



National University
of computer and emerging sciences

DATA SCIENCE PROJECT
CRIME DATA FROM 2010 TO 2019
(CITY OF LOS ANGELES)

<https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/crime-data-from-2010-to-2019>

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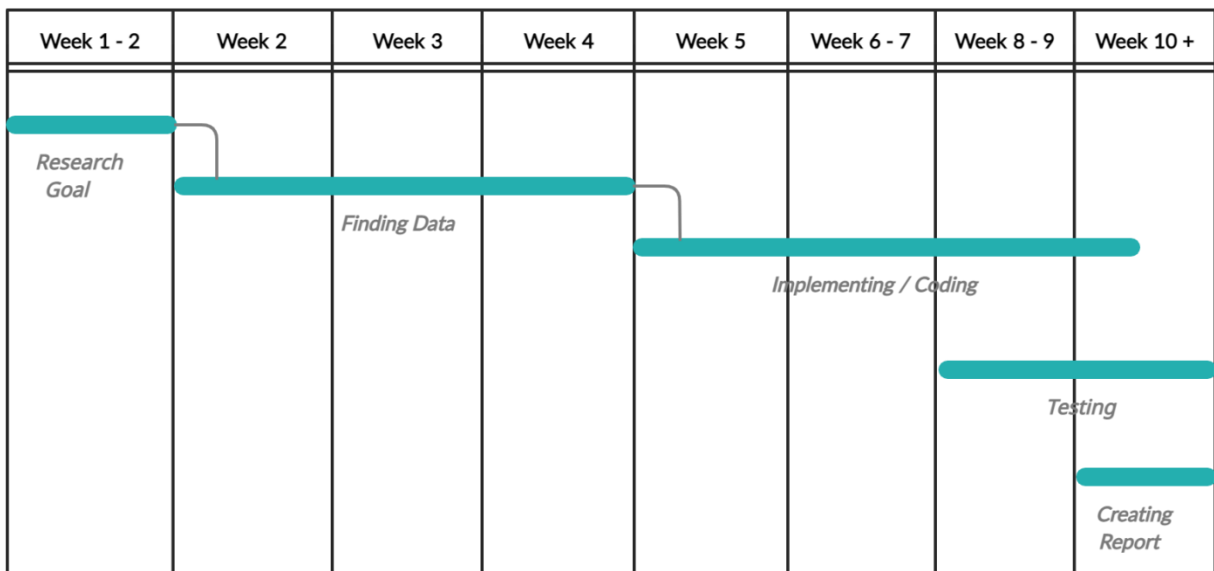
Sec: 9A

Professor
Dr. Muhammad Atif Tahir

1. Setting the research goal

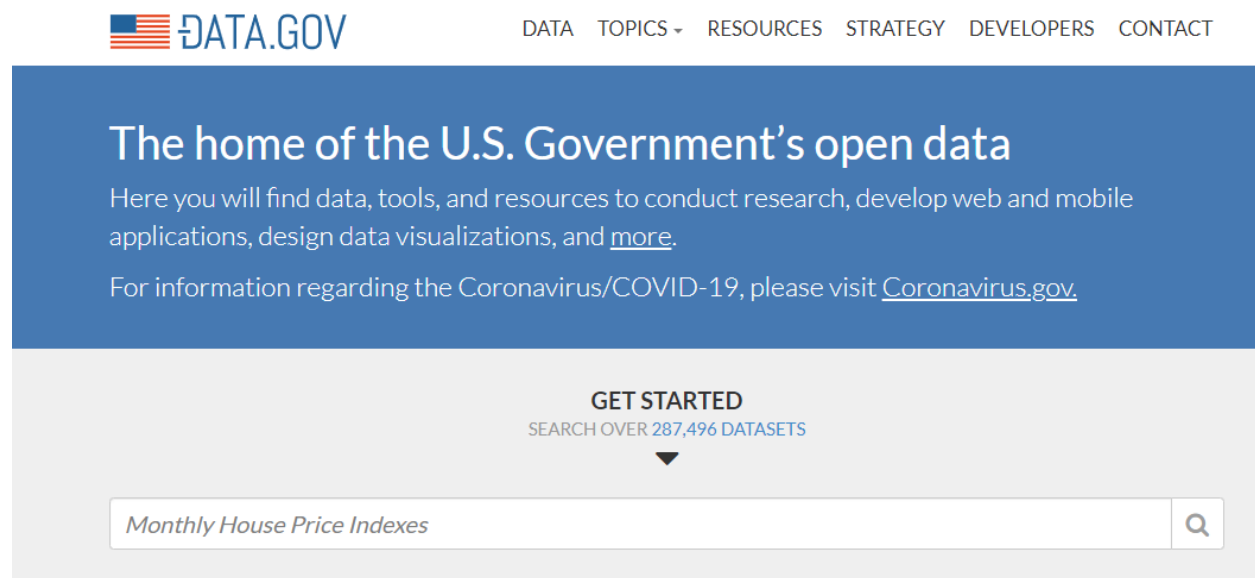
For this course I think why not research on criminal activities happening in the world. So, I choose America as my country and Los Angeles as City to research about crime there. My goal to search for top most criminal activities, targeted gender and age group, find what kind of crime and weapon used and which descent is targeted and most important timing of crime.

Crime Data from 2010 to 2019 (City of Los Angeles)

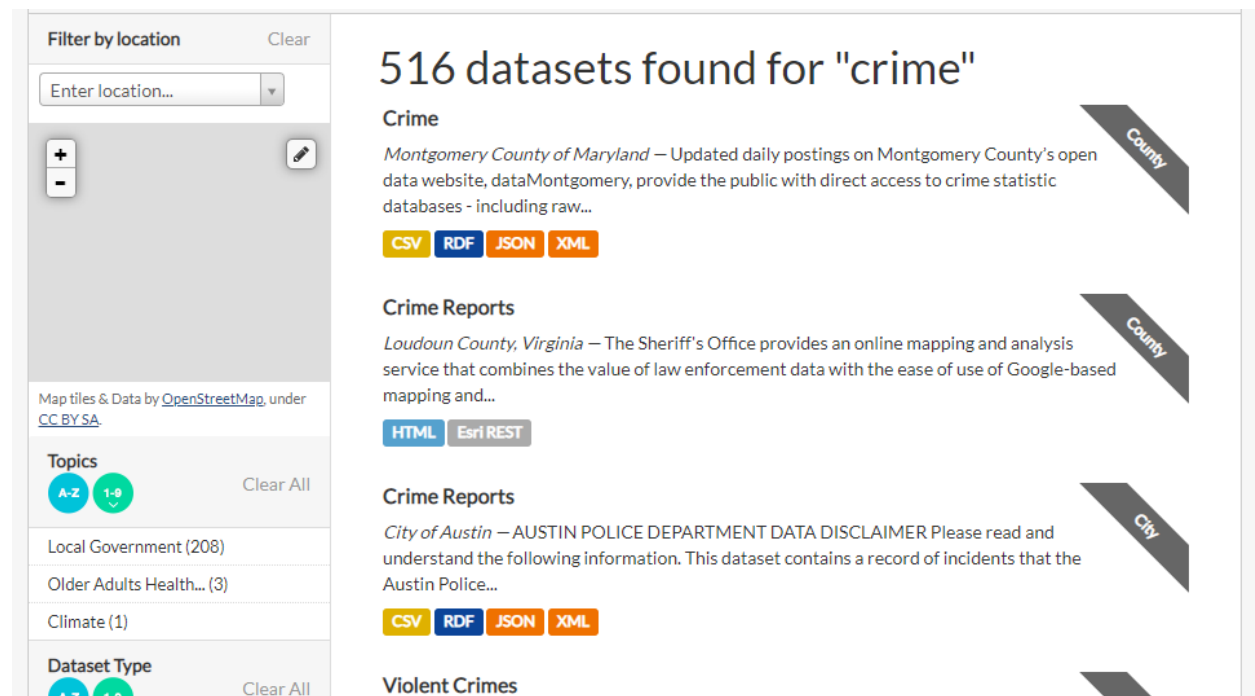


2. Retrieving data

The Data retrieved as Open data from DATA.GOV website contain 287,496 Datasets. This website contains U.S. Government's open data. My main focus is on criminal data. <https://www.data.gov/>



The screenshot shows the DATA.GOV homepage. At the top is the DATA.GOV logo with an American flag icon. To the right are navigation links: DATA, TOPICS, RESOURCES, STRATEGY, DEVELOPERS, and CONTACT. Below the navigation is a blue banner with the text "The home of the U.S. Government's open data". Underneath this banner, it says "Here you will find data, tools, and resources to conduct research, develop web and mobile applications, design data visualizations, and [more](#)." and "For information regarding the Coronavirus/COVID-19, please visit [Coronavirus.gov](#)." Below the banner is a "GET STARTED" button with the text "SEARCH OVER 287,496 DATASETS" and a downward arrow. At the bottom is a search bar with the text "Monthly House Price Indexes" and a magnifying glass icon.



The screenshot shows the search results for "crime" on the DATA.GOV website. On the left is a sidebar with filters. The "Filter by location" section has a search bar with "Enter location..." and a dropdown arrow. Below it are plus and minus icons. The "Topics" section has a "Clear All" button and two circular icons labeled "A-Z" and "1-9". Below the topics are three categories: "Local Government (208)", "Older Adults Health... (3)", and "Climate (1)". The "Dataset Type" section has a "Clear All" button and two circular icons labeled "A-Z" and "1-9". The main content area displays "516 datasets found for 'crime'". Below this is a list of datasets. The first dataset is "Crime" by "Montgomery County of Maryland", described as "Updated daily postings on Montgomery County's open data website, dataMontgomery, provide the public with direct access to crime statistic databases - including raw...". It has buttons for CSV, RDF, JSON, and XML. The second dataset is "Crime Reports" by "Loudoun County, Virginia", described as "The Sheriff's Office provides an online mapping and analysis service that combines the value of law enforcement data with the ease of use of Google-based mapping and...". It has buttons for HTML and Esri REST. The third dataset is "Crime Reports" by "City of Austin", described as "AUSTIN POLICE DEPARTMENT DATA DISCLAIMER Please read and understand the following information. This dataset contains a record of incidents that the Austin Police...". It has buttons for CSV, RDF, JSON, and XML. The fourth dataset is "Violent Crimes". To the right of the dataset list are three dark gray diagonal bars with the text "County", "County", and "City" respectively.

I choose **Crime Data from 2010 to 2019 (City of Los Angeles)**. This dataset reflects incidents of crime in the City of Los Angeles from 2010 - 2019. This data is transcribed from original crime reports that are typed on paper and therefore there may be some inaccuracies within the data. Some location fields with missing data are noted as (0°, 0°). Address fields are only provided to the nearest hundred blocks in order to maintain privacy. This data is as accurate as the data in the database.

Dataset Download Link: <https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/crime-data-from-2010-to-2019>

Comma Separated Values File downloaded (510 MB file size)

Contain 28 columns and 2116843 Rows.

