



**HACETTEPE UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF
GEOMATICS ENGINEERING**



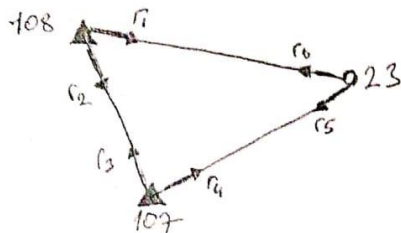
**GMT202
ADJUSTMENT COMPUTATION & PARAMETER ESTIMATION
2021-2022 SPRING TERM
ASSIGNMENT 5**

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Adjust the network of directions given below using the Indirect measures method.

NN	Y (cm)	X (cm)
Exact Coordinates		
107	719,689	7969,933
108	842,246	8404,180
Approximate Coordinates		
23	638,765	8591,331

DN	BN	Direction
108	23	0,00000
	107	43,21580
107	108	0,00000
	23	32,24480
23	107	0,00000
	108	124,53835



Number of measures $n=6$

Number of unknowns $u=2+3$ (1 coordinate pair and 3 routing unknowns)

Degrees of Freedom $f=n-u=6-5>0$

There is adjustment

Coordinate unknowns: dx_{23}, dy_{23}

Three routing unknowns: $d\alpha_{23}, d\alpha_{107}, d\alpha_{108}$

(direction observations were made at points 23, 107 and 108)

$$t_{12}^0 = \arctan \left(\frac{y_2^0 - y_1^0}{x_2^0 - x_1^0} \right) \quad s_{12}^0 = \sqrt{(y_2^0 - y_1^0)^2 + (x_2^0 - x_1^0)^2}$$

$$a_{12} = \frac{\sin(t_{12}^0)}{s_{12}^0} \cdot \frac{200 \cdot 10000}{\pi \cdot 100}$$

$$b_{12} = \frac{-\cos(t_{12}^0)}{s_{12}^0} \cdot \frac{200 \cdot 10000}{\pi \cdot 100}$$

$$z_1^0 = \frac{[t_{12}^0 - \alpha_1]}{n}$$

DN	BN	Direction α_i (g)	t_{ik}^0 (g)	s_{ik}^0 (cm)	$t_{ik}^0 - \alpha_i$	$\frac{-l_{ik} (cc)}{t_{ik}^0 - \alpha_i + z_{108}^0}$	a_{ik} cc/cm	b_{ik} cc/cm
108	23	0,00000	111,22866	301,192	111,22866	-18	29,8088	3,7088
	107	43,21580	154,44796	575,355	111,23216	18	7,2587	8,3511
$z_{108}^0 = 111,23041$								

Let's write the correction equations for the directions observations at point 108.

$$v_{108-23} = -d\alpha_{108} + 29,8088 \cdot dx_{108} + 3,7088 \cdot dy_{108} - 29,8088 \cdot dx_{23} - 3,7088 \cdot dy_{23} - 18$$

$$v_{108-107} = -d\alpha_{108} + 7,2587 \cdot dx_{108} + 8,3511 \cdot dy_{108} - 7,2587 \cdot dx_{107} - 8,3511 \cdot dy_{107} + 18$$

Points 107 and 108 are the reference points, Let's subtract the coefficients of these points from the correction equations and rewrite the equations according to the unknowns.

$$V_{108-23} = -dz_{108} - 20,8088 \cdot dx_{23} - 3,7088 \cdot dy_{23} - 18$$

$$V'_{108-107} = -dz_{108} + 0 \cdot dx_{23} + 0 \cdot dy_{23} + 18$$

Total	-2	-20,8088	-3,7088	0,00	Let's divide
	1	10,4044	1,8544	0,00	$n=2 \quad -n=-2$

Direction unknown equation at point 108.

$$1 \cdot dz_{108} + 10,4044 \cdot dx_{23} + 1,8544 \cdot dy_{23} = 0$$

Let's write the elimination of the dz_{108} putting unknown from the correction equations below.

$$V_{108-23} = -10,4044 \cdot dx_{23} - 1,8544 \cdot dy_{23} - 18$$

$$V_{108-107} = +10,4044 \cdot dx_{23} + 1,8544 \cdot dy_{23} + 18$$

DN	BN	Direction	$\alpha_{ik}^\circ (g)$	$S_{ik}^\circ (m)$	$t_{ik}^\circ - r_i$	$\frac{-(\rho_{ik} \cos \alpha_{ik})}{t_{ik}^\circ - r_i - z_{107}^\circ}$	$a_{ik} \text{ ckm}$	$b_{ik} \text{ ckm}$
107	108	0,00000	354,44796	575,355	354,44796	15	7,2587	8,3511
	23	32,24480	386,68977	389,889	354,44797	-15	-3,3890	15,9727
			$z_{17}^\circ = 354,44647$					

