## **Assignment 1: Numpy**

### **Basic NumPy Operations**

- 1. Write a NumPy program to create a 1D array from a list [1, 2, 3, 4, 5].
- 2. Create a NumPy array of shape (3, 3) filled with zeros.
- 3. Create a NumPy array of shape (2, 4) filled with ones.
- 4. Generate an array of numbers from 10 to 50 with a step of 5.
- 5. Create an array of 10 evenly spaced values between 0 and 1.
- 6. Generate a 5x5 identity matrix.
- 7. Create an array of shape (3,3) with random values between 0 and 1.
- 8. Convert a Python list [10, 20, 30] into a NumPy array and print its type.
- 9. Create an array of 10 random integers between 1 and 100.
- 10. Generate a 4x4 array with random floating-point numbers.

### **Array Manipulation**

- 11. Reshape a 1D array of 9 elements into a 3x3 matrix.
- 12. Flatten a 2D NumPy array into a 1D array.
- 13. Stack two NumPy arrays vertically.
- 14. Stack two NumPy arrays horizontally.
- 15. Concatenate two 1D NumPy arrays.
- 16. Split an array [1,2,3,4,5,6] into three equal parts.
- 17. Change the data type of a NumPy array from float to int.
- 18. Reverse a NumPy array.
- 19. Find the shape and size of a given NumPy array.
- 20. Create an array and find its transpose.

## **Mathematical Operations**

- 21. Add two NumPy arrays element-wise.
- 22. Subtract two NumPy arrays element-wise.

- 23. Multiply two NumPy arrays element-wise.
- 24. Divide two NumPy arrays element-wise.
- 25. Compute the dot product of two matrices.
- 26. Find the sum of all elements in a NumPy array.
- 27. Compute the mean of an array.
- 28. Compute the median of an array.
- 29. Compute the standard deviation of an array.
- 30. Compute the variance of an array.

## **Indexing and Slicing**

- 31. Extract the first row from a 2D NumPy array.
- 32. Extract the last column from a 2D NumPy array.
- 33. Extract all even elements from a NumPy array.
- 34. Replace all negative values in an array with zero.
- 35. Assign a new value to a specific index in a NumPy array.
- 36. Find the index of a specific value in a NumPy array.
- 37. Use boolean indexing to filter values greater than a given threshold.
- 38. Use slicing to extract a subarray from a 3x3 matrix.
- 39. Get the top 3 maximum values from an array.
- 40. Get the indices of all nonzero elements in an array.

## **Logical and Statistical Functions**

- 41. Find the unique values in a NumPy array.
- 42. Count the occurrence of each unique value in a NumPy array.
- 43. Find the maximum and minimum values in a NumPy array.
- 44. Get the index of the maximum value in an array.
- 45. Get the index of the minimum value in an array.
- 46. Compute the cumulative sum of a NumPy array.

- 47. Compute the cumulative product of a NumPy array.
- 48. Check if a NumPy array contains any NaN values.
- 49. Replace NaN values with 0 in a NumPy array.
- 50. Count the number of nonzero elements in an array.

### **Broadcasting and Advanced Operations**

- 51. Add a scalar value to all elements of an array.
- 52. Multiply an array by a scalar value.
- 53. Divide all elements of an array by a scalar.
- 54. Compute the exponential of all elements in an array.
- 55. Compute the natural logarithm of all elements in an array.
- 56. Compute the sine of all elements in an array.
- 57. Compute the cosine of all elements in an array.
- 58. Compute the square root of all elements in an array.
- 59. Compute the absolute value of all elements in an array.
- 60. Find the element-wise maximum of two arrays.

# **Sorting and Searching**

- 61. Sort a NumPy array in ascending order.
- 62. Sort a NumPy array in descending order.
- 63. Sort a 2D NumPy array along a specific axis.
- 64. Find the k smallest values in a NumPy array.
- 65. Find the k largest values in a NumPy array.
- 66. Use argsort() to get the sorted indices of an array.
- 67. Search for a specific value in an array and return its index.
- 68. Find the first occurrence of an element greater than a given value.
- 69. Use where() to replace values based on a condition.
- 70. Count the occurrences of a specific value in an array.

## **Linear Algebra Operations**

- 71. Compute the determinant of a square matrix.
- 72. Compute the inverse of a square matrix.
- 73. Compute the rank of a matrix.
- 74. Compute the eigenvalues of a matrix.
- 75. Compute the eigenvectors of a matrix.
- 76. Perform Singular Value Decomposition (SVD) on a matrix.
- 77. Solve a system of linear equations using NumPy.
- 78. Compute the Frobenius norm of a matrix.
- 79. Compute the trace of a matrix.
- 80. Perform Cholesky decomposition of a positive-definite matrix.

#### **Random Number Generation**

- 81. Generate a random integer between 10 and 50.
- 82. Generate an array of 5 random integers between 1 and 100.
- 83. Generate an array of random numbers following a normal distribution.
- 84. Generate a 3x3 matrix with random values between -1 and 1.
- 85. Shuffle the elements of a NumPy array randomly.
- 86. Set a random seed and generate the same random numbers.
- 87. Sample 5 random elements from a given array.
- 88. Generate a random permutation of numbers from 0 to 9.
- 89. Generate a 2D array of random integers with a specific shape.
- 90. Create a random matrix and compute its covariance.

## **Advanced NumPy Features**

- 91. Use vectorize() to apply a function to each element of an array.
- 92. Use apply along axis() to apply a function along a specific axis.

- 93. Create a structured array with named columns.
- 94. Save a NumPy array to a .npy file and reload it.
- 95. Save a NumPy array to a CSV file.
- 96. Load a NumPy array from a CSV file.
- 97. Convert a NumPy array to a Pandas DataFrame.
- 98. Convert a Pandas DataFrame to a NumPy array.
- 99. Create a masked array with missing values.
- 100. Use np.meshgrid() to create coordinate grids.