Crime Data from 2010 to 2019
This dataset reflects incidents of crime in the City of Los Angeles from 2010 - 2019. This data is

More Views Filter Visualize Export Discuss Embed About

DR_NO	Date Rptd	DATE OCC	TIME OCC	AREA	AREA NA...	Rpt Dist...	Part 1-2	Crm Cd	Crm Cd ...	Mocodes	Vict Age	Vict Sex	Vict I
001307355	2010 Feb 20 ...	2010 Feb 20 ...	1350	13	Newton	1385	2	900	VIOLATION O...	0913 1814 20...	48	M	H
011401303	2010 Sep 13 ...	2010 Sep 12 ...	0045	14	Pacific	1485	2	740	VANDALISM ...	0329	0	M	W
070309629	2010 Aug 09 ...	2010 Aug 09 ...	1515	13	Newton	1324	2	946	OTHER MISC...	0344	0	M	H
090631215	2010 Jan 05 1...	2010 Jan 05 1...	0150	06	Hollywood	0646	2	900	VIOLATION O...	1100 0400 14...	47	F	W
100100501	2010 Jan 03 1...	2010 Jan 02 1...	2100	01	Central	0176	1	122	RAPE, ATTEM...	0400	47	F	H
100100506	2010 Jan 05 1...	2010 Jan 04 1...	1650	01	Central	0162	1	442	SHOPLIFTING...	0344 1402	23	M	B
100100508	2010 Jan 08 1...	2010 Jan 07 1...	2005	01	Central	0182	1	330	BURGLARY F...	0344	46	M	H
100100509	2010 Jan 09 1...	2010 Jan 08 1...	2100	01	Central	0157	1	230	ASSAULT WIT...	0416	51	M	B
100100510	2010 Jan 09 1...	2010 Jan 09 1...	0230	01	Central	0171	1	230	ASSAULT WIT...	0400 0416	30	M	H

< Previous Next >

Showing crime incidents 1 to 100 out of 2,117,365

```
[ ] # DF Shape & Size
print("Crime Shape: ", crime.shape)
print("Crime Size: ", crime.size)
```



```
Crime Shape: (2116844, 28)
Crime Size: 59271632
```

```
[ ] # DF Columns name
print(crime.columns)
```

```
Index(['DR_NO', 'Date Rptd', 'DATE OCC', 'TIME OCC', 'AREA ', 'AREA NAME',
      'Rpt Dist No', 'Part 1-2', 'Crm Cd', 'Crm Cd Desc', 'Mocodes',
      'Vict Age', 'Vict Sex', 'Vict Descent', 'Premis Cd', 'Premis Desc',
      'Weapon Used Cd', 'Weapon Desc', 'Status', 'Status Desc', 'Crm Cd 1',
      'Crm Cd 2', 'Crm Cd 3', 'Crm Cd 4', 'LOCATION', 'Cross Street', 'LAT',
      'LON'],
      dtype='object')
```

3. Data preparation

#	Column	Dtype
0	DR_NO	int64
1	Date Rptd	object
2	DATE OCC	object
3	TIME OCC	int64
4	AREA	int64
5	AREA NAME	object
6	Rpt Dist No	int64
7	Part 1-2	int64
8	Crm Cd	int64
9	Crm Cd Desc	object
10	Mocodes	object
11	Vict Age	int64
12	Vict Sex	object
13	Vict Descent	object
14	Premis Cd	float64
15	Premis Desc	object
16	Weapon Used Cd	float64
17	Weapon Desc	object
18	Status	object
19	Status Desc	object
20	Crm Cd 1	float64
21	Crm Cd 2	float64
22	Crm Cd 3	float64
23	Crm Cd 4	float64
24	LOCATION	object
25	Cross Street	object
26	LAT	float64
27	LON	float64
		dtypes: float64(8), int64(7), object(13)

	crime.isnull().any()	
	DR_NO	False
	Date Rptd	False
	DATE OCC	False
	TIME OCC	False
	AREA	False
	AREA NAME	False
	Rpt Dist No	False
	Part 1-2	False
	Crm Cd	False
	Crm Cd Desc	False
	Mocodes	True
	Vict Age	False
	Vict Sex	True
	Vict Descent	True
	Premis Cd	True
	Premis Desc	True
	Weapon Used Cd	True
	Weapon Desc	True
	Status	True
	Status Desc	False
	Crm Cd 1	True
	Crm Cd 2	True
	Crm Cd 3	True
	Crm Cd 4	True
	LOCATION	False
	Cross Street	True
	LAT	False
	LON	False

▼ Strip white space

```
[ ] # crime columns names
crime['Date Rptd'] = crime['Date Rptd'].str.strip()
crime['DATE OCC'] = crime['DATE OCC'].str.strip()
crime['AREA NAME'] = crime['AREA NAME'].str.strip()
crime['Crm Cd Desc'] = crime['Crm Cd Desc'].str.strip()
crime['Mocodes'] = crime['Mocodes'].str.strip()
crime['Vict Sex'] = crime['Vict Sex'].str.strip()
crime['Vict Descent'] = crime['Vict Descent'].str.strip()
crime['Premis Desc'] = crime['Premis Desc'].str.strip()
crime['Weapon Desc'] = crime['Weapon Desc'].str.strip()
crime['Status'] = crime['Status'].str.strip()
crime['Status Desc'] = crime['Status Desc'].str.strip()
crime['LOCATION'] = crime['LOCATION'].str.strip()
crime['Cross Street'] = crime['Cross Street'].str.strip()
```

▼ Date of Crime Reported and Crime Occurred

```
▶ # Splitting Crime Reported
crime['DATE-TIME-Rptd'] = crime['Date Rptd'].str.split()
crime['Date Reported'] = crime['DATE-TIME-Rptd'].apply(lambda x: x[0])
crime['Time Reported'] = crime['DATE-TIME-Rptd'].apply(lambda x: x[1])

# Splitting Crime Occurred
crime['DATE-TIME-OCC'] = crime['DATE OCC'].str.split()
crime['Date Occured'] = crime['DATE-TIME-OCC'].apply(lambda x: x[0])
crime['Time Occured'] = crime['DATE-TIME-OCC'].apply(lambda x: x[1])
```

```

▶ # Converting to date time Crime Occurred
crime['Date Occured'] = pd.to_datetime(crime['Date Occured'], format="%m/%d/%Y")
# crime['Date Occured'] = crime['Date Occured'].dt.strftime('%m/%d/%Y')
crime['Time Occured'] = pd.to_datetime(crime['Time Occured'], format="%H:%M:%S")
# crime['Time Occured'] = crime['Time Occured'].dt.strftime('%H:%M:%S')

# Converting to date time Crime Reported
crime['Date Reported'] = pd.to_datetime(crime['Date Reported'], format="%m/%d/%Y")
# crime['Date Reported'] = crime['Date Reported'].dt.strftime('%m/%d/%Y')
crime['Time Reported'] = pd.to_datetime(crime['Time Reported'], format="%H:%M:%S")
# crime['Time Reported'] = crime['Time Reported'].dt.strftime('%H:%M:%S')

crime['Year'] = crime['Date Occured'].dt.strftime('%Y')

```

```

[ ] meanOfAge = math.trunc(crime['Vict Age'][(crime['Vict Age'] > 0)].mean())
crime['Vict Age'] = crime['Vict Age'].replace(crime['Vict Age'][(crime['Vict Age'] <= 0)].unique(), meanOfAge)
crime.head()

```

```

▶ # Dropping Columns if value nan
crime = crime.dropna(subset=['Vict Sex', 'Vict Descent'])

```

```

▶ crime.shape

(1920078, 31)

```

```

[ ] crime['Vict Sex'] = crime["Vict Sex"].replace(['H', 'N', '-'], 'X')
crime['Vict Sex'].value_counts()

```

```

M    975036
F    889747
X     55295
Name: Vict Sex, dtype: int64

```

```

▶ # We extract the Hour of the occurrence of the crime
crime['TIME OCC'] = crime['TIME OCC'].astype(str).str.zfill(4)
crime['Hour Occurred'] = crime['TIME OCC'].apply(lambda t: int(t[:2]))

```

```

[ ] # Also, we compute the delta, in days, between the crime date and its reporting date
crime['Delta Report'] = (crime['Date Reported'] - crime['Date Occured']).dt.days

```

```
[ ] crime['Premis Desc'].isnull().value_counts()
```

```
False    1919917
True       161
Name: Premis Desc, dtype: int64
```

```
[ ] # Dropping Columns Premis Desc
crime = crime.dropna(subset=['Premis Desc'])
crime.head()
```

We assume that missing values are Weapon Desc is Missing Weapon.

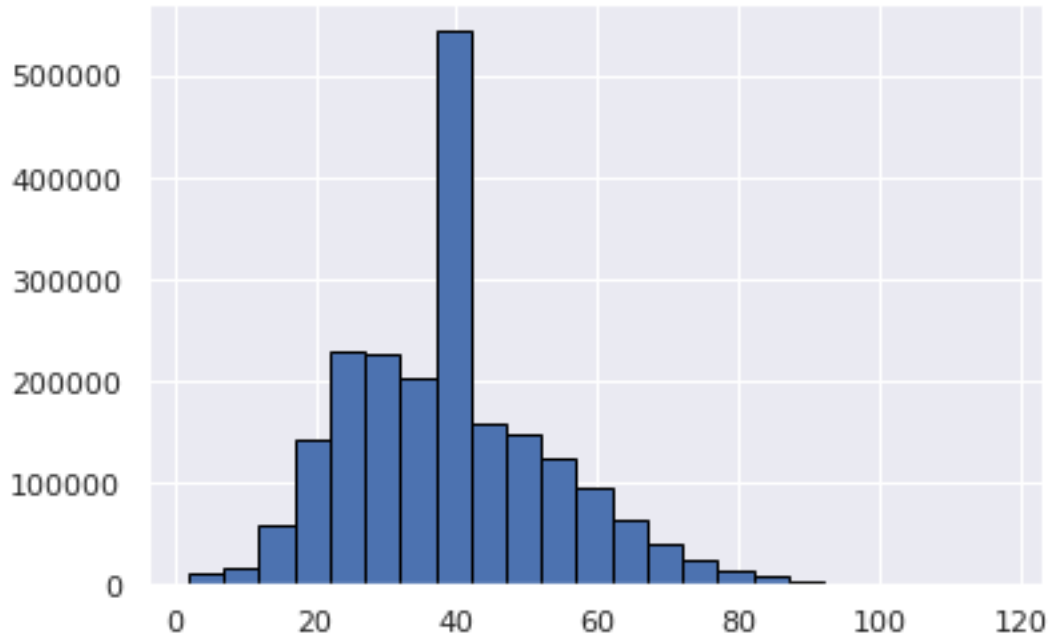
```
[ ] crime['Weapon Desc'] = crime["Weapon Desc"].replace(np.nan, 'MISSING WEAPON')
crime["Weapon Desc"].value_counts().head(10)
```

MISSING WEAPON	1209117
STRONG-ARM (HANDS, FIST, FEET OR BODILY FORCE)	431107
VERBAL THREAT	58660
UNKNOWN WEAPON/OTHER WEAPON	57425
HAND GUN	34084
SEMI-AUTOMATIC PISTOL	12892
KNIFE WITH BLADE 6INCHES OR LESS	12832
OTHER KNIFE	9788
UNKNOWN FIREARM	7897
VEHICLE	7229

Name: Weapon Desc, dtype: int64

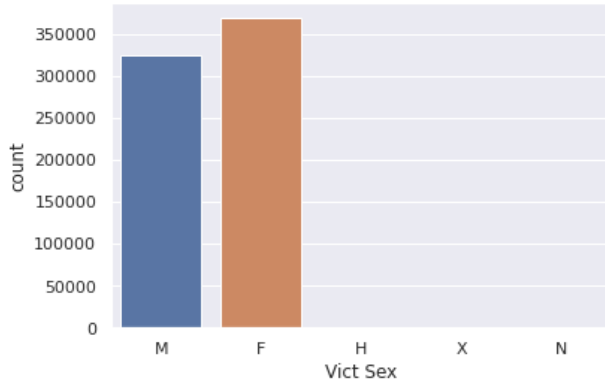
4. Data exploration

Age of Victim when they encountered crimes



```
# Number of Victims according to Sex of the Victim b/w the age group 20 and 35 years
sns.countplot('Vict Sex', data=victim[(victim['Vict Age'] >= 20) & (victim['Vict Age'] <= 35)])
```