Let's write the correction equations for the direction observations at point 107.

$$V_{107-108} = -dz_{107} - 7,2587 \cdot dx_{107} - 8,3511 \cdot dy_{107} + 7,2587 \cdot dx_{108} + 8,3511 \cdot dy_{108} + 15$$

$$V_{107-23} = -dz_{107} - 3,3890 \cdot dx_{107} - 15,9727 \cdot dy_{107} + 3,3890 \cdot dx_{23} + 15,9727 \cdot dy_{23} - 15$$

Points 107 and 108 are the reference points. Let's subtract the coefficients of these points from the corrections equations and rewrite the equations according to the unknowns.

$$V_{107-108} = -dz_{107} + 0 \cdot dx_{23} + 0 \cdot dy_{23} + 15$$

$$V_{107-23} = -dz_{107} + 3,3890 \cdot dx_{23} + 15,9727 \cdot dy_{23} - 15$$

Total	-2	3,3890	15,9727	0,00	Let's divide
	1	-1,6945	-7,9863	0,00	$n=2 \quad -n=-2$

Direction unknown equation at point (107)

$$1 \cdot dz_{107} - 1,6945 \cdot dx_{23} - 7,9863 \cdot dy_{23} = 0$$

Let's write the elimination form of the (dz_{107}) routing unknown from the correction equations below:

$$v_{107-108} = -1,6945 \cdot dx_{23} - 7,9863 \cdot dy_{23} + 15$$

$$v_{107-23} = +1,6945 \cdot dx_{23} + 7,9863 \cdot dy_{23} - 15$$

BN	BN	Direction r_i (g)	t_{ik}^0 (g)	s_{ik}^0 (m)	$t_{ik}^0 - r_i$	$-(i_k)$ (cc) $t_{ik}^0 - r_i - z_{107}^0$	a_{ik} cc/cm	b_{ik} cc/cm
23	107	0,00000	186,68997	389,889	186,68997	-3	3,3890	15,9727
	108	124,53835	311,22866	301,192	186,69031	3	-20,8088	-3,7088
$z_{107}^0 = 186,69004$								

Let's write the correction equations for the direction observations at point (23)

$$v_{23-107} = -dz_{23} + 3,3890 \cdot dx_{23} + 15,9727 \cdot dy_{23} - 3,3890 \cdot dx_{107} - 15,9727 \cdot dy_{107} - 3$$

$$v_{23-108} = -dz_{23} - 20,8088 \cdot dx_{23} - 3,7088 \cdot dy_{23} + 20,8088 \cdot dx_{108} + 3,7088 \cdot dy_{108} + 3$$

Points 107 and 108 are the reference points. Let's subtract the coefficients of these points from the correction equations and rewrite the equations according to the unknowns.

$$v_{23-107} = -dz_{23} + 3,3890 \cdot dx_{23} + 15,9727 \cdot dy_{23} - 3$$

$$v_{23-108} = -dz_{23} - 20,8088 \cdot dx_{23} - 3,7088 \cdot dy_{23} + 3$$

Total	-2	-17,4189	12,2629	0,00	Let's divide $n=2 \quad -n=-2$
	1	8,7099	6,1319	0,00	

Orientation unknown equation at point (23)

$$1 \cdot dz_{23} + 8,7099 \cdot dx_{23} + 6,1319 \cdot dy_{23} = 0$$

Let's write the elimination of the dz_{23} routing unknown from the correction equations below:

$$v_{23-107} = +12,0989 \cdot dx_{23} + 9,8407 \cdot dy_{23} - 3$$

$$v_{23-108} = -12,0989 \cdot dx_{23} - 9,8407 \cdot dy_{23} + 3$$

Correction Equations

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_{108-23} &= -10,4044 \cdot dx_{23} - 1,8544 \cdot dy_{23} - 18 \\
 v_{108-107} &= +10,4044 \cdot dx_{23} + 1,8544 \cdot dy_{23} + 18 \\
 v_{107-108} &= -1,6945 \cdot dx_{23} - 7,9863 \cdot dy_{23} + 15 \\
 v_{107-23} &= +1,6945 \cdot dx_{23} + 7,9863 \cdot dy_{23} - 15 \\
 v_{23-107} &= +12,0989 \cdot dx_{23} + 9,8407 \cdot dy_{23} - 3 \\
 v_{23-108} &= -12,0989 \cdot dx_{23} - 9,8407 \cdot dy_{23} + 3
 \end{aligned}$$

