# Cloud-Edge Continuum

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## **Pervasive IoT applications**



Embedded AI

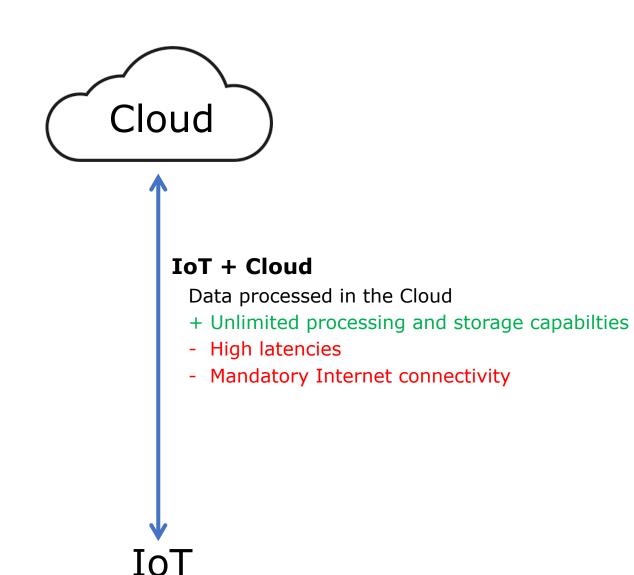


Energy production plants



**Smart Cities** 

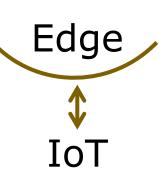
### **Traditional deployment models**



#### IoT + Edge

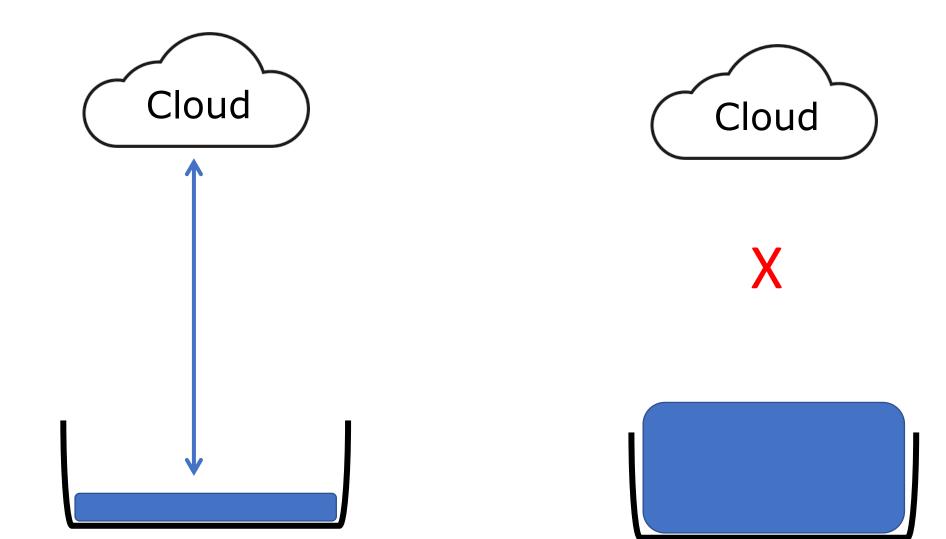
Data processed at the Edge

- + Low latencies
- Limited processing and storage capabilities



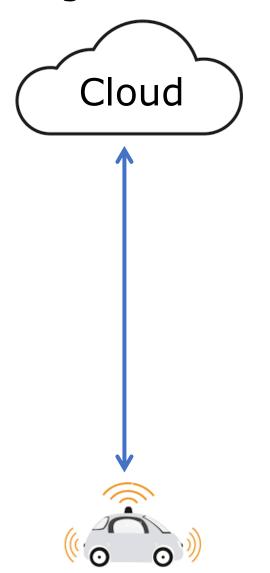