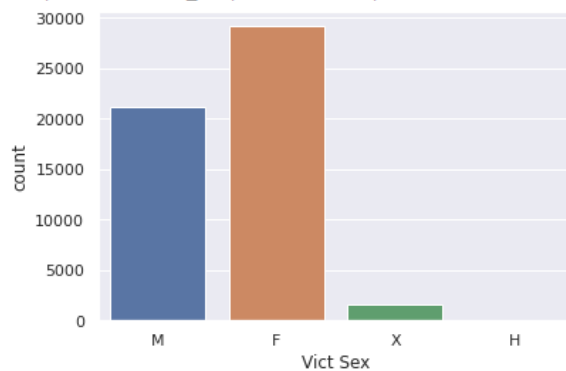
```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following va
FutureWarning
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1dbfca58d0>
```



As we can see, Females in the age group 20-35 Years are being targeted more.

```
# Number of Victims according to Sex of the Victim b/w the age group 10 and 15 years
sns.countplot('Vict Sex', data=victim[(victim['Vict Age'] >= 10) & (victim['Vict Age'] <= 15)])
```

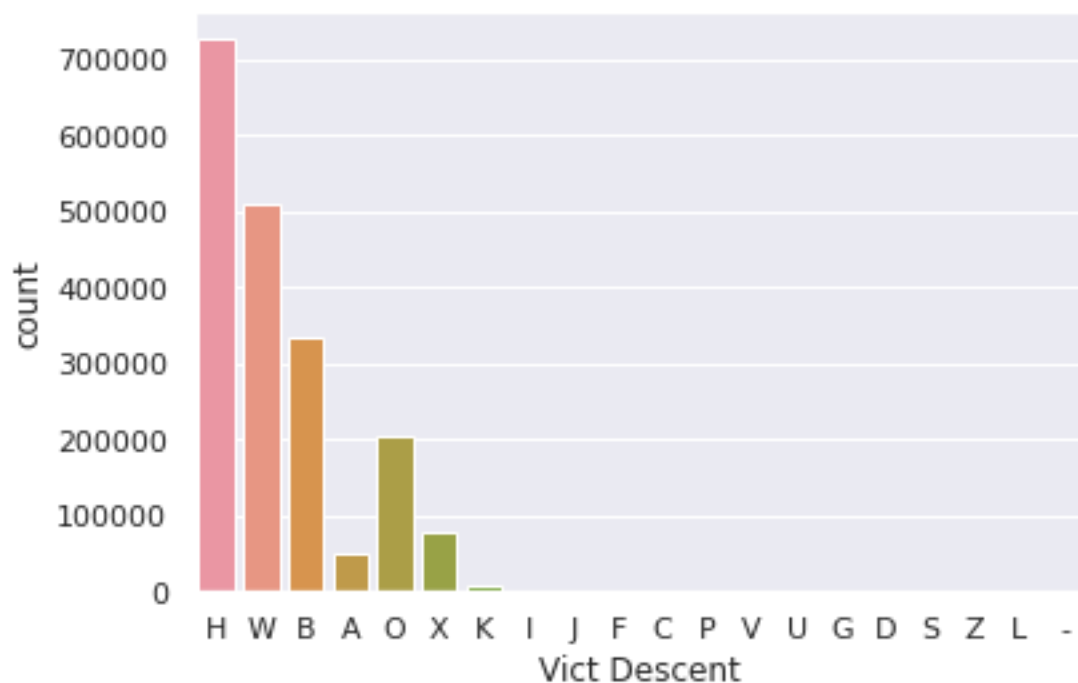
```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variab
FutureWarning
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1dbfca2b50>
```

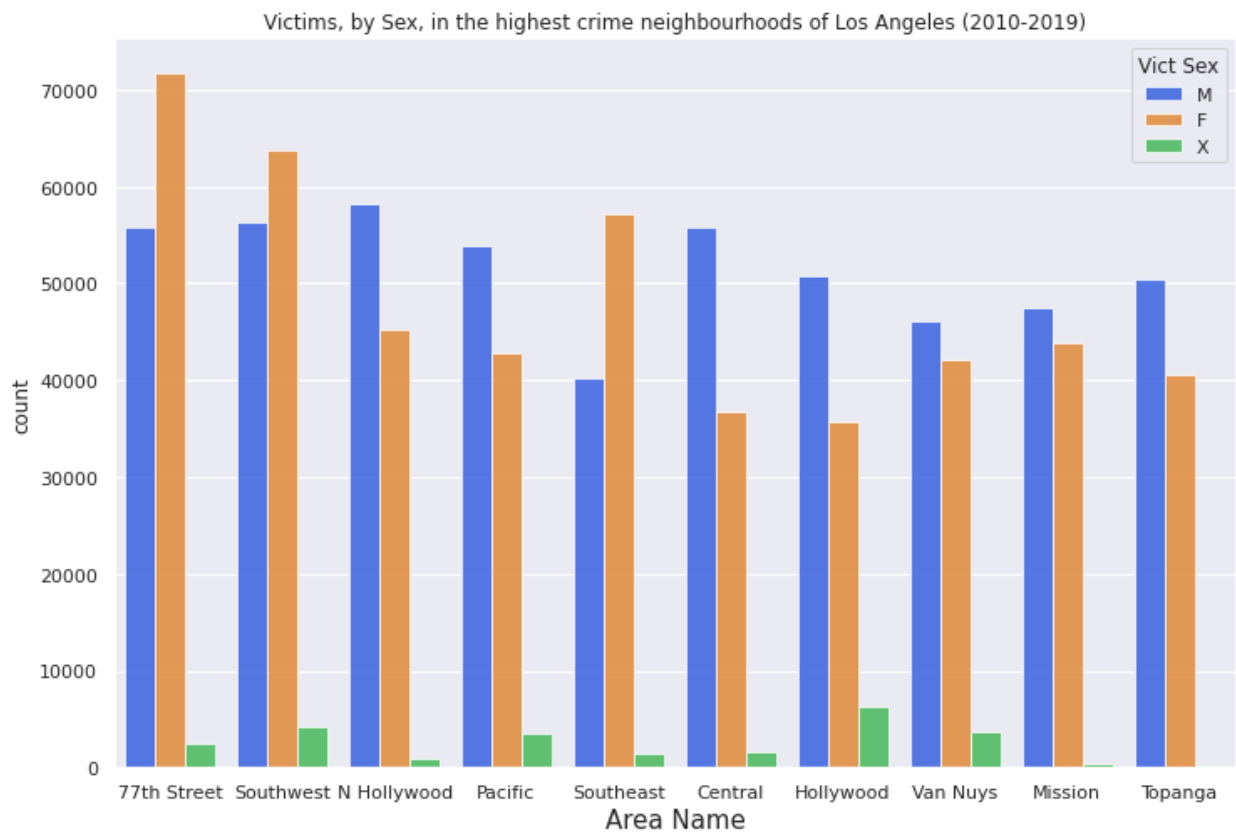
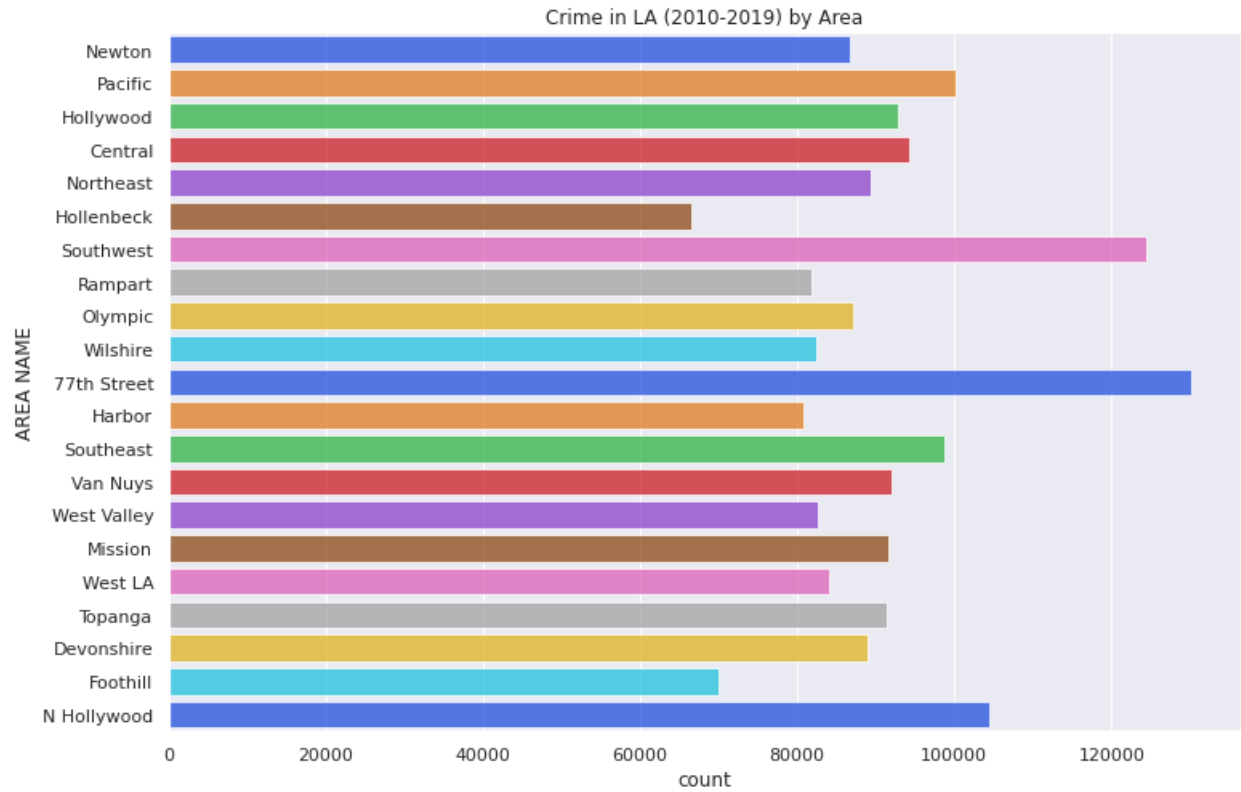