I will write the correction equations in the format $\underline{V} = \underline{A} \cdot \underline{x} - \underline{l}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_{108-23} \\ v_{108-107} \\ v_{107-108} \\ v_{107-23} \\ v_{23-107} \\ v_{23-108} \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} -10,4044 & -1,8544 \\ 10,4044 & 1,8544 \\ -1,6945 & -7,9863 \\ 1,6945 & 7,9863 \\ 12,0989 & 9,8407 \\ -12,0989 & -9,8407 \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{A} \quad 6 \times 2} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} dx_{23} \\ dy_{23} \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ -18 \\ -15 \\ 15 \\ 3 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\underline{x} = (\underline{A}^T \underline{A})^{-1} \underline{A}^T \underline{l}$
 $\underline{A} = \text{cc/cm}$
 $\underline{A}^T = \text{cc/cm}$
 $\underline{l} = \text{cc}$
 $\underline{x} = \text{cm}$

$$\underline{N} = \underline{A}^T \underline{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 515,0117 & 303,7773 \\ 303,7773 & 328,1201 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{n} = \underline{A}^T \underline{l} = \begin{bmatrix} -249,1780 \\ 227,1338 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{N} = \underline{A}^T \underline{A} = \frac{\text{cc}}{\text{cm}} \cdot \frac{\text{cc}}{\text{cm}} = \frac{\text{cc}^2}{\text{cm}^2}$$

$$\underline{n} = \underline{A}^T \underline{l} = \frac{\text{cc}}{\text{cm}} \cdot \text{cc} = \frac{\text{cc}^2}{\text{cm}}$$

$$\underline{Q}_{xx} = \underline{N}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0,0043 & -0,0040 \\ -0,0040 & 0,0067 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{cc}^2}$$

$$\delta x = \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{cc}^2} \cdot \frac{\text{cc}^2}{\text{cm}} \Rightarrow \delta x = \text{cm}$$

$$\underline{x} = \underline{Q}_{xx} \cdot \underline{n} = \begin{bmatrix} dx_{23} \\ dy_{23} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2,0 \\ 2,5 \end{bmatrix} \text{ cm}$$

The Exact Value of the Unknown

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_{23} \\ y_{23} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_{23}^0 \\ y_{23}^0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} dx_{23} \\ dy_{23} \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x_{23} \\ y_{23} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8351,331 \\ 638,765 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -2,0 \\ 2,5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8354,311 \\ 638,790 \end{bmatrix}$$

* Be careful with units when adding.

Adjustments

$$\underline{V} = \underline{A} \cdot \underline{x} - \underline{l} = \frac{\text{cc}}{\text{cm}} \cdot \text{cm} - \text{cc}$$

$$\underline{V} = \text{cc units}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1,75 \\ 1,75 \\ -1,75 \\ 1,75 \\ -1,75 \\ 1,75 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_{108-23} \\ v_{108-107} \\ v_{107-108} \\ v_{107-23} \\ v_{23-107} \\ v_{23-108} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -10,4044 & -1,8544 \\ 10,4044 & 1,8544 \\ -1,6945 & -7,9863 \\ 1,6945 & 7,9863 \\ 12,0989 & 9,8407 \\ -12,0989 & -9,8407 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2,0 \\ 2,5 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ -18 \\ -15 \\ 15 \\ 3 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

* Calculated by Matlab

Adjusted Dimensions

$$\hat{r}_i = \sum_{j=1}^n r_j + \sum_{j=1}^m v_j$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{r}_1 \\ \hat{r}_2 \\ \hat{r}_3 \\ \hat{r}_4 \\ \hat{r}_5 \\ \hat{r}_6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} r_1 \\ r_2 \\ r_3 \\ r_4 \\ r_5 \\ r_6 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} v_{108-23} \\ v_{108-107} \\ v_{107-108} \\ v_{107-23} \\ v_{23-107} \\ v_{23-108} \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \hat{r}_1 \\ \hat{r}_2 \\ \hat{r}_3 \\ \hat{r}_4 \\ \hat{r}_5 \\ \hat{r}_6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0,00000 \\ 43,21580 \\ 0,00000 \\ 32,24480 \\ 0,00000 \\ 124,53835 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -1,75 \\ 1,75 \\ -1,75 \\ 1,75 \\ -1,75 \\ 1,75 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0,000175 \\ 43,215975 \\ -0,000175 \\ 32,244975 \\ -0,000175 \\ 124,538525 \end{bmatrix}$$

Control of adjusted direction dimensions

Orientation unknown equations

$$1. dz_{108} + 10,4044 dx_{23} + 1,8544 dy_{23} = 0$$

$$1. dz_{107} - 1,6945 dx_{23} - 7,9863 dy_{23} = 0$$

$$1. dz_{23} + 8,7099 dx_{23} + 6,1319 dy_{23} = 0$$

with matrix notation

$$\begin{bmatrix} dz_{108} \\ dz_{107} \\ dz_{23} \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} 10,4044 & 1,8544 \\ -1,6945 & -7,9863 \\ 8,7099 & 6,1319 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} dx_{23} \\ dy_{23} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 15,79 \\ 16,73 \\ 32,52 \end{bmatrix} CC$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} z_{102} \\ z_{107} \\ z_{23} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} z_{102}^0 \\ z_{107}^0 \\ z_{23}^0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} dz_{108} \\ dz_{107} \\ dz_{23} \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} z_{102} \\ z_{107} \\ z_{23} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 111,23041 \\ 354,44647 \\ 186,69004 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 15,79 \\ 16,73 \\ 32,52 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 111,23199 \\ 354,44814 \\ 186,69329 \end{bmatrix}$$