### **Mandatory Internet connectivity**

e.g. water flooding management must work in critical situations

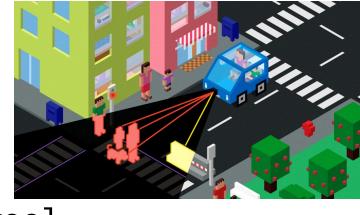


### **High latencies**

e.g. self-driving cars need to stop promptly

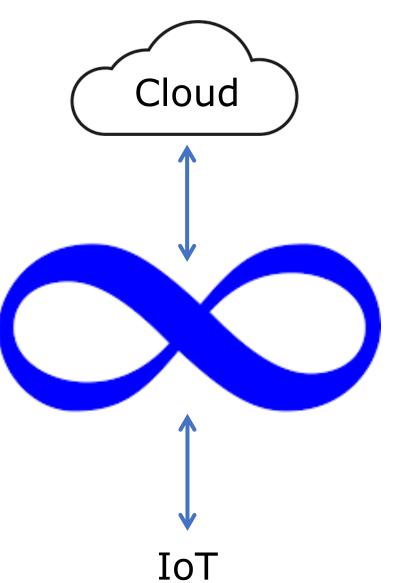


[ethics issues

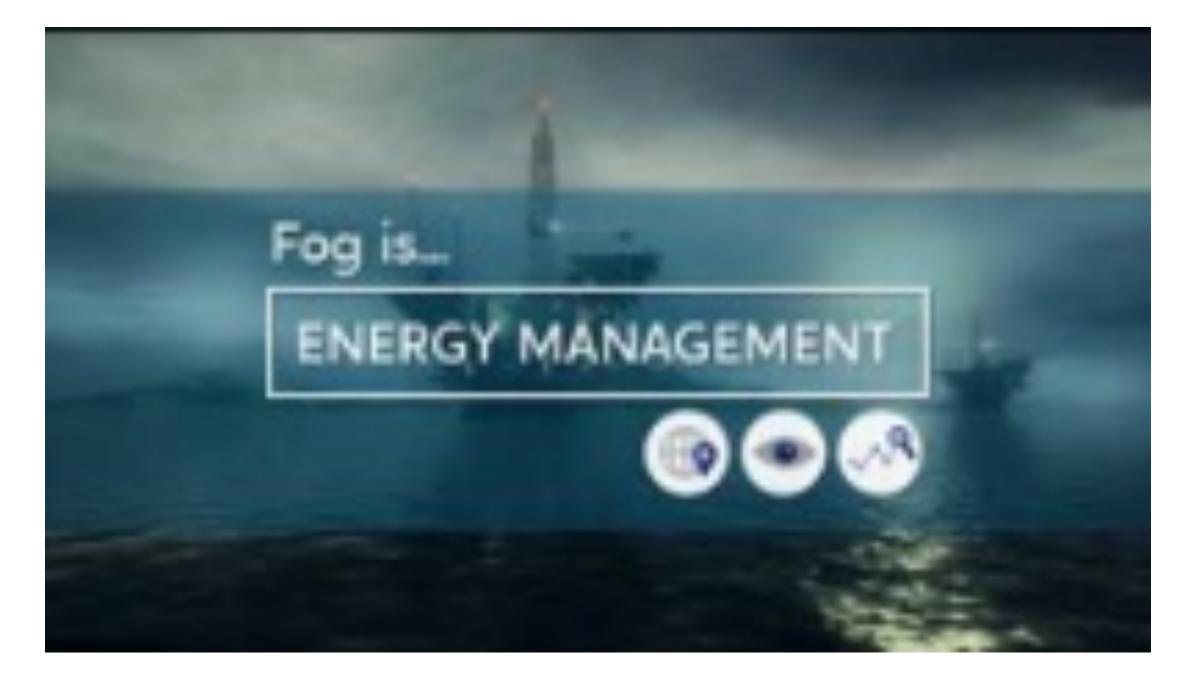


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### Cloud-Edge Continuum



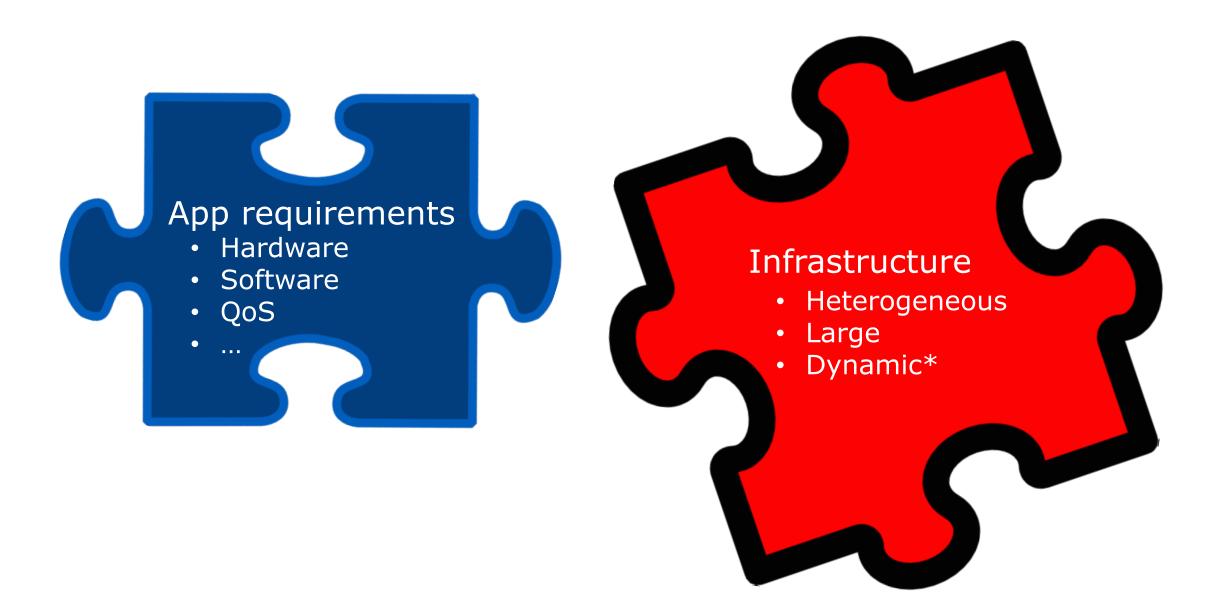
