# About the Company

Percept Limited is a public, unlisted company that is currently active. The company operates in the internet-based services sector, specifically providing event management, tour operator services, public relation, and consultant fee and distribution services. It was incorporated on May 8, 2002, and is based in Mumbai, Maharashtra.  
  
The company has a total of 4 directors. One of them is a promoter director. The managing director is HARINDRA PAL SINGH. HARINDRA PAL SINGH also holds the largest share of the company, with a stake of 9.62%. The top two director shareholders collectively hold a stake of 9.65%.  
  
The company's shares are held by promoters to the extent of 84.50% and by non-promoters to the extent of 15.50%.  
  
Percept Limited has one associate company, Bollywood Merchandise Private Limited. The company has four subsidiary companies, namely Allied Media Network Private Limited, Percept Live Private Limited, and Percept H Private Limited. Additionally, Percept Limited has one holding company, Percept Finserve Private Limited.  
  
For 2022-2023, the company's revenue from operations has increased by a significant 226.60% compared to the previous year, reaching 5,079.62 lakhs. This growth is reflected in the profit after tax (PAT), which has seen a massive 529.61% increase, standing at 560.64 lakhs. EBITDA has also seen a substantial 142.85% increase, reaching 215.29 lakhs. The company's return on capital employed stands at 3.58%. The debt levels have decreased, with long-term borrowings decreasing by 11.30% and short-term borrowings by 6.97%. The total debt to equity ratio has improved from 1.17 in the previous year to 0.95 in 2022-2023, indicating a healthier financial position. Networth has increased to 4,780.52 lakhs.  
  
Yes Bank Ltd has the highest charge amount, and IDBI Bank Ltd is among the top bankers with open charges.  
  
Percept Limited's most recent rating was withdrawn by ICRA on 27-Oct-2014. Prior to that, ICRA downgraded the company's rating to D on 14-May-2013. In a previous development, ICRA upgraded the company's rating to B on 20-Mar-2012.  
  
PATKAR AND PENDSE were the recent auditors for the year 2022-2023.  
  
The company has a total of 75 High Court cases, with 17 pending and 58 disposed. In the District Court, there are 66 cases, with 29 pending and 37 disposed. Additionally, the company has 8 NCLT cases, with 5 pending and 3 disposed.  
  
Percept Limited has one EPF establishment in the state of Maharashtra, with one delayed establishment in the financial year 2024-2025, specifically in April 2024, with a maximum delay of 1 day.

# Profit & Loss

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Financial Term** | **2018-2019** | **2019-2020** | **2020-2021** | **2021-2022** | **2022-2023** | **2023-24** | **Nov-2024** | **Mar-2025** |
| Revenue from Sale of Products | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Revenue from Sale of Services | 5717.67 | 5251.76 | 869.28 | 1555.29 | 5079.62 | 6782.7 | 4263.55 | 7500 |
| Other Operating Revenues | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross Sales | 5717.67 | 5251.76 | 869.28 | 1555.29 | 5079.62 | 6782.7 | 4263.55 | 7500 |
| Less:Duties | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Revenue from Operations | 5717.67 | 5251.76 | 869.28 | 1555.29 | 5079.62 | 6782.7 | 4263.55 | 7500 |
| Other Income | 679.42 | 345.13 | 120.99 | 497.3 | 352.96 | 851.3 | 39.17 | 500 |
| Total Revenue | 6397.08 | 5596.89 | 990.26 | 2052.59 | 5432.58 | 7634 | 4302.72 | 8000 |
| Cost of Materials Consumed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Purchases of Stock in Trade | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work In Progress and Stock In Trade | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Employee Benefit Expense | 1546.25 | 1309.98 | 578.74 | 458.38 | 720.05 | 1005.41 | 711.9 | 1050 |
| Managerial Remuneration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Employee Benefit Expense | 1546.25 | 1309.98 | 578.74 | 458.38 | 720.05 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Other Expenses | 5450.68 | 4580.32 | 926.21 | 1599.31 | 4144.28 | 6023.45 | 3259.95 | 6235.37 |
| Payment to Auditors | 0 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Insurance Expenses | 13.67 | 0.99 | 0.46 | 0.11 | 0.15 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Power and Fuel | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Expenses | 5437.01 | 4571.33 | 922.75 | 1596.2 | 4140.13 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| EBITDA | -1279.26 | -638.55 | -635.68 | -502.4 | 215.29 | 605.14 | 330.87 | 714.63 |
| EBITDA % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.24 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Finance Costs | 193.32 | 139 | 129.9 | 118.66 | 1.49 | 1.17 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization Expense | 6.71 | 6.88 | 3.46 | 6.74 | 6.12 | 5.65 | 0 | 6.5 |
| Total Expenses | 7196.96 | 6036.18 | 1638.31 | 2183.09 | 4871.94 | 7035.68 | 3971.85 | 7291.87 |
| Profit before Exceptional and Extraordinary Items and Tax | -799.87 | -439.29 | -648.05 | -130.5 | 560.64 | 598.32 | 330.87 | 708.13 |
| Prior Period Items before Tax | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Exceptional Items | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Profit before Extraordinary Items and Tax | -799.87 | -439.29 | -648.05 | -130.5 | 560.64 | 598.32 | 330.87 | 708.13 |
| Extraordinary Items | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Profit before Tax | -799.87 | -439.29 | -648.05 | -130.5 | 560.64 | 598.32 | 330.87 | 708.13 |
| Current Tax | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Deferred Tax | 3251.09 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net Movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances related to Profit or Loss and the Related Deferred Tax Movement | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Profit/(Loss) for the Period from Continuing Operations | -4050.96 | -439.29 | -648.05 | -130.5 | 560.64 | 598.32 | 0 | 0 |
| Profit/(Loss) from Discontinuing Operations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tax Expense of Discontinuing Operations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Profit/(Loss) from Discontinuing Operations (After Tax) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Profit/(Loss) | -4050.96 | -439.29 | -648.05 | -130.5 | 560.64 | 598.32 | 0 | 0 |

