TC006: Notification Test

- Test Case ID: TC006
- **Test Case Name:** Verify Notification for Pending Dues
- Test Case Objective: To check that users receive notifications for pending dues.
- Prerequisites:
 - A user with at least one outstanding loan.
- Test Steps:
 - Trigger a condition where a notification should be sent (e.g., overdue loan).
 - Monitor the user's device for a push/SMS notification.
- Expected Results:
 - A notification is sent and received with the correct title and message prompting the user to clear dues.