1

Answer Key

Sameer Kendal - EE22BTECH11044*

Consider the vertices,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

I. VECTORS

Parameter	Value	Description
\mathbf{m}_1	$\begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$	A - B
m ₂	$\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$	В – С
m ₃	$\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$	A – C
$ \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} $	11.80	AB
$\ \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B}\ $	6.32	BC
$ \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C} $	8.06	AC
	3	points are not collinear
$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{n}_{1}^{ op} \\ c_{1} \end{array}$	(-5 -10) -15	AB
$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{n}_{2}^{ op} \\ c_2 \end{array}$	(-2 6) -16	ВС
$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{n}_{3}^{\top} \\ c_{3} \end{bmatrix}$	(7 4) -19	AC
area	25.00	area of triangle
∠A	33.69°	
∠ <i>B</i>	45.00°	Angle
∠C	101.30°	

TABLE I.1

VECTORS

II. MEDIANS

Parameter	Value	Description
D	$\begin{pmatrix} 2.0 \\ -2.0 \end{pmatrix}$	midpoint of line BC
E	$\begin{pmatrix} -3.0 \\ 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$	midpoint of line AC
F	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1.5 \end{pmatrix}$	midpoint of line AB
$\mathbf{n}_{4}^{ op}$	$\begin{pmatrix} -6 & -7 \end{pmatrix}$	AD
c_4	2	AD
$\mathbf{n}_{5}^{ op}$	(1.5 8)	DE
c_5	-0.5	BE
\mathbf{n}_{6}^{T}	(4.5 -1)	CF
c_6	-1.5	Cr
G	(-0.33) -6.93)	centroid of triangle

TABLE II.1 Median

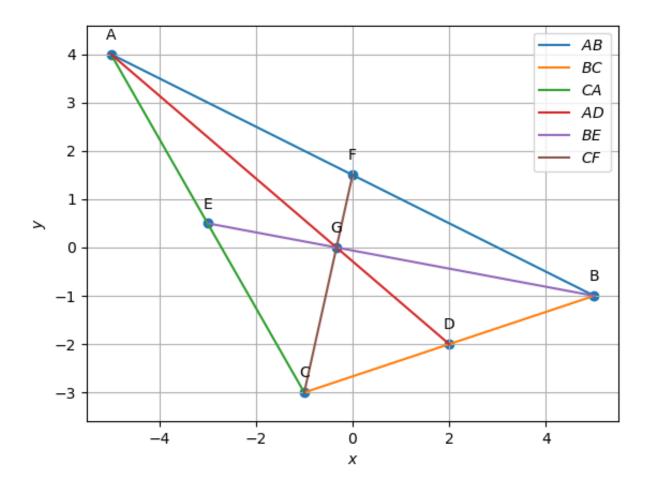


Fig. II.1. Triangle ABC with medians AD, BE and CF

III. ALTITUDES

Parameter	Value	Description
$\mathbf{n}_7^{ op}$	(-6 -2)	AD
<i>c</i> ₇	22	AD_1
$\mathbf{n}_{8}^{ op}$	(-4 7)	BE_1
c_8	-27	$\mathbf{B}E_1$
$\mathbf{n}_{9}^{ op}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 10 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{C}F_1$
<i>C</i> 9	5	CP_1
Н	$\begin{pmatrix} -2. \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$	orthocentre of triangle