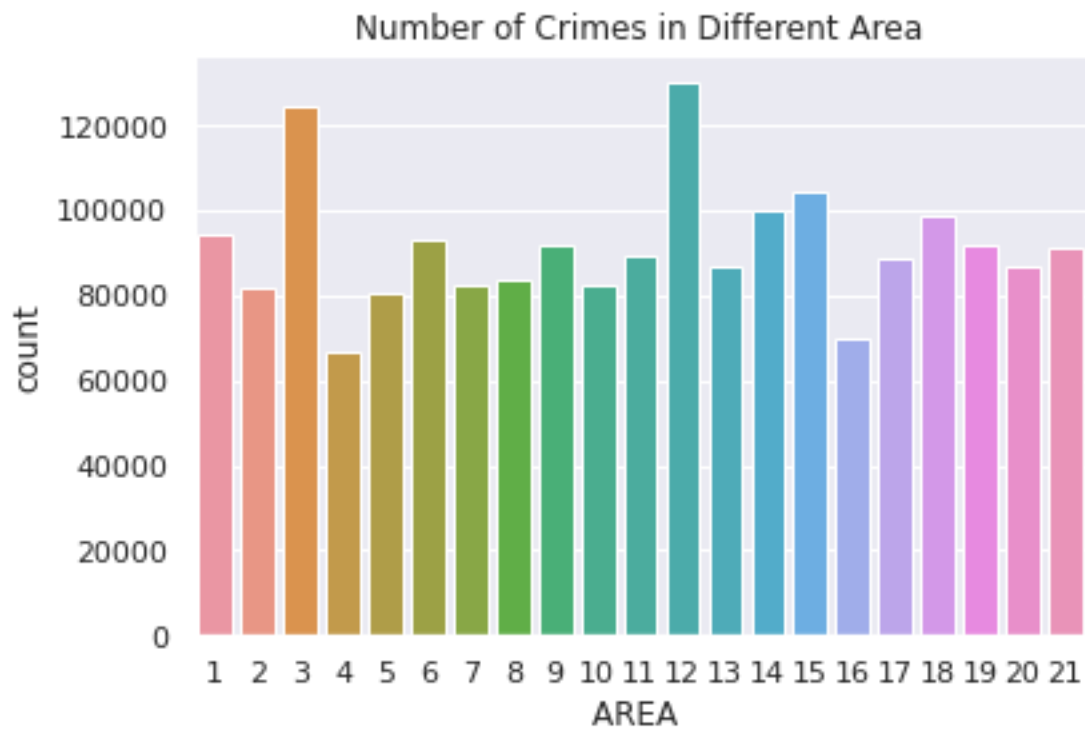
Boys in their have been target more much more

```
# Changing the abbreviations to the whole description
Victims_bg = {
    "A": "Other Asian",
    "B": "Black",
    "C": "Chinese",
    "D": "Cambodian",
    "F": "Filipino",
    "G": "Guamanian",
    "H": "Hispanic/Latin/Mexican",
    "I": "American Indian/Alaskan Native",
    "J": "Japanese",
    "K": "Korean",
    "L": "Laotian",
    "O": "Other",
    "P": "Pacific Islander",
    "S": "Samoan",
    "U": "Hawaiian",
    "V": "Vietnamese",
    "W": "White",
    "X": "Unknown",
    "Z": "Asian Indian"
}
```

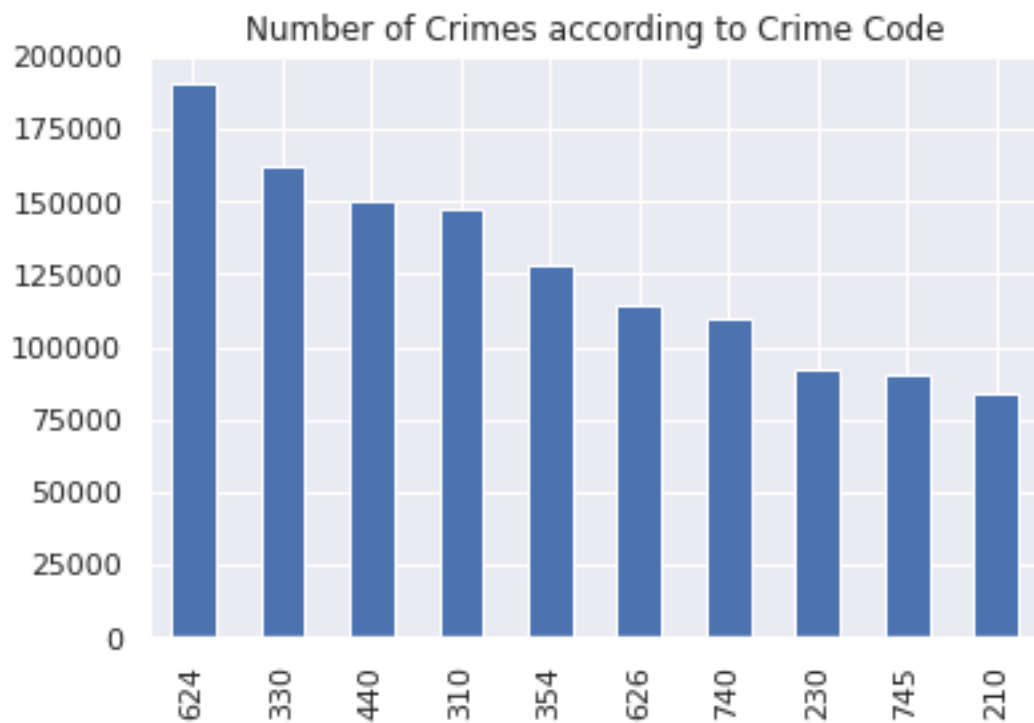
People who were from the Descent H has been targeted the most followed by W and B.

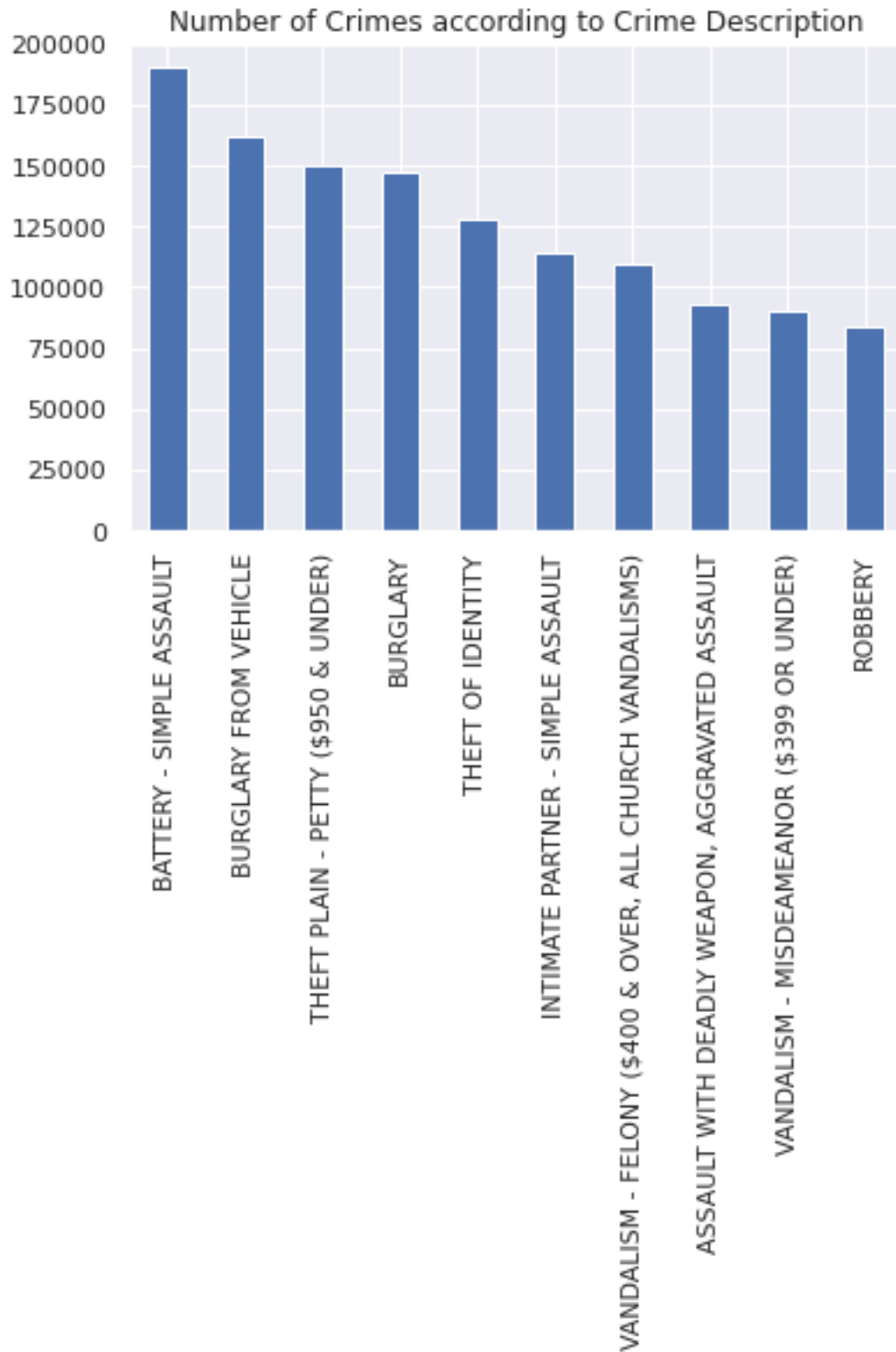






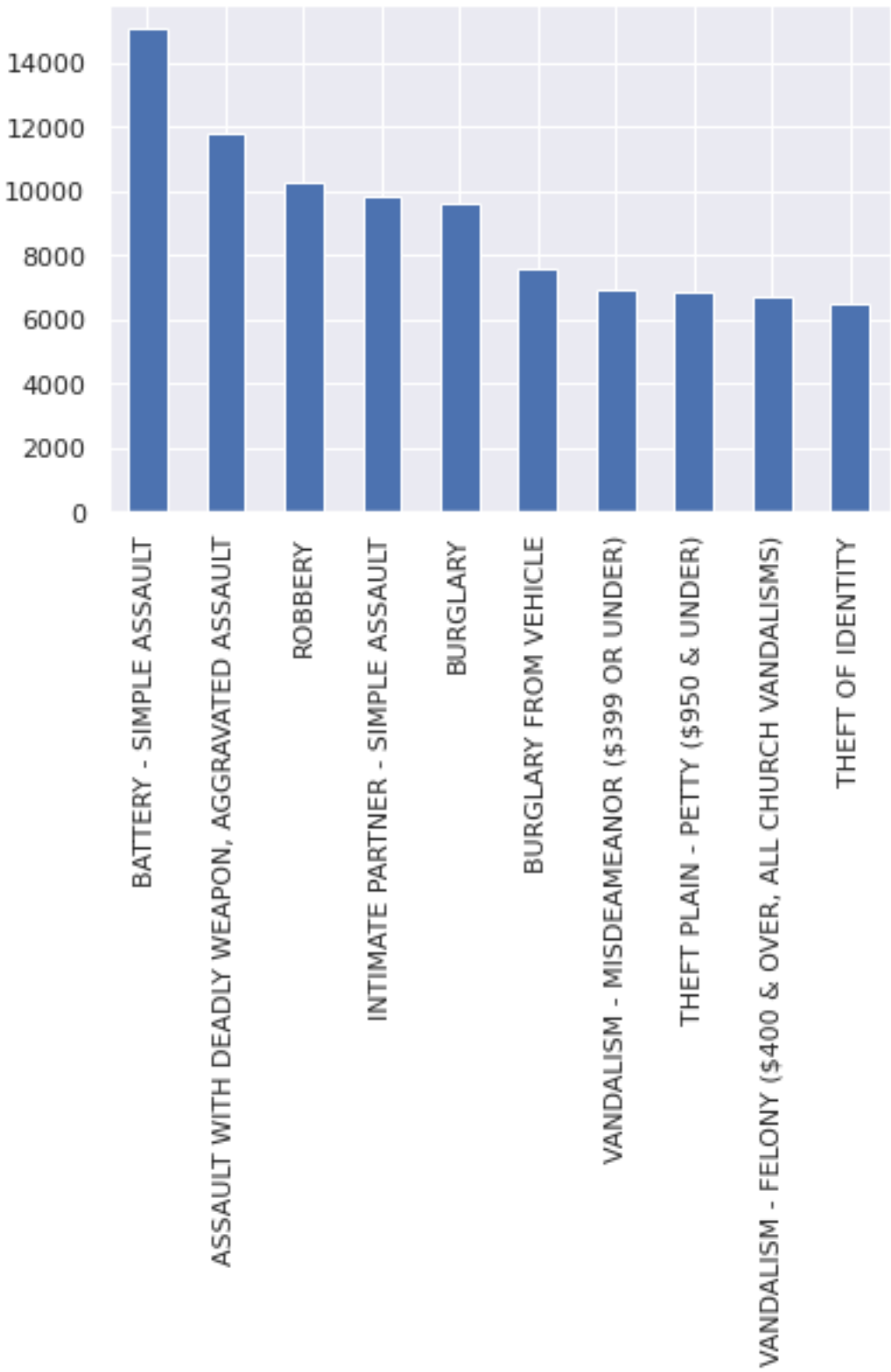
Area ID 12 is 77th Street Area ID 3 is Southwest



