9: POKÉDEX I

FALL 2023

Description

In this assignment you will create a Pokedex app to explore Lists, Navigation, and views. Most of the coding involving functionality is fairly short and straightforward, so we will require special attention be given to the visual aspects of views. Developing appreciation for, and the ability to construct, appealing visuals is an important element that you'll need for your final project.

Your app should include the following functionality:

- The app should open to a list of Pokemon, where each row in the list displays the Pokemon's name, number, and a thumbnail-sized image of the Pokemon.
- Selecting a row should bring the user to a detail page, which should display (1) the pokemon's name; (2) the pokemon's image; (3) the pokemon's height and weight data; (4) the pokemon's types and weaknesses.
- Your app should display properly in both Light and Dark modes.

Your view's appearance should be almost identical to the samples provided here though you can customize background colors to your liking. Part of your grade for this project will be based on the visual aspects of your app.

Code for each of your views should be relatively short, reusable (via parameters) and have a single responsibility. Look for ways to reuse views in multiple places. Part of your grade for this project will be based on how well you design and organize your views.





Walk Through

- **I. Set up your project.** Create a new project for this assignment.
 - 1. Import the provided files: pokedex.json, PokemonType.swift, Color+PokemonType.swift
 - 2. Drag the images folder into the asset catalog (Assets.xcassets) below the Applcon
 - 3. Be sure to include an appropriate app icon
- **II. Create your model.** Your model should include an array of all the Pokemon data, read in from the provided JSON file. To do this you'll need a new type to represent one Pokemon. Inspect the JSON to determine what properties you must include. Note that weaknesses are also Pokemon types. Use the PokemonType definition.
- **III. Create your view model.** Because this initial version of the app is all about displaying the Pokemon data, your view model might be very simple, responsible just for creating the model.

IV. Create your views.

1. Use List to produce a scrollable list of Pokemon. Each row contains the number, name and image of a Pokemon. Put each image on a background that is a rounded rectangle filled with a linear gradient consisting of the colors associated with its types. (See Hints.)

9: Pokédex I

Due: Noon, 24 October



2. The detail view should again display the image on a linear gradient as before. Height and weight should appear below the image, side by side, with an appropriate number of decimal places and units (kg and m) displayed. Types and weaknesses should be displayed on a background consisting of a Capsule filled with the color associated with the type. (Remember that weaknesses are just types too.) Using a vertical scroll view for the entire detail will ensure that all details are accessible. Using horizontal scroll views for types and weaknesses will ensure that these will always display well regardless of how many there are.

Testing

Testing of the application is imperative. Be sure that all the required features have been implemented.

- 1. Test your app in both Light and Dark mode to ensure that it displays properly in both.
- 2. The Paras Pokemon has a long list of weaknesses. Be sure that its detail view properly scrolls all its weaknesses.

Hints

- 1. You can use decoder.keyDecodingStrategy = .convertFromSnakeCase to tell your decoder to look for the value of "propertyName" under the key "property_name" in your JSON
- 2. Use String(format:, ...) to get numbers to render properly with leading 0's
- 3. The image name for a pokemon is the three-digit Pokemon's id, with leading 0's where necessary
- 4. Create single-responsibility views to keep your code readable and reusable. Avoid any duplicated code by extracting out code to their own type.
- 5. You might want to extend LinearGradient with a new initializer that takes a Pokemon as a parameter and creates a linear gradient from the colors associated with each Pokemon type. We've already provided you with an extension to Color to assist you. Initializers don't return a value so you'll need to assign self to the linear gradient you create inside the initializer.
- 6. Give a title to each detail page and place it in the Navigation bar.
- 7. The Font type has a static method system(size:weight:design:) that provides an easy way to customize the standard system font. (I used the rounded design for the Pokemon's height & weight stats.)
- 9. You can customize the Accent Color (default color for button text, navigation buttons, etc) by going to the Assets folder and editing AccentColor. Open the Inspector and choose the

PENN STATE UNIVERSITY CMPSC 475

9: POKÉDEX I Due: Noon, 24 October FALL 2023

Attributes Inspector (\upigar 34) to reveal editing options. You may want to choose a color for light & dark modes

Troubleshooting

Assignments may also have a section for troubleshooting to call out common pitfalls or areas to watch out for.

- 1. Look in the console for decoding errors if your model is not working as intended. The error should tell you at which key and index the decoder failed.
- 2. Use Canvas previews while designing your views! Create a standard value of Pokemon for initializing views that take a Pokemon as a parameter.
- 3. Remember to enclose your List in a NavigationStack and to apply any navigation modifiers to views inside the NavigationStack.

Submission

Your submission should be pushed on the master branch. Be sure to verify that your project builds and remove all cruft and compiler warnings.