Extending the Cloud towards the IoT with a **distributed**, **heterogenous infrastructure** to better support **latency-sensitive** applications



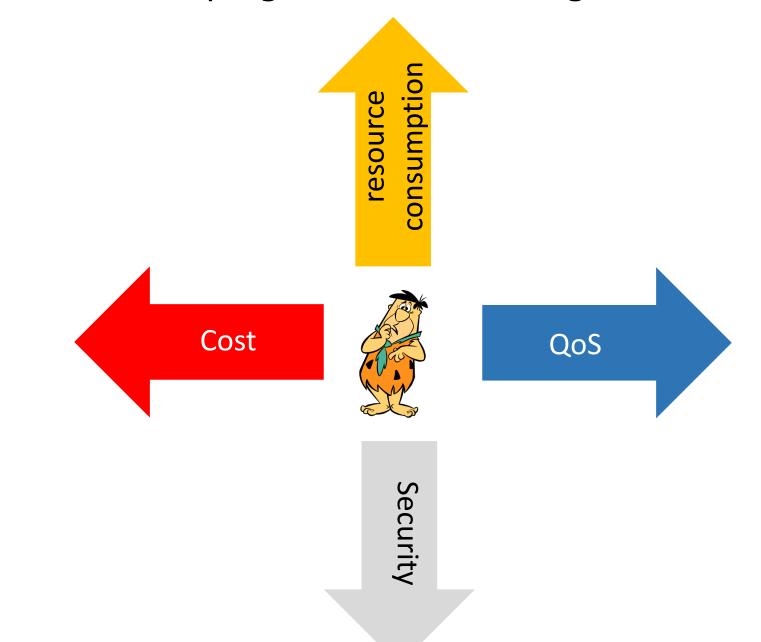
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ICQ0AAYO0mQ



Deploying composite applications in a QoS- and context-aware manner on the Cloud-Edge Continuum is challenging ...



### Need **tools** helping to master orthogonal dimensions



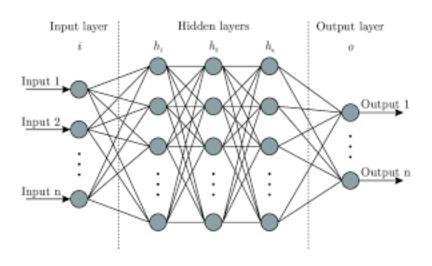
Problem #1: How to suitably place a composite application on the Cloud-Edge Continuum