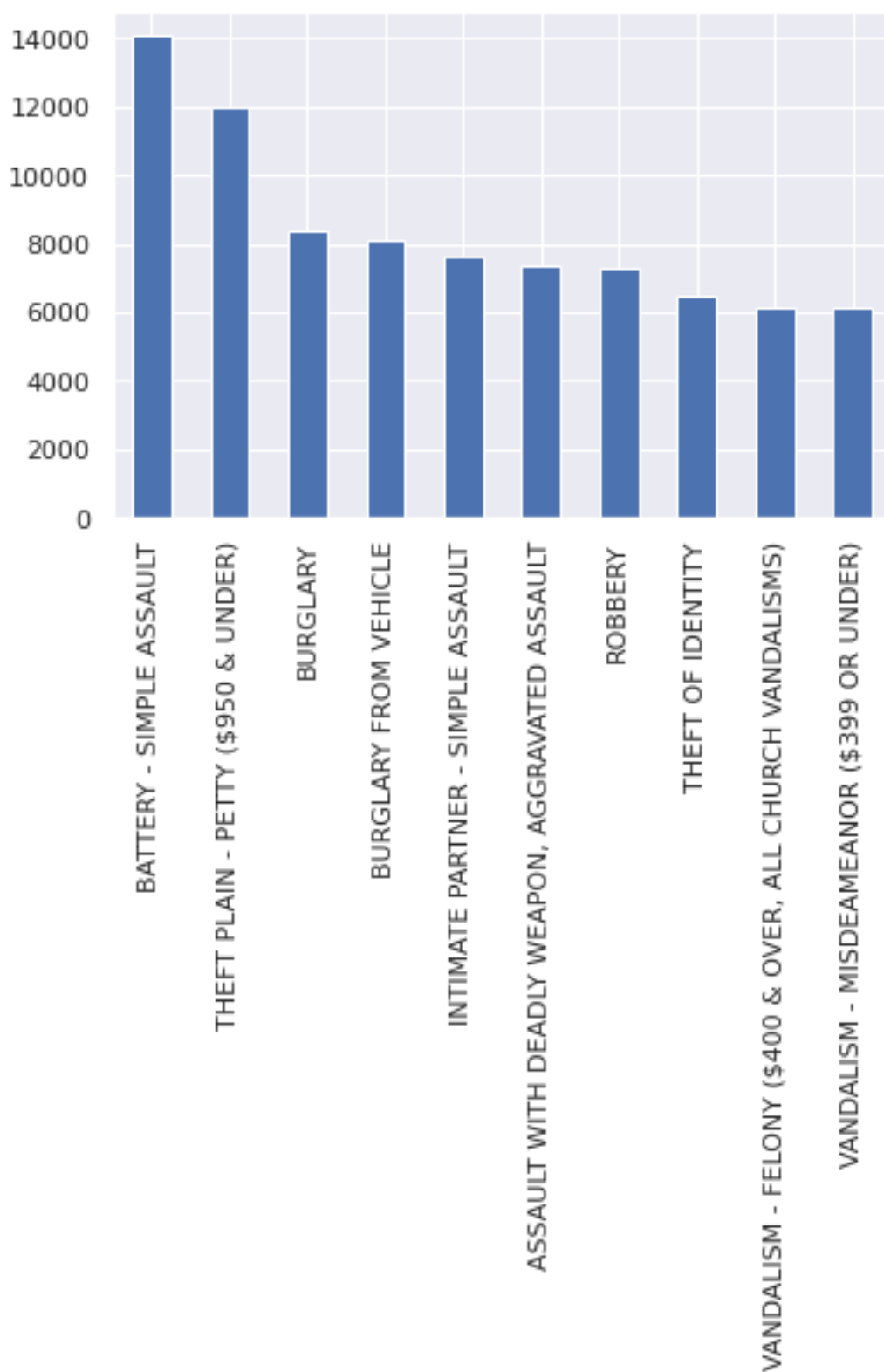


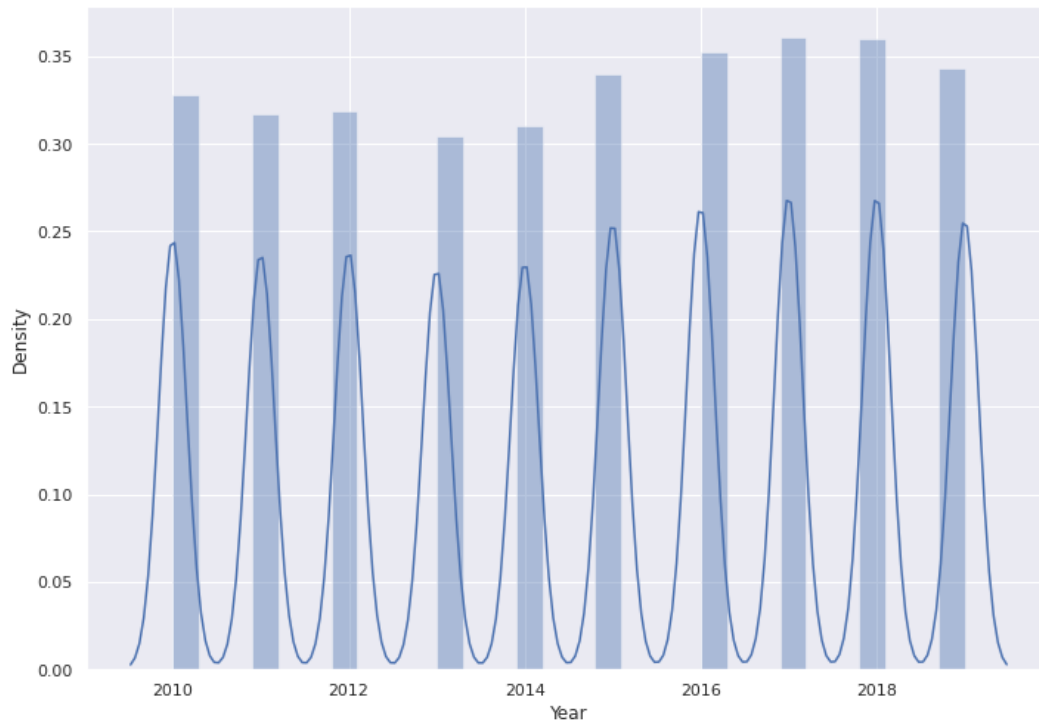
According to the Graph, BATTERY - SIMPLE ASSAULT has the Highest Crime Rate followed by BURGLARY FROM VEHICLE

Number of Crimes in Area ID 12 i.e 77th Street



Number of Crimes in Area ID 3 i.e Southwest





We analyze crimes from 2015

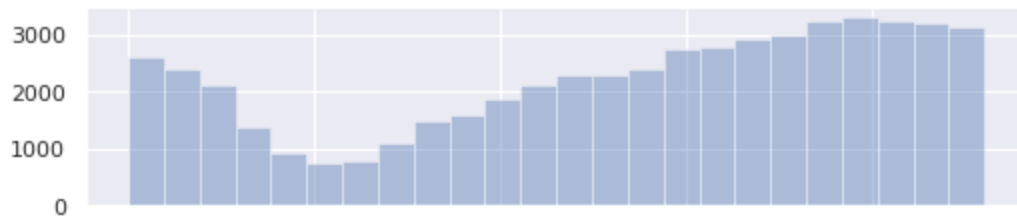
```
gr_count = crimes_from_15.groupby(['Crm Cd Desc'], as_index=['Crm Cd Desc']).count().iloc[:, 1]
print(gr_count)
```

```
Crm Cd Desc
ABORTION/ILLEGAL          4
ARSON                    1944
ASSAULT WITH DEADLY WEAPON ON POLICE OFFICER    837
ASSAULT WITH DEADLY WEAPON, AGGRAVATED ASSAULT 53556
ATTEMPTED ROBBERY        6238
...
VEHICLE - STOLEN          500
VIOLATION OF COURT ORDER  8583
VIOLATION OF RESTRAINING ORDER 11277
VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER    1045
WEAPONS POSSESSION/BOMBING    87
Name: TIME OCC, Length: 141, dtype: int64
```

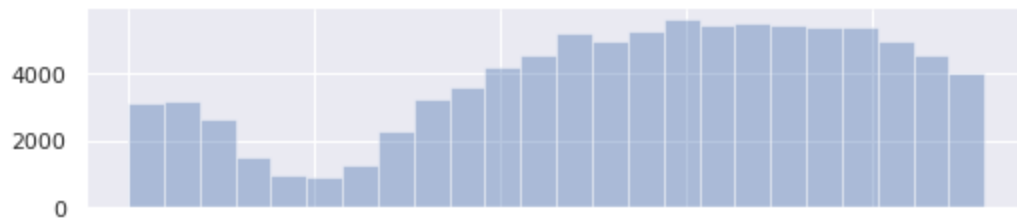
```
# We select the most frequent crimes
selected_crimes_from_15 = gr_count[gr_count > 20000]
selected_names = selected_crimes_from_15.index
print("\n".join(selected_names))
```

```
ASSAULT WITH DEADLY WEAPON, AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
BATTERY - SIMPLE ASSAULT
BURGLARY
BURGLARY FROM VEHICLE
CRIMINAL THREATS - NO WEAPON DISPLAYED
INTIMATE PARTNER - SIMPLE ASSAULT
ROBBERY
SHOPLIFTING - PETTY THEFT ($950 & UNDER)
THEFT FROM MOTOR VEHICLE - PETTY ($950 & UNDER)
THEFT OF IDENTITY
THEFT PLAIN - PETTY ($950 & UNDER)
THEFT-GRAND ($950.01 & OVER)EXCPT,GUNS,FOWL,LIVESTK,PROD
VANDALISM - FELONY ($400 & OVER, ALL CHURCH VANDALISMS)
VANDALISM - MISDEAMEANOR ($399 OR UNDER)
```

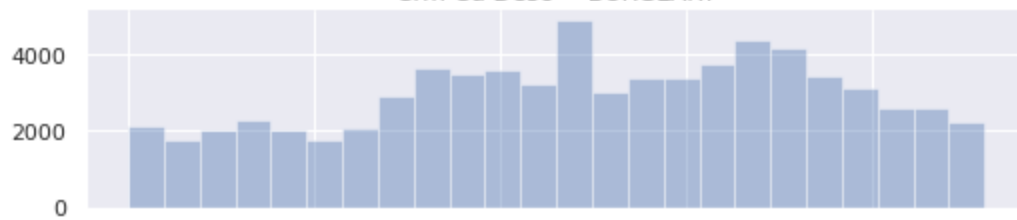
Crm Cd Desc = ASSAULT WITH DEADLY WEAPON, AGGRAVATED ASSAULT