# Analysis

### Financial Trend Analysis Based on Provided Dataset  
  
#### 1. \*\*Revenue & Profitability Trends\*\*  
  
- \*\*Revenue Trends\*\*:  
 - The total revenue fluctuated significantly across the periods. Notable changes include a decline in revenue from \$5,717.67 at the start to \$869.28 and then a substantial increase to \$7,500.  
 - \*\*Revenue Growth Calculation\*\*:  
 - Revenue growth can be observed using the formula:  
 \[  
 \text{Revenue Growth (\%)} = \frac{\text{Current Period Revenue} - \text{Previous Period Revenue}}{\text{Previous Period Revenue}} \times 100  
 \]  
 - For example, between periods 2 and 3, revenue decreased by 83.45%, while it saw a large growth of 226.6% between periods 4 and 5.  
  
- \*\*Profitability Trends\*\*:  
 - EBITDA has been negative in the initial periods, indicating operational inefficiencies but turned positive by period 5 with an EBITDA of 4.24% as a percentage of total revenue.  
 - Profit before Tax (PBT) also improved, turning positive by the 5th period with margins of 11.04%.  
  
#### 2. \*\*Liquidity Analysis\*\*  
  
- \*\*Current Ratio Trends\*\*:  
 - The current ratio remained below 1 throughout, starting at 0.48 and dropping to 0.35 by period 5, indicating potential liquidity constraints.  
 - \*\*Current Ratio Definition\*\*:  
 - Current Ratio = \(\frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}\)  
 - A consistent trend below 1 suggests that the company's current liabilities exceed its current assets, a potential risk to short-term financial stability.  
  
#### 3. \*\*Debt & Solvency\*\*  
  
- \*\*Finance Costs and Solvency\*\*:  
 - Finance costs drastically reduced from \$193.32 to \$1.49 by period 5, reflecting a solid improvement in debt management or reduction in borrowings.  
 - Lower finance costs positively impacted profit margins, reducing financial risk.  
  
- \*\*Solvency Ratios\*\*:  
 - Return on Equity improved to 11.73% by period 5, indicating a better position due to increased profitability.  
 - \*\*Debt Ratio\*\* and \*\*Debt-to-Equity Ratio\*\* analysis could not be performed as specific values were not provided in the dataset.  
  
#### 4. \*\*Operational Efficiency\*\*  
  
- \*\*Employee and Other Expenses Analysis\*\*:  
 - Employee expenses as a percentage of sales initially consumed a significant proportion of revenue, particularly stark at 66.58% in period 3, but controlled to 14.18% by period 5.  
 - \*\*Total Other Expenses\*\* remained consistently high, starting at 95.33% of sales and slightly tapering to 81.59% by period 5, suggesting ongoing challenges in expense management.  
  
- \*\*Profitability Control using EBITDA Margin\*\*:  
 - Positive EBITDA margins by period 5 point to improved operational strategies and cost control mechanisms.  
  
### Conclusion  
  
Overall, while initial periods were characterized by significant losses and liquidity concerns, the latter periods exhibit improved profitability and reduced financial risks. However, the low current ratio remains a flag for liquidity risks, and continuous expense management and revenue growth are crucial for sustaining financial health. These insights strictly arise from the provided financial dataset utilizing financial ratios and performance indicators.