### Different approaches

#### **MILP**

- $X^{k} = BINARY$
- $\sum_{j=1}^{n} X_{0j}^{k} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{i0}^{k} = 1$ ; k=1,2...m : Every route should start from depot and end on depot only,
- $\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{ih}^{k} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} X_{hj}^{k} \ll 1$ , h=1,2,...n; k=1,2...m :every node should be selected at most once and every node served should have a in as well as out arc.
- $\sum_{k=1}^{m} \sum_{j=1}^{n} X_{hj}^{k} = \sum_{k=1}^{m} \sum_{l=1}^{n} X_{hk}^{k} = 1$ ; h=1,2...n : Every node should be selected at least once,
- $\sum_{k=1}^{m} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{l=1}^{n} D_{i} X_{ij}^{k} = \sum_{l=1}^{n} D_{i}^{k}$ . Total supply to nodes should equal to total demand,
- X<sup>k</sup><sub>ll</sub> + X<sup>k</sup><sub>ll</sub> <= 1; for i,j=1,2...n; h=1,2...n for every k=1,2...m: Every node visited should have an arc to other then its preceding node.</li>

ML



**Declarative** 

"service S can be placed on node N if ..."

Hard to read

Slow to run

Infrastructure is very dynamic

Explainability

### **Declarative approach**

#### 1) Declare what an eligibile placement is

service S can be placed on node N if

the hardware reqs of S are met by N and

the IoT connection regs of S are met by N and

the software reqs of S are met by N

services S1 ... Sm can be placed on nodes N1 ... Nm if

service S1 can be placed on node N1 and

... and

service Sm can be placed on node Nm ... and

the QoS reqs of S1 ... Sm are met

2) Let the inference engine look for it!

. . .

Problem #2: How to suitably manage application deployments in the Cloud-Edge Continuum (after first deployment)

### **Continuous Reasoning**

Exploit compositionality to differentially analyse a large-scale system:

- by mainly focussing on the latest changes introduced in the system, and
- by re-using previously computed results as much as possible

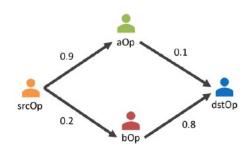


https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=F7oLVrNWADA

## Other aspects

+ probabilities to model infrastructure dynamicity

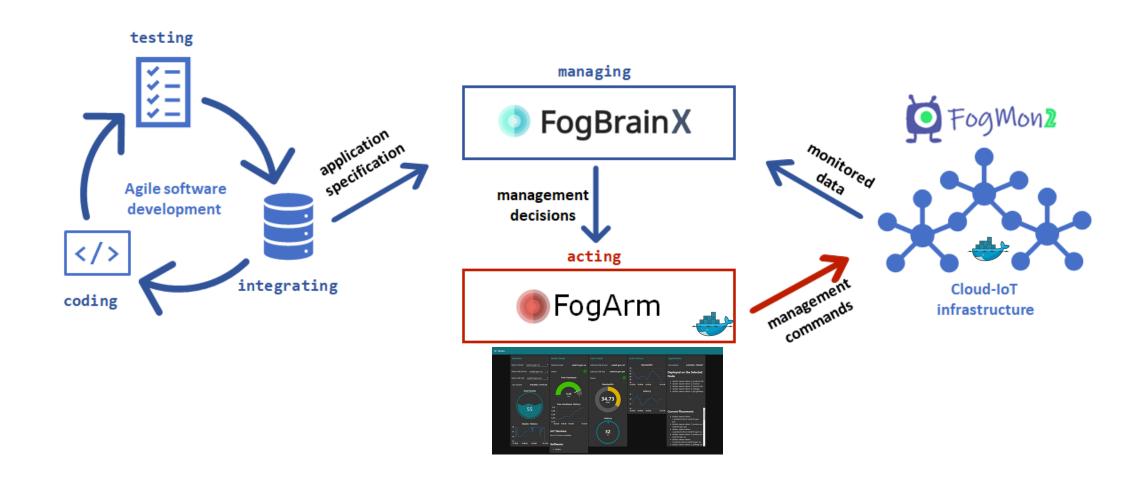




+ semirings to model (non-monotonic, conditionally transitive) **trust** relations among different stakeholders

# Other aspects (cont.)

+ infrastructure monitoring and management enactment



Cloud-Edge Continuum? Application management in the Cloud-Edge Continuum Concluding remarks



# Industrial & academic interest on the Cloud-Edge Continuum continues to grow

### Many challenges:

- adaptive application deployment
- (distributed) application management
- privacy/security/trust
- fault resilience
- testbeds
- Continuum for AI and viceversa
- sustainability
- •

business models