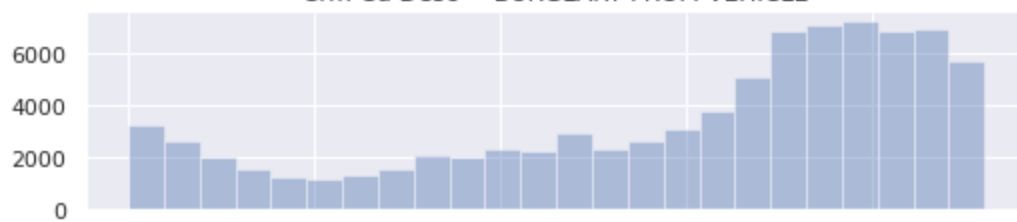
Crm Cd Desc = BATTERY - SIMPLE ASSAULT



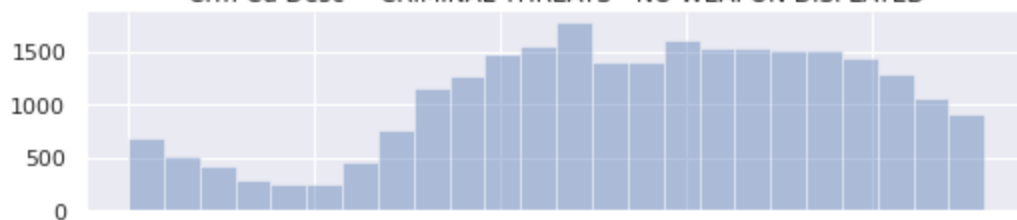
Crm Cd Desc = BURGLARY



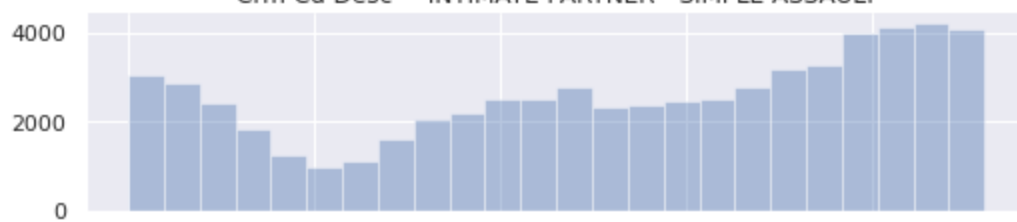
Crm Cd Desc = BURGLARY FROM VEHICLE

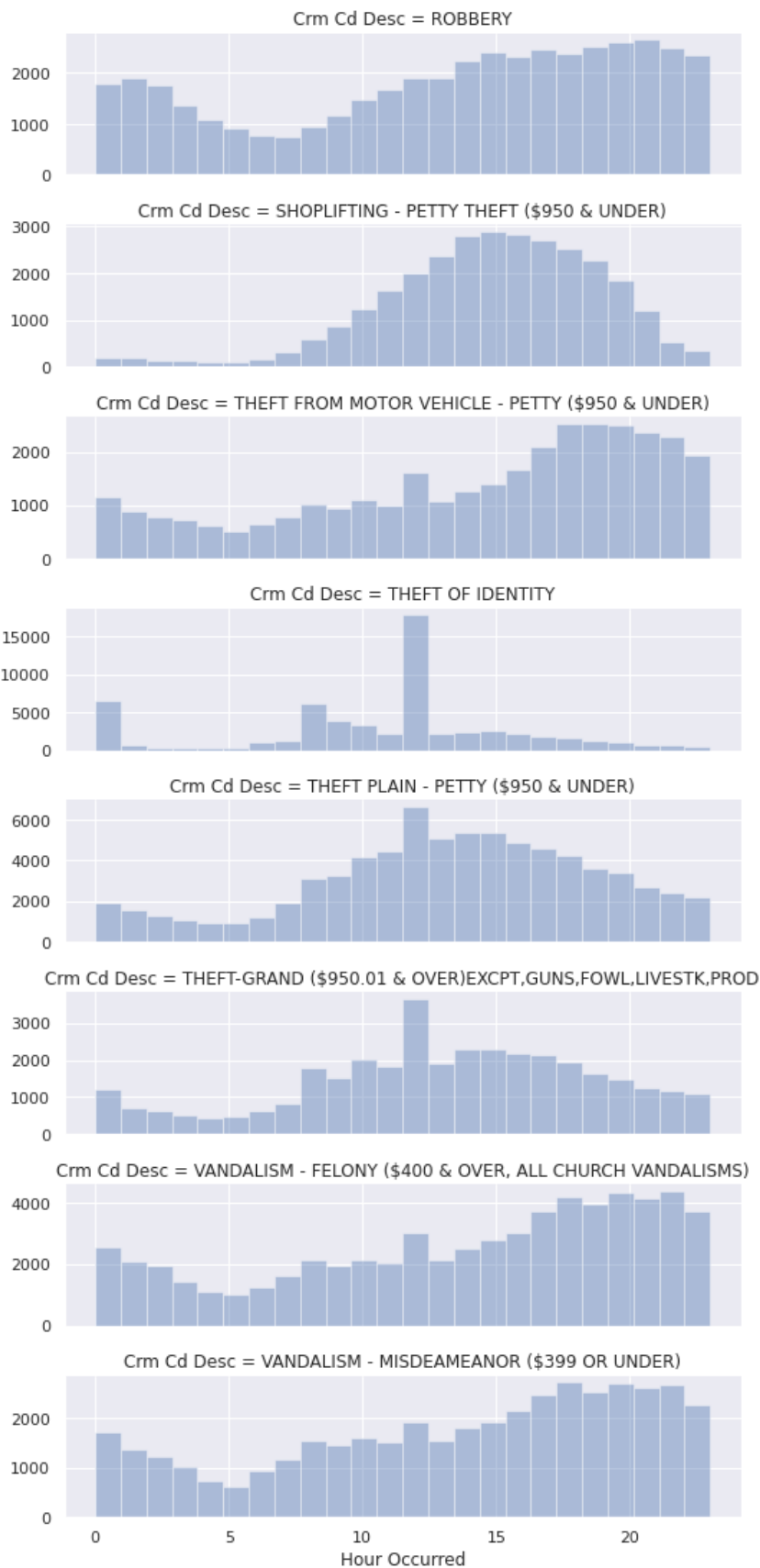


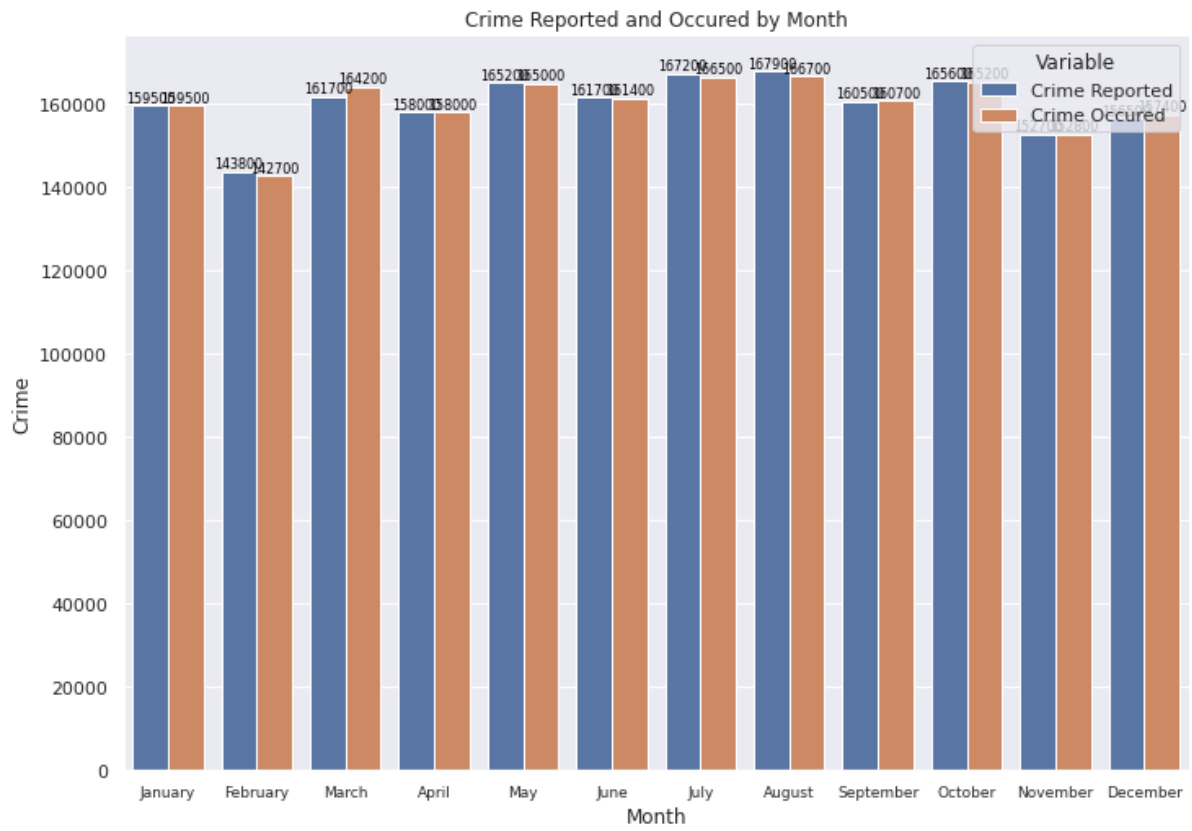
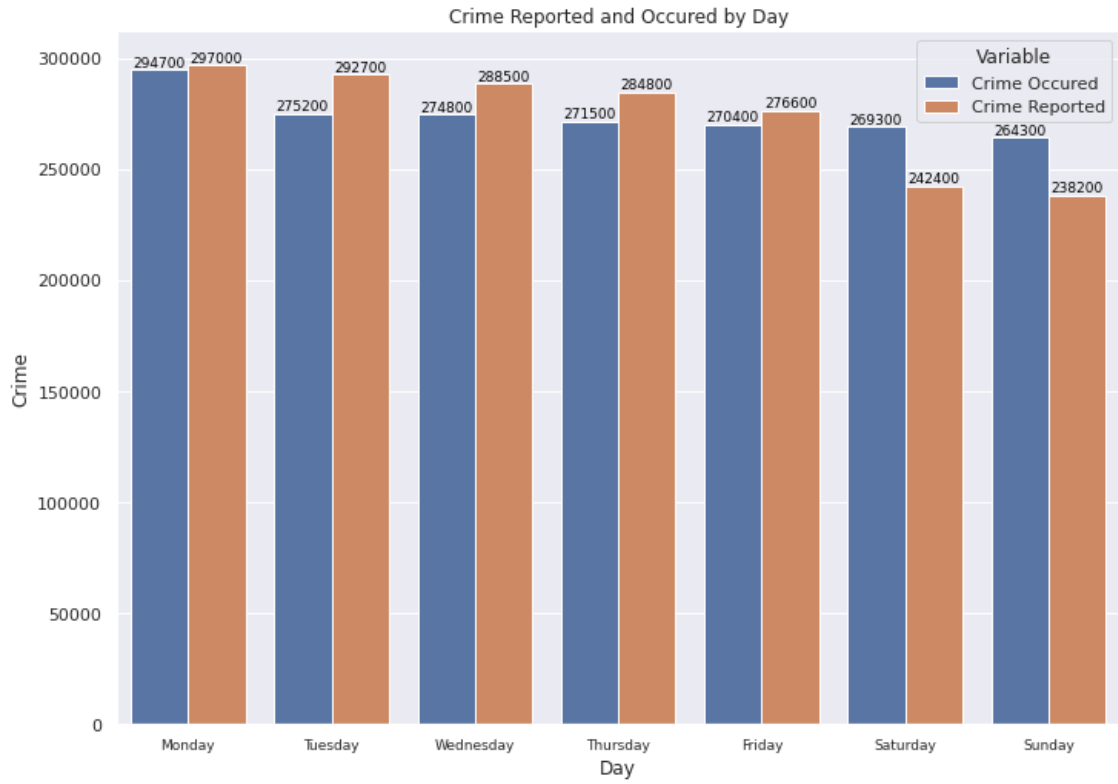
Crm Cd Desc = CRIMINAL THREATS - NO WEAPON DISPLAYED