TABLE III.1 Altitudes

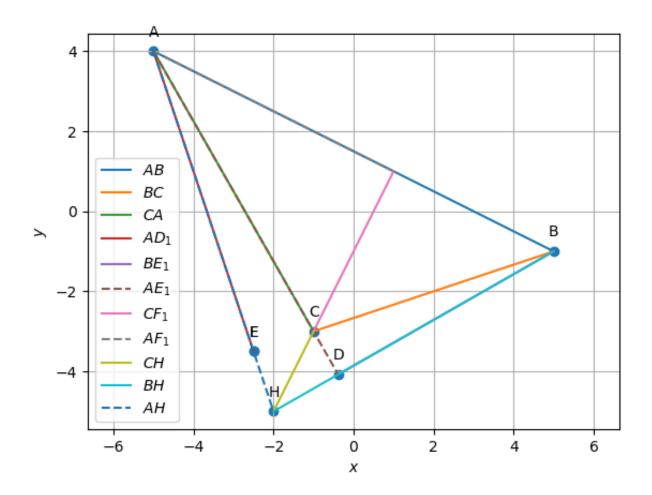


Fig. III.1. Triangle ABC with altitudes AD_1 , BE_1 and CF_1

IV. PERPENDICULAR BISECTOR

Parameter	Value	Description
$\mathbf{n}_{10}^{ op}$	$\begin{pmatrix} -10 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$	Perpendicular bisector of AB
c_{10}	7.5	respendicular disector of AB
\mathbf{n}_{11}^{T}	(6 2)	Perpendicular bisector of BC
c_{11}	8	respendicular discetor of Be
$\mathbf{n}_{12}^{ op}$	(4 –7)	Perpendicular bisector of CA
c_{12}	-15.5	respondicular disector of Civ
O	(0.5)	
	(2.5)	Circumcircle
radius	5.70	The DV F W/1

TABLE IV.1 Perpendicular bisector

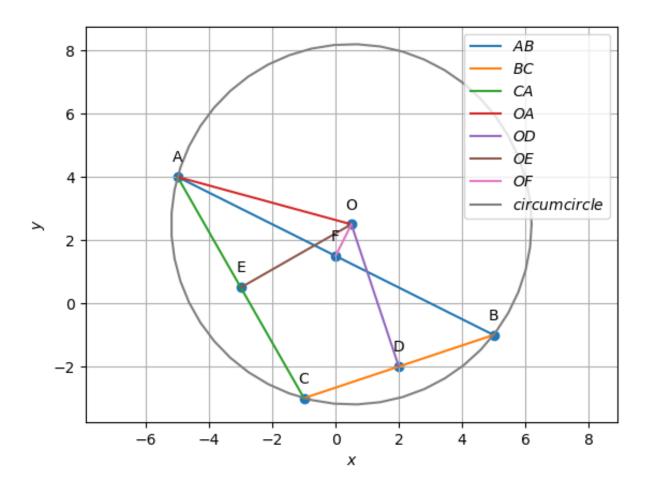


Fig. IV.1. circumcircle of triangle ABC with circumcentre O

V. ANGULAR BISECTOR

Parameter	Value	Description
$\mathbf{n}_{13}^{ op}$	(-1.315 -1.39)	Angular bisector of A
c_{13}	1.015	Aligural disector of A
$\mathbf{n}_{14}^{ op}$	(0.13 1.84)	Angular bisector of B
c_{14}	-1.18	Aligural discetor of B
\mathbf{n}_{15}^{T}	(1.184 -0.45)	Angular bisector of C
c ₁₅	-7.73	Aligular disector of C
I	$\begin{pmatrix} -0.09 \\ -0.637 \end{pmatrix}$	Incircle
radius	-1.955	
		TABLE V.1

Angular bisector

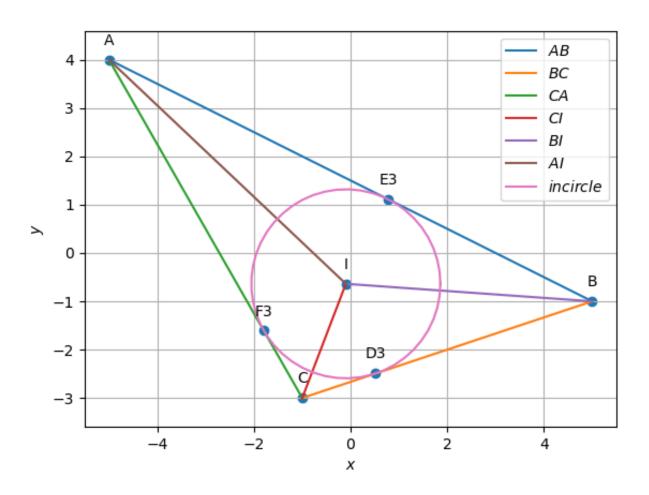


Fig. V.1. incircle of triangle ABC with incentre I