DN	UN	District from adjusted directions					From Adjusted coordinates District z_{ik}	Difference
		r_i (G)	v_i (CC)	$\hat{r}_i = r_i + v_i$	z	$z_{ik} = \hat{r}_i + z_{102}$		
108	23	0,00000	-1,75	-0,00018	111,23199	111,23181	111,23181	0,00
	107	43,21580	1,75	43,21598	111,23199	154,44796	154,44796	0,00
107	108	0,00000	-1,75	-0,00018	354,44814	354,44796	354,44796	0,00
	23	32,24480	1,75	32,24498	354,44814	386,69312	386,69312	0,00
23	107	0,00000	-1,75	-0,00018	186,69329	186,69312	186,69312	0,00
	108	124,53835	1,75	124,53853	186,69329	311,23181	311,23181	0,00

* Calculated by Matlab

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Square Mean Error

$$m_0 = \pm \sqrt{\frac{V.T.S}{n-u}} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{12.25}{6-5}} = \pm 3.5 \text{ cc}$$

Mean Error of Unknowns

$$Q_{xx} = N^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.0043 & -0.0040 \\ -0.0040 & 0.0067 \end{bmatrix} \quad \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{cc}^2}$$

$$m_x = \pm m_0 \sqrt{q_{xx}} = \pm 3.5 \sqrt{0.0043} = \pm 0.2 \text{ cm}$$

$$m_y = \pm m_0 \sqrt{q_{yy}} = \pm 3.5 \sqrt{0.0067} = \pm 0.3 \text{ cm}$$

cc. $\frac{\text{cm}}{\text{cc}}$

Mean Error of Measures

$$m_{p_i} = \pm \frac{m_0}{\sqrt{p_i}}$$

Since the weights are equal in the direction nets, the mean errors of the measures are equal to the mean squared error.

Average Error of Adjusted Measures

$$Q_{\hat{p}} = A \cdot Q_{xx} \cdot A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3333 & -0.3333 & -0.1667 & 0.1667 & -0.1667 & 0.1667 \\ -0.3333 & 0.3333 & 0.1667 & -0.1667 & 0.1667 & -0.1667 \\ -0.1667 & 0.1667 & 0.3333 & -0.3333 & -0.1667 & 0.1667 \\ 0.1667 & -0.1667 & -0.3333 & 0.3333 & 0.1667 & -0.1667 \\ -0.1667 & 0.1667 & 0.1667 & -0.1667 & 0.3333 & -0.3333 \\ 0.1667 & -0.1667 & 0.1667 & -0.1667 & -0.3333 & 0.3333 \end{bmatrix}$$

① = $\frac{\text{cc}}{\text{cc}^2} \cdot \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{cc}^2} \cdot \frac{\text{cc}}{\text{cc}^2}$
unitless

$$m_{\hat{p}_i} = \pm m_0 \sqrt{Q_{\hat{p}_i}} \Rightarrow \text{mean error of adjusted measures}$$

$$m_{\hat{p}_i} = \pm 3.5 \sqrt{0.3333} = \pm 2.02 \text{ cc}$$

Average Error of Corrections

$$Q_w = Q_{xx} - Q_{\hat{p}}$$

$$Q_w = P^{-1} - Q_{\hat{p}} \Rightarrow \text{unitless}$$

$$P = P^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Average error of corrections

$$Q_w = \begin{bmatrix} 0.6667 & -0.3333 & -0.1667 & 0.1667 & -0.1667 & 0.1667 \\ -0.3333 & 0.6667 & 0.1667 & -0.1667 & 0.1667 & -0.1667 \\ -0.1667 & 0.1667 & 0.6667 & -0.3333 & -0.1667 & 0.1667 \\ 0.1667 & -0.1667 & -0.3333 & 0.6667 & 0.1667 & -0.1667 \\ -0.1667 & 0.1667 & 0.1667 & -0.1667 & 0.6667 & -0.3333 \\ 0.1667 & -0.1667 & 0.1667 & -0.1667 & -0.3333 & 0.6667 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$m_{w_i} = \pm m_0 \sqrt{Q_{w_i}}$$

$$m_{w_i} = \pm 3.5 \sqrt{0.6667} = \pm 2.86 \text{ cc}$$

*Calculated by Matlab

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