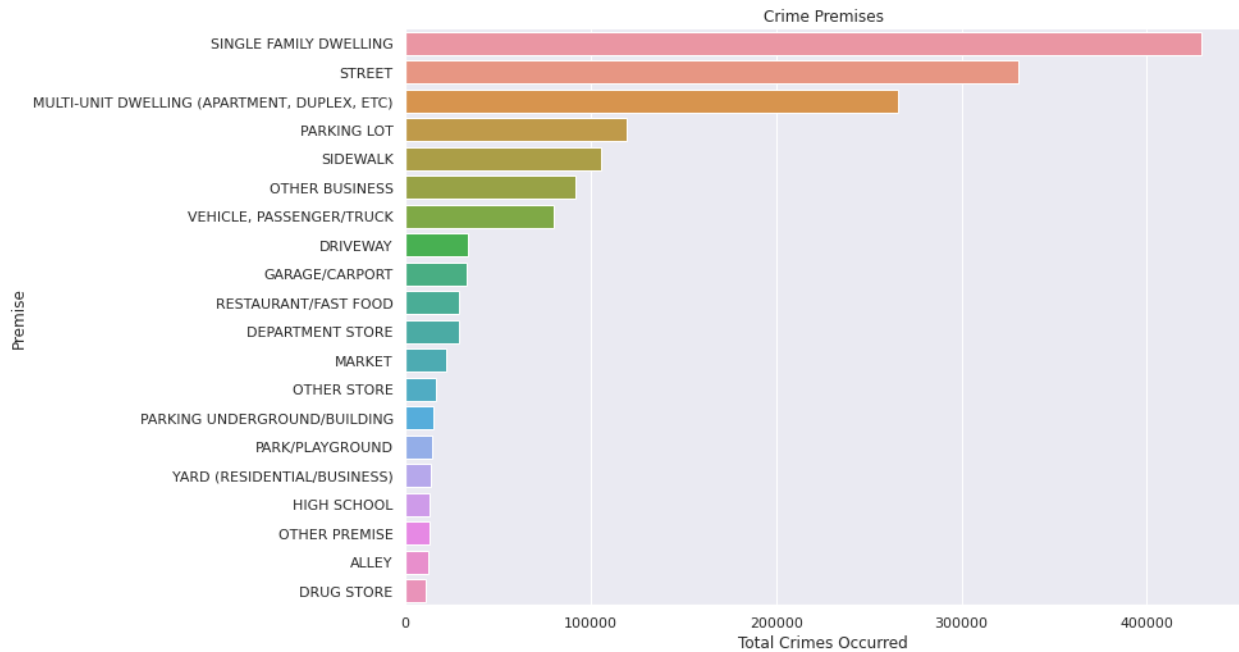
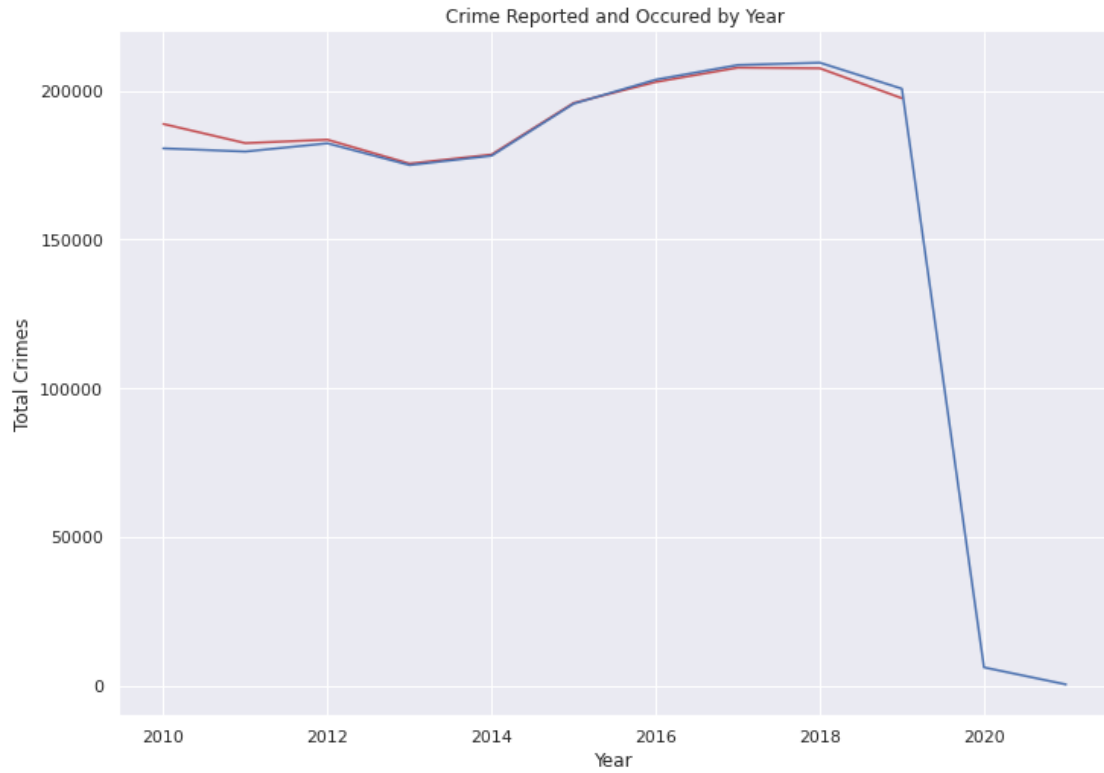


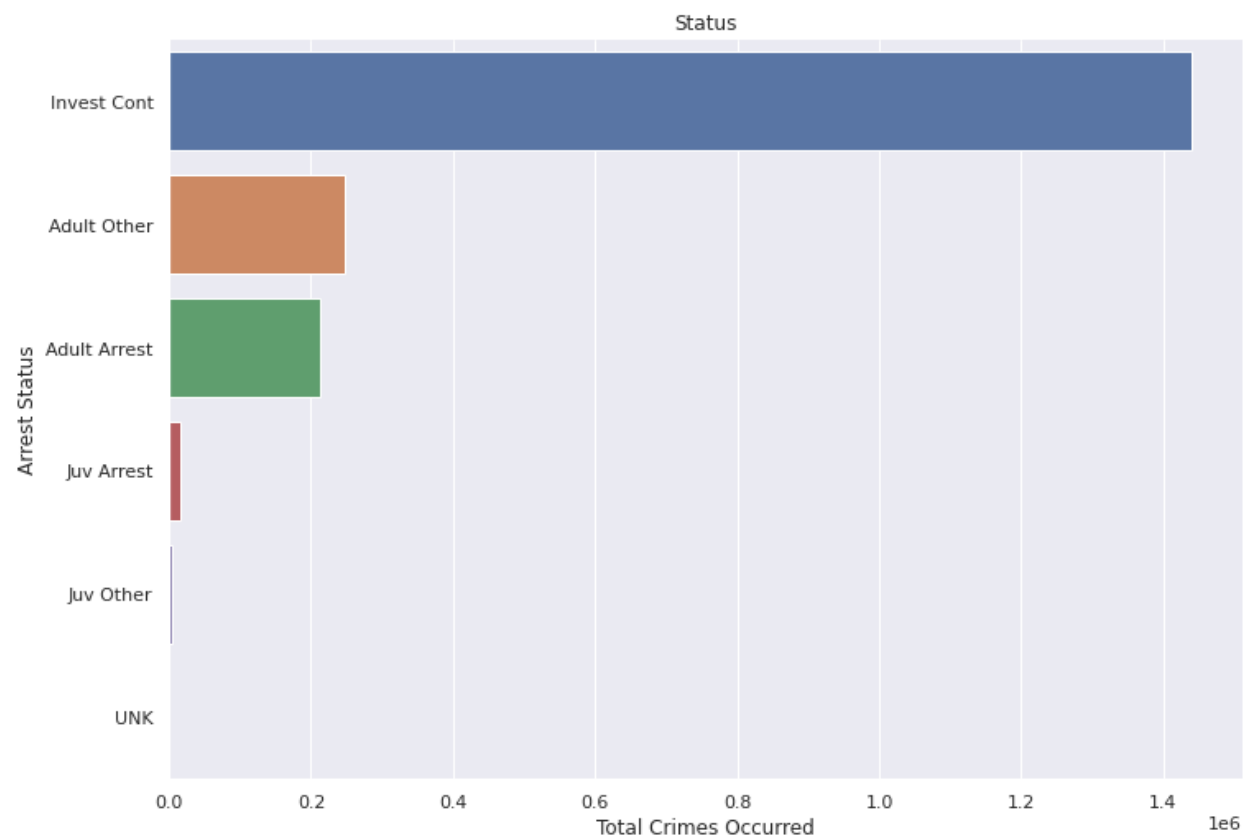
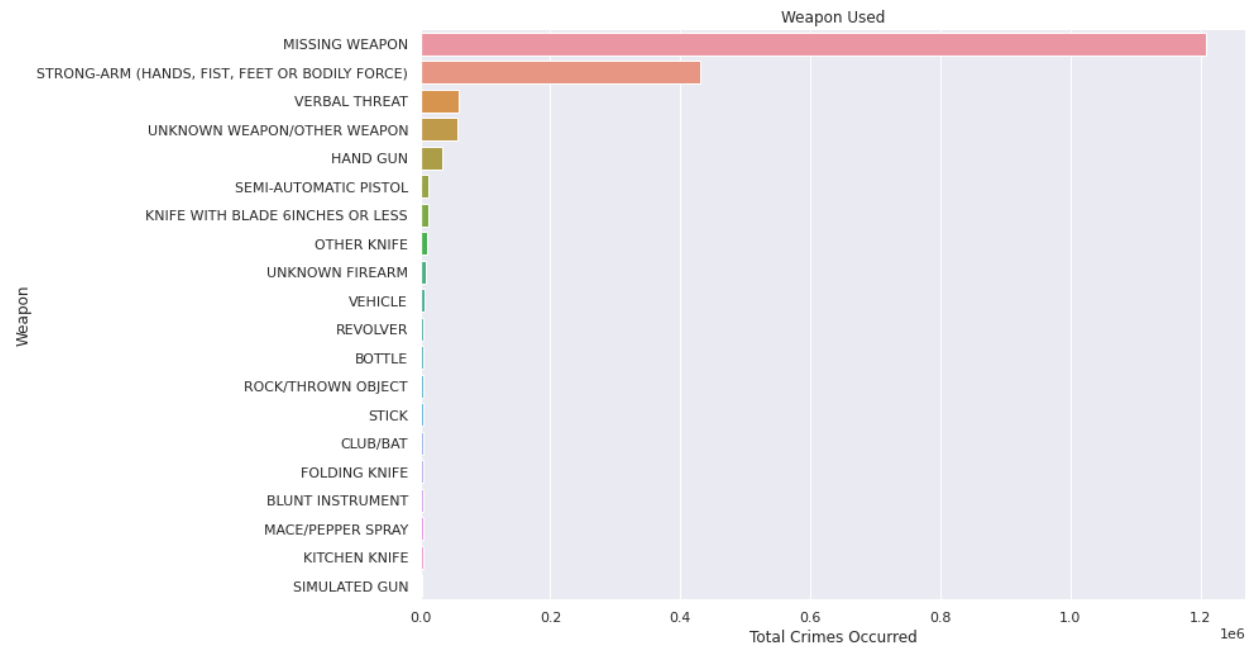
Crm Cd Desc = INTIMATE PARTNER - SIMPLE ASSAULT

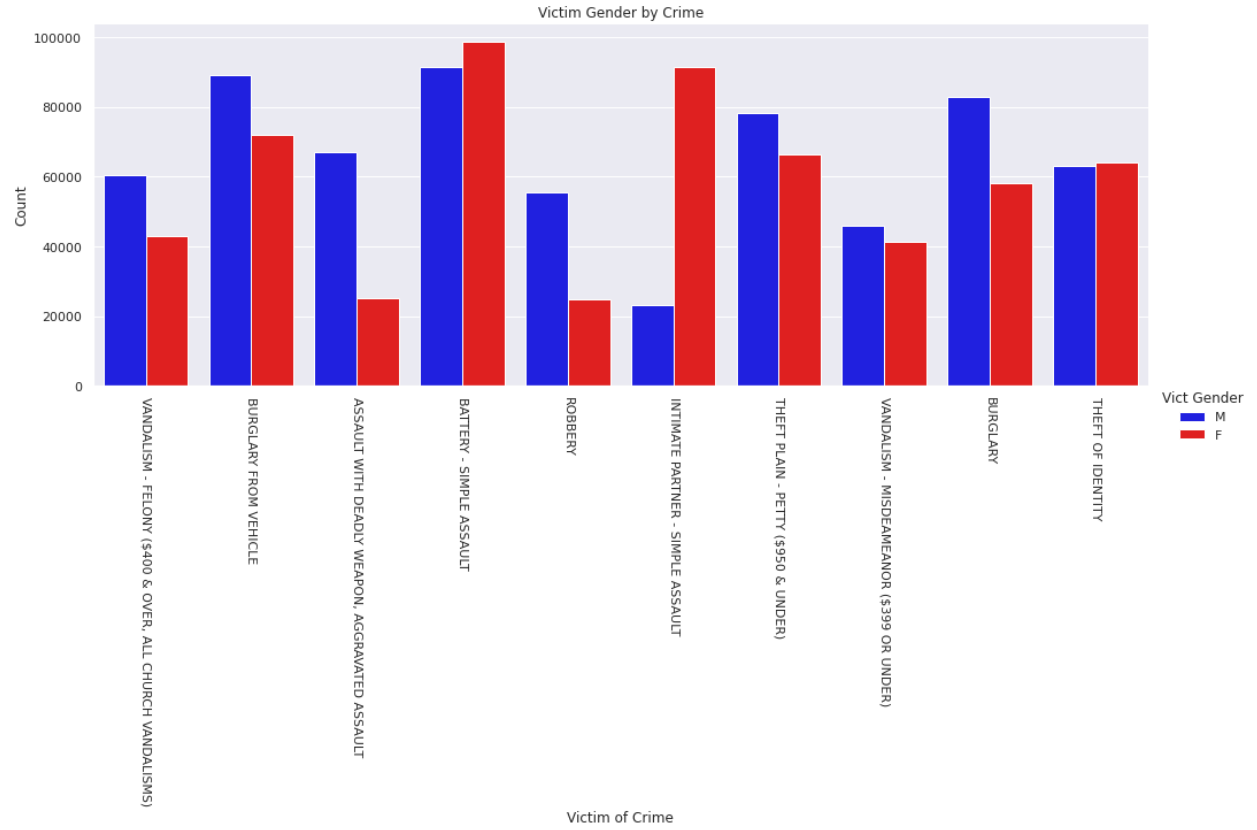












5. Data modeling

```
from sklearn import preprocessing

encode_label = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
print('After label Encoding \n')
crime['Vict Sex'] = encode_label.fit_transform( crime['Vict Sex'] )
crime['Vict Sex'].value_counts()

label_mapping = dict(zip(encode_label.classes_, encode_label.transform(encode_label.classes_)))
label_mapping
```

After label Encoding

```
{'F': 0, 'M': 1, 'X': 2}
```

```
print('After label Encoding \n')
crime['Vict Descent'] = encode_label.fit_transform( crime['Vict Descent'] )
crime['Vict Descent'].value_counts()

label_mapping = dict(zip(encode_label.classes_, encode_label.transform(encode_label.classes_)))
label_mapping
```

After label Encoding

```
{'-': 0,
'A': 1,
'B': 2,
'C': 3,
'D': 4,
'F': 5,
'G': 6,
'H': 7,
'I': 8,
'J': 9,
'K': 10,
'L': 11,
'O': 12,
'P': 13,
'S': 14,
'U': 15,
'V': 16,
'W': 17,
'X': 18,
'Z': 19}
```

```

▶ print('After label Encoding \n')
crime['Premis Desc'] = encode_label.fit_transform( crime['Premis Desc'] )
crime['Premis Desc'].value_counts()

label_mapping = dict(zip(encode_label.classes_, encode_label.transform(encode_label.classes_)))
label_mapping

```

After label Encoding

```

{'7TH AND METRO CENTER (NOT LINE SPECIFIC)': 0,
 'ABANDONED BUILDING ABANDONED HOUSE': 1,
 'ABATEMENT LOCATION': 2,
 'ABORTION CLINIC/ABORTION FACILITY*': 3,
 'AIRCRAFT': 4,
 'ALLEY': 5,
 'AMTRAK TRAIN': 6,
 'AMUSEMENT PARK*': 7,
 'APARTMENT/CONDO COMMON LAUNDRY ROOM': 8,
 'ARCADE, GAME ROOM/VIDEO GAMES (EXAMPLE CHUCKIE CHEESE)*': 9,
 'AUTO DEALERSHIP (CHEVY, FORD, BMW, MERCEDES, ETC.)': 10,
 'AUTO REPAIR SHOP': 11,
 'AUTO SALES LOT': 12,
 'AUTO SUPPLY STORE*': 13,
 'AUTOMATED TELLER MACHINE (ATM)': 14,
 'BALCONY*': 15,
 'BANK': 16,
 'BANK DROP BOX/MONEY DROP-OUTSIDE OF BANK*': 17,
 'BANKING INSIDE MARKET-STORE *': 18.

```

```

▶ print('After label Encoding \n')
crime['Status Desc'] = encode_label.fit_transform( crime['Status Desc'] )
crime['Status Desc'].value_counts()

label_mapping = dict(zip(encode_label.classes_, encode_label.transform(encode_label.classes_)))
target_label_map = label_mapping
target_label_map

```

After label Encoding

```

{'Adult Arrest': 0,
 'Adult Other': 1,
 'Invest Cont': 2,
 'Juv Arrest': 3,
 'Juv Other': 4,
 'UNK': 5}

```

```

▶ print('After label Encoding \n')
crime['Weapon Desc'] = encode_label.fit_transform( crime['Weapon Desc'] )
crime['Weapon Desc'].value_counts()

label_mapping = dict(zip(encode_label.classes_, encode_label.transform(encode_label.classes_)))
label_mapping

```

After label Encoding

```

{ 'AIR PISTOL/REVOLVER/RIFLE/BB GUN': 0,
  'ANTIQUE FIREARM': 1,
  'ASSAULT WEAPON/UZI/AK47/ETC': 2,
  'AUTOMATIC WEAPON/SUB-MACHINE GUN': 3,
  'AXE': 4,
  'BELT FLAILING INSTRUMENT/CHAIN': 5,
  'BLACKJACK': 6,
  'BLUNT INSTRUMENT': 7,
  'BOARD': 8,
  'BOMB THREAT': 9,
  'BOTTLE': 10,
  'BOW AND ARROW': 11,
  'BOWIE KNIFE': 12,
  'BRASS KNUCKLES': 13,
  'CAUSTIC CHEMICAL/POISON': 14,
  'CLEAVER': 15,
  'CLUB/BAT': 16,
  'CONCRETE BLOCK/BRICK': 17,
  'DEMAND NOTE': 18,

```

```

▶ from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, roc_auc_score
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x = crime[['Crm Cd', 'Weapon Desc', 'Vict Age', 'Vict Sex', 'Vict Descent', 'Premis Desc', 'AREA ', 'LAT', 'LON']].values
y = crime[['Status Desc']].values

x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y,
                                                    test_size=0.3, random_state=42)

```

```

▶ from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB

y_train = y_train.reshape( ( len(y_train), ) )

y_test = y_test.reshape( ( len(y_test), ) )

nb = GaussianNB()

# training the model
nb.fit(x_train, y_train)

```

```
[ ] #NB
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, accuracy_score
y_prdnb = nb.predict(x_test)
acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_prdnb)
print(acc)
cr = classification_report(y_test, y_prdnb)
print(cr)
target_label_map
```

0.7390915593705293

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1272: UndefinedWarning:
_warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.21	0.00	0.01	63557
	1	0.30	0.11	0.16	74434
	2	0.76	0.97	0.85	431741
	3	0.00	0.00	0.00	4588
	4	0.00	0.00	0.00	1648
	5	0.00	0.00	0.00	8
	accuracy			0.74	575976
	macro avg	0.21	0.18	0.17	575976
	weighted avg	0.63	0.74	0.66	575976

```
{'Adult Arrest': 0,
 'Adult Other': 1,
 'Invest Cont': 2,
 'Juv Arrest': 3,
 'Juv Other': 4,
 'UNK': 5}
```

```
[ ] from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression

lr = LogisticRegression(multi_class="ovr", max_iter=1000)
lr.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

```
LogisticRegression(C=1.0, class_weight=None, dual=False, fit_intercept=True,
                    intercept_scaling=1, l1_ratio=None, max_iter=1000,
                    multi_class='ovr', n_jobs=None, penalty='l2',
                    random_state=None, solver='lbfgs', tol=0.0001, verbose=0,
                    warm_start=False)
```



```
y_prdlr = lr.predict(x_test)
acc = accuracy_score(y_test,y_prdlr)
print(acc)
cr = classification_report(y_test,y_prdlr)
print(cr)
```



```
0.7458765643012903
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:127:
  _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

         0           0.00      0.00      0.00         63557
         1           0.32      0.06      0.10         74434
         2           0.76      0.98      0.86        431741
         3           0.00      0.00      0.00          4588
         4           0.00      0.00      0.00          1648
         5           0.00      0.00      0.00             8

 accuracy              0.75         575976
 macro avg           0.18      0.17      0.16         575976
 weighted avg        0.61      0.75      0.65         575976
```



--- x ---THE END --- x ---